

名校教育联盟·2024 届高三入学摸底考试

英语

本试卷共 8 页。全卷满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项:

- 1.答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷和答题卡上。
- 2.回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应的答案标号涂黑,如有改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案;回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
- 3.考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. How does the man feel now?

A. Confused.

B. Excited.

C. Thankful.

2. Why did the woman come to talk to the man?

A. To seek suggestions.

B. To make new friends.

C. To extend an invitation.

3. Who is Ms. Johnson?

A. A stage director.

B. A public-speaking professor.

C. A body language trainer.

4. What are they talking about?

A. Current job.

B. Working opportunities.

C. Communication skills.

5. Where is the woman probably?

A. At an office.

B. At home.

C. In a store.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the competition aim to do?

A. Train talented dancers.

B. Showcase dance works.

C. Encourage new dancers.

7. How can the speakers participate in the competition?

A. By submitting a video on line.

B. By being selected by audience.

C. By performing in person.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What does the man think of financial books?

A. Unusual.

B. Unappealing.

C. Practical.

9. How does the woman usually read financial books?

A. Reading it completely.

B. Picking useful contents.

C. Skimming the first two chapters.

10. How does Mark organize his book?

- A. Sharing personal experience.
- B. Explaining professional terms.
- C. Giving detailed guidance.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What's the man's problem?

- A. He missed the train.
- B. His train doesn't leave.
- C. He misread the notice board.

12. What does the man agree to do?

- A. Take another transportation.
- B. Take a detour to London.
- C. Take a faster train to London.

13. What does the woman mean at the end of the conversation?

- A. The man takes on the responsibility for his fault.
- B. The man doesn't have to pay extra fare.
- C. The train staff won't check the man's ticket.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is Business Weekly?

- A. An interview programme.
- B. A technological magazine.

C. An e-book website.

15. How many monthly visitors are there in 2015?

- A. Around 130,000.
- B. Around 500,000.

C. Around 300,000.

16. What new approach is applied in 2020?

- A. Publish in-depth articles.
- B. Provide trusted information.
- C. Cooperate with tech influencers.

17. What does Sarah expect the new podcast series to do?

- A. Engage more visitors.
- B. Expand their source of information.
- C. Raise public awareness.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What is the problem with the first generation of solar panels?

- A. They are too expensive to replace.
- B. They do not reflect sunshine anymore.
- C. They end up being wasted.

19. What is the main goal of We Recycle Solar?

- A. To resettle and remove old solar panels.
- B. To collect and recycle old solar panels.
- C. To create new markets for solar panels.

20. What is the possible way to deal with the repaired panels?

- A. By selling them to other countries.
- B. By melting them down for recycling.
- C. By changing them into new energy sources.

第二部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Weekend trips in Europe can be a truly magical experience. From the sunny beaches of Greece to the rolling hills of Italy, our travels have taken us through many European destinations. All of the following destinations are places that are within easy reach and offer incredible experiences that you'll always remember.

Hallstatt, Austria

It is known to be one of the most beautiful and charming places on Earth, with its traditional alpine houses, crystal clear lake, and breathtaking views of the snow-covered mountains. Hallstatt offers plenty of activities such as exploring salt mines and the ancient churches. Take a boat ride across Lake Hallstatt and visit the nearby Dachstein Ice Cave—all of which guarantee an unforgettable experience.

Zakynthos, Greece

Zakynthos (or Zante) is one of the most beautiful and stunning islands in Europe. With its pure white beaches, unspoiled nature, and crystal clear blue waters, it's no wonder that Zakynthos is one of the best weekend breaks in Europe for a relaxing getaway. From boat trips to the famous Blue Caves to discovering local pubs, there are plenty of activities to enjoy on this peaceful Greek island.

Amsterdam, Netherlands

What attracts people towards Amsterdam, one of the most popular destinations in Europe, are the museums, parks, Dutch cuisine, Heineken beer, and the tulips (郁金香)! What's even more exciting is that it is completely practical to cover all the major attractions within a weekend trip to Amsterdam and even see the countryside with the help of the Amsterdam and region travel card.

