

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What are the speakers about to do?

- A. Take a coffee. B. Have a meeting. C. Write a report.

9. How does Phil feel before the meeting?

- A. Concerned. B. Confident. C. Confused.

10. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Neighbors. B. Workmates. C. Classmates.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. When is the send-off party?

- A. On Friday evening. B. On Saturday evening. C. On Monday evening.

12. Where will the party be held?

- A. At Susan's house. B. At Peter's house. C. At Jason's house.

13. Why does the man decide to take a year off from work?

- A. To explore the world. B. To attend a competition. C. To enjoy city life.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What does the man want the woman to do?

- A. Buy him a book. B. Return a book for him. C. Recommend him a book.

15. What has the man just finished reading?

- A. *The History of Russia*. B. *War and Peace*. C. *Great Expectations*.

16. What kind of books does the man want to read now?

- A. Books about family life. B. Comic books. C. More serious literature.

17. What is the woman's job probably?

- A. A librarian. B. A bookseller. C. A writer.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Why did the speaker go to the rainforest?

- A. To do research for his degree.
B. To enjoy the beauty of nature.
C. To learn survival skills in the forest.

19. What did the speaker first notice in the forest?

- A. The colors and sounds. B. The local people. C. The village.

20. What impressed the speaker most?

- A. Collecting a few plants. B. Learning some dances. C. Going on a hunting trip.

高三英语 第 2 页(共 10 页)

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The UK has a rich literary heritage, with cities packed with bookshops, literary landmarks and comfortable cafés. If you love books, try one of these city breaks.

York

Earning a remarkable “bookspiration” score of 9.4/10, York has claimed the title of the best UK city for book lovers. Having the highest number of reading spots per 100,000 people among all cities analysed, literary lovers will find themselves spoiled for choice in this city. Home to 20 libraries and 33 highly-rated bookshops, this serves as a significant literary resource for a city of its population size.

Books inspired by York include: *The Secret Garden*, *Wuthering Heights*, *Jane Eyre*

Bath

Bath comes second, receiving a final “bookspiration” score of 8.1/10. Beyond its plentiful quiet reading spots, more than seven libraries and 16 bookshops per 100,000 people, the city also offers sufficient green spaces, perfect for eager readers to dive into their favourite books. It's a dream destination for those with a preference for Jane Austen's works. It's also host to the annual Jane Austen Festival in September, featuring many immersive (沉浸式的) Regency-themed experiences.

Books inspired by Bath include: *Northanger Abbey*, *Persuasion*, *Vathek*

Belfast

In third place is Belfast, scoring a respectable 7.3/10. The Northern Irish city has 18 libraries and 55 charming bookshops to choose from. Serving as the backdrop of inspiration for CS Lewis's *The Chronicles of Narnia*, Belfast also has a bookish culture as it plays host to an annual book festival drawing in the nation's biggest bookworms.

Books inspired by Belfast include: *Eureka Street*, *Mystery Man*, *The Star Factory*

Bristol

Bristol with a score of 6.8/10 secures fourth place to be a literary lover's paradise. Thanks to its treasure of bookshops from independent to second-hand, over 17 bookshops per 100,000 people, the lively South West city makes an incredible destination for book-shopping.

Books inspired by Bristol include: *Shadow Dance*, *Birdcage Walk*, *Keep Him Close*

21. Which city is the source of the inspiration for *Wuthering Heights*?

A. York.

B. Bath.

C. Belfast.

D. Bristol.

22. What can you do during Jane Austen Festival?

A. Rate bookstores of the city.

B. Attend theme-based activities.

C. Dive into CS Lewis's books.

D. Take a South West city tour.

23. What is a feature of Belfast?

A. The best green reading spaces.

B. The highest “bookspiration” score.

C. The most attractive book festival.

D. The biggest second-hand bookstore.

高三英语 第 3 页 (共 10 页)

C

The Asch Conformity Experiments, conducted by psychologist Solomon Asch in the 1950s, demonstrated the power of conformity (从众) in groups and showed that even simple objective facts cannot resist the pressure of group influence.

