沧衡名校联盟高三年级 2023—2024 学年上学期期末联考

英 语

考生注意:

- 1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将考生号条形码粘 贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
- 2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需 改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡 上。写在本试卷上无效。
- 3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有2分钟的时间将试卷上的答案 转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳 选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话 仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18.

C. £ 9.15.

答案是C。

1. Where does the man want to go?

A. Victoria.

C. Bond Street.

2. What is the man doing now?

A. Watching TV.

B. Reading aloud.

C. Washing clothes.

3. What season is it right now?

A. Spring.

B. Autumn.

C. Winter.

4. How does the man feel about the newspaper?

A. Satisfied.

B. Disappointed.

C. Uninterested.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A party.

B. An accident.

C. A TV program.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选 项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完 后,各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Teacher and student. B. Boss and secretary.

C. Mother and son.

7. How will the speakers go to London tomorrow? C. By plane. A. By bus. B. By train. 听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。 8. Why is the man complaining to the woman? C. He will be late for work. A. There is too much noise. B. The food is not tasty. 9. Why did the woman make a mistake? C. She was too busy. A. She was too careless.

B. She was too tired. 听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。 10. What does the woman think of her present job? C. It's boring. A. It's interesting. B. It's well-paid. 11. Which languages is the woman good at? C. English and Chinese. A. English and French.

B. French and German. 12. What benefit does the new job offer? C. Paid leave. A. Health care. B. Free travel. 听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。 13. Why is the man in Australia now? C. To visit his parents. A. To study. B. To do business. 14. What does the man think is the most important? C. Personal development. A. A happy marriage. B. A good environment. 15. How does the woman respond to the man's views? A. She agrees with them. B. She disagrees with them. C. She is uncertain about them. 16. What are the speakers talking about? C. Future plans. A. Family affairs. B. Office work. 听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。 17. How long did the power cut last in the capital? C. Over five hours. A. Around two hours. B. About three hours. 18. What happened to the subway system at 6:00 pm? A. It fell into total darkness. B. Its light system worked again. C. Its public service came to a stop. 19. What was the temperature in Buenos Aires on Wednesday? A.39℃. B. 41°C 20. What caused the power failure in the capital? C. A factory accident. A. A field fire. B. Electric lines. 第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分) 第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分) 阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将 该项涂黑。 Eurail pass and EU Interrail pass The Eurail pass is designed for travelers from outside of Europe and the EU Interrail pass for

The Eurail pass is designed for travelers from outside of Europe and the EU Interrail pass for Europeans has been around for decades. Travelers under the age of 27 can enjoy a 25% discount—with prices starting at €194 for the EU Interrail pass and equal \$211 for the Eurail pass for travel to up to 33 countries over four travel days within one month.

Working holiday visa

This visa (签证) scheme offers both work and leisure opportunities for young people in a longer-term adventure. Some 50 countries across the globe allow people between the ages of 18 and 30 to apply for the 12-month visa program, permitting young adventurers to live and work in a new country.

The International Student Identity Card

Being a student has no age limit, so this part is useful for anyone who's at college. The International Student Identity Card (ISIC) is a globally recognized proof of student ID. Students with the ISIC can enjoy discounts at tourist attractions, air tickets and deals on car rental. Discounts are always changing, so check the ISIC website for any terms and conditions.

Norwegian and Scandinavian Airlines tickets

Norwegian and Scandinavian Airlines (SAS) offer discounted rates to travelers aged 12—25. The only requirement is an ID upon check-in or boarding. Norwegian and SAS both fly internationally as well as across Europe, so these discounted tickets offer plenty of chances for adventure.

- 21. What can we learn about the Eurail pass?
 - A. It costs € 194 at most.

- B. It appeared a few months ago.
- C. It is intended for Europeans.
- D. It is legally acceptable for one month.
- 22. What can a student with a working holiday visa do?
 - A. Enjoy a 25% discount at tourist attractions.
 - B. Work in a foreign country for a year.
 - C. Travel in more than 60 countries.
 - D. Order SAS tickets for free.
- 23. Which program is not targeted at special age groups?
 - A. Working holiday visa.

- B. Norwegian and Scandinavian Airlines tickets.
- C. Eurail pass and EU Interrail pass.
- D. The International Student Identity Card.

