

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. How will the speakers go back to London?
A. By air. B. By train. C. By car.
2. Where does the conversation take place?
A. In a shop. B. In an office. C. In a cafe.
3. What are the speakers talking about?
A. Competition with each other.
B. Visiting each other's company.
C. Doing business with each other.
4. What is the woman's suggestion?
A. Repairing the sofa. B. Cleaning the kitchen. C. Buying a cupboard.
5. Why does the man choose the guitar?
A. He wants to be different.
B. He wants to be like his friends.
C. He thinks it is cool to play the guitar.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

【高三英语 第 1 页(共 10 页)】

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where is the accounting office?
A. On the 4th floor. B. On the 5th floor. C. On the 6th floor.
7. What will the man do for the woman?
A. Lead her to a meeting room.
B. Invite her to lunch.
C. Take things to the 10th floor.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is the man looking for?
A. Bridge Street. B. Gary Street. C. A gas station.
9. What should the man do first?
A. Turn right. B. Turn left. C. Do a U-turn.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. In what language is the opera usually sung?
A. Chinese or English. B. Italian or French. C. German or French.
11. How many languages can the man speak?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.
12. What will the two speakers probably do next?
A. Watch an opera.
B. Talk about the performers.
C. Learn a new language.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What does the woman think about training at weekends?
A. Unnecessary. B. Important. C. Unreasonable.
14. What is the training mainly for?
A. Skill learning.
B. Cultural awareness.
C. Teamwork improvement.
15. What benefit will a one-year employee receive?
A. A salary increase. B. A seven-day holiday. C. A possible promotion.
16. What is the conversation mainly about?
A. Company rules. B. Salary standards. C. Job training.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What time is it now?
A. It's 7:45 am. B. It's 8:00 am. C. It's 8:15 am.
18. Where will the visitors go first?
A. Newton Street. B. City Museum. C. Redwood Park.
19. How long will they spend at Newton Street?
A. An hour. B. One hour and a half. C. Two hours.

【高三英语 第 2 页(共 10 页)】

20. How many places will they visit today?

A. Three.

B. Four.

C. Five.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The Best Caves In The World

Hang Son Doong, Vietnam

Natural caves don't come much larger than Hang Son Doong, close to the border between Laos and Vietnam. This cave possesses the largest cross-section of any known cave on the planet, a vast area that is difficult to describe. Supposedly, a Boeing 747 could fly through without damaging its wings, but that doesn't really do justice to the vastness of Hang Son Doong. The stalactites (钟乳石) here are pretty massive too, with some reaching up to 80 metres.

Waitomo Caves, New Zealand

Glowworms (萤火虫) are there, as far as the eye can see. Okay, not literally, but the Waitomo Cave system on New Zealand's North Island is best-known for the fluorescent fauna that light up the walls, giving it the not-particularly-creative but completely acceptable "Glowworm Caves" nickname. They are more accessible than other caves on this list, with rafting and adventure tours available to those looking for something a little more thrilling.

Mammoth Cave, the USA

If you have certain expectations from somewhere called "Mammoth Cave", that is entirely understandable. Mammoth Cave in Kentucky is the world's longest known cave system, an incredible 420 miles of underground wonder. That's twice as long as the next longest, by the way, although it isn't unusual for the USA to go all out on such things.

Reed Flute (芦笛) Cave, China

Named after the reeds that grow outside, which are used to make flutes, obviously, the Reed Flute Cave's walls are covered with inscriptions from centuries gone by—if evidence was needed that people have been paying attention to this place for a long old time. The inside part of the cave is also lit up by multicoloured lights, giving it a real otherworldly theme that adds weight to the nickname.

21. What is special about Hang Son Doong?

A. It was once a base of a factory.

B. It is the deepest cave in the world.

C. It has the highest stalactites in the world.

D. It owns the largest cross-section in the world.

22. Which of the following can be much easier to enter?

A. Hang Son Doong.

B. Waitomo Caves.

C. Mammoth Cave.

D. Reed Flute Cave.

【高三英语 第3页(共10页)】

23. Which country probably has the longest cave system in the world?

- A. Vietnam. B. New Zealand. C. The USA. D. China.

B

For Vishwanath Mallabadi from Bangalore, India, there is no such thing as a useless object or “waste”. Give him anything—abandoned metal or plastic items, old devices, dysfunctional printed circuit boards—and he’ll create art out of it.

