

高二考试英语试卷

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. What kind of person might John be?

- A. Warm-hearted. B. Nice. C. Selfish.

2. What suggestion does the man give to the woman?

- A. Solve the whole thing all at once.
B. Deal with the problems one by one.
C. Concentrate on travel time and distance.

3. What must John do this evening?

- A. Practice singing. B. Swim. C. Play football.

4. When will the man hold his birthday party?

- A. On August 15th. B. On August 14th. C. On August 16th.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. An outing. B. A car race. C. A concert.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. Where are the speakers?

- A. At a hotel. B. At an airport. C. At the woman's home.

7. How many suitcases does the woman have?

- A. Two. B. One. C. Three.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. What will the man do at 3 pm?

- A. Attend a meeting. B. See a doctor. C. Give a speech.

9. When does the conversation take place?

- A. In the morning. B. At lunchtime. C. In the afternoon.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What do we know about the woman?

- A. She was waiting for a man.
B. She's never skied before.
C. She made a mistake while skiing.

11. What happened to the woman?

- A. Her skis were broken.
B. She got her gloves stolen.
C. A skier drove her into the trees.

12. What does the man think the woman should do to the tall skier?

- A. Take a photo of him. B. Say sorry to him. C. Forgive him.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What is the closest ATM next to?

- A. A big yellow building. B. A convenience store. C. A cinema.

14. Why won't the man go to the nearest convenience store?

- A. It's closed. B. It's crowded. C. It's expensive.

15. Where will the man go to buy things?

- A. To 22nd Street. B. To King Street. C. To 3rd Street.

16. How will the man go to a store?

- A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. By underground.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. Where did the group plan to camp?

- A. In the Corries. B. Beside the Tower Ridge. C. On the top of Ben Nevis.

18. How was the weather when the group climbed the mountain?

- A. Windy. B. Snowy. C. Sunny.

19. What trouble did the speaker have during the climbing?

- A. He slowed the group down.
B. He hurt his legs.
C. He was too weak to reach the top.

20. What does the speaker think of the experience of climbing the mountain?

- A. Enjoyable. B. Disappointing. C. Challenging.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

These are four cities which have traditional French Christmas markets.

Arras

Dates: November 24 to December 30

Opening times: Sunday to Thursday—10:30 am to 8:30 pm, Friday and Saturday—10:30 am to 10 pm

Head to Arras for history, culture and tradition in abundance at the Christmas market. The town is swept into Christmas with every corner decorated with complex decorations and a breathtaking light show illuminating (照亮) the Unesco-listed Beffroi d'Arras.

Avignon

Dates: December 1 to January 6

Opening times: Every day—10 am to 7 pm

The Avignon Christmas Market blends tradition and festivity with the addition of local Provençal specialties. From the end of November to the end of December, the city's historic centre is transformed with over 120 wooden cottages decorated with twinkling lights and festive decorations lining the streets. Walk further into the market to the Chemin des Crèches, a charming light trail showcasing elaborate (精心制作的) scenes illuminated by unique light.

Toulouse

Dates: November 25 to December 25

Opening times: Monday to Friday—midday to 7:30 pm, Saturday—10 am to 9 pm, Sunday—10 am to 7:30 pm

The market is located in the heart of Toulouse, on the Place du Capitole. It's surrounded by beautiful buildings, including the Capitole itself and the Jacobins church. The city is well-known for its terracotta architecture which serves as a fairytale exterior (外观) to their Christmas market.

Bordeaux

Dates: November 24 to December 27

Opening times: Every day—11 am to 9 pm

There is one food in particular linked to the city, and that is chocolate. Steeped in chocolate-making heritage since 1969, the Bordeaux region has many famous chocolate factories. The market has numerous stands showcasing this exquisite local craft. You can expect to find different kinds of chocolate, all made with the high-quality ingredients, which you can take home.

21. What does Arras and Avignon have in common?

- A. They both have particular food.
- B. They provide the fantastic light show.
- C. They are decorated with festive decorations.
- D. They are both famous for their unique architecture.

22. When can you go shopping at Toulouse's Christmas market?

- A. At 9:00 pm on Sunday.
- B. At 4:30 pm on Saturday.
- C. At 10:00 am on Thursday.
- D. At 8:30 am on Tuesday.

23. Which city is related to chocolate?

- A. Arras.
- B. Avignon.
- C. Toulouse.
- D. Bordeaux.

