

机考★信用前

试卷类型 A

山东名校考试联盟  
2023—2024 学年高三年级上学期期中检测  
英语试题

2023.11

本试卷分为第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分,共 150 分,考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其它答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第 I 卷

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,可将答案写在试卷上。录音内容结束后,必须将答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面五段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How does the woman feel now?  
A. Awkward. B. Well. C. Anxious.
2. Who is the woman probably talking to?  
A. An assistant. B. A deliveryman. C. A patient.
3. When is the man leaving for Russia?  
A. At 6:00 p. m. B. At 1:00 p. m. C. At 8:00 a. m.
4. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. Inside a bookstore. B. Outside a cinema. C. In a sports center.
5. What did the man want at first?  
A. An egg. B. A glass of water. C. Some coffee.

高三英语试题 第 1 页 (共 12 页)

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面五段对话或独白。每段对话和独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你都有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the man say about the first shirt?  
A. It is similar to his old shirt.  
B. Its color doesn't suit him.  
C. Its price is too high.

7. Which shirt will the man buy?

- A. The white one. B. The green one. C. The black one.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What will the woman probably do at Christmas?

- A. Stay at home alone.  
B. Go shopping with her son.  
C. Have dinner with the man's family.

9. What present will the woman give the man?

- A. A tea box. B. Books. C. Chinese tea.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至第 12 题。

10. What example did the man give to prove his point?

- A. His aunt's example.  
B. His father's example.  
C. His own example.

11. What did the man do last month?

- A. He took part in a competition.  
B. He learned to play the violin.  
C. He taught his father to play the guitar.

12. What can be learned about Susan?

- A. She learned fast.  
B. She was a manager.  
C. She put off a meeting.

高三英语试题 第 2 页 (共 12 页)



听第9段材料,回答第13至第16题。

13. What is the key factor in windsurfing?

- A. High-quality equipment.
- B. Personal physical condition.
- C. Previous sporting experience.

14. What advice does Lily give on safety?

- A. Use noticeable board and sail.
- B. Prepare life-saving equipment.
- C. Tell someone how you can be identified.

15. What does Lily enjoy most about windsurfing?

- A. Forgetting everyday worries.
- B. Learning new techniques.
- C. Developing her muscles.

16. What might Lily do in the future?

- A. Give up windsurfing.
- B. Act as a windsurfing coach.
- C. Take part in windsurfing competitions.

听第10段材料,回答第17至第20题。

17. Which resolution did the speaker mostly stick to last year?

- A. Exercising every day.
- B. Quitting social media.
- C. Doing 20-minute housework each day.

18. How long does the speaker spend on her phone every day?

- A. One to two hours.
- B. Two to three hours.
- C. Three to four hours.

19. What percentage of people typically make New Year's resolutions?

- A. At least 25%.
- B. More than 35%.
- C. Around 45%.

20. Why do people make resolutions on January 1st?

- A. To follow the cultural tradition.
- B. To decrease the obstacles of old habits.
- C. To increase the chances of achieving their goals.

高三英语试题 第3页 (共12页)

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项选出最佳选项。

A

With its grand castle and famous festival, Edinburgh is a tourist attraction. But Scotland's capital isn't just a collection of big-ticket sights. Set on a series of extinct volcanoes and blessed with charming antique alleys and grand squares, Edinburgh distinguishes itself with long history and unique tradition.

Edinburgh isn't just worth visiting. It's worth throwing yourself into. Here's what you need to know before you dive in.

Arriving in Edinburgh

Edinburgh's airport is 13km away from the city center. Buses (cheaper), trams (quicker when the roads are busy) and taxis (good for door-to-door drop-offs) connect the final station with the city center. If you're arriving from outside Britain and you're not a UK citizen, you'll need to fill out a passenger-location form.

Booking in advance can be worth it

The earlier you book your accommodation, the better, especially during the festivals. The biggest shows, including the Tattoo, should be booked well in advance too. The world's biggest arts festival Fringe takes over the city every August. If you're going, book your accommodation months in advance and be ready to book the biggest shows early too. If you're not, avoid August. Things also get pretty busy around Hogmanay (the run-up to New Year), but the madness is shorter-lived.

Autumn, when the days are long and bright and the winds are generally mild, will suit most visitors best. But if you don't mind a spot of wet weather, come in the colder months, when walking along atmospheric streets with museums and bars.

What kind of currency do you need?

Scotland has its own banknotes, but English notes are accepted everywhere in Scotland. Card payments are now more common than cash, and they're the easiest way to pay on public transport too—if you use cash on a bus, you'll need exact change, or a pass is a good alternative.

高三英语试题 第4页 (共12页)

21. What does Edinburgh feature as a tour city?  
A. A variety of unique architecture.  
B. A series of unnoticed fancy castles.  
C. A collection of big-ticket attractions.  
D. A combination of sights and cultures.
22. Which is the best season to experience Fringe?  
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Autumn. D. Winter.
23. What kind of payment is preferred on Edinburgh's public transport?  
A. Apple pay. B. Card. C. Cheque. D. Cash.

B

Zach Conti has been taking up various jobs for four years so he could go to school. To get by and pay the bills, he had to sell his plasma, something he wouldn't have to do if he had a scholarship.