Vishwanath’s passion is particularly relevant in the current age, where India generates more e-waste than it can recycle. From 2019 to 2020, the country generated a total of more than 1 million tonnes of e-waste. Of this, only 22.7 percent was collected, taken apart and recycled. The eco-artist has upcycled and transformed nearly 200 kg of e-waste into usable products and proposes eco-art as a means to deal with waste management.

Vishwanath’s father, D M Shambhu, was a famous sculptor and painter, but he wanted his son to choose medicine and become a doctor. However, Vishwanath, who was interested in upcycling second-hand objects right from childhood, decided to pursue a BFA in Applied Art. He later went on to work in a company as a high-level administrator and retired two years ago. “In my free time and during the weekends, I used to conduct experiments in e-waste and try to develop something unique,” he recalled.

So far, the eco-artist has created more than 500 objects. These include a six-foot tall sculpture made from upcycled computer keyboard keys, and a painting inspired by Vincent Van Gogh’s *The Starry Night*, using upcycled resistors (电阻器) on wood. Among his other artworks are a 42×38 inch figure statue created from upcycled keyboard keys on a sun board finished with plastics, a deer made of colorful used wires, plants and flowers from computer parts, and eco jewellery from upcycled digital wrist watch parts.

“The work involves selecting the e-waste objects—the texture, shape, and colour etc, and visualising and conceptualising the final product. It might take weeks and months for sculptures. However, sustainable initiatives and upcycled art are nowadays in demand in multinational companies opting for a sustainable culture,” he said.

24. What does the author try to convey in paragraph 2?

- A. The seriousness of e-waste in India.
B. Vishwanath’s passion for environment protection.
C. The achievements of waste management in India.
D. Vishwanath’s attitude towards dealing with e-waste.

25. What did Vishwanath work as before retiring?

- A. A passionate eco-artist. B. A private doctor.
C. A famous sculptor. D. A senior manager.

26. Which of the artworks were made of the same materials?

- A. The deer and the plants.
B. The sculpture and the figure statue.
C. The painting and the flowers.
D. The deer and the eco jewellery.

【高三英语 第4页(共10页)】



27. What does Vishwanath think of his working on eco-art?

- A. Exciting but unprofitable. B. Creative but useless.
C. Demanding but worthwhile. D. Efficient but costly.

C

Most health experts would agree that eating meat—especially red meat—in large quantities isn't good for us, or the planet. Studies point to an increased risk of heart disease and cancer correlating to our meat-heavy diets. Meanwhile, manufacturers are busy producing increasingly tasty and more meat-like products that match the real things—making the switch from eating animals seem like a no-brainer. But are these fake meat products any healthier for us?

Jinan Banna, a dietitian and nutrition professor at the University of Hawaii says that some fake meat products can be considered “ultra-processed” foods. “That means they go through multiple processes and have a lot of added ingredients (配料),” she said. “An alternative burger, for example, might have quite a bit of sodium (钠), as well as additives.” Some of these additives are on the market for a while before the scientific community determines them to be harmful, Banna added. “Anytime you see a long list of ingredients, including ‘natural flavors’, take it as a warning sign. In other words, eschew products with lengthy ingredient lists,” said Sofia Popov, a microbiome scientist in Copenhagen. “Who knows what’s actually in it?”

Perhaps convenience is the best argument for buying an alternative meat product you can simply cook straight out of the box, but some health experts suggest other plant-based healthful options can be simple, too. For example, on a busy day, Banna said she was able to throw together a tempeh (a traditional soya product) dish which she put in a little oil, vinegar and other seasonings. “We definitely obtain nutrients from animal-based food—iron and zinc and other minerals as well. But it also contains fat and cholesterol, so it’s good to control our intake,” said Banna. “Vegetarian substitutes can be very tasty so we shouldn’t shy away from them.”

28. What is the common belief on consuming red meat?

- A. It is beneficial to our planet.
B. It can stimulate the economy.
C. It should be served with vegetables.
D. It may make us suffer from heart disease.

29. What does the underlined word “eschew” in paragraph 2 mean?

- A. Avoid. B. Provide. C. Inspect. D. Purchase.

30. What does Banna advise people to do?

- A. Take in more minerals.
B. Turn to convenient food instead.
C. Seek for plant-based meals.
D. Choose some animal-based substitutes.

31. What can be the best title for the text?
- A. Why Is Plant-based Meat Dying?
 - B. Are Fake Meat Products Good For You?
 - C. Fake Meat: Food's Future Or A Fashion?
 - D. What Happened To The Plant-based Meat?