B

Orla Walsh was not exactly an example of good health. Back in 2014, the 25-year-old then was fully occupied with her work and graduate study in Dublin, mostly eating on the go. "I was feeding on quick, easy food like sandwiches," she said. "I stayed up a lot and the gym was a foreign concept for me for I did not work out at all."

That changed the following year when Walsh needed a convenient, reliable and budget-friendly way to get to and from class. "Driving was expensive, and public transportation in the Irish capital left much to be desired," she said. She turned instead to cycling.

At first, Walsh was doubtful. "I didn't want to wear the same suits like other riders because it looked strange for me," she joked. But as soon as she gave it a go, she was spellbound. The six miles she had to cover on her commute (上下班往返) each way didn't seem like so much. "I can't believe how quick and easy that was," Walsh said. "The more I cycled, the easier it got, and I started getting faster. I think what I enjoyed the most was the freedom the bike gave me."

In early 2016, she took the next step and joined a local cycling club, where she took part in long group rides. But something incredible was happening at the same time. As her weekly mileage (里程数) increased, her unhealthy habits fell by the wayside. She cleaned up her diet and cut back on burning the midnight oil. "I gradually got rid of that bad habit after joining in training," she said.

Then, thanks to the encouragement of other club members, she tried open road racing. At first, she was overwhelmed by the competition, getting dropped by other members on every climb. Yet she kept pushing and viewing the failures as learning experience. "I was enjoying the challenges and was more confident," she said.

24. Which of the following can best describe Walsh's lifestyle in 2014?

- A. Simple.
- B. Decent.
- C. Fashionable.
- D. Unhealthy.

25. What made Walsh turn to cycling?

- A. Poor means of transportation.
- B. Her wish to break bad habits.

- C. Her curiosity about cycling.
D. Club members' encouragement.

26. What does the underlined word "spellbound" in paragraph 3 mean?

- A. Threatened. B. Bored.
C. Fascinated. D. Embarrassed.

27. How did cycling benefit Walsh?

- A. By inspiring her to realize her dream.
B. By teaching her to brave challenges.
C. By encouraging her to be competitive.
D. By pushing her to connect with others.

C

Most of us look forward to the weekend as a time to relax, connect with friends and family, and handle items from a to-do list that gets unnoticed during the work week. But as the weekday does come to an end, many of us are missing out on enjoying the weekend and instead experiencing a sense of anxiety and even fear for the upcoming week. Experts call this phenomenon Sunday scaries.

Sunday scaries, also known as the Sunday blues, arise when individuals expect the upcoming work week with a combination of various factors such as work-related concerns, unfinished tasks, the end of weekend relaxation, and the pressure to start the new week. As a result, individuals may find it challenging to unwind and relax before the new week begins.

A clinical psychologist, Renée Goff, said, "Sunday scaries are more than a physical heaviness for them, but they could even jump out of their skins due to the upcoming week. The negative emotions associated with Sunday scaries can have a significant impact on one's mental well-being and overall productivity."

"As a matter of fact, such anticipatory anxiety is a natural response that happens in preparation for anything that can cause pain or discomfort," explains psychotherapist Angela Ficken. "Sunday scaries might even start bubbling up as early as Saturday, but tend to become less intense by the time Monday morning rolls around when you start your work week. This doesn't mean we leave them unchecked."

To battle anticipatory anxiety for the upcoming week, individuals can adopt self-care practices that promote relaxation and stress reduction. This may include engaging in hobbies, spending time in nature, exercising, practicing mindfulness or simply dedicating time to disconnect from work-related thoughts. Additionally, we can organize tasks for the upcoming week in advance to create a sense of control, reduce the Sunday scaries and promote a healthier work-life balance.

28. What is the purpose of the first paragraph?

- A. To lead in the topic of the text.
B. To tell background for the text.

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- C. To offer suggestions to readers.
D. To stimulate readers to imagine.

29. How does Renée Goff find Sunday scaries?

- A. Avoidable. B. Imaginary. C. Normal. D. Harmful.

30. What can be inferred about Sunday scaries from Angela Ficken's words?

- A. They strengthen on Monday morning.
B. They tend to die down before Saturday.
C. They should be brought to our attention.
D. They will in no case disappear naturally.

31. What does the last paragraph focus on?

- A. Theoretical basis for Sunday scaries.
B. Approaches to fighting Sunday scaries.
C. Positive aspects of anticipatory anxiety.
D. Extreme suffering from Sunday scaries.

