

江苏省 2024 年普通高中学业水平合格考试

英语仿真模拟试卷 03

第一部分：英语知识运用(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 单项填空(共 10 小题 每小题 1 分，满分 10 分) 1. Homeless children are in _____ need of love and attention.

- A. extraordinary B. demanding C. desperate D. sensitive

【答案】C

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：无家可归的孩子迫切需要爱和关注。A. extraordinary 非凡的；B. demanding 费时费力的；C. desperate 极其想要的；D. sensitive 敏感的。根据句意可知，此处为形容词 desperate“不顾一切的，极其想要的”，满足句意要求。故选 C 项。

2. He _____ in surprise as he unwrapped the birthday gift and found his favorite book inside.

- A. explained B. gestured C. exclaimed D. announced

【答案】C

考查动词词义辨析。句意：当他打开生日礼物的包装，发现里面是他最喜欢的书时，他惊讶地叫了起来。A. explained 解释；B. gestured 示意；C. exclaimed 呼喊，大叫；D. announced 宣布。根据“in surprise”以及“found his favorite book inside”可知，发现礼物是最喜欢的书，他惊讶地叫起来。

3. He called on his close relatives and friends _____ his departure for overseas studies.

- A. prior to B. up to C. owing to D. due to

【答案】A

考查介词短语辨析。句意：在他出国留学之前，他拜访了他的近亲和朋友。A.prior to 在……之前； B.up to 达到； C.owing to 由于； D.due to 由于。由“his departure for overseas studies”以及句意可知，这里表示在离开之前拜访亲朋好友。故选 A 项。

4. At the coming of age ceremony, Liu Yang made up his mind to try hard all the time to _____ what his parents expect of him.

- A. adapt to B. give in to C. live up to D. look forward to

【答案】C

考查动词短语辨析。句意：在成人礼上，刘洋下定决心要一直努力，符合父母对他的期望。A. adapt to 适应； B. give in to 接受； C. live up to 不辜负； D. look forward to 期待。根据前文“Liu Yang made up his mind to try hard all the time”可知，一直努力，是为了不辜负父母对他的期望。故选 C 项。

5. The manager came up with a new sales plan at the meeting, which will be discussed _____ by the salesmen.

- A. steadily B. rarely C. subsequently D. literally 【答案】C

考查副词词义辨析。句意：经理在会上提出了一个新的销售计划，随后将由销售人员讨论。A. steadily 稳定地； B. rarely 很少； C. subsequently 随后； D. literally 字面地。根据上文“a new sales plan at the meeting, which will be discussed”指新提出的销售计划随后将由销售人员讨论，应用副词 subsequently。

6. You know he is not going to let us leave early if we _____ get the work done.

- A. can't B. may not C. shouldn't D. mustn't

【答案】A

考查情态动词辨析。句意：你知道，如果我们不能完成工作，他是不会让我们早退的。A. can't 不能； B. may not 可能不； C. shouldn't 不应该； D. mustn't 禁止。根据后文“get the work done”可知，此处表示能力，意为“不能”应用 can't。

7. Mr. Smart insisted that he _____ the work all by himself, but nobody believed him.

- A. had done B. have done C. did D. do

【答案】A

考查动词的时态。句意：斯玛特先生坚持说那工作全是他一个人做的，但是没有人相信他。分析句子可知，that 引导名词性从句作 insisted 的宾语，此处 insisted 意为“坚持说，坚称”，从句时态不用虚拟语气，且 do 的行为发生在 insisted 之前，即过去的

过去，时态应用过去完成时，因此用 had done。

8. Linguists and editors are now at work on a new dictionary _____ next year.

- A. to publish B. being published C. published D. to be published

【答案】D

考查不定式和被动语态。句意：语言学家和编辑们正在编撰一部新词典，将于明年出版。句中谓语是 are，空格处用非谓语动词，由 next year 可知，空格处用不定式表将来，dictionary 和 publish 之间是逻辑动宾关系，因此空格处用不定式的被动语态，因此空格处是 to be published。

9. It's not a good idea to exercise much close to bedtime, _____ regular exercise is very important.

- A. as soon as B. as long as C. since D. though

【答案】D

考查连词词义辨析。句意：虽然有规律的锻炼非常重要，但睡前锻炼太多并不是个好主意。A. as soon as ~就.....；B. as long as 只要；C. since 自.....以后；D. though 虽然。结合句意，分析句子可知，“regular exercise is very important”是从句，与主句之间有转折关系，用从属连词 though 引导让步状语从句。故选 D 项。

10. — _____ It's going to rain.

—Don't worry. We can get there before the rain.