Florence, Italy

With its breathtaking architecture, rich history, and Mediterranean climate, it's easy to see why Florence is one of the best weekend trips in Europe. Another great reason why Florence is great for a weekend trip is its small size, which means you can easily experience a lot within just two days! If you are a food lover, learn how to make your own gelato (and pasta, pizza) in a Florence cooking class.

21. Where would the geology explorers possibly like to go?
 A. Hallstatt; Zakynthos. B. Amsterdam; Florence.
 C. Zakynthos; Amsterdam. D. Hallstatt; Florence.
22. What do Zakynthos and Amsterdam both provide for visitors?
 A. National flowers. B. Special dishes.
 C. Alcoholic drinks. D. Peaceful islands.
23. Where could you most probably find the article?
 A. *Today's Europe*. B. *Journey To Romance*.
 C. *Momentary Getaways*. D. *Summer Vacation Arrangements*.

B

There was a time when video blogger from the United States, Jerry Kowal, like many others who have never visited China and have very little idea about it, only associated the country with pandas, chopsticks and kung fu stars. However, a three-week trip as an exchange student in 2010 proved to be an eye-opener. Impressed by the cuisine, culture and people, Kowal went on to pursue studies in Chinese culture. Today, Kowal is an influencer with over 20 million followers on social media platforms. People from around the world follow him to learn about culture and life in China as well as in the US.

Kowal said that back in 2017, when he started making videos, the original intention was to show Chinese people what life was like in the US. "I think a lot of people in China have misconceptions about the US. I had hoped my videos would clear those up," he said. "For example, a lot of my friends would go to study in the US thinking it all looked like New York, but then they would arrive in a rural university town and life would be quite different."

He then began to share what he experienced and witnessed in China, recording his life as a

foreigner in the country and turning the camera toward ordinary Chinese people, highlighting the differences between US and Chinese cuisines, cultures and customs. “I can trace back my interest in China to the fact that we are vastly different cultures. I find it quite interesting to understand the slight cultural differences,” he said. “However, I have to admit the longer I stay here, the more I realize that I have a lot to learn. I firmly believe from an American’s standpoint that it’s next to impossible to have an in-depth understanding of China without being here.”

Ning Xiaoxue, a 25-year-old employee at a private company in Shanghai, follows him on social media. Kowal’s description of his experiences of living in China fascinates her. “I appreciate Kowal’s approach as he immerses himself in the local lifestyle and offers insightful commentary based on his personal encounters, rather than resorting to overstated praise without thinking,” Ning said.

24. What motivated Kowal initially to shoot videos?

- A. Recording his three-week trip in China.
- B. Pursuing studies in Chinese culture.
- C. Clarifying misinterpretations about US.
- D. Comforting exchange students in US.

25. What can be learned from Kowal’s experience in Paragraph 3?

- A. Well begun is half done.
- B. Many hands make light work.
- C. Constant dripping wears away a stone.
- D. The proof of the pudding is in the eating.

26. What does Ning Xiaoxue think of Kowal’s commentary?

- A. Genuine.
- B. Thoughtless.
- C. Encouraging.
- D. Prejudiced.

27. What would be the best title for this text?

- A. Exploring China: A Visual Journey with Kowal
- B. New Generation: Kowal’s Impact on Chinese Culture
- C. Kowal’s Adventures in China: Unlocking Cultural Secrets
- D. East and West: Kowal’s Aim to Bridge the Cross-Cultural Gap

C

In June a massive “heat dome” baked the famously temperate Pacific Northwest, subjecting parts of Washington State, Oregon and western Canada to extreme temperatures. It is virtually impossible that heat waves like this would have occurred without climate change. Scientists estimate it was a one-in-1,000-year event. “And that’s an ‘at least,’” says Kristie L. Ebi. “It could be more rare than that.” If warming reaches two degrees C above preindustrial (工业化前) levels—the threshold (阈值) that most national governments have agreed to try to avoid in hopes of reducing climate change impacts—“that event could occur every five to 10 years,” Ebi says.

