

腾·云联盟 2023—2024 学年度上学期高三年级 12 月联考

英语试卷

命题学校：武汉市洪山高级中学 命题教师：吴嘉颖 审题教师：李齐珍

★祝考试顺利★

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号和座位号填写在答题卡上。将条形码横贴在答题卡右上角“贴条形码区”。
2. 作答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案，答案不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后，将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

- A. £ 19.15. B. £ 9.18. C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C。

1. How will the man go to the train station tonight?
A. By car. B. On foot. C. By bus.
2. How did the woman feel about her life?
A. Worried. B. Bored. C. Satisfied.
3. What has led Amy to success?
A. Her intelligence. B. Her luck. C. Her effort.
4. What do we know about the woman?
A. She works as a tutor at night.
B. She got a pay raise recently.
C. She has a well-paid job.
5. Which hat is the man looking for?
A. The one with stars. B. The cowboy hat. C. The one with a baseball logo.

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第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. At a hotel. B. At an airport. C. At a travel agency.

7. What day is it today?

- A. Thursday. B. Wednesday. C. Tuesday.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What do we know about Westminster Abbey?

- A. It's the oldest building in London.
B. It's the living place of the British prime minister.
C. It was built in various styles.

9. What is happening to the Tower Bridge?

- A. It is moving down. B. It is giving way to a ship. C. It is holding back a ship.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How long did the man study in Australia?

- A. For 1 year. B. For 3 years. C. For 5 years.

11. Where is the man from?

- A. Canada. B. Japan. C. America.

12. Where do American teenagers like to hold parties?

- A. In their classrooms. B. At their own houses. C. In pubs.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Who is likely to be at the top of his class this year?

- A. Jason. B. Jack. C. Mark.

14. What is Jason hoping to do?

- A. Become a professor. B. Make money from sports. C. Go to Harvard University.

15. What are Mark's teachers implying?

- A. Mark does his best.
B. Mark does his homework efficiently.
C. Mark has the capacity to learn.

16. What is the woman's suggestion for the man?

- A. To help Jason with his future plan.
- B. To have a talk with Mark.
- C. To have a talk with his wife.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Where can you most probably hear this talk?

- A. In a class of the Greek language.
- B. In a class of the French language.
- C. In a class of the English language.

18. How long does the class last?

- A. 11 weeks.
- B. 30 weeks.
- C. 13 weeks.

19. What is “the short cut” to learning words according to the speaker?

- A. Taking more courses.
- B. Learning how words are formed.
- C. Reading basic words aloud.

20. Why is the class popular?

- A. It helps to master some useful rules.
- B. It's taught by Professor Morris.
- C. It is not offered each term.

第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，共 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Spring Break Camps are offered at PacSci in Seattle and Mercer Slough Environmental Education Center in Bellevue for grades K-5. Ignite (点燃) your child's curiosity at one of our innovative week-long camps from April 8-12, 2024.

PLANT PALS

Grades: K-5

Time: 9 a.m.-4 p.m.

Price: \$545

Grab your shovel and watering can and get ready for a botanical bonanza! Campers will join us as we take a closer look at the plant life that surrounds us in the Pacific Northwest and beyond. Whether viewing leaves under a microscope, or brainstorming how to farm in outer space, young botanists will explore it all!

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BLOSSOMING BOTANISTS

Grades: K-5

Time: 9 a.m.-4 p.m.

Price: \$530

Calling all friends of flora! Join us for a week of vegetation exploration at Mercer Slough. Discover how to identify trees, the secrets behind how fruit grows, and the wonders of native greenery. Let the science of plants take root this spring!

CLIMATE CLOVE

Grades: K-5

Time: 9 a.m.-4 p.m.

Price: \$560

Adventure awaits! Join our mission throughout Pacific Northwest waters and beyond as we launch from Mercer Slough. Prepare yourself for a nautical week of tracking ocean currents, navigating sea storms, and searching for a treasure trove of tidal knowledge. Set sail with us on this environmental excursion!

EXTENDED CARE

Extended care is an optional add-on on the last day, which promptly ends at 6 p.m. Any unplanned extended care or late pick-ups from camp results in a fee of \$20 for 1-10 minutes late, plus \$10 for every 10-minute interval (间隔) thereafter.