In the experiments, groups of university students were asked to participate in a perception test. In reality, all but one of the participants were "confederates", cooperators with the experimenter who only pretended to be participants. The study was about how the remaining student would react to the behavior of the other "participants".

The participants of the experiment were presented with a card with a simple vertical (垂直) black line on it. Then, they were given a second card with three lines of varying length labeled A, B, and C. One line on the second card was the same length as that on the first, and the other two lines were obviously longer and shorter.

Participants were asked to state out loud in front of each other which line, A, B, or C, matched the length of the line on the first card. In each experimental case, the confederates answered first, and the real participant was seated so that he would answer last. In some cases, the confederates answered correctly, while in others, they answered incorrectly.

Asch intended to see if the real participant would be pressured to answer incorrectly in the instances when the confederates did so, or whether their belief in their own perception and correctness would outweigh the social pressure provided by the responses of the other group members.

Asch found that one-third of real participants gave the same wrong answers as the confederates at least half the time. Forty percent gave some wrong answers, and only one-fourth gave correct answers in defiance of the pressure to conform to the wrong answers provided by the group.

In interviews following the trials, Asch found that for those who answered incorrectly, in conformance with the group, some believed that the answers given by the confederates were correct, some thought that they were suffering a lapse (失误) in perception when they originally had the answer different from the group, and others admitted that they knew that they had the correct answer, but conformed to the incorrect answer because they didn't want to break from the majority.

28. What are the participants asked to do in the experiment?

- A. Label the cards with different letters. B. Pick out two lines of the same length.
C. State the reason for matching the cards. D. Identify the longest vertical black line.

29. What's paragraph 5 mainly about?

- A. The result of the experiment. B. The design of the experiment.
C. The purpose of the experiment. D. The procedure of the experiment.

30. What does the underlined part "in defiance of" in paragraph 6 mean?

- A. In spite of. B. For fear of.
C. In response to. D. On account of.

31. Why did the real participants give a wrong answer?

- A. They misunderstood the question. B. They believed their own judgment.
C. They failed to resist group influence. D. They wanted to be different from others.

D

Change can be unsettling. Good or bad, exciting or unexpected, there's an undeniable anxiety that accompanies seeing our lives shift. Thankfully, nature reminds us that entering a new season in our lives is nothing to fear but something to enjoy.

What's now known as "leaf-peeping" has become a highly profitable form of tourism in the United States. A research shows that across 24 states in the eastern half of the country, fall foliage (叶子) tourism contributes more than \$30 billion to local economies. And even though climate change has made it more difficult to predict when exactly foliage will peak, it hasn't stopped people from trying to figure it out. Tourism leaders from the Smoky Mountains recently released their annual fall foliage prediction map which helps travelers plan out when they have the best chance to catch those beautiful autumn views.

Perhaps part of what makes the foliage so special is the belief that it's temporary. Eventually, branches will become bare, and we'll stop taking photos for social media. And as the seasons change and we feel that familiar longing for what was, trees will once again embrace (欣然接受) their evolution.

Even when they aren't decorated with flashy fall colors and their internal systems slow down, trees are still supporting the ecosystem. Their fallen leaves are broken down by bacteria and fungi and provide the soil with nutrients the tree needs to grow. Insects take up shelter in their bark, eventually becoming food for other wildlife seeking a place to nest. Their strong roots stabilize the soil, preventing erosion (侵蚀) from winter snowmelt.

Right now, trees around the country are already beginning to welcome their next chapter. During this time of the year, it feels like forests are just offering endless joy for free. And fall foliage is an everlasting reminder that the growth with changes is beautiful.

32. What does "leaf-peeping" refer to?

- A. A form of tourism where people go to see fall foliage.
- B. A measure taken by tourism leaders to protect trees.
- C. A research about the effects of climate change on trees.
- D. A method for predicting when fall foliage will peak.

33. Why do people find fall foliage so special?

- A. It brings change to daily life.
- B. It contributes to local economy.
- C. It helps preserve ecosystems.
- D. It lasts only for a short time.