“In an average year in the U.S., heat kills more people than any other type of extreme weather,” says Kristina Dahl, a climate scientist. Hundreds of people died in the recent Pacific Northwest heat wave, according to estimates; there were at least 486 deaths in British Columbia, 116 in Oregon and 78 in Washington. A recent U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention report found there were more than 3,500 emergency department visits for heat-related illness this past May and June in a region that includes Oregon and Washington State.

The human body functions best at 98.6 degrees F (37 degrees C). The body has mechanisms to rid itself of excess heat—most notably sweating. But at a certain point, that fails to work, causing loss of consciousness. People can eventually **acclimatize** to some level of heat. If you live in a hot climate or work in hot conditions for a period of weeks or months, your body becomes more efficient at sweating and cooling itself down. This process takes time, however.

As the planet warms, heat waves like these this year are becoming frighteningly common—and catching climate scientists off guard. “Even a lot of our climate models that project out how frequent extreme heat will be in the future wouldn’t have necessarily predicted this level of heat for that part of the country,” Kristina Dahl says. “But then to realize that I am seeing it in my lifetime, and living it right now, is really terrifying.”

28. What does Ebi's saying imply in Paragraph 1?
 A. Heat dome has affected at least three regions.
 B. Temperature reaches the threshold immediately.
 C. Heat waves affect the Pacific Northwest greatly.
 D. Severe weather could become frighteningly common.
29. What is Paragraph 2 mainly about?
 A. Many areas are badly affected by heat waves.
 B. Heat waves pose a major risk to public health.
 C. More people died of illnesses in this summer.
 D. Latest news on heat waves are widely reported.
30. What does the underlined word "acclimatize" in Paragraph 3 mean?
 A. Adapt. B. Settle. C. Respond. D. Object.
31. According to Kristina Dahl, the extreme heat _____
 A. ruins his normal daily life. B. gets scientists prepared to it.
 C. fails to be accurately forecast. D. should be examined frequently.

D

Science is increasingly central to our lives. Many of the changes that science brings are hugely beneficial, but they often come with potential downsides that demand public examination. For the crucial public debate that is needed on all this to take place, we must have a scientifically literate (有读写能力的) population. Against a backdrop of widespread scepticism and misinformation, intellectual curiosity and the ability to understand the basics of science are essential.

It saddens me that our culture now views science as difficult and irrelevant to their lives, which discourages many from taking an interest in it. A British Science Association poll recently suggested that only around a third of 14-to 18-year-olds finds scientists inspirational or consider the subject to be relevant to their lives. In fact, science is integrated into every aspect of our existence and people from all walks of life and of all ages should be able to access it easily. The invention of the printing press was crucial because it popularized knowledge. So, in this increasingly science-centred world, the same attention should be given to popular science writing as is given to other forms of literature.

Good science writing plays a fundamental part in increasing access to the subject. The latest thinking on problems that people really care about—climate change, pollution or health—should be discussed in cafés and pubs across the land. And often an understandable book is what helps this to happen. Our Trivedi Science Book Prize is the only one in the world dedicated to popular science writing. This is because we believe it provides a vital link between the expert scientific community and the public, communicating pioneering but often technical research to mainstream audiences. Books such as Stephen Hawking's *A Brief History of Time*, which was shortlisted for the prize in 1989, was written for readers who had no prior knowledge of physics and has since become a universally recognised text on cosmology (宇宙学).

Popular science books have never been more important. There are so many scientific stories to be told that help us better understand ourselves. A society equipped with a solid understanding of the issues of the day is a society more able to respond to them in a prescient (预知的) and realistic way.

