

考号

姓名

班级

学校

答题线内不密封

2023—2024 年度河南省
高三一轮复习阶段性检测(六)
英语

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. Who is wearing a black hat?
A. Mike. B. Sam. C. John.
2. What does the woman think of the trip?
A. Great. B. Terrible. C. Worthless.
3. What color was the woman's bedroom before?
A. Blue. B. Pink. C. Green.
4. Why does the woman intend to go to Rome?
A. To work. B. To travel. C. To study.
5. Where does the man want to live?
A. In a city. B. In the countryside. C. In a big town.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What will the boy do on Saturday?
A. Go shopping. B. Have a picnic. C. Stay at home with friends.

【高三英语 第 1 页(共 10 页)】

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7. What will the woman buy for the boy tomorrow?
A. Sausages. B. Salads. C. Pies.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Where is Mr Griffin?
A. In his office. B. In the meeting room. C. In the hospital.
9. Why does the man speaker change the appointment time?
A. He has an accident.
B. He has to repair his car.
C. He has to send a girl to hospital.
10. What day is it today?
A. Wednesday. B. Thursday. C. Friday.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Why does the man want to get a car?
A. It is on sale now.
B. It is useful for his work.
C. He just got a lot of money.
12. What is the most important for the man to buy a car?
A. The size. B. The price. C. The quality.
13. How much will the man pay for the first time?
A. 2,500 dollars. B. 13,800 dollars. C. 43,800 dollars.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. When did the man reserve the room?
A. Seven days ago. B. Three days ago. C. Two days ago.
15. Where does the man plan to go?
A. To Shanghai. B. To New York. C. To London.
16. Which floor is the cafe bar on?
A. The eighth floor. B. The top floor. C. The ground floor.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker's purpose in starting a new magazine?
A. To become famous.
B. To earn more money.
C. To do something different.
18. What is the major difference between the speaker's magazine and a local newspaper?
A. The contents.
B. The appearance.
C. The places of purchase.
19. What can people find in the second part of the magazine?
A. Articles about local people.
B. Reviews of famous works of art.
C. Advice on local business development.

【高三英语 第 2 页(共 10 页)】

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20. In which part can people get the information about special events?

- A. The first part. B. The second part. C. The third part.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Books influence people by showing us what is possible in the world. Here are four great reads that are worth a try.

***I Am Golden* by Eva Chen**

This book is illustrated by Sophie Diao. As a children's book author, Eva Chen shows people that family is important to her. In this book, she explores that through the eyes of Mei, a young girl being both a "teacher and translator" for her parents. The picture book tells an inspiring story that seeks to teach children about self-love.

***I Am Quiet* by Andie Powers**

Andie Powers is a writer for children and she draws inspiration from her own experience as the mother of a quiet child, Alice. Illustrated by Betsy Petersen, this picture book tells that silent Emile's mind can be as rich and expansive as that of any other children. The story honors and encourages the beauty of knowing oneself for exactly who he or she is.

***The Star That Always Stays* by Anna Rose Johnson**

It is set in the early 1900s and tells a vivid story directly inspired by the author's family history. Anna Rose Johnson's writing is gentle, unhurried and reflective with touches of humor and heartbreak, showcasing the heroine of the book, Norvia Nelson, a brave girl making her way to complex family dynamics, pressures and universal daily-life challenges.

***Carrie Soto Is Back* by Taylor Jenkins Reid**

This book follows a legendary but unpopular tennis player as she comes out of retirement to attempt a comeback. Unable to stand her record being broken, Carrie Soto brings her dad back as her coach and trains with a former rival. From the story, readers discover the cost of fame, the struggles of being a female athlete, and that it's OK to fail sometimes.

21. What do *I Am Golden* and *I Am Quiet* have in common?

- A. The author. B. The main content.
C. The illustrator. D. The target audience.

22. What do we know about *The Star That Always Stays*?

- A. Its tone is serious.
B. It is based on a true story.
C. It is set in the 19th century.
D. Its heroine has a weak personality.

23. Which character can attract sports lovers most?

- A. Mei. B. Emile. C. Norvia Nelson. D. Carrie Soto.

【高三英语 第3页(共10页)】

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B

In an awe-inspiring incident, a young killer whale recently demonstrated remarkable intelligence by seeking assistance from a group of humans to save its trapped mother, which challenged our conventional understanding of wild predators (食肉动物).

The online viral video, shared by Alvin Foo, began with a young killer whale emitting distressing cries towards a group of people on a boat. Recognizing the urgency of the situation, the concerned individuals promptly responded by contacting a rescue team. The young whale's desperate request for help touched more people's hearts and set a truly extraordinary chain of events in motion.