I

An associate university professor in Florida has completed his research mission and set a new world record in the process: living 100 days beneath the ocean's surface.

On Friday morning, Dr. Joseph Dituri felt the sun's rays for the first time since he began the project 22 feet below the waters of Key Largo, Florida, on March 1.

Dituri, 55, a biomedical engineer who teaches at the University of South Florida and calls himself "Dr. Deep Sea", spent just over three months at the bottom of the Emerald Lagoon in Jules' Undersea Lodge, the only underwater hotel in the United States.

The research project, Project Neptune 100, was organized by the Key Largo-based Marine Resources Development Foundation and focused on ocean conservation research and studying how high pressure affects the human body.

The US Navy veteran said he'd noticed one impact: The water pressure seems to have shrunken his height by half an inch. Dituri stood at 6 feet 1 inch tall before starting his mission, the University of South Florida stated in a news release.

The scientist began the project with a belief that increased pressure could help humans live longer and prevent aging-related diseases, the news release said. Dituri said he hopes his underwater research will benefit the treatment of a variety of illnesses, including traumatic brain injuries.

Dituri also used the project as an educational experience for the youth. "We have interacted with thousands of school children to get them interested in science, technology, engineering and math," Dituri told Guinness World Records on June 8. While underwater, he continued teaching his college students virtually.

Dituri broke the Guinness World Record for longest time living underwater at the 74-day mark of his project, on May 13. The previous record stood at 73 days, two hours and 34 minutes, set at the same location at Dituri's successful attempt.

24. When did Dr. Joseph Dituri probably return to the surface?

A. On March 1. B. On May 13. C. On June 9.

D. On June 19.

25. Why did Dr. Joseph Dituri take part in the project?

A. To challenge his limits.

B. To encourage good teamwork.

C. For scientific research.

D. For personal enthusiasm.

26. What did Dr. Joseph Dituri expect of living underwater?

A. It's beneficial to human health.

B. It does harm to human body.

C. It's a very painful experience.

D. It's the same as living on land.

27. What would be the most suitable title for the text?

A. What Is Living Underwater Really Like?

B. Can Humans Live Underwater for 100 Days?

C. "Dr. Deep Sea" Interacts with Children Underwater

D. "Dr. Deep Sea" Breaks Record for Living Underwater

Think of your most prized possession. Now, imagine you decide you must sell this item. How much is it worth to you? How much would you charge for it? And would anyone else want to buy it at that price?

Let's consider the real-world example of a yard sale. Before your neighbors come to look at your things, you must first decide on the prices for them. For you, each item has a story, and some items may even evoke strong emotions.

Let's say you're selling a pair of special edition sports shoes that you took care of and really enjoyed wearing on special occasions. With these sweet memories in mind, you put a price tag of \$130 on the shoes. However, a customer offers \$50 for them. You think, "How could they not see how special and valuable these are?"

In financial transactions like this, sellers often believe their own items are worth more than what buyers are willing to pay. This occurs because buyers do not have the seller's experiences with and emotional attachment to the items. Buyers want a good deal, and they're not willing to pay what the seller is asking for.

This negotiation process can even feel a little painful for the seller—over losing something and the buyer not valuing it as much. Economists suggest this dynamic occurs through the endowment effect(禀赋效应)—people's tendency to value things they own more highly than they would if they did not own them. The endowment effect can take hold anytime we feel a sense of ownership over a product, and it can happen quickly.

As the saying goes, "Emotions get the best of us." There is nothing wrong with being proud of owning things and treasuring your experiences with them. But when you consider selling a prized possession, think about whether you're fully ready to part with it. The past is the past, though. Removing your emotional attachment to material possessions can help you make more accurate assessments of how much your items are truly worth.

28. What does the underlined word "evoke" in paragraph 2 probably mean?

A. Advocate.

B. Cause.

C. Identify.

D. Control.

- 29. What makes you put a price tag of \$130 on your shoes according to paragraph 3?
 - A. Your fondness for the shoes.

B. Your ignorance of the market.

C. The high quality of the shoes.

D. The special function of the shoes.

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- 30. Which can best illustrate the result of endowment effect?
 - A. One likes collecting old things.
 - B. One tends to buy expensive goods.
 - C. One offers a lower price when shopping.
 - D. One charges a higher-than-usual price for something.
- 31. What's the purpose of the last paragraph?