21. What do PLANT PALS and BLOSSOMING BOTANISTS have in common?
- A. They explore vegetables.
 - B. They introduce some botanists.
 - C. They teach skills of gardening.
 - D. They provide plant-related experience.
22. If a child is picked up at 6:30 p.m. with extended care chosen, how much will it cost at least for the whole session?
- A. \$560.
 - B. \$600.
 - C. \$570.
 - D. \$585.
23. Who is the target audience of the text?
- A. Parents.
 - B. Nature lovers.
 - C. Teachers.
 - D. Students in grades K-5.

B

My chairs are almost a part of the family. They were first purchased in Calcutta in the year 1975 when my father shifted into his flat in the city. Over the next 25 years the chairs had been to five cities. In 2002, when I set up my first house in Chennai my folks transported the chairs there. The chairs have since made the journey between Chennai and Mumbai twice over and currently sit on the 17th floor in Andheri. Before I go any further, I must tell you something about this special set of furniture.

In the summer of 2005, things weren't looking very good for me. A broken relationship, a dilemma at work, a growing dependence on alcohol and tobacco all made me upset. I was almost at breaking point when my mother decided to pay me a visit, for like only mothers can sense, she figured out from a 1000 miles away that everything wasn't as rosy as I was making it out to be over the telephone. On the first evening of her visit she tried to get me talking about where I was at in life, what was working and what wasn't. I resisted and tried every trick in the book to cover up. I thought I had succeeded.

When I got back from work the next evening, my small hall room looked like a painter's workshop. My mother was repainting every single one of my chairs herself. Somehow, over the hours spent painting what she was actually doing was standing witness to the situation I was in. She was screaming 'I UNDERSTAND' without saying a word. Over the next 4 days she painstakingly pursued perfection in an art she had never practiced up to that point in her life. Eventually, the chairs looked brand new.

As I sink into one of the chairs, I can still feel the comforting embrace of my mother's company from those days she spent with me. All too often we forget that the two unconditional votes you get in life are always those of your parents.

24. What can be inferred from Paragraph 1?
- A. The chairs were purchased by the author in Calcutta.
 - B. The author lives in Andheri now.
 - C. The chairs were moved between Chennai and Mumbai more than twice.
 - D. In 2002 the author left Mumbai for Chennai.
25. What made the author's mother pay a visit?
- A. The natural ability that a mother is born with.
 - B. Her son's addiction to alcohol and tobacco.
 - C. The author talked about his life on the phone.
 - D. Her life wasn't rosy as expected.

26. What happened on the first evening of mother's visit?
- A. They had a successful conversation.
 - B. The author was unwilling to admit his situation.
 - C. The author searched tricks from books.
 - D. His mother tried to figure out where he was working.
27. What is probably the reason for mother's painting the chairs?
- A. The chairs were too old.
 - B. She tried to release her anger.
 - C. She was a real artist.
 - D. She wanted to comfort him.

C

If you feel lonely, you're actually in good company: Nearly 1 in 4 adults across the world have reported feeling very or fairly lonely. A new survey, taken across 142 countries, found 24% of people age 15 and older self-reported feeling very or fairly lonely in response to the question, "How lonely do you feel?" Loneliness has emerged as a silent epidemic, affecting individuals of all ages and backgrounds.

The survey also found that the rates of loneliness were highest in young adults, with 27% of young adults age 19 to 29 reporting feeling very or fairly lonely. The lowest rates were found in older adults. Only 17% of people age 65 and older reported feeling lonely. Over half of adults age 45 and older reported not feeling lonely at all, while the majority of those younger than 45 answered that they felt at least a little lonely, if not very or fairly lonely. While there was little or no difference in the reported loneliness between men and women, some countries had substantial gaps in both directions, depending on the country's cultural context. Overall, 79 out of the 142 countries had a higher self-reported rate of loneliness in women than men.

Rokach, who also teaches in the department of psychology at York University in Toronto, said that younger people who are in a transitional stage of becoming an adult experience more uncertainty in many areas of life, including "a tumultuous love life, uncertainty about a professional path, and in the process of separating from their parents." Young adults are therefore more likely to experience more loneliness than older adults who have already accumulated "wisdom, friends, a family which may be supportive, and a community which cares for them," he said.

While being alone could be refreshing and energizing, social media could defend against loneliness or help people not feel lonely anymore. "Social media is often a tool young adults use to connect with one another, but it can be more harmful if users are participating in

diabetic men found that afternoon training produced slightly more beneficial metabolic(新陈代谢的) effects and resulted in a little more fat loss compared to morning training.