As the rescue team arrived, they were amazed to witness the young killer whale's playful interaction with the humans. The whale appeared elated, seemingly understanding that assistance had finally arrived. This interaction between the mother killer whale and rescuers underlined the potential for mutual understanding beyond the boundary of traditional predator-prey relationships.

The young whale took on the role of a guide, leading the rescue team to its mother trapped in a fishing net. It navigated the water with purpose, as if fully aware that the humans possessed the means to save its mother. This display of intelligence left the rescuers in awe, highlighting the complex cognitive abilities of these magnificent marine creatures. With its guidance, the rescue team swiftly initiated the liberation process, carefully cutting the net to free the trapped whale. Astonishingly, they seemed to understand that the humans were there to help and did as asked.

The instant the mother whale was finally freed, an eruption of joyous cries filled the air. The emotional outpouring conveyed the immense gratitude of both the mother whale and the young whale to the humans who had intervened. As the rescue team made their way back to shore, the two whales swam alongside them. This heart-warming sight emphasized the lasting impact of the rescue. The bond formed through this extraordinary rescue operation was well obvious, proving that the profound connections can be established between various species. The journey back to safety symbolized the victory of compassion over adversity.

24. What can we learn about the video from paragraph 2?

- A. It spread widely.
B. It went unnoticed.
C. It documented humans' requesting help.
D. It recorded passive response to the rescue.

25. What does the underlined word "elated" in paragraph 3 mean?

- A. Confused. B. Excited. C. Tired. D. Frightened.

26. What is the young whale like?

- A. Wild and rude. B. Wise and cooperative.
C. Curious and careful. D. Complex and mysterious.

【高三英语 第4页(共10页)】

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27. What does the author mainly want to convey in the last paragraph?

- A. Adversity is a good discipline.
- B. It is urgent to protect wildlife.
- C. Different species can coexist in harmony.
- D. Human intervention poses a threat to whales.

C

Recent research confirms what our farming ancestors have known for centuries about hedges (树篱). They conserve precious soil by acting as windbreaks and absorbing rainwater that would otherwise wash it from the fields. And hedges store carbon, putting them in the front line of our bid to tackle the climate crisis.

However, hedges have had a tough time in the poor countryside, with farmers encouraged to tear them down in pursuit of maximum production and larger fields to accommodate ever-larger machinery. What's more, some hedges have been ignored. If left to their own devices, they'll eventually become a line of trees. Some hedges each year lose their structures and fail to fulfil the primary duty as a barrier. Around a half of the nation's hedges have disappeared in the past century.

There are signs that "the tide is turning". The search for net zero has aroused many organizations' interest in the humble hedge's role as a carbon sink. The Climate Change Committee is recommending a 40 percent increase in hedges; an additional 200,000 km. Such recommendations are starting to drive policy. Cash-pressed farmers will be encouraged to create new hedges and improve their management of existing ones under the new Environmental Land Management Schemes, which will replace many of the existing agricultural support payments in coming years. Meanwhile, initiatives such as Close the Gap, led by the Tree Council, is providing funding and support to plug the gaps in existing hedges with new planting. There's even an app to help time-pressed farmers do a quick survey to spot where their hedges need some help.

This is a good time for hedges. Take some of the most pressing challenges facing the countryside, and indeed, the world as a whole—the climate crisis, soil erosion (侵蚀), insect attack and wider biodiversity loss—and hedges are part of the solution.

28. What does recent research show about hedges?

- A. They are unique landscapes in the rain.
- B. They act as dividing lines between fields.
- C. They have long been helpful to agriculture.
- D. They are frequently washed away from the fields.

29. What does paragraph 2 mainly tell us about hedges?

- A. Their production.
- B. Their suffering.
- C. Their duties.
- D. Their structures.

【高三英语 第 5 页(共 10 页)】

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30. What is many organizations' attitude towards saving hedges?

- A. Concerned.
- B. Puzzled.
- C. Humble.
- D. Indifferent.

31. What is the main idea of the text?

- A. Hedges are ancient resources.
- B. Hedges are official recommendations.
- C. Restoring hedges brings benefits to the environment.
- D. Researching hedges originates from farmers' request.

D

The most obvious dog fetish (迷恋) today is the longing for cuteness. Almost every day you can see adorable pictures of dogs and other animals that will make you smile and say, "How cute!"