34. What can we learn about trees in fall from paragraph 4?

- A. They are easily damaged by bacteria.
- B. They stop rooting due to cold weather.
- C. They continue providing shelter for wildlife.
- D. They play a role in reducing snowfall.

35. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?

- A. Trees Supporting the Ecosystem
- B. Lesson from Trees: Embracing Change
- C. Fall Foliage Tourism in the US
- D. Climate Changes in the Season of Fall

高三英语 第6页(共10页)

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

There's a reason why so many people love running early in the morning. 36 Not only do you begin your day more relaxed and refreshed, but you've already started things off with an accomplishment. If you think you're ready to take advantage of the benefits of a morning run, here are five suggestions from the professionals.

• Find a friend, and be gentle with yourself

Finding a partner to run with will give you someone to be responsible for, and make it much harder to blow off the run. It's also important to remember that this is a process, and you can't expect to do it perfectly from the beginning. 37 "Once you get into the habit, it becomes natural and actually jump starts your day," says Sheri Piers, top American finisher at the 2012 Boston Marathon.

• Embrace the movement

"The first few steps or blocks will be tough in the morning. They always are," says Dr. Jordan Metzl, who has over 32 marathon finishes under his belt. With a practice of more than 20,000 patients, Metzl's days are jam-packed, so early morning runs are a must. 38 "Sometimes you have to just do it, and remember that the motivation will come later," he says.

• Stay warm

39 "If I go to bed in my sports wear, all I need to do is throw on the outer layers and head out the door. At least that takes away some of the inconvenience," says Tina Muir, a half-marathoner. She also leaves her alarm on the other side of the room to help push herself up.

• 40

"I view waking up early like tearing off a Band-Aid," says Michele Gonzalez, a running coach. "It's gonna hurt for a bit." Her advice is relatively simple. "You just have to set the alarm early and start doing it," she says. "After a few days, you'll be tired earlier at night and will start going to bed earlier. This makes the early alarm feel a bit more manageable."

- A. It has major benefits.
- B. Have a training plan.
- C. Make peace with the pain.
- D. It's just like warming up a car in the winter.
- E. Even if you have a setback or two, keep at it.
- F. Still, he knows how hard it can be to get motivated.
- G. The worst part is getting changed in the cold air especially in winter.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Patrick, Scheels store's fishing manager, always helps customers with their angling (垂钓) needs, but one 41 stood out.

One day, a young boy named Xander entered the store with his mother, Brynn. Patrick noticed his eyes were filled with 42 about the world of fishing. For nearly half an hour, they 43 their shared passion. Brynn shared the 44 of Xander's connection to angling, explaining, "My dad, a fisherman, passed away last year, but Xander never got to go fishing with him. So over the last year, he's been 45 grandpa, wishing he could go fishing with him."

46 by Xander's longing for a connection to his late grandfather, Patrick decided to take action and 47 Xander his first fishing pole. "It was sixty dollars and he bought it with his own money," Xander said. This 48 gesture brought tears to Brynn's eyes, and she acknowledged that such acts of kindness aren't 49.

However, Patrick's generosity didn't 50 here. The 22-year-old fishing enthusiast went a step further by 51 a memorable fishing trip for Xander and his family. To 52 that Xander had an enriching experience, two professional anglers from Scheels 53 him on the trip, offering guidance and teaching him valuable skills.