D

Research has found that using wood for construction instead of concrete and steel can reduce emissions. But Tim Searchinger at Princeton University says many of these studies are based on the false foundation that harvesting wood is carbon neutral (碳中和). "Only a small percentage of the wood gets into a timber (木料) product, and a part of that gets into a timber product that can replace concrete and steel in a building," he says. Efficiencies vary in different countries, but large amounts of a harvested tree are left to be divided into parts, used in short-lived products like paper or burned for energy, all of which generate emissions.

In a report for the World Resources Institute, Searchinger and his colleagues have modelled how using more wood for construction would affect emissions between 2010 and 2050, accounting for the emissions from harvesting the wood. They considered various types of forests and parts of wood going towards construction. They also factored in the emissions savings from replacing concrete and steel.

Under some circumstances, the researchers found significant emissions reductions. But each case required what they considered an unrealistically high portion of the wood going towards construction, as well as rapid growth only seen in warmer places, like Brazil. In general, they found a large increase in global demand for wood would probably lead to rising emissions for decades. Accounting for emissions in this way, the researchers reported in a related paper that increasing forest harvests between 2010 and 2050 would add emissions equal to roughly 10 percent of total annual emissions.

Ali Amiri at Aalto University in Finland says the report's conclusions about emissions from rising demand are probably correct, but the story is different for wood we already harvest. "Boosting the efficiency of current harvests and using more wood for longer-lived purposes than paper would cut emissions," he says. "We cannot just say we should stop using wood."

32. What is wrong with previous researches according to Searchinger?
- A. They got wrong statistics.
 - B. They used an incorrect concept.
 - C. They included too many factors.
 - D. They were applied in limited countries.
33. What does paragraph 2 mainly talk about?
- A. The process of the new research.
 - B. The background of the new study.

【高三英语 第6页(共10页)】

- C. The challenge of the new research.
D. The achievements of the new study.
34. When will the emissions drop off greatly according to the new study?
A. When wood grows slowly.
B. When wood is used to make paper.
C. When wood is used to build a house.
D. When wood is harvested in countries like Brazil.
35. What is Ali Amiri's attitude toward the new result?
A. Favorable. B. Doubtful. C. Critical. D. Objective.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

For most, the first thing that likely comes to mind when thinking about vitamin C is either an image of orange fruits or its ability to keep your immune system healthy. 36. Here are the primary benefits of vitamin C when applied topically to the skin.

It protects skin cells from environmental damage. Vitamin C's main function in skin is that of a powerful antioxidant, protecting us from cell damage caused by free radicals (自由基). "37," Dr. Mack explains, and they are highly reactive. Vitamin C destroys these free radicals by donating electrons, preventing them from damaging skin.

38. Vitamin C is also one of the gold standards for evening skin tone and boosting radiance. "Vitamin C is a well-known skin brightener, preventing melanin production and eventually fading dark spots, resulting in a better skin tone," Dr. Mack explains.

It firms skin and promotes collagen (胶原蛋白) production. Our skin is made of collagen and elastin, which are proteins that give it structure and flexibility. 39. "Daily application of vitamin C helps to maintain the completeness of the collagen that we have, prevents rapid breakdown with age and promotes collagen production," Dr. Mack says.

It works with other antioxidants for enhancing UV (紫外线) protection. 40. A study in the *Journal of Investigative Dermatology* showed that the combination of vitamin C and E not only offered improved stability of vitamins C and E, but also improved skin's UV protection.

- A. It brightens skin.
B. It helps lower the risk of heart disease and depression.
C. Vitamin C works cooperatively with vitamin E to reduce UV damage in skin.
D. Free radicals are produced by the body when exposed to radiation in sunlight.
E. But this popular vitamin has several benefits for skin when applied topically, too.
F. Free radicals are believed to be related to heart disease, cancer and the ageing process.
G. As we age, the production of these proteins decreases and our skin looks and feels less firm.

【高三英语 第7页(共10页)】

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

After observing a few big falls from a tree, the Morgan family knew that there were two baby squirrels that needed a bit of extra 41. When the Morgans saw a dead squirrel nearby, they 42 that these two sweethearts were likely orphans. Father Keith and his daughter Riley took the 43 to offer help. They moved the babies into a rabbit cage to bring them back to health. They became 44 family members, receiving the names Chip and Dale.