It is a cultural phenomenon that the media scholar James Meese calls the "cute economy" which exists primarily on social media, is user-generated, and is heavily dominated by pictures of animals, especially pets. The goal is to generate a positive response, probably followed by a tap on the screen to "like" and "share". We can click through image after image of cute animals doing cute things, feeling a little boost of good cheer.

The marketing researchers have identified some of the most common categories of cuteness in online pet content: animals doing silly things; animals of extreme size; animals with unusual looks; and animals behaving in ways that seem human-like. Dogs and other animals in the "cute economy" are often further humanized by being dressed in clothing and accessorized (装饰) with hats, jewellery, nail polish and fur dyed a rainbow of colors. Users who post successfully and with some strategies can make money by doing so. Thus, certain dogs have become cuteness celebrities, with millions of devoted followers and paid content from advertisers.

Unfortunately, the price of the "cute economy" comes at a serious cost. The cutest and most popular breeds tend to be those with the most significant risk of health and behavioral problems. Cuteness is often coupled with their discomfort. People are drawn to the cuteness of dogs with extremely foreshortened skulls and extremely short legs and awkwardly long bodies, such as the French bulldog and the corgi.

Actually, there are well-established health issues. We should treat the "cute economy" with caution, like resisting the commodification (商品化) of appearance by opting out of social media channels promoting the "cute economy". We can also choose not to "like" or "share" images of dogs whose cuteness is linked with discomfort. Although we are biologically attracted to dogs that are super cute, we should be mindful in our "impulses".

32. What is the key to the "cute economy" according to the text?

- A. Taking photos of different animals.
- B. Cute animals' attractive appearance.
- C. Pets' owners' liking adorable pictures.
- D. Posting cute animals' pictures on social media.

【高三英语 第 6 页(共 10 页)】

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33. Which kind of cuteness is most likely to be the online pet content?

- A. A normal-sized dog is eating bones.
- B. A white cat is quietly lying next to its owner.
- C. A monkey is attentively taking care of its baby.
- D. A parrot dressed in a suit is singing and dancing.

34. What is the side effect of the "cute economy"?

- A. It will change the animals' nature.
- B. It may make the animals not so cute.
- C. It may cause health problems to the animals.
- D. It will result in a decline in animal population.

35. What may be the best title for the text?

- A. The Cute Economy and Its Price
- B. Share Pictures or Not
- C. Happiness from Pets
- D. Marketing Strategy—Cuteness

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Learn from Regrets

In daily life, everyone may have regrets, but do you know how to learn from regrets? 36 Instead of letting a failed relationship make you miserable, you simply wish it turned out differently. You can be honest with yourself about what went wrong and use that knowledge to enjoy better relationships in the future. Here are some steps you can take.

Overcome the fear. People often say their regrets always trouble them and even cast a shadow over their mind. Bring your mind out of the shadow by making a list of your regrets. 37 Be honest without worrying too much. You will find that the list is a lot less frightening.

38 After you make a mistake, life moves on. But sometimes you just can't stop kicking yourself. Perhaps you didn't pay much attention to studies years ago, and now you are constantly imagining how excellent you are if you could have studied hard. Blaming yourself makes no sense. Resolve to commute your emotional sentence with a simple verbal declaration; I apologize to myself and will not waste another minute of my life reliving a decision that cannot be changed.

Treasure regrets. Regrets are essential throughout your life. 39 Instead, the value of the previous regrets is that they will serve as a constant reminder for your future's opportunities and relationships.

In conclusion, your regrets can teach you to become smarter and more successful—if you let them do. So it's time to make your list of regrets, outline your resolutions and change your inappropriate behavior. 40

- A. Forgive yourself.
- B. Focus on studies.
- C. You can write down why each one still bothers you and its effects.

D. Piling a list of regrets in front of you can make others feel frightened.

E. The trick is not to get rid of the bad feeling but use it for improvement.

F. Also invest your own skills and improvement right now and get started.

G. If you didn't experience regrets, you would repeat the same wrong behaviors.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

"Hi! Ms Brooks!" It was Sunday morning, my daughter and I were visiting a model home when I heard a(n) 41 voice. Standing in the yard was a boy. "Evans! What are you doing here?" I cried, feeling surprised and a little annoyed. "I'm helping my father grow flowers," he answered 42. Looking at his happy appearance, I stood there, 43.

Then my daughter pulled me away, but Evans stayed on my mind for the rest of the weekend. Evans was a 44. He was very fond of plants and animals. 45 he struggled with his reading, he never once complained.

Evans's grades showed no sign of 46 despite his determination. So I sometimes 47 whether he would be able to pass the exams. It was not until we studied the life cycle of plants together that I changed my 48. Evans behaved attentively. I had never seen him so 49 in the classroom.

