

【赢在高考·黄金8卷】备战2024年高考英语模拟卷（新高考七省专用）

黄金卷03

（考试时间：120分钟 试卷满分：150分）

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡和试卷指定位置上。

2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man suggest doing?

- A. Going hiking. B. Going on working. C. Playing chess.

2. What month is it now?

- A. June. B. July. C. August.

3. What are the speakers going to watch?

- A. A recording of a play.
B. A live broadcast of a play.
C. A Hollywood adaptation of a play.

4. Why are Jane's grades falling?

- A. The tests are getting harder.
B. Her classmates talk to her in class.
C. There're some problems in her family.

5. What happened to the man?

- A. He lost his horse. B. He was bitten by a dog. C. He was bitten by a horse.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话，回答 6~7 小题。

6. Who did Sara go shopping with at the weekend?

- A. Her sister. B. The man. C. Her mother.

7. What does the man want to do?

- A. Borrow money from the woman.
B. Buy his sister a present.
C. Help Sara with her math homework.

听下面一段较长对话，回答 8~9 小题。

8. Where is Jim now?

- A. In a taxi. B. On a bus. C. In his office.

9. What is the woman's suggestion?

- A. Going to the city center.
B. Taking a short cut home.
C. Meeting Jim in the park.

听下面一段较长对话，回答 10~12 小题。

10. What kind of books does the man like best?

- A. Historical novels. B. Adventure stories. C. Biographies.

11. Where does the man get most of his books?

- A. From his friends.
B. From online bookstores.
C. From the library.

12. What is the woman doing?

- A. Selling books. B. Doing a survey. C. Talking about her habits.

听下面一段较长对话，回答 13~16 小题。

13. What do the speakers mainly talk about?

- A. Which university to go to.
B. What to choose as a job.

- C. Where to earn more money.
14. Why does the woman make her decision?
- A. She needs more money to support her family.
B. Her family live far away from the city.
C. The villages are short of good doctors.
15. What will the man probably be in the future?
- A. A researcher. B. A teacher.
C. An officer.
16. What should they do before they fulfill their plans?
- A. Go to consult with their parents.
B. Do well to pass the H.S.C Examination.
C. Get admitted to the famous university.

听下面一段独白，回答 17~20 小题。

17. Why are the three tests given to the students?
- A. To decide the students' level.
B. To improve the students' speaking.
C. To overcome the students' weakness.
18. Who will give out books to the students?
- A. Stewart. B. Rebecca.
C. Anna.
19. What will the students do at midday?
- A. Meet the manager.
B. Go to the Learning Centre.
C. Get their timetables.
20. What is the main purpose for this talk?
- A. To describe the tests at the school.
B. To introduce the English teachers.
C. To say what students will do today.

第二部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

- Ophelia and the Marvelous Boy by Karen Foxe

Type: Fantasy

When Ophelia moves to a strange city where it never stops snowing, she discovers a boy locked away for 75 years in a museum. She must help the boy before the Snow Queen freezes the world. Along the way, Ophelia learns how to believe in things she cannot see.

Targeted readers: People who like fairy tales would enjoy this book.

- A Hundred Horses by Sarah Lean

Type: Mystery

During her visits to her aunt and cousins, the wooden horse Nell is stolen by a girl named Angel. As Nell finds out Angel's true identity, a bond grows between them and a group of 99 horses. Word has it that the 100th horse is magical. But where is it? Nell doesn't know, but Angel might know.

Targeted readers: Kids who like animals and nature will be sure to find this book exciting.

- How to Catch a Boggle by Catherine Junk's

Type: Fantasy

Birdie is an orphan who is good at trapping monsters with her singing voice. She is the only goblin hunter (猎人) in the forest. When kids go missing, it's up to her to figure out why.

Targeted readers: Anyone who is looking for monsters will take great pleasure in this book.

- I Even Funnier: A Middle School Story by James Patterson and Chris Greenstein

Type: Fiction

After a car accident Jamie loses his family, so he moves in with his aunt, uncle and his cousin Stevie, whose basic aim is to trick Jamie. But Jamie keeps having a positive attitude and running after his goals. He has been recently honored the Funniest Kid Comic of New York State.

Targeted readers: This book would be great for anyone who is fond of humorous books.

21. Who tells a story about a girl saving the world?

- A. Sarah Lean.
- B. Karen Foxe.
- C. Catherine Junk's.
- D. James Patterson and Chris Greenstein.