Keith did a bit of research, and the family 45 the babies Pedialyte (电解质水) to help them. While Chip 46 passed away despite the extra care, Dale held on tightly. He responded well to the food and care the Morgans 47 and soon got strong enough to leave the cage.

But then something 48 happened. Dale the squirrel kept coming back!

"Little by little he would go up in a tree, climb up to play, and then come back down to stay with us," Riley 49. "OK. If he wants to stick around, we'll build him a 50 in the trees. Riley's a big Whataburger (a fast food restaurant) fan and we decided to 51 that design into Dale's home," said father Keith.

On July 10, Keith uploaded a picture of the squirrel home to a Whataburger group online, and the content 52 steam. Over a thousand people shared the 53, and the comment section was full of delight and awe. While Dale hasn't stopped home to 54 in a while, the Morgan family knows he's out there making the most of his life. Dale serves as a(n) 55 that a little extra care can make a big difference!

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 41. A. survival | B. rest | C. support | D. control |
| 42. A. responded | B. realized | C. recalled | D. argued |
| 43. A. lead | B. place | C. right | D. risk |
| 44. A. random | B. official | C. mature | D. active |
| 45. A. told | B. asked | C. bathed | D. fed |
| 46. A. secretly | B. specifically | C. unfortunately | D. temporarily |
| 47. A. required | B. obtained | C. preferred | D. provided |
| 48. A. unnecessary | B. uncertain | C. unexpected | D. unavoidable |
| 49. A. announced | B. observed | C. predicted | D. admitted |
| 50. A. house | B. statue | C. pond | D. circle |
| 51. A. persuade | B. channel | C. stretch | D. force |
| 52. A. picked up | B. took on | C. made up | D. missed out |
| 53. A. claim | B. factor | C. image | D. steam |
| 54. A. help | B. judge | C. hide | D. visit |
| 55. A. adviser | B. warning | C. sensor | D. reminder |

【高三英语 第 8 页(共 10 页)】



第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Although it's been almost two years now, I can still remember that day as if it were yesterday. We were all glued in front of the television, when Dad came rushing into the house after work to tell us that he had just bought a new boat. He promised us that the following week he'd take us all on a fishing trip. We were all very excited and happy at the prospect of it.

The much-awaited day finally came. After we packed everything onto the boat, Dad started the engine and steered it slowly out of the harbour. We headed out until we were a good distance from the shore. Then, when we found what seemed like a good spot for fishing, Dad stopped the engine.

The sky was crystal clear and the sea was as calm as a sheet of glass. We spent a good couple of hours bathing in the sun, fishing rods in hands, without a care in the world. It was fantastic just being there, staring out at the beautiful blue sea. We caught a good number of fish.

We must have lost track of time, chatting and laughing, because the next thing I remembered was being put into a darkness which was so thick that one could almost cut it with a knife. Looking around, it was all pitch-black. Then, out of nowhere, a big wave came crashing into the boat, nearly overturning us all overboard. If that wasn't bad enough, we could hear the rumbling (隆隆声) of thunder in the distance—it was unbelievable how the weather had changed so quickly before our very own eyes. The storm was rolling up on us fast and it wasn't long before the rain started to come down in showers. The rain was so dense and heavy that we could barely breathe.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dad immediately rushed to start the engine but it would not start.

Suddenly, we started to hear what seemed like the sound of a helicopter approaching.

英语参考答案

听力部分录音材料

听力部分。该部分分为第一、第二两节。

注意：做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

停顿 00'10"

现在是听力试音时间。

M: Hello. International Friends Club. Can I help you?

W: Oh, hello. I read about your club in the paper today and I thought I'd phone to find out a bit more.

M: Yes, certainly. Well, we are a sort of social club for people from different countries. It's quite a new club—we have about 50 members at the moment, but we are growing all the time.

W: That sounds interesting. I'm British actually, and I came to Washington about three months ago. I'm looking for ways to meet people. Er, what kinds of events do you organize?

M: Well, we have social get-togethers and sports events, and we also have language evenings.

W: Could you tell me something about the language evenings?

M: Yes. Every day except Thursday we have a language evening. People can come and practice their languages—you know, over a drink or something. We have different languages on different evenings. Monday—Spanish; Tuesday—Italian; Wednesday—German; and Friday—French. On Thursday we usually have a meal in a restaurant for anyone who wants to come.

W: Well, that sounds great. I really need to practice my French.

M: OK. Well, if you can just give me your name and address, I'll send you the form and some more information. If you join now, you can have the first month free.

