

2024 年陕西省高三教学质量检测试题(一)

英语参考答案

听力

1—5 BAACA 6—10 CACBA 11—15 CBCBB 16—20 AABCC

阅读理解

A

【阅读理解解析】 这篇文章是应用文。主要介绍了可以产生更好的效果并减少受伤风险的四种锻炼。

21. A(细节理解题。根据第一段中“Many people often only focus on one exercise type, but including all four in your workout will produce better results and reduce your risk of injury.”(许多人通常只专注于一种锻炼类型,但是将所有四种锻炼都包括在内会产生更好的效果并减少受伤的风险)可知,通过将不同的运动类型组合在一起,可以让一个人从日常锻炼中受益最大。故选 A 项。)

22. B(细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句“Developing strong muscles also reduces your risk of weak bones. 可知答案为 B。)

23. D(细节理解题。根据第二段中“Endurance exercises increase your breathing and heart rate.”以及第四段中“This allows for more freedom of movement for other exercises and can also improve your range of motion, posture, ability to breathe deeply, and blood flow.”可知,耐力和柔韧性锻炼对改善呼吸功能最有用。故选 D 项。)

B

【阅读理解解析】 文章是关于为何人们喜爱旅行

24. C(推理判断题。作者在文章首段连用几个问句,提出疑问,作者在下文解释了人们迷恋旅行的原因,并针对旅行提出了建议。由此可推知,第一段的问题主要是为了引出旅行的话题。故选 A 项。)

25. B(细节理解题。根据第三段内容可知,当你还是个孩子的时候,你每得到一个新玩具都会感到兴奋。你可能会持续玩上几个小时,直到有下一个新玩具出现。这与人们对旅行的喜爱类似。由此可知,旅行爱好者和孩子的相同之处是:他们都对新事物充满了好奇。故选 B 项。)

26. A(段落大意题。旅行是一种持续的挑战。当你进入一种新的文化时,它会以不同的方式给你挑战。旅行有一种独特的能力,它能把你带出舒适区,让你接触一些全新的东西。这种挑战迫使你尝试新事物,体验新的生活方式。由此可知,该段主要介绍了旅行的独特魅力。故选 A 项。)

27. B(细节理解题。根据最后一段最后一句可知,作者建议人们亲自试试,说不定也会喜欢上旅行。故选 B 项。)

C

【阅读理解解析】 是一篇说明文,阅读讲述了一个新的发明 Seatrac。

28. C(推断题。根据文章第一段 Seatrac 可以帮助坐轮椅的残疾人进入水中享受快乐。故选 C。)

29. D(细节理解题。由第三段 The idea for it came when one of the inventors, Ignatios Fotiou, was talking with a friend who used a wheelchair The friend said he enjoyed the sea, but didn't like having to be carried into the ocean as if lie were a “sack of potatoes”. 可知,他想帮助他的残疾朋友。故选 D。)

30. A(段落大意。第四段讲到 Seatrac 容易跑,也容易打包和携带,故选 A。)

31. D(文章讲述了 Seatrac 的发明及它的好处,故选 D。)

D

【阅读理解解析】 阅读是关于“保护牙齿可能对大脑有益”

32. D(细节理解题。根据第一段内容可知,科研人员的研究发现,牙龈疾病和牙齿脱落与大脑海马体的萎缩有关,而海马体在记忆和阿尔茨海默病中发挥着作用。由此可知,Yamaguchi的研究是关于牙齿与大脑之间的关系。故选D项。)

33. A(推理判断题。根据第三段内容可知,研究人员发现,牙齿数量和牙龈疾病的严重程度与大脑左海马体的体积变化有关。对于轻度牙龈疾病患者来说,牙齿较少与左海马体的大脑萎缩速度更快有关。同样,对于患有严重牙龈疾病的人来说,牙齿更多与大脑同一区域的大脑萎缩速度更快也有关。在对年龄进行调整后,研究人员发现,对于患有轻度牙龈疾病的人来说,因少了一颗牙齿而增加的大脑萎缩速度相当于大脑衰老近一年。相比之下,对于患有严重牙龈疾病的人来说,多一颗牙齿而增加的大脑萎缩速度相当于大脑衰老1.3年。由此可推知,研究人员通过作比较得出了研究结果。故选A项。)

34. B(细节理解题。根据第四段中的“*These results highlight the importance of preserving the health of the teeth and not just maintaining the teeth.*”可知,研究结果强调了保持牙齿健康的重要性,而不仅仅是保留牙齿。由此可知,研究结果表明了保持牙齿健康是至关重要的。故选B项。)