32. Why is popular science writing as important as literature?
 A. It varies the availability of literature.
 B. It increases access to scientific knowledge.
 C. It makes science a more integrated subject.
 D. It is closely connected with people's careers.
33. What makes a good science writing according to the author?
 A. Vast imagination. B. Comprehensibility.
 C. Faithfulness. D. Well-acknowledgement.
34. What does the Trivedi Science Book Prize aim to do?
 A. To fund scientific research projects and writers.

- B.To encourage more professional texts on science.
 C.To promote the further use of scientific knowledge.
 D.To strengthen the engagement in science with readers.
- 35.What quality does a scientifically literate society have?
 A.People rise to social downsides actively.
 B.People benefit from social changes greatly.
 C.People have improved their abilities scientifically.
 D.People view and communicate science reasonably.

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

As a psychologist with more than 15 years of experience, I've seen how "hustle culture" can have a toxic effect on people. But a 2,000-year-old Chinese concept called "wu wei", which translates to "non-action" or "effortless action", can help us lead more balanced, fulfilling and successful lives. 36 Wu wei is about allowing things to happen naturally and letting go of the need to control. It emphasizes taking action when necessary, but not pushing yourself with excessive effort and tension.

I always try to implement wu wei into my practice, because research has shown that it can help lower stress and anxiety, while increasing satisfaction and overall well-being. 37

Let's say you're throwing a big party. Instead of obsessing over every detail, practicing wu wei means understanding that things may not go exactly as planned. Similarly, if you didn't get the job promotion you expected, recognize that this is a normal part of your career journey. I like to say to myself, "I can't control everything, but I can make the best of whatever happens." When you face a challenge, ask yourself whether you have complete control over the outcome. 38 Allow things to unfold in their own natural way, without forcing the outcome in the future.

39 If you're learning a new language or playing an instrument for the first time, prepare to make mistakes. You'll learn from them. Allow yourself some grace. If you find yourself focusing on just the things that go wrong, stop and say: "Why would I want to torture myself to achieve the impossible? I choose to be flexible and kind to myself."

Carry out mindfulness, which means being aware of your thoughts and feelings without judgment. 40 How does the sun feel on your skin? Listen to the sounds of nature, like the birds and rustling leaves, or observe the shapes and colors of the flowers. Wu wei comes much easier when you pay attention to what's happening in the present moment, in a friendly and curious way.

- A.Know that nothing is ever perfect.
 B.Take note of all the little details around you.
 C.If you don't, make peace with it and move on.
 D.Once you are anxious, you are living in the future.
 E.Here's how to make wu wei part of your daily routine.
 F.I'm not saying you should just sit back and work less hard.
 G.Lao Tzu, the founder of the concept, has greatly influenced me.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It seemed like an ordinary bus ride home from school for Graceanne Rumer, then 17. Feeling the 41 of a heavy workload, she was 42 to keep her eyes open. "It was a few days before midterms, and I was really worn out," Graceanne 43 "I got on the bus and told one of my friends, 'I just want to go to sleep.'"

Within a few minutes, though, Graceanne was 44 by screams. The bus driver had 45, fell over the wheel, and the school bus was running out of control—straight into the 46 traffic. One younger girl on the bus said to her, "You have your 47—drive the bus!"

Even though she was in a panic, Graceanne managed to 48. She rushed to the front of the bus, grabbed the 49 to drive the bus away, and then 50 the bus safely to the side of the road. After that, the young bus riders got out and reunited with their 51 families. "All the parents were hugging me with thankfulness. I'm definitely glad that I was able to do it."