试音到此结束。

听力考试正式开始。

停顿 00'10"

请看听力部分第一节

第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

停顿 00'02"

【高三英语·参考答案 第 1 页(共 10 页)】



例如:现在你有 5 秒钟的时间看试卷上的例题。

停顿 00'05"

你将听到以下内容:

M:Excuse me. Can you tell me how much the shirt is?

W:Yes, it's nine fifteen.

停顿 00'02"

你将有 5 秒钟的时间将正确答案标在试卷上。

停顿 00'05"

衬衫的价格为 9 镑 15 便士,所以你选择 C 项,并将其标在试卷上。

现在,你有 5 秒钟的时间阅读第 1 小题的有关内容。

停顿 00'05"

(Text 1)

W:We don't have to go back to London by plane. It's too expensive.

M:But I don't really want to drive all that way.

W:Let's go by train then.

M:OK.

(Text 2)

W:I am coming here to apply for a position as an office clerk.

M:OK. I'm Edward Watt, the manager of Human Resources Department. May I ask your name?

W:My name is Susan Li.

(Text 3)

W:Mr Drake, I'm pleased to do business with your company.

M:We're also glad to be able to offer our services to your company.

(Text 4)

M:Lisa, do you think we should get a new sofa?

W:Oh, our sofa is a bit old, but perfectly usable. Right now we need a cupboard in the kitchen much more.

(Text 5)

M:I decide to learn the guitar! I've always wanted to play music, and the guitar is interesting.

W:Cool! But what makes you decide to choose this instrument?

M:All my friends play the violin, and I want to be different. The piano sounds beautiful but it is too expensive. The guitar is perfect for me!

第一节到此结束。

第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选



出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。现在,你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

(Text 6)

M: Could you take this down to the accounting office for me, please?

W: Sure, Mr Stone. I am just going down to the shipping department for a meeting, which is on the 5th floor. The accounting office is just one floor above it, so it's right on my way. I still have time to do it first.

M: Great. When you get back to the 10th floor, I could treat you to lunch at that Thai restaurant you're always telling me about.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8 和第 9 两个小题。现在,你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

(Text 7)

M: Excuse me, I'm lost. Could you point me in the right direction of Bridge Street, please?

W: Sure. In fact, it's just around the corner.

M: You're a lifesaver. I've been driving in circles for ages.

W: You should have made a left-hand turn a few streets back. Do a U-turn and take the third street on the right. It's called Gary Street. There's a gas station on the corner, you can't miss it.

M: U-turn... third on the right.

W: Make your way along Gary Street all the way to the end. It ends at Bridge Street.

M: Thanks a lot. I really appreciate it.

听下面一段对话,回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。现在,你有 15 秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

(Text 8)

W: Would you like to go to the Grand Theatre with me? Here are two tickets for an opera there.

M: That's great. Have you ever been to the Grand Theatre before?

W: No, but I heard it's a famous and beautiful theatre.

M: Is it true that the opera is sung in a foreign language?

W: Yes, usually in Italian or French.

M: Not good for me. As you know, I can only speak English and a little German besides my mother tongue. I can hardly speak Italian and French.

W: It doesn't matter. The actors also tell the story with their moves.

M: Sounds good, but I'm still afraid I can't understand.

W: Take it easy. Music is a universal language.

M: Yes, the music is supposed to be beautiful.

听下面一段对话,回答第 13 至第 16 四个小题。现在,你有 20 秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题。

【高三英语·参考答案 第 3 页(共 10 页)】



(Text 9)

W: Tony, I'm a newcomer here. What do you think I should know before starting the work?

M: As a new member, you must attend training course in the first few weekends.

W: To be honest, I don't think it is fair.

M: But you have to.

W: OK, then. What is the training for? To get us familiar with the culture here or to learn skills?

M: Both, to some degree. But they mainly aim to encourage teamwork.

W: How about the salary? Actually, I'm more interested in this.

M: All new members are likely to ask the same question. Our company has a strict salary standard. Benefits depend upon the employee's performance. After you've been here for a year, you qualify for a one-week vacation. For two years, an increase in salary as well as a chance to be promoted.

W: Wow, thank you for telling me. Anything else I should know?

M: Remember to report work to the manager every month.

W: We got it. Thank you.