22. Nature lovers may take interest in _____.

- A. A Hundred Horses
- B. How to Catch a Boggle
- C. Ophelia and the Marvelous Boy

D. I Even Funnier: A Middle School Story

23. Who goes through life challenges without losing heart?

- A. Ophelia. B. Nell. C. Birdie. D. Jamie.

B

Young boys often dream of superpower to solve their problems “If I could just lick my fingers, my homework would be done,” many have imagined. Jerry and Joe put their ideas down on paper and created the world’s most popular superhero, Superman.

In 1931, the two became fast friends at Cleveland’s Glenville High School and ended up crating comics together. Joe was the artist and drew all the time, using bits of any kind of paper he could find. He hung out at newsstands (报摊) concentrating on magazines, especially amazing stories and then took up a pencil to recreate them at home. Jerry was the storyteller and the more ambitious of the two. He described how the creation of Superman came to him in the middle of a sleepless summer night, “I spring out of bed and write this down, and then I go back and think some more for about two hours and get up again and write that down. The inspiration for Superman’s origin story start taking shape, and the next morning, I run over to Joe’s place ...”

As is often the case, when we experience something painful in life, we deal with the feeling through creative expression. Jerry’s father owned a shop and died during a robbery. A young child might process that experience by wishing something could have prevented it. For Jerry, out came the Man of Steel, who was invulnerable (刀枪不入的) and tended to protect innocent people. Creating storylines must have helped Jerry to deal with the pain. Superman always wins. He stops trains and bad guys and cannot be killed.

The story of Superman has inspired kids for generations. It has calmed their fears and driven their dreams. Most importantly, the Man of Steel has inspired us all to find our super-power and use it to help others.

24. What can we learn about Jerry and Joe?

- A. They became popular superheroes. B. They used their imagination in comics.
C. They lived in their own imaginary world. D. They stood out for their rich experience.

25. What is paragraph 2 mainly about?

- A. The origin of the character Superman. B. The amusing story of Jerry and Joe.
C. The difficulty of creating the character. D. The common experience of Jerry and Joe.

26. Which can best describe Superman?

- A. Ambitious. B. Mean. C. Unconquerable. D. Troublesome.

27. Where is the text probably taken from?

- A. A biography. B. A movie review. C. A science fiction. D. A history textbook.

C

Whales are threatened by a variety of human activities off the West Coast of the United States, including fishing, ship traffic, and pollution. They have bad effects on whale populations, but are rarely addressed by current whale-protection policies in California, according to a study from the University of California, Davis.

The study, published for open access this week in the journal *Marine Policy*, examines the main causes of death for nine whale species in the California Current Ecosystem, which stretches from British Columbia, Canada to Baja California, Mexico. The whales considered in the study include gray, blue, fin, minke, North Pacific right, and killer whales.

“We find that it is people that deem fishing causes whale death,” said co-leading author Eliza Oldach. “But a number of human activities have made the modern ocean a really tough environment for whales to survive. We’re excited about efforts that look broadly to rebuild healthy oceans.”

The report found that main contributors to whale death are currently, targeted with relevant policy responses: noise, water quality and marine (海洋的) rubbish. But three other threats-nutritional stress, disease and predation (捕食) -need to also be considered to provide a more whole approach toward managing whale deaths.

“Gray whales migrate (迁徙) over 5,000 miles between their breeding grounds at either end of the California Current,” said co-leading author Helen Killeen. “Throughout their journey, they must pass through a large number of human activities, fighting with changes to their environment caused by climate change.”

The study comes as the California Ocean Protection Council (COPC) aims to develop a plan for achieving zero death for whales in the California Current Ecosystem this year. Achieving such a goal requires understanding the key drivers of whale deaths and opportunities for policy change, the report said.

28. Which activity will lead to whales’ death?

- A. Going fishing with your friends in a river. B. Playing with your friends beside the sea.
C. Going sailing with your family on weekends. D. Throwing rubbish in the sea as you are playing.

29. What’s meaning of the underlined word “deem” in Paragraph 3?

- A. Catch. B. Complain. C. Think. D. Describe.

30. What can we learn from Helen’s words?

- A. Gray whales are fond of travelling. B. Gray whales’ migration is full of danger.
C. Human being is the only killer of whales. D. Whales’ death is mainly caused by climate.

31. What should COPC do prevent whales’ death?

- A. Get rid of the present policy. B. Plant more trees along the sea.
C. Know what actually leads to it. D. Find a right place for them to live.

D

Indeed loneliness is now widely recognized as a major public health problem. What is perhaps less obvious is one answer to the problem: the healing power of poetry to make us feel more connected to others.