35. C(细节理解题。根据最后一段内容可知,Yamaguchi表示未来的研究需要在更广泛的人群中进行。

这项研究的局限性在于它是在日本的一个地区进行的,因此结果可能不适用于其他地区。由此可推出,未来的研究最有可能是对其他地区的人们进行研究。故选C项。)

【阅读理解解析】 七选五是关于如何提高人的记忆力

36. D(有下句 *Taking steps to improve your lifestyle... will help keep your mind sharp.* 可知生活方式会影响记忆力。故选D。)

37. A(由下句 *Exercise helps with the activity of brain cells* 可推出选A。)

38. E(这段讲的是饮食对记忆力的影响,故选E。)

39. F(由 *Sleep is critical for memory formation* 这句可知讲述睡眠对记忆力的影响,故选F。)

40. B(由 *Challenging your brain is of great benefit, too* 可推出选B。)

完型填空

【阅读理解解析】 这是一篇说明文。主要说明了“只顾细节不顾大局”这一表述的来源,从科学家做研究的角度综合分析了细节与大局的利弊关系,告诉我们注重细节的同时也要顾全大局。

41. A(考查动词词义辨析。句意:如果你听到有人说他只见树木不见森林,你可能很想知道这个令人好奇的句子意味着什么。A. wondered 想知道;B. agreed 同意;C. believed 相信;D. described 描述。结合横线后“*what this curious phrase means*”分析语境可知,此处使用 *wondered* 意为“想知道”切合题意。故选A项。)

42. B(考查形容词词义辨析。句意:如果你能看见树,怎么会看不见森林呢? A. acceptable 可接受的;B. visible 可看见的;C. responsible 有责任的;D. possible 可能的。根据前文“*he can't see the forest for the trees*”可知,作者意在表明看见和看不见之间的逻辑关系。故选B项。)

43. C(考查名词词义辨析。句意:这个表述准确地描述了一种情景,人们有时会很在意细节以至于会看不见整体大局。A. reasons 原因;B. problems 问题;C. details 细节;D. results 结果。通过语境翻译可知,C项 *details* 意为“细节”切合题意。故选C项。)

44. D(考查介词短语辨析。句意:换句话说,你太过于关注树以至于忘记了树就是森林的一部分。A. In return 反过来;B. In contrast 相反地;C. In the meantime 同时;D. In other words 换言之。通过

分析语境可知,此句是前句的进一步解释,存在递进关系,因此 In other words 意为“换言之”切合题意。故选 D 项。)

45. B(考查形容词词义辨析。句意:你太过于关注树以至于忘记了树就是森林的一部分。A. darker 更黑的;B. larger 更大的;C. smaller 更小的;D. greener 更绿的。通过分析本段结构可知,此句与上句互为平行结构,因此也是小细节与大局的关系,即小与大之间的逻辑关系。故选 B 项。)

46. D(考查动词短语词义辨析。句意:这是我们反复会遇到的问题。A. seek out 寻求;B. pass by 路过;C. agree on 同意;D. meet with 遇到。根据语境翻译可知,此处意为 meet with“遇到”,故选 D 项。)

47. C(考查动词词义辨析。句意:当我们关注自己的世界时,很同意就关注到有趣的细节而忽视了更大的概念。A. catch 抓住;B. comprehend 理解;C. ignore 忽视;D. misuse 误用。由空后的“it's important to be able to focus on both the forest and the trees.”可知此处表明我们应该细节与大局兼顾,然而我们很容易注重小细节而忽视整体大局,故选 C 项。)

48. A(考查名词词义辨析。句意:对于科学家而言,A. scientists 科学家 B. farmers 农民;C. professors 教授.;D. leaders 领导人。根据下段首句可知,接下来讲述科学家的方面,故选 A 项。)

49. A(考查名词词义辨析。句意:自从几千年科学研究开始,观察力一直都很重要。A. beginning 开始,开端;B. separation 分离;C. recovery 恢复;D. removal 移除。联系下文“The first scientists used their senses to see, hear, smell, feel, and taste the world around them.”可知科学家门用感官去看、去听、去闻、去感受、去品尝他们周边的世界,通过语境翻译可知 A 项 beginning“开始,开端”切合题意。故选 A 项。)

50. B(考查形容词词义辨析。句意:自从几千年科学研究开始,观察力一直都很重要。A. forgotten 遗忘的;B. significant 重要的;C. impossible 不可能的;D. popular 流行的。通过语境翻译可知,B 项“重要的”切合题意。故选 B 项。)