Finally, some folks may decide to work out later in the evening. Studies centered around this time of day tend to focus on whether or not nightly exercise negatively impacts sleep quality. Gathered research suggests it does not and, instead, actually improves sleep. However, intense exercise performed within an hour of one's bedtime absolutely will make it more difficult to fall asleep. For this reason, most exercise experts recommend at least 90 minutes of downtime between the conclusion of an exercise session and attempting to fall asleep.

Whether morning, afternoon, or evening, it is recommended if exercise timing remains somewhat consistent, research has found. For example, a competitive marathon runner will exhibit the best performance when his/her exercise training sessions occur at the same time-of-day as the marathon. Still, it is perfectly fine to mix up your workout times to fit with your schedule. The average person need not worry over when to work out just because of some slight bodily differences based on time-of-day.

32. Which of the following can benefit a man with sleeping disorder?
- A. Sleeping immediately after workouts.
 - B. Reducing the exercise time by at least 90 minutes.
 - C. Regular workouts between 7 a.m. and 10 a.m.
 - D. Exercise between 2 p.m. and 5 p.m.
33. Which of the following is right for diabetic men?
- A. It is hard to lose weight in the morning.
 - B. Exercise may be more efficient in the afternoon.
 - C. Diabetic men are easy to lose more fat.
 - D. Morning exercise produces harmful metabolic effects.
34. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?
- A. It's good to exercise at the same time every day.
 - B. A marathon runner will perform best in the training.
 - C. The average person varies slightly in body.
 - D. It is fine to exercise ahead of schedule.
35. Which one is the most suitable title?
- A. Exercise: A dilemma.
 - B. AM or PM: When is the best time to exercise?
 - C. Exercise timing should remain consistent.
 - D. The advantage of exercise.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

We are familiar with the button, but no one knows for sure when it came into being. The button might have shown up as early as 2,000 BCE. 36 Just something pretty sewn onto your clothes. Then about 3,000 years later, someone finally invented the buttonhole, and buttons were suddenly useful.

The button is such a great invention. Not only does it slip through the buttonhole, but then it kind of falls into place. 37 The design of a button hasn't changed much since the Middle Ages. It's one of the most lasting designs in history.

For me, the best buttons are usually round. There's either a dome(圆顶状) button with a little shank(柄), or there's just this sort of round thing with either a rim(边) or not, either two holes or four holes. 38 And the way you figure out its size is: the diameter(直径) of the button plus the width of the button, plus a little bit of room.

Before buttons, clothes were bigger—they were kind of used for covering, and people just wrapped themselves in those things. But then fashion moved closer to the body as we discovered uses for the button. 39

I think the reason why buttons have lasted for so long, historically, is that they actually work to keep our clothes shut. Zippers break; Velcro(魔术贴) makes a lot of noise, and it wears out after a while. If a button falls off, you just sew that thing on. 40 It's not just the most elemental design ever, it's also such a crazy fashion statement.

- A. A button is there for the long run.
- B. The shapes of buttons are not fixed.
- C. It was decorative when it first started.
- D. It plays an important role in the production of clothes.
- E. It was the very way to make clothes fit the body perfectly.
- F. Thus we're completely secure, like it's never going to open.
- G. Almost more important than the button is to determine the buttonhole.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A leadership programme set up by Victoria Azubuike, 23, is teaching girls how to dream. Azubuike came up with the idea while 41 at the University of Warwick. She grew up with four siblings. "Growing up things were very 42 ... we came from a very low

income household,” she said.

At the age of twelve, Azubuike decided to make her own money. She used to spend some
43 weekends selling cakes with her siblings when they were available. They would
save money until New Year and divide it between themselves to buy nice 44

45 to go to university, Azubuike was accepted on a foundation year at the
University of Warwick. Surrounded by privately educated students, she became 46 at
the lack of young women she could relate to. She realized the situation 47 immediate
action. Attending a professional women panel discussion gave her a flash of 48. Then,
she organised an event for teenage girls, 49 women who had overcome barriers to
success. Since then, her programme has expanded to reach hundreds more 50 15 to
19 year olds, delivering leadership skills and networking opportunities. It has reached about
600 state school pupils in London and is now 51 other cities.