- A. Get a move on! B. Take your time!
C. Go ahead. D. That's a good point.

【答案】A 考查交际用语。句意：——快点！天要下雨了。别担心。——我们可以在下雨前赶到那里。A. Get a move on! 快点！；B. Take your time! 慢慢来！；C. Go ahead. 去做吧。；D. That's a good point. 说得好。根据“It's going to rain.”和“Don't worry.”可推知，说话人在催促快点。故选 A 项。

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

Although my good job at a large company had made my parents happy, I knew I wanted something different. The only place where I could _____ 11 _____ working was Facebook. So I _____ 12 _____ from New York to San Francisco and _____ 13 _____ at Facebook headquarters in Palo Aito, _____ 14 _____ to find a job in Facebook.

A friend who worked there had agreed to _____ 15 _____ me to a few people around the office. But after _____ 16 _____ a coffee break, I got nervous. I _____ 17 _____ around outside the Facebook building by myself, trying to _____ 18 _____ myself that I was able enough to

work here. I told myself I had already flown across the 19 and now I just needed to go for it.

I sat in the 20 of the building for what seemed 21. Finally, at the very end of the day, the director of HR walked out and introduced herself. An hour later, I left Facebook office even more 22 about the company.

A few days later, the 23 I had spoken with called me and said, "We don't have a full-time job open. But if you're interested in a part-time job, you can come to work here tomorrow."

This was not 24 what I'd been hoping for. But I knew I was 25 about the work and the company, so once again I flew from New York to San Francisco. A few months later I was 26 a full-time job.

Now Facebook is 15 times bigger than it was six years ago. If I hadn't made it 27 my nervousness six years ago, I would never have gotten the 28.

Nowadays whenever I'm nervous about 29, I think about waiting in the hall of Facebook and I encourage myself to be 30.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 11. A. remember | B. imagine | C. permit | D. suggest |
| 12. A. walked | B. drove | C. rode | D. flew |
| 13. A. broke up | B. settled down | C. showed up | D. set off |
| 14. A. determined | B. satisfied | C. unwilling | D. inspired |
| 15. A. confirm | B. advise | C. invite | D. introduce |
| 16. A. accepting | B. limiting | C. taking | D. rejecting |
| 17. A. ran | B. paced | C. turned | D. traveled |
| 18. A. persuade | B. admire | C. defend | D. refuse |
| 19. A. city | B. country | C. town | D. ocean |
| 20. A. comer | B. top | C. outside | D. hall |
| | C. hours | D. months | 21. A. minutes |
| 22. A. excited | B. amazed | C. confused | D. disappointed |
| 23. A. man | B. woman | C. neighbor | D. friend |
| 24. A. exactly | B. barely | C. roughly | D. firmly |
| 25. A. anxious | B. careful | C. angry | D. enthusiastic |
| 26. A. awarded | B. sent | C. offered | D. showed |
| 27. A. through | B. up | C. out | D. into |
| 28. A. impression | B. chance | C. salary | D. understanding |
| 29. A. making a difference | B. having a dream | C. taking a risk | D. doing a |

favor

30. A. happy B. optimistic C. cautious D. brave

【答案】

11. B 12. D 13. C 14. A 15. D 16. C 17. B 18. A
19. B 20. D 21. C 22. A 23. B 24. A 25. D 26. C
27. A 28. B 29. C 30. D

本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了虽然作者在大公司有一份好工作，但他自己并不满意，于是从纽约飞到旧金山，到梦想的工作地 Facebook 找工作。虽然面试前变得紧张，但是作者鼓励自己去尝试，在面试后得到了一份兼职工作，并在几个月后得到了全职工作。

11. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：我唯一能想象的工作地点就是 Facebook。A. remember 记得；B. imagine 想象；C. permit 允许；D. suggest 建议。根据上文“Although my good job at a large company had made my parents happy, I knew I wanted something different.”可知，虽然作者在大公司有一份好工作，但他自己并不满意，因此是他想象在 Facebook 工作。

12. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：于是，我从纽约飞往旧金山，出现在位于帕洛阿托的 Facebook 总部，决心在 Facebook 找到一份工作。A. walked 步行；B. drove 开车；C. rode 骑车；D. flew 乘飞机。根据下文“I told myself I had already flown across the ___ 9 ___”可知，作者是从纽约乘飞机到了旧金山。

13. 考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：于是，我从纽约飞往旧金山，出现在位于帕洛阿托的 Facebook 总部，决心在 Facebook 找到一份工作。A. broke up 分手；B. settled down 安定下来；C. showed up 出现；D. set off 出发，启程。根据下文“at Facebook headquarters in Palo Aito”和“to find a job in Facebook”可推知，作者从纽约出发，到了旧金山后，是出现在了 Facebook 的总部，想在这里找工作。

14. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：于是，我从纽约飞往旧金山，出现在位于帕洛阿托的 Facebook 总部，决心在 Facebook 找到一份工作。A. determined 下定决心的；B. satisfied 满意的；C. unwilling 不愿意的；D. inspired 受鼓舞的。根据上文“The only place where I could ___ 1 ___ working was Facebook.”可知，作者想在 Facebook 工作，因此是决心在这里找到一份工作，be determined to do sth. 是固定短语，意为“决心做某事”。

15. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：一个在那里工作的朋友同意把我介绍给办公室里的几个人。A. confirm 确认；B. advise 建议；C. invite 邀请；D. introduce 介绍。根据下文“me to a few people around the office”和常识可推知，找工作的时候，可能会请朋友把自己介绍给那个公司的职员，以便了解和熟悉公司的情况，introduce sb.

to sb.是固定短语，意为“把某人介绍给某人”。

16. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：但在喝杯咖啡休息后，我变得紧张起来。A. accepting 接受；B. limiting 限制；C. taking 做（某个动作）；D. rejecting 拒绝。根据上文作者在朋友的帮助下认识办公室的几个人，以及下文“a coffee break”可知，taking“做（某个动作）”符合题意，take a break 是固定短语，意为“休息一下”，表示在与办公室的几个人社交后喝了杯咖啡休息。

17. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：我一个人在 Facebook 大楼外踱来踱去，试图说服自己，我有足够的能力在这里工作。A. ran 跑；B. paced 踱步；C. turned 转身；D. traveled 旅行。根据上文“I got nervous”可知，作者变得紧张，因此会在工作面试前在大楼外踱步。

18. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：我一个人在 Facebook 大楼外踱来踱去，试图说服自己，我有足够的能力在这里工作。A. persuade 说服；B. admire 欣赏；C. defend 捍卫；D. refuse 拒绝。根据上文“I got nervous”和下文“that I was able enough to work here”可知，作者变得紧张，因此会需要说服自己，肯定自己的能力。

19. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：我告诉自己，我已经飞过了整个国家，现在我只需要去尝试一下。A. city 城市；B. country 国家；C. town 城镇；D. ocean 海洋。根据上文“from New York to San Francisco”可知，作者是从纽约来到旧金山，从美国的东海岸来到西海岸，因此是飞过了整个国家。

20. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：我在大楼的大厅里坐了似乎几个小时。A. corner 角落；B. top 顶部；C. outside 外面；D. hall 大厅。根据下文“I think about waiting in the hall of Facebook”可知，作者是坐在大楼的大厅里。

21. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：我在大楼的大厅里坐了似乎几个小时。A. minutes 分钟；B. weeks 周；C. hours 小时；D. months 月份。根据上文“I got nervous”和“Finally, at the very end of the day”可知，作者在工作面试前变得紧张，因此在等待的时候会觉得时间变得漫长，在这一天最后面试前似乎等了好几个小时。

22. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：一个小时后，我离开了 Facebook 办公室，对这家公司感到更加兴奋。A. excited 兴奋的；B. amazed 惊讶的；C. confused 困惑的；D. disappointed 失望的。根据上文作者想在 Facebook 工作，从纽约来到旧金山来寻求一份这里的工作，以及“even more”可知，作者在和人力资源主管面谈之后，应该是对 Facebook 更加兴奋了。

23. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：几天后，和我谈话的那个女人打电话和我说……A. man 男人；B. woman 女人；C. neighbor 邻居；D. friend 朋友。根据上文“the director of HR walked out and introduced herself”可知，人力资源主管是一名女性，因此是这个女人

打电话给作者告知面试结果。

24. 考查副词词义辨析。句意：这不完全是我一直想要的。A. exactly 恰好，完全；B. barely 几乎不；C. roughly 粗略地；D. firmly 牢牢地。根据上文“**We don't have a full-time job open. But if you're interested in a part-time job, you can come to work here tomorrow.**”可知，Facebook 目前没有全职工作岗位，只有兼职工作岗位，因此不完全是作者想要的。

25. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：但我知道我对这份工作和公司充满热情，所以我又一次从纽约飞到了旧金山。A. anxious 焦虑的；B. careful 小心的；C. angry 生气的；D. enthusiastic 热情的。根据下文“**so once again I flew from New York to San Francisco**”可知，作者又一次从纽约飞到了旧金山，因此是对这份工作和公司充满热情，**be enthusiastic about** 是固定短语，意为“对.....充满热情”。

26. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：几个月后，我得到了一份全职工作。A. awarded 颁发；B. sent 发送；C. offered 提供；D. showed 表明。根据下文“**a full-time job**”可推知，几个月后，做兼职工作的作者应该是得到了全职工作，**be offered** 意为“被提供，得到”。

27. 考查介词词义辨析。句意：如果我没有克服六年前的紧张，我永远不会得到这个机会。A. through 通过；B. up 在高处；C. out 出去；D. into 进去。根据下文“**my nervousness six years ago**”可推知，此处应用固定短语 **make it through**，指挺过了痛苦而艰难的状况，表示克服六年前的紧张。

28. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：如果我没有克服六年前的紧张，我永远不会得到这个机会。A. impression 印象；B. chance 机会；C. salary 工资；D. understanding 理解。根据上文作者在工作面试前很紧张，努力说服自己有能力在 Facebook 工作，然后勇敢尝试可知，此处指得到工作的机会。

29. 考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：现在，每当我对冒险感到紧张时，我就会想到在 Facebook 的大厅里等待，我鼓励自己要勇敢。A. making a difference 产生影响；B. having a dream 有梦想；C. taking a risk 冒险；D. doing a favor 帮忙。根据上文作者从纽约飞到旧金山，冒险到 Facebook 来找工作可知，此处指对冒险感到紧张。

30. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：现在，每当我对冒险感到紧张时，我就会想到在 Facebook 的大厅里等待，我鼓励自己要勇敢。A. happy 快乐的；B. optimistic 乐观的；C. cautious 谨慎的；D. brave 勇敢的。根据上文“**I told myself I had already flown across the ___9___ and now I just needed to go for it.**”可知，作者告诉自己去尝试一下，因此是鼓励自己变得勇敢。

第二部分：阅读理解

(共 15 题 每小题 2 分)

满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

When I was five or six years old, I remember watching TV and seeing other children suffer in other parts of the world. I would say to myself, “When I grow up, when I can get rich, I will save kids all over the world.”

At 17, I started my career here in America, and at the age of 18, I started my first charity organization. I went on to team up with other organizations in the following years, and met, helped, and even lost some of the most beautiful souls, from six-year-old Jasmina Anema who passed away in 2010 from leukemia(白血病), and whose story inspired thousands to volunteer as donors, to my grandmother who lost her battle against cancer in 2012. And her death is the very reason and the driving force behind the Clara Lionel Foundation(CLF). We’re all humans. And we all just want a chance: a chance of life, a chance of education, a chance of a future, really. And at the CLF, our mission is to impact as many lives as possible, but it starts with just one. People make it seem too hard to do charity work. The truth is that you don’t have to be rich to help others. You don’t need to be famous. You don’t even have to be college-educated. But it can start with your neighbor, the person right next to you, the person sitting next to you in class, and the kid down the block in your neighborhood. You just do whatever you can to help in any way that you can. And today, I want to challenge each of you to make a decision to help one person, one organization, one situation that touches your heart. My grandmother used to say, “If you’ve got a dollar, there’s plenty to share.”

31. What did the author want to do at a young age?

- A. Watch TV. B. Help other children.
C. Become wealthy. D. Grow up quickly.

32. What directly caused the author to create and develop the CLF?

- A. A six-year-old kid’s request. B. Many volunteers inspiration.
C. Her grandmother’s death of cancer. D. Other organizations’ encouragement.

33. What does the underlined word “one” in Paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. A chance. B. A life.
C. A task. D. An organization.

34. What does the author suggest people do in the last paragraph?

- A. Challenge their friends to offer help.
B. Work hard to get a college education.
C. Do little things to help those around them.

D. Share everything they have.

【答案】31. B 32. C 33. B 34. C

这是一篇记叙文。作者年少时立志长大帮助遭受痛苦的孩子们。长大作者兑现诺言做慈善工作，并号召人们：做力所能及的事来帮助周围的人。

31. 细节理解题。根据第一段的“I would say to myself, “When I grow up, when I can get rich, I will save kids all over the world. (我对我自己说“当我长大变得富有的时候，我要拯救全世界的孩子)””可知，作者小时候想帮助其他孩子。

32. 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“I went on to team up with other organizations in the following years, and met, helped, and even lost some of the most beautiful souls, from six-year-old Jasmina Anema who passed away in 2010 from leukemia(白血病), and whose story inspired thousands to volunteer as donors, to my grandmother who lost her battle against cancer in 2012. And her death is the very reason and the driving force behind the Clara Lionel Foundation(CLF).(在接下来的几年里，我继续与其他组织合作，结识、帮助甚至失去了一些最美丽的灵魂，从六岁的贾斯米娜·阿内玛，她于2010年因白血病去世，她的故事激励了数千人成为捐赠者，到我的祖母，她在2012年与癌症的斗争中失利。她的死正是克拉拉·莱昂内尔基金会（CLF）背后的原因和驱动力。)”可知，祖母的逝世是作者创办和发展 CLF 的直接动力。