听下面一段独白, 回答第 17 至第 20 四个小题。现在, 你有 20 秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题。

(Text 10)

W: Well, good morning, everyone. My name is Lucia, and I'll be your guide today. First, I want to go over the plan for the tour. First of all, we'll be leaving at 8:15 outside the main train station exit. In other words, it is thirty minutes later. Be sure to board the bus by 8:30. Our first stop will be at Redwood Park which is about two hundred years old. We'll be leaving there at 10:30. You'll have about one hour and thirty minutes to walk around the park. Our next destination will be City Museum. According to the rules, don't take photos and touch anything there. We'll leave the museum at 11:45. Next, we'll have lunch from 12:00 to 12:45. In the afternoon, we'll head downtown and stop at Newton Street. Many people asked me about different traditional shopping areas, and this is a place we don't want to miss. You'll have about an hour to look around. We'll be leaving there at 2:30 pm. Finally, we'll visit Diamond Castle. You'll have about an hour to tour the magic castle. At last, we'll meet at the bus at 4:00 pm. Any questions?

第二节到此结束。

现在, 你有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

听力部分到此结束。

试题答案

听力:

1~5 BBCCA 6~10 CBACB 11~15 AACCB 16~20 AACAB

【高三英语·参考答案 第 4 页(共 10 页)】

阅读:

21~23 DBC

A篇:本文是一篇应用文,介绍了世界上的几个洞穴。

21. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段第二句可知, Hang Son Doong 拥有地球上已知洞穴中最大的横截面。

22. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句可知,最易到达的山洞是 Waitomo Caves。

23. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段第二句可知,美国拥有世界上已知最长的洞穴系统。

24~27 ADBC

B篇:本文是一篇记叙文,主要介绍印度生态艺术家 Vishwanath 的爱好和成就。

24. A 【解析】推理判断题。第二段主要介绍印度电子垃圾的处理现状。

25. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段第三句可知,他退休之前是一名企业高管。

26. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段可知,一座六英尺(182.88 cm)高的雕塑和一个 42 英寸×38 英寸(106.68 cm×96.52 cm)的雕像的主要原材料都是升级再造的电脑键盘键。

27. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段可知,创造雕塑品可能需要几周甚至几个月的时间,如今选择可持续文化的跨国公司对可持续倡议表示赞同以及对升级再造的艺术品有很大的需求。由此推断,他的工作费时费力但却是值得的。

28~31 DACB

C篇:本文是一篇说明文。假肉制品可能对人类的健康有害。

28. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第一段第一句和第三句可知,大部分健康专家都会认为大量吃肉,尤其是红肉,对我们没有好处。研究指出,患心脏病和癌症的风险增加与我们偏爱肉类的饮食习惯有关。

29. A 【解析】词义推测题。根据上一句可知,当看到一长串的配料,包括“天然香料”时,我们应该把它当作一个警告信号。换句话说,避开配料表冗长的产品。

30. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章最后一段最后一句可知,素食替代品非常美味,所以我们不应该回避它们。因此,作者建议我们寻求植物性食物。

31. B 【解析】主旨大意题。假肉制品可能对人类的健康有害。

32~35 BACD

D篇:本文是一篇说明文。新的研究表明,用木材建造的建筑可能并不像想象中的那么环保。

32. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段第二句可知,许多这样的研究都基于一个错误的基础,即采伐木材就是碳中和。

33. A 【解析】主旨大意题。第二段主要介绍新研究的过程。

34. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段第一句和第二句可知,用木材建造建筑会导致碳排放量显著减少,只是前提条件比较苛刻。

35. D 【解析】推理判断题。Ali Amiri 对此研究结果是肯定的,但是他又表示我们不能只是口头上说我们应该停止使用木材,故他对此研究结果的态度是客观公正的。

36~40 EDAGC

七选五:本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了维生素 C 对皮肤的种种好处。

36. E 【解析】上文提到了维生素 C 在维持身体免疫系统方面的作用,下文说了维生素 C 对皮肤的好处。E 项承上启下,引出文章的主题。
37. D 【解析】根据本段最后一句(维生素 C 通过提供电子来破坏这些自由基,防止它们伤害皮肤)可知,D 项(当人体暴露在阳光辐射下时会产生自由基)说明了自由基对皮肤的害处。
38. A 【解析】本段主要说维生素 C 可提亮肤色,减少色素沉着。A 项符合语境。
39. G 【解析】根据本段主旨句和下文词汇复现可知,G 项(随着年龄的增长,这些蛋白质的产生减少,我们的皮肤看起来和摸起来都不那么紧致)承上启下,符合语境。
40. C 【解析】根据本段主旨句和下文可知,C 项(维生素 C 与维生素 E 协同作用,减少紫外线对皮肤的伤害)连接上下文,符合语境。