In a class project, I 50 a task to each student. That was planting a sunflower seed in one container. Sowing the seeds was 51 for many of the students, but the growing part was much less so. Except Evans, they all lost interest and forgot to 52 their sunflowers-to-be. Every afternoon, he 53 the plants in his container. Some time later, few seeds successfully fully sprouted (发芽) because of too dry soil, but the 54 in his container were about four inches tall. At that moment, I saw that special seed planted inside him. And one day, he would 55 just as his sunflower.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. impolite | B. uncivilized | C. familiar | D. female |
| 42. A. mournfully | B. awkwardly | C. vaguely | D. proudly |
| 43. A. warm-hearted | B. open-mouthed | C. easy-going | D. hard-working |
| 44. A. gardener | B. volunteer | C. pioneer | D. racer |
| 45. A. In case | B. Even though | C. For fear that | D. As long as |
| 46. A. improvement | B. confusion | C. judgment | D. intention |
| 47. A. inquired | B. proposed | C. decided | D. doubted |
| 48. A. determination | B. lifestyle | C. hobby | D. tune |
| 49. A. tired | B. devoted | C. casual | D. independent |
| 50. A. advised | B. admitted | C. assigned | D. asked |
| 51. A. strange | B. difficult | C. important | D. exciting |
| 52. A. pack up | B. care for | C. move away | D. show off |

53. A. irrigated B. cleaned C. filled D. polished
54. A. fruits B. flowers C. shoots D. roots
55. A. appear B. fade C. shine D. adjust

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As we know, the Great Wall in China is one of the greatest 56 (wonder) of the world and also a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The Great Wall, 57 (build) from 3rd century BC to the 17th century AD in the north of the country to defend successive Chinese empires, has 58 total length of more than 20,000 kilometers.

Yuan Xuerui was born in Qingxibao at the foot of the ancient wall in Daixian County, 59 is part of the city of Xinzhou, Shanxi. He grew up, 60 (hear) stories about the ancient wall. He especially loved stories about Yanmen Pass, an important opening in 61 (it) inner line. Situated at a place of strategic importance, Yanmen Pass was regarded as the most important among the nine passes in ancient times.

Yuan's love for the ancient wall motivated him 62 (protect) it, and when not engaged 63 farm work, he spent most of his time walking along the wall, and many bricks that had fallen off 64 (collect). "What others perceive as a difficult and dull task of cultural heritage preservation often brings me unexpected discoveries," Yuan said. He 65 (official) became a cultural heritage worker in 2018, and his duties have since expanded from collecting bricks to organizing ancient documents related to the wall to better tell stories about it.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

你校英语报新开设了外国文化栏目。请你以“Learning About Foreign Cultures”为题写一篇短文投稿, 内容包括:

1. 了解外国文化的益处;
2. 了解外国文化的方法。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Learning About Foreign Cultures

【高三英语 第 9 页(共 10 页)】

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第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Back to the time when I was a clerk working in a 24-hour convenience store on the East Coast, people there were experiencing a heat wave. So the absolute thing you wouldn't want to do was staying in a hot car! That's what I thought when I saw a woman doing that. Going past the car, I noticed she was always lying, but not sleeping inside. The car was piled with her belongings, including a variety of paints and brushes, from the passenger side to the back seats.

I'd been aware of this car parked for a few weeks in the same space on this quiet lot just next to the convenience store where I worked. Maybe she was in trouble. Finally, one day I asked my partner to fill in for me. Then I stepped out of the store, went over to the car and got a close enough look to see the woman. I found that she was clear-headed in spite of a little pain in her face. This made me more anxious.

"Excuse me, I'm John. I work in the convenient store over there. I'm here to check out if you need any help," I said.

"Pretty good. Thank you, gentleman. By the way, I'm Justine," the woman replied with a sweet smile. Seeing that she was OK, I told her I had to go back to work and that I'd be there if she needed a hand.

The next day, after a little rush following the noon, there were no customers coming to buy groceries. With a bit of time, I invited Justine in to enjoy some cool air from the air conditioner. I gave her a cold drink, and then we sat down. "Thanks for your invitation. And I know you have many questions about me. John, go ahead," she said calmly. She dressed with artistic taste and behaved gracefully. Naturally, I did have much doubt in my head about her situation. When asked why she kept staying in the car, she stopped for a while and said, "Because my precious works are in it." She added, "What I did was all for my next art exhibition."

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Then she told me that she was an artist.

A month later, I received a call from Justine when in the store.

【高三英语 第10页(共 10 页)】

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