33. 词义猜测题。根据划线词所在句And at CLF, our mission is to impact as many lives as possible, but it starts with just one.(在 CLF，我们的使命是影响尽可能多的人，但它从一个开始)”可知，该组织的使命是影响尽可能多的生命，但是这需要从影响一个生命开始。由此可推断，one 指代的是前面提到的 many lives 中的一个，即一个生命。

34. 推理判断题。根据最后一段中的“But it can start with your neighbor, the person right next to you, the person sitting next to you in class, and the kid down the block in your neighborhood. (但它可以从你的邻居开始，就在你旁边的人，在课堂上坐在你旁边的人，以及你邻居街区的孩子)”和“You just do whatever you can to help in any way that you can, And today, I want to challenge each of you to make a commitment to help one person, one organization, one situation that touches your heart. (你们只要尽你们所能，以你们所能的任何方式去帮助别人。今天，我想挑战你们每一个人，去帮助一个触动你们心灵的人，一个组织，一个情境)”推知，作者建议人们力所能及的事来帮助周围的人。

BLove sugar-white sand beaches?

Whether you're looking to ski down the side of a mountain or surf in the sunshine, you'll

find the following three places in the best winter travel destination list.

Best for: Families and water babies

The newly-built Coral Towers at the Atlantis resort (旅游胜地) in Paradise Island, Bahamas, with new next-door neighbor Marina Village, an open-air shopping and dining marketplace, are just two of the newest reasons to visit this Caribbean popular travel destination. Don't forget about Aquaventure, the world's largest open-air water park. With the average winter temperatures between the mid 60°F and high 70°F, it's a perfect place to escape the cold.

Best for: Adventurers

Iceland in the winter is simply dreamy and temperatures aren't as cool as you might think. Plus, there's no better time than winter to view the Northern Lights. Short winter days mean you'll have an even greater chance to catch the magic. An increasing number of flights in and out of Reykjavik make it easier than ever to visit.

Best for: Families and theme park lovers

Whether you come for the Pro Bowl in January, the new Toy Story land at Disney's Hollywood Studios, or Supercharged ride at Universal Studios Florida, Orlando is yet another warm-weather destination for winter travel. The weather is at its best and the crowds are at their thinnest.

35. Which of the following is a good place for shopping?

- A. Iceland B. Aquaventure C. Marina Village D. Ski City

36. To escape the cold in winter, you can go to _____.

- A. Salt Lake City B. Orlando C. Reykjavik D. Brighton

37. What makes Iceland become one of the best winter travel destinations?

- A. The new Toy Story land. B. Sugar-white sand beaches. C. An open-air dining marketplace. D. The magic of the Northern Lights.

【答案】35. C 36. B 37. D

这是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了四个冬季最佳旅游胜地。

35. 细节理解题。根据第二段中“The newly-built Coral Towers at the Atlantis resort (旅游胜地) in Paradise Island, Bahamas, with new next-door neighbor Marina Village, an open-air shopping and dining marketplace, are just two of the newest reasons to visit this Caribbean popular travel destination.(巴哈马天堂岛亚特兰蒂斯度假村新建的珊瑚塔和隔壁的 Marina Village 村是一个露天购物和餐饮市场,这只是游览这个加勒比热门旅游目的地的两个最新理由)”可知, Marina 村是购物的好地方。

36. 细节理解题。根据最后一段中“Orlando is yet another warm-weather destination for winter travel.(奥兰多是另一个温暖的冬季旅游目的地)”可知,为了躲避冬天的寒冷,

你可以去奥兰多。

37. 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段中“Plus, there’s no better time than winter to view the Northern Lights. Short winter days mean you’ll have an even greater chance to catch the magic.(此外, 没有比冬天更好的观赏北极光的时间了。短暂的冬季意味着你将会有更大的机会去体验这种魔力)”可知, 北极光的魔力让冰岛成为冬季最佳旅游目的地之一。

C

Scientists have long sought to prevent sharp memories from dulling with age, but the problem is hard to solve. New research suggests Virtual Reality (VR) might help older people recall facts and events based on specific details.

The study involved 42 healthy older adults from the San Francisco Bay Area. Half spent a dozen hours over four weeks playing a virtual-reality game called Labyrinth. They wore headsets and walked in place, wandering virtual neighborhoods while completing missions. The other half, in the control group, used computers to play games that did not require navigating (导航) or recalling details. After 15 sessions, the latter performed much the same as before on a long-term memory test based on picking out objects they had seen about an hour earlier. But the Labyrinth players’ scores rose, and they were less frequently tricked by objects that were similar to ones they had viewed.