Emmanuella Zoe, 16, started attending events after 52 an ad on social media,
and said she was 53 to overcome her shyness to present on a topic she knew nothing
about. “54 being scary it allowed me to assess my strengths and weaknesses.”

“I really want to show them that their 55 in life doesn't have to be the final
destination,” said Azubuike.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 41. A. working | B. studying | C. living | D. training |
| 42. A. unforgettable | B. annoying | C. scary | D. difficult |
| 43. A. busy | B. ordinary | C. slow | D. pleasant |
| 44. A. toys | B. clothes | C. chocolates | D. presents |
| 45. A. Agreeing | B. Longing | C. Hurrying | D. Hesitating |
| 46. A. angry | B. dissatisfied | C. merciful | D. frustrated |
| 47. A. called for | B. called on | C. called off | D. called up |
| 48. A. confidence | B. hope | C. light | D. inspiration |
| 49. A. rescuing | B. finding | C. featuring | D. helping |
| 50. A. immoral | B. disadvantaged | C. remarkable | D. influential |
| 51. A. transforming | B. touring | C. shaping | D. introducing |
| 52. A. spotting | B. posting | C. sharing | D. downloading |
| 53. A. forced | B. challenged | C. reminded | D. chosen |
| 54. A. Despite | B. Apart from | C. Regardless of | D. In case of |
| 55. A. fault | B. achievement | C. start | D. capacity |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese coffee giant Luckin Coffee hit 10,000 stores in China in June, surpassing(超过) Starbucks 56 the largest coffee chain brand in the country following rapid nationwide 57 (expand) this year.

Founded in 2017, Luckin Coffee burst onto the Chinese coffee scene to challenge Starbucks through 58 (afford) coffee options and mobile ordering. It is very common to buy a drink from Luckin for \$2 or less after heavy discounts. Meanwhile, a cup of coffee from Starbucks 59 (price) at \$4.1 or more.

In the quarter ended June 30, Luckin Coffee opened 1,485 new stores, 60 (average) 16.5 new stores daily. China is traditionally a tea-drinking market, 61 over the last few years, coffee sales have been increasing 62 (steady), especially in urban areas and among younger 63 (professional). China's overall coffee sales will rise at 64 rate of 8.7% annually from 2022 to 2027, according to GlobalData.

The Chinese coffee chain expanded to Singapore in its first international attempt and has opened 14 stores in the city-state so far. 65 (make) things even more impressive, all the coffee is specially crafted by an international team of World Barista Championship winners, so you won't find a bad cup of Joe.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假设你是李华, 你校英文报正在举行征文活动, 主题是: 如何正确使用扫描翻译笔(Scanning Translation Pen)? 请写一篇短文投稿, 内容包括:

1. 使用时存在的问题;
2. 提出建议。

注意: 1. 写作词数应为 80 个左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

How to use a scanning translation pen properly?

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was around eight o'clock, just past the frenzy(疯狂) of the New York rush hour when a subway train rattled down the track into 14th Street station. Emma, a senior high school student, was late for dinner with her friend Pete.

As Emma was hurrying out of the station something caught her eye. Something like a doll was lying on the floor. She was puzzled. Why would a child leave a doll on the ground? But she continued up the stairs to the exit. She glanced back one more time, astonished to find its legs moved.

She ran back down the stairs and realized that the doll was in fact a puppy, wrapped in a dark sweatshirt, with its tiny paws sticking out. It seemed like it was a newborn, maybe several days or so old. Emma could hardly believe what she was seeing. She couldn't understand how a baby dog had been left on the floor, or who could have left it. The little puppy was very quiet with big and wide eyes.

Emma yelled out, "Whose dog is it?" but almost everyone ignored her. She did get the attention of one woman, but she didn't speak English. The woman didn't really understand what Emma was saying, even when she was trying to point to the puppy. "She probably thought I may have been a little crazy," Emma murmured.

This was the time when not everyone had a mobile phone and Emma was afraid to pick up the puppy in case it was hurt. So Emma ran up the stairs to the street to a payphone and called 911.

"I found a puppy," she blurted out(脱口而出). Then she told the police where she was located and ran back to check if the puppy was still OK. She waited for what seemed like ages. She thought they're probably not believing her, so she needed someone else to help. That's when she thought of Pete. Pulling out a quarter from her pocket, she ran back to the payphone to call him.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Once again, she blurted out, "I found a puppy!"

"Maybe we can adopt this puppy," said Emma.

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