51. D(考查名词辨析。句意:科学家门用感官去看、去听、去闻、去感受、去品尝他们周边的世界。A. experiences 经历 B. abilities 能力;C. environments 环境;D. senses 感官。通过分析句子成分可知空后 see, hear, smell, feel, and taste 均为感官,故选 D 项。)

52. C(考查名词词义辨析。句意:通过观察,他们了解了周边的世界,并且开始寻找自然而然出现的问题答案。A. errors 错误;B. gifts 礼物;C. observations 观察;D. inventions 发明。根据本段段首句“Since the beginning of scientific inquiry thousands of years ago, observations have been important.”可知科学家们要做的事情是观察,因此 C 项 observations“观察”符合语境。故选 C 项。)

53. B(考查副词词义辨析。句意:通过观察,他们了解了周边的世界,并且开始寻找自然而然出现的问题答案。A. luckily 幸运地;B. naturally 自然而然地;C. exactly 格外地;D. falsely 错误地。根据语境翻译可知, B 项 naturally“自然而然地”切合题意。故选 B 项。)

54. D(考查副词词义辨析。句意:当今科学家们依赖于他们的五官做观察。A. even 甚至;B. yet 至今;C. never 从不;D. still 仍然。根据前段可知,现在的科学家依然还依赖五官进行观察,D 项符合语境。故选 D 项。)

55. A(考查名词辨析。句意:然而他们也充分利用现代技术运用广泛工具进行观察。A. technologies 技术;B. theories 理论;C. discoveries 发现;D. efforts 努力。根据 however 前句可知科学家们除了用五官进行观察,也用现代技术手段,A 项切题。故选 A 项。)

56. C(考查动词词义辨析。句意:这些使他们能够超越五官所允许的层面观察这个世界 A. release 释放;B. prefer 更喜欢;C. allow 允许;D. enjoy 喜欢。根据前文可知五官给了科学家们得以观察世界的方式,通过现代技术,他们可以超越五官所允许的层面观察这个世界,C 项符合语境。故选 C 项。)

57. D(考查形容词词义辨析。句意:从卫星望远镜到原子显微镜,现代科学家使用这些工具以一种早期科学家无法想象的方式观察着世界。A. famous 著名的;B. young 年轻的;C. popular 流行的;D. modern 现代的。根据语境翻译可知,D项 modern“现代的”切合题意。故选 D项。)

58. A(考查动词词义辨析。句意:从卫星望远镜到原子显微镜,现代科学家使用这些工具以一种早期科学家无法想象的方式观察着世界。A. imagined 想象;B. suggested 建议;C. remembered 记住;D. convinced 信服。根据上文可知,这些工具是现代的,表明早期并不存在,因此早期科学家难以想象有这样的工具可以使用,A项 imagined“想象”切题。故选 A项。)

59. B(考查动词词义辨析。句意:这些工具中有些可以允许他们研究小细节,而另外一些可以帮助他们看到宏观整体。A. create 创造;B. study 研究;C. copy 复制;D. choose 选择。根据语境翻译可知,B项 study“研究”切合题意。故选 B项。)

60. C(考查名词词义辨析。句意:另外一些可以帮助他们看到宏观整体。A. cause 结果;B. change 改变;C. picture 图画、局面;D. achievement 成就。根据第二段中“they lose sight of the big picture”可知,结合分析选项,C项“picture”同词复现。故选 C项。)

语法填空:

61. was awarded 62. to 63. Called 64. to work 65. completely

66. whatever / what 67. As 68. The 69. causing 70. exploration

短文改错:

I'll never forget the story which $\frac{happen}{happened}$ on a bus the other day. It was a $\frac{wind}{windy}$ day. I got on the bus after school. A young lady was standing next to me. In a flash, a strong wind blew through the window. $\frac{A}{The}$ lady's false hair was blown away. To our $\frac{surprises}{surprise}$, she was hairless. While she was wondering what to do it, many passengers laughed loudly. $\frac{So}{But}$ she managed to hold back her tears. $\frac{Saw}{Seeing}$ this, I picked up her false hair and said, "Don't be sad, Miss. I'm sure your hair will grow soon." When I glanced $\frac{to}{at}$ other passengers, they all $\frac{quick}{quickly}$ nodded their heads with shame.

书面表达:【参考范文】

Dear Wang Qiang,

Hearing that you are addicted to playing computer games, I felt very worried. To begin with, it will make you waste too much valuable time which should be spent on your study. In addition, playing computer games for a long time will do harm to your health, especially to your eyes. Worse still, some games are full of violence, which will be harmful to your mental health.