“The improvement brought them back up to the level of another group of younger adults who did the same memory tests,” said cognitive neuroscientist Peter Wais of the University of California, San Francisco. He and his colleagues designed the VR game, which they say likely stimulates (刺激) the hippocampus—a brain area that is important for long-term memory. The team did not observe improvement on two other tests, which measured autobiographical memory (自传体记忆) and spatial memory capability.

“It would be great to actually follow people over time and see what this type of game does for long-term memory,” said Meredith Thompson, a Massachusetts Institute of Technology education researcher. Daniel Simons, a cognitive psychologist, said that testing three measures, instead of just one, would increase the possibility of finding an improvement. And it remains unclear how test performance in a laboratory setting might translate to real-world situations. Simons notes, “The outcome needs to be repeated, ideally with a much larger group, before it is treated as a strong finding.”

Wais’s team is now investigating how long the observed effects last and which elements of the training have the most impact.

38. What does the study show?

- A. Human memories get worse as they age.
 - B. The elderly are weak in observing details.
 - C. VR may improve the memory of the elderly.
 - D. VR games are more popular among the aged.
39. What can we infer from paragraph 3?
- A. VR games make people feel younger.
 - B. Good memory skills depend on long-term training.
 - C. VR games do not work in all types of memory tests.
 - D. The elderly score higher than younger adults in the tests.
40. What is Daniel Simons' attitude to the outcome of the study?
- A. Cautious B. Supportive C. Ambiguous D. Disapproving
41. Where can we probably read this text?
- A. In a scientific report. B. In a health magazine.
 - C. In a fiction novel. D. In a medical journal.

【答案】38. C 39. C 40. A 41. A

这是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述的是虚拟现实可以改善老年人的记忆，并介绍了研究的开展过程以及相关专家对此的看法。

38. 细节理解题。根据第一段的“New research suggests Virtual Reality (VR) might help older people recall facts and events based on specific details.(新的研究表明，虚拟现实(VR)可能会帮助老年人回忆起基于特定细节的事实和事件。)”可知，这项研究表明了VR可以改善老年人的记忆力。

39. 推理判断题。根据第三段的“~~He and his colleagues~~ designed the VR game, which they say likely stimulates (刺激) the hippocampus—a brain area that is important for long-term memory. The team did not observe improvement on two other tests, which measured autobiographical memory (自传体记忆) and spatial memory capability.(他和他的同事们设计了这个虚拟现实游戏，他们说这可能会刺激海马体——一个对长期记忆很重要的大脑区域。研究小组在另外两项测量自传体记忆和空间记忆能力的测试中没有观察到改善。)”可知，VR游戏并不适用于所有类型的记忆测试。

40. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中“~~And it remains unclear~~ how test performance in a laboratory setting might translate to real-world situations. Simons notes, “The outcome needs to be repeated, ideally with a much larger group, before it is treated as a strong finding.”(目前还不清楚实验室环境中的测试表现如何转化为现实世界的情况。西蒙斯指出：“结果需要重复，最好是在更大的群体中重复，然后才能被视为一个强有力

的发现。”)”可推知, Daniel Simons 对研究结果的态度是谨慎的。

41. 推理判断题。根据第一段“New research suggests Virtual Reality (VR) might help older people recall facts and events based on specific details.(新的研究表明, 虚拟现实(VR)可能会帮助老年人回忆起基于特定细节的事实和事件。)”以及接下来的描述可知, 这属于科学研究领域, 所以我们可以推测我们可能在科学报告中读到这篇文章。

D

Salt was so valuable in ancient Rome that soldiers were sometimes paid with it. In fact, the word salary comes from the Latin word sal, for salt. When a soldier was doing an awful job, his paycheck might be cut, which is how we got the expression “not worth his salt.” Salt can still be valuable today. Amethyst Bamboo 9x salt, which rings up at Ǝ a pound, may be the most expensive in the world. This pricey stuff takes a lot of time to produce — it’s roasted nine times inside a bamboo pole at temperatures over 1,400 degrees F.

Historically, salt’s value came from its ability to preserve food. Venice, Italy, may be famous for its canals now, but salt imports helped its rise as an important trade power by the end of the 13th century. Salt also took on a great deal of symbolic value, like “old salt” referring to an experienced sailor. Salt is mentioned so many times in the Bible. For instance, “the salt of the earth” is used to describe a person who is dependable; “a covenant of salt” means a firm promise.