D

We all love butterflies. Their beautiful wings attract us, and their presence lights up our garden. Well, that's our view of butterflies, but have you ever wondered what plants think of them?

The butterflies' eggs lie on the underside of the leaves. The eggs themselves don't damage plants. However, upon coming into contact with the eggs, the plants become oversensitive. It means that once a plant recognizes a pest, it will cause death in the contacted plant part. When these dead leaves or partial leaf parts break away from the plant, the eggs on them fall off. Along with the hypersensitivity response, plants also produce something special, which can attract animals to eat the eggs, thus preventing damage in the future.

After the baby butterflies come out of their eggs, the caterpillar (毛虫) stage begins. Most caterpillars feed on the leaves of the plants, damaging some of the plants in your own garden. Incredibly, they are major plant pests that bring about major losses to farmers. The next stage is pupa (蛹). The caterpillars begin their change into an adult. They don't depend on the energy that the leaves provide. Finally, they become adult butterflies that have wings and move from one plant to the other. They feed on the sweet liquid produced by flowers.

While on their search for food, the butterflies carry pollen (花粉) on their body. They are key pollinators that place pollen from one flower to another in ecosystem. Plants that have flowers will create some special features to draw these pollinators' attention. Certain plants have flowers giving off smells that can charm butterflies when they are looking for a mate. Some plants even have flat flowers to assist butterflies when landing.

Butterflies aid in pollination during their final adult stage. Thus, they change into beneficial insects to plants. This change makes butterflies an important friend of plants, despite being a hated enemy in previous life cycle stages!

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32. How does a plant respond to butterflies' eggs?
A. It tries to get rid of them.
B. It tries to appeal to them.
C. It grows a little better with them.
D. It protects them from being eaten.
33. When do butterflies cause the greatest damage to agriculture?
A. In the period of egg-laying. B. In the period of pupa.
C. In the period of caterpillar. D. In the period of adult.
34. What does the author intend to do in paragraph 4?
A. Describe the process of pollination.
B. Show how flowers attract butterflies.
C. Stress the importance of pollination.
D. Explore how adult butterflies develop.
35. What can be the best title for the text?
A. Why do flowers need butterflies' pollination?
B. How do plants defend themselves from pests?
C. Are butterflies' life cycles similar to the plants'?
D. Are butterflies beneficial or harmful to plants?

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Learning how to understand body language is essential if you're serious about being a good communicator. When you know how to read body language, you can gain deeper insight into what others are really saying. You can also consciously improve your nonverbal communication. 36.

Develop your emotional awareness

Being able to read body language signs allows you to better interpret the emotions and moods of other people. This enables you to understand what they really think or feel about something. 37.

Bond better with your peers

Not everyone is comfortable sharing their true feelings or thoughts. They might be going through family difficulties at home. 38. By interpreting people's body language, you can better understand their views. Or you can be friendly and supportive when they need support but don't feel that they can ask for it.

39

When you know how to read body language, you can know how to use it to build trust. You can consciously use nonverbal cues (非语言暗示) that indicate you're being open and honest. You can also avoid the cues that imply you're distracted, dishonest, or hiding something.

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Get your point across in the right way

Another benefit of understanding body language is that you can use it to better get your point across. You can consciously incorporate gestures and other nonverbal cues that emphasize your point rather than contradict it. 40. Consciously using different types of nonverbal communication can help you appear confident, even if you don't feel it. You can also emphasize your message and inspire trust, as mentioned. Altogether, this helps you make a good first impression and builds your influence on others.

- A. Build trust more easily
B. Understand others more easily
C. They might feel that no one would listen to them
D. Besides, it can help you make a good impression
E. You can then respond to them in the appropriate way
F. It keeps you from picking up what others really mean
G. Let's explore the benefits of understanding body language

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In 2006, Calvin Lowe's four-year-old son Tyler needed to have a serious surgery. On the day of the 41, he and his wife brought Tyler to the children's hospital.

As they waited 42 and nervously in the waiting room, a young doctor who would be performing the 43 came up and explained to Lowe and his wife how the operation would be 44. Lowe's mind went blank. He just couldn't help feeling 45, unable to bear what he would do if he lost his son.

But then the doctor did something 46. He looked both Lowe and his wife in the 47, put a hand on each of their shoulders and 48, "Today, your son is my son." Lowe said he would never 49 what the doctor said because that made him 50. It was very helpful and meaningful.