Patrick's kindness was 54 a breath of fresh air for Xander and his family, who described the fishing trip as a once-in-a-lifetime 55. "I felt like it was my due diligence to pass on the good word of fishing," Patrick said.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. argument | B. journey | C. adventure | D. encounter |
| 42. A. curiosity | B. nervousness | C. concern | D. regret |
| 43. A. debated over | B. bonded over | C. stuck to | D. turned to |
| 44. A. wisdom | B. evidence | C. significance | D. definition |
| 45. A. missing | B. blaming | C. admiring | D. persuading |
| 46. A. Annoyed | B. Touched | C. Amused | D. Surprised |
| 47. A. gifted | B. lent | C. showed | D. made |
| 48. A. ambitious | B. strange | C. genuine | D. urgent |
| 49. A. practical | B. avoidable | C. secure | D. common |
| 50. A. root | B. stop | C. appear | D. reach |
| 51. A. recording | B. postponing | C. organizing | D. canceling |
| 52. A. reveal | B. stress | C. prove | D. ensure |
| 53. A. accompanied | B. monitored | C. assessed | D. sponsored |
| 54. A. possibly | B. initially | C. truly | D. mainly |
| 55. A. deal | B. experience | C. task | D. performance |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Benjamin Lou is a computer scientist and advocate who was born with a rare genetic disorder 56 (call) spinal muscular atrophy (SMA), which affects the muscles used for moving the body. At the age of one, he became 57 (complete) paralyzed (瘫痪) from the chest down, making it difficult for him to breathe, feed himself, or move around without assistance. Despite these 58 (challenge), Benjamin beat the odds and entered Massachusetts Institute of Technology. 59 he earned a degree in computer science and artificial intelligence.

By now, Benjamin 60 (become) an inspirational figure for individuals with disabilities, using his experiences to raise 61 (aware) about the importance of accessibility to technology and advocating policies that make digital tools more usable for people with disabilities. He has also worked on 62 (develop) assistive technologies, such as a voice-controlled computer interface that can be used by people with limited mobility.

In addition 63 his work in technology, Benjamin is a passionate advocate for disability rights, using his platform to challenge stereotypes and promote understanding of living with a disability. Through his writing and speaking engagements, he hopes to encourage others 64 (accept) their differences and work towards creating 65 more inclusive society for all.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假定你是李华,外教 Bruce 要求你班同学做一个主题为“Wildlife Protection”的小组项目。作为组长,请你给 Bruce 写一封邮件,内容包括:

1. 项目设想;
2. 寻求指导。

注意:

1. 词数80左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Bruce,

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

For courage, my fingers hold tight to the harness (挽具) on Chó's broad back as we pass my neighbor's fence. Chó is my guide dog, a German Shepherd (德国牧羊犬). Walking by Mr. Groll's yard is the best part of our morning walk... and also the worst. It is the best part because the roses talk to us. "Good morning, Chó," whisper the roses' sweet smell to Chó's nose. Other roses shout to me, "Hello, Mai!" with a smell that bursts as firecrackers. Now comes the worst part — the unfriendly neighbor that shades us: Mr. Groll. I greet him as I do every morning. And like every other morning, he does not answer me. But I know he's there, watching, behind his fence.

Maybe he's afraid of me because I'm blind. Disabilities scare grown-ups sometimes. Then I remember: yesterday I heard him playing checkers with my friend Jimmy, who's in a wheelchair. Why does Mr. Groll ignore me? He likes roses. I like roses. Why can't two people who like roses like each other? It's a mystery (谜) to me.

Papa has told me that some folks do not like people from faraway places. Does this solve the mystery? Maybe Mr. Groll does not like Vietnamese neighbors. No, that can't be it. Every Saturday Mr. Groll and my big brother, Lien, help each other with yard work. They are friends. Well, then, maybe he doesn't like me because I'm a girl. The sidewalk hums beneath my feet. A skateboard speeds by. "Hello, Mai and Chó!" my friend Jana shouts. "Hi, Mr. Groll." I wait. If Mr. Groll ignores Jana, then the mystery is solved. But his voice calls out, "Hello, Jana!" The sound of it breaks my heart.

Now I know something I didn't know before: some people who can see can be blind. Sometimes, their hearts don't see any better than my eyes do. And I also know that unfriendly Mr. Groll likes Jimmy. And Lien. And Jana. But not me and Chó! Suddenly, an idea brightens my mystery. Maybe I do know why Mr. Groll doesn't talk to me! "Down," I command. Chó does as I say.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

I attach her harness to a tree and I feel my way along the fence.

"A German shepherd is a very... big dog," he says in a voice that tells me he thinks I will laugh at him.

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