Therefore, I strongly hope that you can break away from it. The earlier, the better. You can read more good books, take more exercise or participate in some social activities to broaden your horizons.

I hope the advice above will be helpful to you. Looking forward to your good news.

Yours,
Li Hua

听力原文:

(Text 1)

W: Congratulations I hear you are going to join the army.

M: Thanks but actually it's my twin brother who is going to join the army I'm going to university. I wish To Become a lawyer in the future.

(Text 2)

W: Look mark I hurt my knee during the gym class.

M: If I were you I'd ask our teacher for leave and don't the hospital right now

W: I'd better do as you say.

(Text 3)

W: What is your hobby?

M: I like climbing mountains. Actually, I started climbing in order to be healthier. How about you? W: When I was in senior high school, I used to play basketball, but now I go to the fitness center and use the equipment there.

(Text 4)

M: We could go to a ball game this evening. Or would you rather eat in a restaurant and then go to the shopping center?

W: Given that I'm expecting an important phone call, I can't really go anywhere this evening.

(Text 5)

W: You should have been here thirty minutes ago. The film has been on.

M: Sorry, I was about to leave my house when I had an unexpected visitor. We talked for some time.

W: I don't want such things to happen again.

(Text 6)

M: Can you help me? I'd like to buy a house with a garden.

W: Sure, I recommend this house.

M: How many rooms are there?

W: Eight rooms, a kitchen, two modern bathrooms, a lovely dining room, a living room and three suite bedrooms.

M: How much is it?

W: 90,000 dollars? You needn't pay the whole price at one time. You just pay 50% in advance will deal with the paperwork for you. And then you can borrow the other 50% from a bank.

M: Okay.

(Text 7)

W: So you're back from Paris. What did you think of the Louvre. museum?

M: Actually, I didn't go to the Louvre.

W: Oh, well, how about the other famous places? The Eiffel tower, Notre dame?

M: Those kinds of places don't attract me.

W: You must have thought Paris was pretty boring, then

M: Boring? No way. I went to a different restaurant and a different club every night. The food was wonderful and I heard some fantastic music. It was the best vacation I've ever had.

(Text 8)

W: Today we are talking to Dr Smith who is an expert on teenage health. Doctor what is the most important thing for teenagers who want to be healthy?

M: Exercise and lots of it. A teenager needs about an hour of good exercise every day.

M: That's a lot. Won't they get tired?

M: Not if they get enough sleep. A teenager needs about nine hours sleep a night. Good sleep and lots of exercise can improve their schoolwork too.

W: Cool. What else?

M: So many people get sick because they don't wash their hands often enough. Always wash your hands before a meal and after being outside.

W: What about food?

M: Of course it's important to eat well

W: So no fast food.

M: Well, fast food can be okay sometimes, but don't eat everyday.

(Text 9)

W: Hello, I'm moving to Liverpool next month and I've got a job at the children's hospital, so I need to find a place to live near there.

M: I'd recommend you a block called broad green.

W: Can you tell me more about the area? I have a car but I'd rather use other forms of transport to go to the hospital.

M: This area has a very good bus service and train service.

W: The bus sounds good. I come from London and parking can be a real problem there.

M: Yeah, my sister lives in London and she has to pay for parking in her own street. You'll be glad to hear we don't have that problem here.

W: Good. What are the rents like?

M: The weekly rent here is around 120 pounds, much cheaper than that in London.

W: Great, there has to be some disadvantage to it. There has to be some disadvantage to it. I think there's a lot of noise in the area or something.

M: Not at all, though some people do find they have to travel a bit to go shopping.

(Text 10)

M: Today we'll talk about Ernest Hemingway, the famous American writer. Like many great writers, many of Hemingway's books and stories were based on his personal experiences. In 1923 he produced his first collection of short stories, and most of the stories related to his childhood. As we know, in his early twenties, Hemingway lived in Paris and knew many famous writers and artists there. So in his first novel, the sun also rises. He wrote about those talented but lonely and angry people. In 1929 he produced his fourth novel, a farewell to arms, which was based on his experiences during world war one, during world war two, he worked as a reporter in Europe, and he use these experiences to write across the river and into the trees. In 1952 he wrote a short novel, the old man in the sea. For this book he won the Nobel prize for literature. Why is it the best? As I said when he was younger, he used to go fishing with his father, and in his later years deep sea fishing remained his favorite hobby. He was able to write a powerful story because of his own personal experience.

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