A. To make a suggestion.

B. To introduce a theory.

C. To analyze a phenomenon.

D. To provide some evidence.

D

Fire threats and environmental concerns have led some US cities to give up the traditional Fourth of July fireworks in favor of spectacular drone(无人机) light shows this year.

Maybe most importantly, the drones being employed by more and more cities for Fourth of July celebrations don't leave behind a blanket of smoke at a time when America's air quality is already at its worst in decades. Cities making the switch to high-tech shows say there're plenty of other reasons people may want to avoid traditional fireworks.

"Fireworks can be harmful to people who suffer from PTSD or families who have dogs. Salt Lake City has more households with dogs than we do with kids," said Lynze Twede, an events manager for Salt Lake City Public Lands. The Southern California cities of La Jolla and Ocean Beach also cited animals as a key driver behind their switch to a July Fourth drone show.

There's also the risk of starting actual fires with annual fireworks shows. An estimated 12,264 fires were started by fireworks displays in 2021.

But data also shows that much of the wildfire risk comes not from grand public displays, but from the small-scale shows set off on streets and sidewalks. Consumer-grade fireworks usage rose quickly across the US in recent years, when people looked for ways to celebrate life's milestones in their own backyards.

Trying something new has been met with mixed reaction from the community but, as Dan Kingdom, owner of WK Real Estate in Boulder, says, "The turnaway from fireworks is considered by many to be the way of the future. Drones are reusable; with fireworks, you have smoke, other fallout like debris, and noise that stresses out dogs and people with PTSD."

It may be too early to tell how the new trend in alternatives at the city level may get close to smaller shows and consumers, but price is a limiting factor: those high-tech displays are expensive.

- 32. What is the top consideration of people in Ocean Beach when choosing drone shows?
 - A. Reducing fire risks.

B. Protecting animals.

C. Improving air quality.

- D. Attending to people with PTSD.
- 33. What can we learn about America from the last three paragraphs?
 - A. Grand public displays are more preserred celebrations.
 - B. Small-scale shows lead to more wildfires.
 - C. The usage of fireworks has been on the decrease.
 - D. Drones will replace fireworks very soon.
- 34. What is Dan Kingdom's attitude to choosing drone light shows for celebration?
 - A. Doubtful.
- B. Uncaring.
- C. Supportive.
- D. Disapproving.

31.

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- 35. What is the text mainly about?
 - A. How Americans celebrate special events.
 - B. The harm fireworks have done to America.
 - C. The development of drone shows in some American cities.
 - D. Why some US cities choose drone shows instead of fireworks.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Sleep may be the single biggest factor in maintaining a healthy brain and positive mental health. This is especially true if you are under the age of 20.

What is interesting—and problematic—is that most of us live with a sleep debt: in fact we are not getting enough sleep, so we are constantly sleep-deprived(睡眠不足). __36__

One of the most common signs of having a sleep debt is feeling like you are in a brain fog, where things are not as clear and focused as they should be. 37 Further, having a sleep debt can damage all of your brain's systems—the ones that support perception, memory, attention, decision-making and even learning.

- A. Why should we get a good night's sleep?
- B. What can we do to improve the quality of our sleep?
- C. You might wonder what a normal amount of sleep is.
- D. Sleeping too much is associated with many health problems.
- E. And living with a sleep debt has a negative impact on brain function.
- F. The technology used to make these screens makes it hard for us to fall asleep.
- G. A lack of sleep can also make us more emotional and can contribute to depression.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Christian Bowers, now 24, has Down Syndrome(唐氏综合征) and it's been hard for him to find good friends. His mom, Donna Herter, said his lack of friends was making him feel 41.

Herter didn't know who to turn to. So, she posted it on Facebook. "I just basically said that I was looking for a young <u>42</u>," she said. "I told them that I'd pay them \$80 for two hours to just <u>43</u> and play video games with him. All he <u>44</u> wants is just a guy friend to do guy stuff with."

Herter said Christian attends events for people with special __45_, but he "desires a friendship with somebody who is 46".