Here things get personal. I first got involved in how poetry can support our emotional wellbeing after I wrote a memoir, *Black Rainbow: Hone Words Healed Me—My Journey Through Depression*, in 2014 about how poetry helped me through two serious periods of depression. Since then, I've been running Healing Words poetry sessions for mental health charities and prisons, and have discovered first-hand the lovely feeling of companionship which poetry can bring.

Poetry lets us connect with other people who have experienced similar emotions. We're not alone in our despair or delight. When we have a poem by our side, whether tucked into a bag or on a bedside table, it feels like we're being accompanied by a friend: an authorial arm is wrapped around our shoulders.

I remember one woman starting to cry as she read Derek Walcott's poem "Love After Love" during a workshop held at my local hospital in West London. Fighting through tears, she eventually said, "I feel understood." Everyone in the room knew exactly what she meant.

She had, in Walcott's phrase, struggled to "love again the stranger who was yourself". The poet's invitation to "Sit. Feast on your life" was the comfort she needed, in a language which spoke to her, to imagine loving herself in a way she had always found hard. Poetry had worked its magic, unlocking a feeling of inner connection, and in turn a connection to all of us sitting in the workshop.

Given my own experience, I think having a poem to keep us company can help us all feel a greater sense of belonging.

32. What does the author suggest doing to fight against loneliness?

- A. Researching the problem. B. Appreciating poetry.
C. Strengthening dignity. D. Connecting with others.

33. How does having a poem at hand make you feel according to the author?

- A. Socially accepted. B. Literarily knowledgeable.
C. Financially admired. D. Emotionally comfortable.

34. Why did the woman start to cry in the workshop?

- A. Because the poem touched her soul.

- B. Because she was forced to read the poem.
- C. Because she struggled to understand others.
- D. Because she failed to work out the poem's magic.
35. What does the author mainly want to tell us?
- A. The healing power of poems cures illnesses.
- B. Reading can make us feel independent of others.
- C. Poetry can improve our emotional well-being.
- D. Connection leads to a great sense of belonging.

第二节(共 5 小题:每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

People often throw a party to celebrate a variety of occasions. For example, birthdays, graduations, holidays, the end of the semester, the beginning of summer, and so on. If you have ever thrown a party, you must be aware of the biggest problem of waste. 36. Where does all of this rubbish go? It will end up in the landfills. In order to change this situation, it's important to decrease waste to the most.

37. As a matter of fact, e-invitations are quick, easy, and more modern than traditional paper invites. 38. If there are any people in your crowd who say it's tacky (俗气的) to use e-cards, tell them it's tackier to pollute the environment by using traditional ones. That should keep them quiet.

Reuse and recycle. Reduce waste by buying party foods (with less packaging) and send guests home with leftover snacks. Use plates you can wash and reuse, rather than hand out disposable paper plates for people's pizza. Make it easy for your guests to recycle. 39, making it obvious that one is for real rubbish and the other is for recycled goods.

Allow each person only one cup. Since everyone has the same cup, it is quite easy to mix up the cups. After you put it down for a second, you can't recognize which cup belongs to you. Then, you will reach for a totally new one. As the result, after the party, you will find many cups are thrown away, causing a lot of waste. 40.

- A. Make full use of paper invitations
- B. Send e-invitations instead of paper ones
- C. It's also the environmentally soundest choice
- D. It's a good idea to allow guests to take their cups away
- E. Put out two rubbish cans and write something on them clearly
- F. Imagine the mess left from all the parties that are held in the world

G. Try a new system of handing each guest a cup that you mark with their name

第三部分语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The part of the environmental movement that draws my firm's attention is the design of buildings. Today, thousands of people come to _____ 41 _____ building conferences, and the idea that buildings can be good for people and the environment will be increasingly _____ 42 _____ in years to come. Back in 1984 we discovered that most manufactured products for decoration weren't designed for _____ 43 _____ use. The "energy-efficient" sealed commercial buildings constructed after the 1970s energy crisis _____ 44 _____ indoor air quality problems caused by materials such as paint, wall covering and carpet. So for 20 years, we've been looking for ways to make these materials _____ 45 _____ for people and the planet.

Home builders can now use materials, such as green paints, that release significantly _____ 46 _____ amounts of chemical compounds, which people believe don't _____ 47 _____ the quality of the air. _____ 48 _____, our basic design strategy is focused not simply on being "less bad" but on creating _____ 49 _____ healthful materials that can be either safely returned to the soil or _____ 50 _____ by industry again and again. For example, the world's largest carpet manufacturer has already _____ 51 _____ a carpet that is fully and safely recyclable.