Most people know about the health risks associated with sodium (钠), but reducing your intake isn’t always easy. Even foods that don’t taste salty may contain it. If you are looking for sodium-free flavoring, try garlic, pepper, rosemary and other spices or herbs.

Still, we all need at least some salt. It promotes the transport of nutrients and oxygen, allows nerves to send messages, and helps our muscle work. The average adult’s body contains about 250 grams of sodium.

Consumption of too much salt can be deadly. For older folks especially, a heavy hand with the saltshaker may raise blood pressure, causing hypertension and hurt the head. A study of 975 people between the ages of 60 to 80 and with high blood pressure found that reducing sodium in their diets was associated with lower risk of headache.

42. Which of the following is used to describe a dependable person?

- A. Worth their salt.
- B. Old salt.
- C. A covenant of salt.
- D. The salt of the earth.

43. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. The more expensive salt is, the longer it takes to produce.

- B. Old people with hypertension must choose sodium-free food.
C. Eating more salt is good for health.
D. Salt imports can establish a country as an international trade power.
44. What does the underlined word “saltshaker” refer to? A. A recipe. B. A container. C. A gesture. D. A disease.
45. What is the passage mainly talking about?
A. Objective knowledge of salt. B. Advice on healthier eating habits.
C. Various amazing values of salt. D. Tips on reducing the health risk of salt.

【答案】42. D 43. A 44. B 45. C

这是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了盐，与其相关的俗语，不同方面具备的极高价值。

42. 细节理解题。根据第二段“For instance, “the salt of the earth” is used to describe a person who is dependable; (例如, “the salt of the earth”曾被用来指一个可以信赖的人)”可知, “the salt of the earth”用来描述一个可靠的人。故选 D 项。

43. 推理判断题。根据第一段“Amethyst Bamboo salt, which rings up at '398 a pound, may be the most expensive in the world. This pricey stuff takes a lot of time to produce — it’s roasted nine times inside a bamboo pole at temperatures over 1,400 degrees F. (紫水晶竹盐, 每磅 398 美元, 它可能是世界上最贵的。这种昂贵的东西需要很长时间生产——它要在超过 1400 华氏度的高温下, 在竹枝里烤九次)”可知, 价格昂贵的盐, 需要耗费更多时间生产完成。故选 A 项。

44. 词句猜测题。根据最后一段“Consumption of too much salt can be deadly. (摄入大量的盐有可能是致命的)”和“...may raise blood pressure, causing hypertension and hurt the head. (可能使血压上升, 从而导致高血压和头痛)”可知, 划线词应与“盛放盐的器具”之意接近, 句中的“a heavy hand with the saltshaker”经常拿起盐瓶代指大量食用盐的饮食习惯。故选 B 项。

45. 主旨大意题。根据第一段“Salt was so valuable in ancient Rome that soldiers were sometimes paid with it. (在古罗马, 盐非常珍贵, 有时候士兵们以发盐来代发工资)”和第二段“Historically, salt’s value came from its ability to preserve food. (历史上, 盐的价值主要在于其保存食物的作用)”和“Salt also took on a great deal of symbolic value. (盐也有很多象征意义的价值)”可知, 这篇文章主要讨论盐令人惊叹的价值。故选 C 项。

第三部分: 阅读表达理解(共 5 题 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下列短文和问题, 根据短文内容和每小题所给的具体要求, 完成对该问题作答。

Trees are useful to man in three very important ways: they provide him with wood

and other products; they give him shade; they help to prevent drought and floods.

Unfortunately, in many parts of the world, man has not realized that the third of these services is the most important. To make money from the trees, he has cut them down in large numbers, only to find that without them he has lost the best friends he had.

Two-thousand years ago, a rich and powerful country cut down-its trees to build warships, with which to gain itself an empire. It gained the empire, but since the trees were cut down, its soil became hard and poor. When the empire fell to pieces, the home county found itself faced by floods and hunger. Even where a government realizes the importance of an enough supply of trees, it is difficult for it to let the villagers see this. The villagers want wood to cook their food with, and they can earn money by selling wood to the townsmen. They are usually too lazy or too careless to plant and look after new trees. So, unless the government has a good system of control or can educate the villagers, the forests will not get protected. This does not only mean that the villagers' sons and grandsons will have fewer trees. The results are even more serious. Where there are trees, their roots break the soil up, allowing the rain to sink in, which makes the soil stick together and prevents it being washed away easily. Where there are no tree, the rainfall son hard ground and flows away on the surface, causing floods and carrying away with it the rich top-soil, in which crops grow so well. When all the top-soil is gone, nothing remains but worthless desert.