You might think you don't have the special 52 of bravery and selflessness it takes to step up like Graceanne did, but it turns out heroes aren't just born—they're 53. "Some people think that to be a hero, you have to have some special skill that goes above and beyond what 54 people have," says Zeno Franco, a psychologist who studies heroic action at the Medical College of Wisconsin. "We've moved from that 55. What we're saying now is that anyone can become a hero."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 41. A. happiness | B. worry | C. emergency | D. pressure |
| 42. A. struggling | B. hesitating | C. thinking | D. learning |
| 43. A. claims | B. recalls | C. swears | D. explains |
| 44. A. attracted | B. impressed | C. awoken | D. encouraged |
| 45. A. passed out | B. handed up | C. got off | D. gave in |
| 46. A. lasting | B. astonishing | C. disturbing | D. oncoming |
| 47. A. license | B. work | C. responsibility | D. confidence |
| 48. A. carry on | B. fit in | C. take action | D. make up |
| 49. A. driver | B. wheel | C. bar | D. widow |
| 50. A. flew | B. pulled | C. held | D. threw |
| 51. A. considerate | B. survival | C. grateful | D. helpless |
| 52. A. occupation | B. experience | C. adventure | D. blend |
| 53. A. made | B. said | C. expressed | D. thanked |
| 54. A. young | B. powerful | C. ordinary | D. selfish |
| 55. A. college | B. research | C. story | D. position |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Organizing Committee for the 9th Asian Winter Games unveiled (揭幕) the official mascots on Thursday for the regional games 56 (schedule) for February 2025 in Harbin, Heilongjiang province.

The mascots of the 9th Asian Winter Games—Siberian tigers "Binbin" and "Nini"—57 (make) their public debut (亮相) amid cheers at an unveiling ceremony in Harbin. They were created by 58 team from the Academy of Fine Arts at Tsinghua University. Their names mean "Welcome to Harbin", and show Harbin's eager 59 (anticipate) and sincere welcome to friends from Asian countries.

Binbin represents the ice events as he shows 60 his winter sportswear and shares his joy of ice dancing, while Nini represents the snow events, 61 (wear) traditional Chinese clothes. In traditional Chinese culture, the tiger is a symbol of good luck and is endowed (赋予) with many positive characteristics, among 62 integrity, strength and courage are highly 63 (consist) with the Olympic spirit. Binbin and Nini integrate the cute image of the tiger with the unique characteristics of Harbin's winter ice and snow 64 folk cultures.

Harbin hosted the games in 1996 and Changchun, capital of Jilin province, was the venue for the Games in 2007. Usually, the multisport event 65 (hold) every four years.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假如你是李华, 你的外教 David 在口语课上使用的某表达发音听起来特别像中文中的俚语 (slang), 有个别同学因此偷笑, 外教 David 对此不明所以, 十分困惑。你想写信向外教说明此事。内容包括:

1. 表达歉意;

- 2.解释当时的情况；
- 3.你的看法。

注意：

- 1.写作词数应为 80 左右；
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear David,

Best regards,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Snowed In

Waiting and praying were a daily routine for Barbara Schmitt, but today the prayers were more intense. Her three-year-old granddaughter, Michelle, had been showing danger signs that made an immediate liver transplant critical, but the telephone was as silent as the snowy scene outside.

Then at nine in the morning, the phone rang. A hospital in Omaha had located the right liver donor, they were sure it was a match for Michelle, and they needed her there within 12 hours. Barbara couldn't tell what to do first—rejoice or despair, as they were snowbound (被雪困住的), 600 miles away. "We're snowed in," Barbara told the medical coordinator on the line, "and the airport is 17 miles away and there's no way we're going to get there." "Don't give up," the woman told Barbara. "You have 12 hours to reach Omaha!"

Fortunately, the phone lines were still working, so she started calling Sharon Stevens, who runs Hair Angels, a fund for children with special needs. Sharon had already lined up a Lear jet (医疗飞机) and two pilots to fly the Schmitts to Omaha when transplant time came. How to get from the Schmitts' house to the jet was the big question.

Sharon called for help through the local radio station, wanting to invite listeners to call in with ideas and suggestions. Teresa Amshoff heard the story and suggested that the church parking lot next to her house, only a mile from the Schmitts, would make a perfect helicopter landing pad. As precious minutes ticked away, the Amshoffs rushed from door to door, begging for help to clear the lot. Neighbors came without hesitation.

注意：

- 1.续写词数应为 150 左右；
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Within half an hour, 50 volunteers were working in winds to clear the area in snow.

Hours later, they reached the hospital in Omaha.