41~45 CBABD 46~50 CDCBA 51~55 BACDD

完形填空:本文是一篇记叙文。松鼠 Dale 受到 Morgan 一家的细心照顾,在被放归山林之后,他还会经常回来探望 Morgan 一家。

41. C 【解析】考查名词。在观察到两只小松鼠从树上摔下来几次之后,Morgan 一家知道他们需要一点额外的帮助。
42. B 【解析】考查动词。当 Morgan 夫妇在附近看到一只死去的松鼠时,他们意识到这两只小松鼠很可能没有依靠了。
43. A 【解析】考查名词。父亲 Keith 和他的女儿 Riley 带头伸出援手。
44. B 【解析】考查形容词。他们成为正式的家庭成员,给他们分别取名为 Chip 和 Dale。
45. D 【解析】考查动词。Keith 做了一些研究,一家人给两只小松鼠喂了电解质水来帮助他们。
46. C 【解析】考查副词。尽管有特别的照顾,Chip 还是不幸死了,但 Dale 活了下来。
47. D 【解析】考查动词。他对 Morgan 一家提供的食物和照顾反应良好,很快就变得足够强壮,可以离开笼子了。
48. C 【解析】考查形容词。但随后意想不到的事情发生了。松鼠 Dale 总是会跑回来!
49. B 【解析】考查动词。“渐渐地他会爬到树上去玩,然后再下来和我们待在一起,”Riley 观察到。
50. A 【解析】考查名词。如果他想留下来,我们打算在树上给他建房子。
51. B 【解析】考查动词。“Riley 是 Whataburger 的忠实爱好者,我们决定将其设计引入松鼠之家,”父亲 Keith 说。
52. A 【解析】考查动词短语。7 月 10 日,Keith 将松鼠之家的照片上传到了 Whataburger 群,内容迅速引发关注。
53. C 【解析】考查名词。超过千人分享了这张图片,而且评论区充满了喜悦和惊叹。
54. D 【解析】考查动词。虽然 Dale 已经有一段时间没有回家探望了,但 Morgan 一家知道他

【高三英语·参考答案 第 6 页(共 10 页)】

正在尽情享受生活。

55. D 【解析】考查名词。Dale 提醒我们,一些特别的关心和照顾可以产生很大的作用!

56. to carry 57. focuses 58. which 59. and 60. has been conducted

61. stretching 62. expansion 63. on 64. significantly 65. important

语法填空:

56. to carry 【解析】考查非谓语动词。此处为动词不定式作后置定语。句意:在大约 80 天的旅程中,船员们将有大约 40 天的时间进行科学研究。

57. focuses 【解析】考查谓语动词。此句描述客观事实,故使用一般现在时。

58. which 【解析】考查定语从句。此处引导定语从句且在从句中作主语,修饰先行词 tasks,应使用关系代词 which。

59. and 【解析】考查连词。连接两个并列宾语要使用并列连词 and。句意:此次科考重点关注北极地区快速变化下的生态系统变化,主要任务有四项,包括北冰洋中部太平洋段生态环境调查、海冰综合调查、加科尔山脊地质和地球物理调查、环流和海冰研究等。

60. has been conducted 【解析】考查时态语态。此句是固定句式。根据 is 可知,此处要用现在完成时。结合主语 savery 可知,此处要用现在完成时的被动语态。

61. stretching 【解析】考查非谓语动词。此处为现在分词作后置定语修饰名词 ridge,与之在逻辑上为主谓关系。

62. expansion 【解析】考查名词。作动词 studying 的宾语应使用其名词形式。

63. on 【解析】考查介词。此处 on the way 意为“正在进行中”。

64. significantly 【解析】考查副词。修饰动词 affect 应使用其副词形式。

65. important 【解析】考查形容词。修饰名词 field 应使用其形容词形式。

说明:1. 有拼写或大小写错误的作答不给分。

2. 除所列答案外,若试评过程中发现其他可接受答案,经评卷专家组讨论确认后也可给分。

写作:

第一节:

参考范文:

Notice

In order to learn to appreciate different cultures and promote the friendship between students from the two countries, an exchange meeting with the theme of sports in China and Africa will be held in our school next Friday.

As planned, the meeting will last about two hours. First, both sides will introduce their various sports activities to each other by showing pictures or videos about sports. Then, some students will communicate with the guests. Now we call on students who like sports to join in the meeting to perform your skills on the scene.