Herter sent the post at I am and when she woke up, it had about 5,000 comments. She saw parents 47 suggestions, others volunteering to help. "My hands were 48. I was sweating,"

she said. After 49 a few local guys in Wentzville, Minnesota, Donna 50 it down to seven who now visit Christian once a week. James Hasting was one of the men she 51. Hasting said he works with people with disabilities and it's something he has a(n) 52 for. He said he had visited Christian three times so far and they had a wonderful time together. "Though on the 53 we may look different, deep down we have 54 and getting along should be easy," Hasting said. He hopes to 55 others to form friendships—because you never know how much it means to someone. D. surprised C. curious B. depressed 41. A. independent D. student B. teacher C. girl 42. A. man D. calm down B. hang out C. move on 43. A. show off D. really B. regularly C. temporarily 44. A. suddenly D. choices B. hobbies C. needs 45. A. skills D. brilliant C. professional B. strong 46. A. normal D. comparing C. offering B. rejecting 47. A. collecting D. shaking C. aching B. crossing 48. A. waving D. persuading C. informing B. interviewing 49. A. consulting D. turned C. narrowed B. wrote 50. A. broke D. protected B. refused C. assisted 51. A. selected B. requirement D. passion C. mode 52. A. indicator D. surface B. spot C. strength 53. A. education B. experiences D. feelings C. responsibilities 54. A. similarities C. warn B. inspire D. request 55. A. allow 第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分) 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式,并将答案填写 在答题卡上。 A man who recently made his 27th attempt at passing the gaokao, China's national college entrance examination, has ended up falling short of his goal. Liang Shi, 56, scored 424 points out of a total of 750, which was 34 points 56 (low) than the minimum requirement for being admitted into the second batch of universities in Sichuan Province, Cover News reported. Liang 57 (previous) said that he would go to a satisfactory university 58 stop sitting the gaokao if he managed to meet the requirement for the second batch of universities. However, he was unable to hit that line, 59 meant Liang would not reach that target this year. The Sichuan native first took the gaokao in 1983. After the first few failed 60 (attempt), his parents persuaded him 61 (enter) a technical school, but he quit after a year. He worked different jobs, got married and earned 62 small fortune, while retaking the test several times. Since 2010, he has sat the gaokao every year. Two years ago, he switched from science subjects in

just putting on a show. But Liang insisted that getting a good score in the gaokao was the only way

for him to realize his dream of becoming a college student, and that anything else wasn't a concern

for him. And he also 65 (state) he would persist in his dream.

Some netizens have been critical of Liang's "unremitting" attitude, 64 (comment) he is

the gaokao 63 liberal arts.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

你校英文报 Have Your Say 栏目正在发起一场主题为 My View on the New Internet Words 的讨论,请你写一篇短文投稿。内容包括:

- 1. 网络新词的流行;
- 2. 你对网络新词的态度及理由。

注意:1. 写作词数应为80个左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I had run away from home after finishing high school. My parents had insisted I go to college, but I was tired of school. I hated it. I was determined not to go. And, besides, my father was too strict. I had too many chores to do around the farm. I hated the work!

There had been a quarrel between my father and me. I threw some things into a bag and left angrily, as my father shouted after me, "If you leave, don't come back!" My mother cried openly, and I had seen those tears during a hundred sleepless nights.

Then it was time to write a letter to my father.

Dear Dad,

It's been more than a year now. I've traveled east to west. I've had dozens of jobs. None of them amounted to very much. Always the same questions: "How much education have you got?" It seems they always want college men for the good jobs.

Dad, you and Mother were right about everything. I know now that the work on the farm didn't hurt me, and I'm convinced I need college. I'm also convinced that both of you loved me.

Dad, I've learned a lesson. I want to come home. I know you said if I left, I couldn't come back, but I'm praying you'll change your mind. I want to come home and be a part of the family again.

Give my love to Mother and the girls.

Love,

Your son

As I folded the letter and put it into an envelope, I felt a refreshing relief. It was as if a heavy load had been lifted from my shoulders. And I had to be on my way home.

I started down the desolate road—the long road home. Fortunately, a car picked me up, and it was good to have someone to talk with. The driver was a salesman and very pleasant.

"Where you going, boy?" he asked good-naturedly.

There was a long silence before I said, "Home."

"Been away from home long?"

I smiled, a little self-conscious, and said, "One year, one month and two days." 注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 个左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

H	laving h	eard my	story, he	expressed	his support	for my final	decision	and told	me som	ething
surpriș	ing									
	inally	I arrived	home wh	en it was o	completely a	ark.				
•	, ,		nome ion		omprove,					