46. Why do men cut down trees in large numbers in many places? (No more than 10 words)

47. What happened to the soil after trees were cut down in the rich and powerful country? (No more than 5 words)

48. What should the government do to protect the trees? (No more than 15 words)

49. What does the underlined phrase "sink in" in the last paragraph mean in English? (No more than 5 words)

50. Do you think it is important to protect trees? Why do you think so? (No more than 20 words)

【答案】46. Because they want to make money from the trees./To earn/make money from the trees. 47. It became hard and poor. 48. The government should have a good system of control or educate the villagers. 49. Go in. / Go down into the soil. / Go into the soil. / Flow into the soil. 50. Yes, I think it's important. Because without trees our country will face floods and hunger.

这是一篇说明文。本文强调了森林对人类的重要性。树木给人提供阴凉，抵挡洪水和干旱。曾经有人为了建造战船而砍掉了大量的树木，但是等他的帝国建立之后，

他的人民却因为饥荒和洪水饱受磨难。树木对人来说是十分重要的，我们不能因为一己私利而过度砍伐它们。

46. 考查细节理解。根据第二段“To make money from the trees, he has cut them down in large numbers, only to find that without them he has lost the best friends he had.(为了赚钱，他砍了大量的树，却发现没有了这些树，他失去了最好的朋友)”可知，人们在许多地方大量砍伐树木是因为他们想从树木中赚钱。故答案为 Because they want to make money from the trees./To earn/make money from the trees.

47. 考查细节理解。根据第三段“**It gained the empire, but since the trees were cut down, its soil became hard and poor.**(它获得了帝国，但由于树木被砍伐，它的土壤变得又硬又贫瘠)”可知，在这个富裕而强大的国家，树木被砍伐后，土壤变得又硬又贫瘠。故答案为 It became hard and poor.

48. 考查细节理解。根据最后一段“**So, unless the government has a good system of control or can educate the villagers, the forests will not get protected.**(因此，除非政府有一个良好的控制系统或能够教育村民，否则森林不会得到保护)”可知，为了保护树木，政府应该有一个好的控制或教育村民的系统。故答案为 The government should have a good system of control or educate the villagers.

49. 考查词句猜测。根据划线词上文“**Where there are trees, their roots break the soil up, allowing the rain to**”以及后文“**which makes the soil stick together and prevents it being washed away easily**”可知，在有树的地方，它们的根会破坏土壤，让雨水进入土壤，使土壤粘在一起，防止土壤容易被冲走。故划线词意思是“进入，进入土壤”或“流入土壤”故答案为 Go in. / Go down into the soil. / Go into the soil. / Flow into the soil.

50. 考查开放题。根据“你认为保护树木很重要吗？你为什么这么想？”可回答，是的，我认为这很重要。因为没有树木，我们的国家将面临洪水和饥饿。故答案为 Yes, I think it's important. Because without trees our country will face floods and hunger. 第四部分 书面表达（满分 20 分）

51. 假定你是李华，正在澳大利亚某中学学习，你校将举办跨文化演出活动。请你给活动负责人写封邮件，申请当主持人。内容包括：1.写信目的；2.你的优势；3.期待答复。

注意：1.词数 100 左右；2.参考词汇：跨文化演出 cross-cultural performance

【答案】 Dear Sir/Madam,

I'm Li Hua, an exchange student from China. I'm writing to apply to be the host of the cross-cultural performance to be held in our school.

Not only do I have a good command of English, but I have also hosted many performances concerning culture, which equips me with relevant experience. Therefore, when the performance features Chinese culture, I can perfectly convey the unique culture to the audience and help them better understand China. If accepted, I firmly believe that I will be your perfect choice with my devotion.

I would appreciate it if you could take my application into consideration. Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,
Li Hua

本篇书面表达属于应用文。要求考生就想申请当跨文化演出活动的主持人，给活动负责人写封邮件，内容包括：1.写信目的；2.你的优势；3.期待答复。

1.词汇积累

举行、组织：hold→conduct

许多：many→plenty of 帮助某人做某事：help sb. do sth.→assist sb. in doing sth.

考虑某事：take sth. into consideration→take sth. into account

2.句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句：I'm writing to apply to be the host of the cross-cultural performance to be held in our school.

拓展句：I'm writing to apply to be the host of the cross-cultural performance which will be held in our school.

【高分句型1】 Not only do I have a good command of English, but I have also hosted many performances concerning culture, which equips me with relevant experience. (运用了部分倒装句和 which 引导的非限制性定语从句)

【高分句型2】 If accepted, I firmly believe that I will be your perfect choice with my devotion. (运用了 If 条件状语从句省略句和 that 引导的宾语从句)

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