Don't miss the chance to show your gifts in sports. Looking forward to your participation.

Student Union

【高三英语·参考答案 第 7 页(共 10 页)】

一、评分原则

1. 本题总分为 15 分,按五个档次进行评分。
2. 评分时,应主要从内容、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
 - (1)对内容要点的覆盖情况以及表述的清楚程度和合理性。
 - (2)使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性。
 - (3)上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
3. 评分时,先根据作答的整体情况初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来综合衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
4. 评分时还应注意:
 - (1)词数少于 60 的,酌情扣分。
 - (2)单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
 - (3)书写较差以致影响交际的,酌情扣分。

二、各档次的给分范围和要求

第五档(13~15分)

- 覆盖了所有内容要点,表述清楚、合理。
 - 使用了多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有个别小错,但完全不影响理解。
 - 有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构清晰,意义连贯。
- 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第四档(10~12分)

- 覆盖了所有内容要点,表述比较清楚、合理。
 - 使用了比较多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有些许错误,但不影响理解。
 - 比较有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
- 达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档(7~9分)

- 覆盖了大部分内容要点,有个别地方表述不够清楚、合理。
 - 使用了简单的词汇和语法结构,有一些错误或不恰当之处,但基本不影响理解。
 - 基本有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。
- 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第二档(4~6分)

- 遗漏或未清楚表述一些内容要点,或一些内容与写作目的不相关。
 - 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多,影响理解。
 - 几乎不能有效地使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义不够连贯。
- 未能达到预期的写作目的。

第一档(1~3分)

- 遗漏或未清楚表述大部分内容要点,或大部分内容与写作目的不相关。

【高三英语·参考答案 第8页(共10页)】

- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误很多,严重影响理解。
 - 几乎没有使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。
- 完全未达到预期的写作目的。

零分

未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容与题目要求完全不相关。

第二节:

参考范文:

Dad immediately rushed to start the engine but it would not start. He tried and tried, but it was all in vain—the engine was dead. For that split second, it took us to realize what was going on. We all just stared at each other without saying a word. To make matters worse, without the engine, we were at the mercy of the sea. The waves were getting higher and the boat was taking in water, fast. Then, we gave up all hope and thought.

Suddenly, we started to hear what seemed like the sound of a helicopter approaching. We all realized what it meant—we were going to be safe after all! That thought gave us courage, and we started to yell at the top of our voices and to wave, torches in hands, with all our might! Luckily, it didn't take long for the rescue team to spot us. They controlled the helicopter a few feet above our heads and lowered down the rope ladder, from which we could all climb to safety.

一、评分原则

1. 本题总分为 25 分,按五个档次进行评分。
2. 评分时,应主要从内容、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
 - (1) 创造内容的质量,续写的完整性以及与原文情境的融洽度。
 - (2) 使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性。
 - (3) 上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
3. 评分时,先根据作答的整体情况初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来综合衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
4. 评分时还应注意:
 - (1) 词数少于 120 的,酌情扣分。
 - (2) 单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
 - (3) 书写较差以致影响交际的,酌情扣分。

二、各档次的给分范围和要求

第五档(21~25分)

- 创造了丰富、合理的内容,富有逻辑性,续写完整,与原文情境融洽度高。
- 使用了多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有个别小错,但完全不影响理解。
- 有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构清晰,意义连贯。

【高三英语·参考答案 第 9 页(共 10 页)】

第四档(16~20分)

- 创造了比较丰富、合理的内容,比较有逻辑性,续写比较完整,与原文情境融洽度较高。
- 使用了比较多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有些许错误,但不影响理解。
- 比较有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。

第三档(11~15分)

- 创造了基本合理的内容,有一定的逻辑性,续写基本完整,与原文情境相关。
- 使用了简单的词汇和语法结构,有一些错误或不恰当之处,但基本不影响理解。
- 基本有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。

第二档(6~10分)

- 内容或逻辑上有一些重大问题,续写不够完整,与原文情境有一定程度脱节。
- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多,影响理解。
- 未能有效地使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义不够连贯。

第一档(1~5分)

- 内容或逻辑上有较多重大问题,或有部分内容抄自原文,续写不完整,与原文情境基本脱节。
- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误很多,严重影响理解。
- 几乎没有使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。

零分

未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容全部抄自原文或与题目要求完全不相关。

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址: www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国90%以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

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