Look at it this way: no one _____ 52 _____ to create a building that destroy the planet. But our current industrial systems are basically causing these conditions, whether we like it or not. So _____ 53 _____ of simply trying to reduce the damage, we are _____ 54 _____ a positive approach. We're giving people high-quality, healthful products and an opportunity to make choices that have a _____ 55 _____ effect on the world. It is not just the building industry, either. Entire cities are taking these environmentally positive approaches to design, planning and building.

41. A. commercial B. green C. traditional D. simple
42. A. efficient B. changeable C. influential D. effective
43. A. relevant B. indoor C. flexible D. forward
44. A. revealed B. displayed C. exhibited D. discovered
45. A. careful B. comfortable C. stable D. safe
46. A. reduced B. revised C. delayed D. defined
47. A. destroy B. deny C. dissolve D. depress
48. A. Anyway B. Besides C. Anyhow D. However
49. A. exactly B. completely C. partially D. superficially

50. A. restored B. regain C. reused D. retain
51. A. developed B. stretched C. researched D. constructed
52. A. sets off B. sets about C. sets out D. sets up
53. A. instead B. because C. out D. regardless
54. A. adjusting B. adopting C. adapting D. admitting
55. A. functional B. sensible C. beneficial D. Precious

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Emerging evidence in humans suggests a 56 (typical) Western high-fat, high-sugar junk food diet can quickly weaken your brain's appetite control.

After offering volunteers a week-long binge (大吃大喝) of waffles, milkshakes and similarly rich foods, researchers in Australia found young and healthy ones scored worse on memory tests and experienced a 57 (great) desire to eat junk food, even when they were already full.

The findings suggest something is special in the hippocampus (海马体)-a region of the brain 58 supports memory and helps to regulate appetite. When we are full, the hippocampus is thought to quieten down our memories of delicious food, thereby 59 (reduce) our appetite. When it's interrupted, 60 control can be seriously damaged. Over the years, extensive research on 61 (mouse) has found the function of the hippocampus is very sensitive to junk food, but recently this has been observed only in young and healthy humans.

In 2017, after a week of Western-style breakfasts of 62 (toast) sandwiches and milkshakes, researchers found participants performed worse on learning and memory tests which are typically dependent 63 the hippocampus.

Now, in this latest study the scientists of the team 64 (find) that not only do such high-fat, high-sugar diets impair memory in humans, but they appear to directly affect our ability 65 (control) our appetite.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。近期你班同学普遍加强了英语听说训练, 但是仍然存在一些困惑。请你给外教 Jim 写封邮件, 邀请他下周为大家做一次专题讲座。邮件内容包括:

1. 介绍同学们的听说训练情况;

2. 希望提供更有效的学习方法;
3. 询问对方的意向。

注意:1. 词数不少于 80;

2. 邮件的开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was summer, and my dad wanted to treat me to a vacation like never before. He decided to take me on a trip to the Wild West.

We took a plane to Albuquerque, a big city in the state of New Mexico. We reached Albuquerque in the late afternoon. Uncle Paul, my dad's friend, picked us up from the airport and drove us up to his farm in Pecos.

His wife Tina cooked us a delicious dinner and we got to know his sons Ryan and Kyle. My dad and I spent the night in the guestroom of the farm house listening to the frogs and water rolling down the river nearby. Very early in the morning, Uncle Paul woke us up to have breakfast. "The day starts at dawn on my farm," he said. After breakfast, I went to help Aunt Tina feed the chickens, while my dad went with Uncle Paul to take the sheep out to graze (吃草). I was impressed to see my dad and Uncle Paul riding horses. They looked really cool.

In the afternoon, I asked Uncle Paul if I could take a horse ride, and he said yes, as long as my dad went with me. I wasn't going to take a horse ride by myself anyway. So, my dad and I put on our new cowboy hats, got on our horses, and headed slowly towards the mountains. "Don't be late for supper," Uncle Paul cried, "and keep to the track so that you don't get lost!" "OK!" my dad cried back. After a while Uncle Paul and his farm house were out of sight. It was so peaceful and quiet and the colors of the brown rocks, the deep green pine trees, and the late afternoon sun mixed to create a magic scene. It looked like a beautiful woven (编织的) blanket spread out upon the ground just for us.

注意:

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;

2 续写部分分为两段，每段的开头语已为你写好；

Paragraph 1:

Suddenly a little rabbit jumped out in front of my horse.

Paragraph 2:

We had no idea where we were and it got dark.