After the surgery was over, the doctor came back to 51 the family. "He walked up to us and he had a big 52 on his face and he said, 'Our son is just fine, and you can see him in a few minutes,'" Lowe 53.

All these years after his son's surgery, Lowe says he is still 54 to have the doctor there and for what he said to them the minute he thinks about the young doctor's 55.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. diagnosis | B. vacation | C. appointment | D. narration |
| 42. A. impatiently | B. desperately | C. happily | D. unwillingly |
| 43. A. action | B. surgery | C. presentation | D. advice |
| 44. A. made | B. pursued | C. offered | D. conducted |
| 45. A. excited | B. relieved | C. depressed | D. regretted |
| 46. A. unexpected | B. essential | C. splendid | D. abnormal |

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考号

姓名

班级

学校

密封线内不要答题

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 47. A. face | B. eye | C. mind | D. distance |
| 48. A. encouraged | B. praised | C. claimed | D. comforted |
| 49. A. forget | B. believe | C. doubt | D. realize |
| 50. A. cheer on | B. make sense | C. calm down | D. speak up |
| 51. A. greet | B. accompany | C. contact | D. meet |
| 52. A. smile | B. surprise | C. shock | D. shame |
| 53. A. replied | B. recalled | C. declared | D. agreed |
| 54. A. eager | B. sorry | C. grateful | D. nervous |
| 55. A. skill | B. disappointment | C. amazement | D. kindness |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Located in the comfortable tropical setting of Xishuangbanna, 56 the rainfall is abundant, plants are plentiful, and animals are diverse, the Dai people breathe 57 a place where the atmosphere is filled with greenery and ecological force. This background gives rise to the Dai people's unique cuisine, which effortlessly combines elements of nature with 58 (they) daily lives.

For the Dai people of Xishuangbanna, many plants that seem nontraditional to outsiders are cooking treasures. 59 casual chat with a restaurant owner might 60 (unexpected) lead to the generous offering of a homely delicacy (美味).

In the Dai cooking recipes, fried moss stands out as a traditional delight. 61 (harvest) from riverbanks, cleaned, and then pan-fried to a golden color, this crispy (脆的) delicacy gives out sweet flavour. 62 (transform) the crispy moss into a dish that shows the Dai identity requires a delicate touch. But if natural preparations and 63 (ingredient) can be compared to the initial sketch (草图) of a sculpture, the various spice-infused sauces can 64 (see) serving as the cover of the sculpture, lending a matchless realism to the masterpiece.

Take the Dai-style eggplant dip as another example of a combination of authenticity and health, after roasting an eggplant, peeling it, and mixing it with salt, green chillies, garlic, and cilantro (香菜叶), pounding them quick produces a seasoning (调味品) that 65 (match) perfectly with any dish in an entertainment.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

你班英语课本周的课前演讲主题是“我最想感谢的人”,请你写一篇演讲稿,内容包括:

1. 简单介绍你最想感谢的人;
2. 简述感谢他/她的原因。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

【高二英语 第 9 页(共 10 页)】

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Hello, everyone. Today I'd like to share with you about the person I'm most grateful to.

Thank you for listening.

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One day, a friend of mine and I were walking down a deserted Mexican beach at sunset. When we walked along the beach and shot the bull, we saw a man occupying himself with something in the distance. Curiosity drove us to find out what he was doing.

As we grew nearer, we noticed that the man kept leaning down, picking something up and throwing it out into the water. Time and time again, he kept casting things into the ocean. We felt a little more confused about his odd action. So we decided to approach even closer, and then we knew that the man was picking up starfish that had been washed up on the beach and, one at a time, he was throwing them back into the water.

My friend was puzzled. He came up to the man and asked, "Good evening, friend. I was wondering what you're doing." Without stopping his work, the man answered, "I'm throwing these starfish back into the ocean. You see, it's low tide right now and all of these starfish have been washed up onto the shore. If I don't throw them back into the sea, they will die up here from lack of oxygen." "I understand," said my friend, "but there must be thousands of starfish on this beach. You can't possibly get to all of them. There are simply too many. You are just wasting your time doing something meaningless. And don't you realize this is probably happening on hundreds of beaches all up and down this coast? Can't you see that you can't possibly make a difference?"

The man smiled, bent down, and picked up another starfish, and as he threw it back into the sea, he replied in a firm voice, "Made a difference to that one!"

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I knew what my friend would do when he looked at me.

We said goodbye to the man, tired but happy.

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