Unfortunately, Eastern Michigan University could not give any more scholarships, according to the coach of the university's football team, Chris Creighton. He shared that they're at 85 scholarships, and no matter how many times he went to the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) to apply for another one, the answer was no. Luckily, a teammate Dooley, who regards Conti as a family member, was willing to give up his scholarship and give it to Conti.

When asked why he made such a decision, Dooley mentioned he did it because he had seen Conti grow over the years. Seeing him walk away from something that he loves did not sit well with him. In his eyes, giving up his scholarship so Conti can stay and play means everything. For Conti, football was something he really loved, so ever since he got to school, he did whatever it took to stay here and stay in a good position with academics and football and everything.

When the scholarship was presented to him, Conti said he was so thankful for Dooley for his kindness and generosity though he did not expect such a big sacrifice (牺牲) from him. Creighton said he had never seen anything like that before and he was comforted by Dooley's good deed. Dooley repeated he would do it again in a heartbeat and he hoped to help Conti some more along the way. "I'm proud of what he has become and cannot wait to see what he does on the field," added Dooley.

高三英语试题 第5页 (共12页)

24. Why did Zach Conti do many jobs?  
A. To raise family. B. To gain life skills.  
C. To earn a scholarship. D. To afford the school fees.
25. What drove Dooley to give up his scholarship?  
A. Sense of responsibility. B. Willingness to help others.  
C. Eagerness of being praised. D. Recognition of sportsmanship.
26. What can be learned about Conti?  
A. He sacrificed his learning time to play football.  
B. He was worried about his college admission.  
C. He showed great sympathy for Dooley.  
D. He spared no effort to achieve his goal.
27. What does the story convey?  
A. Reach out when it is needed.  
B. Hard work will finally pay off.  
C. Opportunities lie in preparation.  
D. One can't succeed without a team.

C

Filtration (过滤) systems are designed to remove multiple harmful substances from water or air at the same time, but pollutants in soil can only be tackled individually or a few at a time—at least for now. A method developed by research center could help turn soil improvement processes from piecemeal to wholesale.

Current methods of removing pollutants from soil take a lot of time and are expensive. Some purification techniques also generate secondary waste streams and use up significant amounts of water or electricity. A team of researchers from the research center showed that mixing polluted soil with non-poisonous compounds that drive electrical current, then destroying the mix with short bursts of electricity does *flush out* both organic pollutants and heavy metals without using water or generating waste.

The electricity bring soil temperature up to 1000—3000 degrees Celsius as needed in seconds, turning organic pollutants into non-poisonous minerals and poisonous heavy metals into steam. Moreover, the process is beneficial to soil fertility (肥沃).

高三英语试题 第5页 (共12页)





"This newly established method, which we called high-temperature electrothermal process (HET), can remove multiple pollutants at a time," said Bing Deng, the leader of research team. "It was surprising to us that we do not damage the soil in the process. Being able to regenerate the soil and put it right back where it was is a huge advantage over existing technologies," said Tour. "Plants actually like it more, because of the minerals that get freed up in the thermal cycling."

According to researchers, the process worked equally well on wet soil and it was economical and environmentally friendly. They developed two models for both off-and on-site experiments, and were looking forward to taking this process to the next stage—field testing.

28. What is the problem of the existing filtration system?
- A. It is hard to operate.                      B. It worsens pollution.  
C. It is costly to repair.                      D. It consumes more time.
29. What does the underlined words "flush out" in paragraph 2 most probably mean?
- A. Leave out.    B. Make up for.    C. Get rid of.    D. Mix up.
30. How does HET help improve soil quality?
- A. By heating the soil.                      B. By adding new minerals.  
C. By integrating pollutants.              D. By pouring in more water.
31. What may the researchers agree?
- A. The new technology is still at experimental stage.  
B. The new methods have proved useful to economy.  
C. The two models have been widely used in the field.  
D. The soil is greatly improved because of the research.

D

Dive into icy depths may not sound appealing, but for enthusiasts of cold-water therapy (治疗), the benefits greatly outweigh any short-term discomfort. Participants claim jumping into or swimming in water no warmer than 15 degrees Celsius leaves them energetic and clear-headed, and even relieves pain.

Cold-water therapy has become more mainstream in recent years, in part due to the influence of Wim Hof, a famous Dutch extreme athlete who developed his own method of cold therapy coupled with conscious-breathing techniques, but it's not a new trend. 2,000 years ago, ancient Greeks used water therapy to relieve fatigue and treat fever.

高三英语试题 第7页 (共12页)

In Scandinavian countries, a traditional sauna (桑拿) session is sometimes followed by a cold swimming. Changing between hot and cold temperatures enables blood to move quicker in the skin. High-performance athletes also use ice baths or cold showers to help reduce the delayed-onset muscle pains that follows intense exercise. And recent research suggests impressive benefits for mental health and stress management.

Cold exposure increases "feel-good" hormones, says Harper Phillipie, one of a study's authors. Swimming is also good exercise and often a social activity, which helps to get rid of anxiety and allows the body to feel both pleasure and motivation. Harper has been cold-water swimming for nearly two decades and compares the stress of cold-water therapy to that of intense exercise. "Done safely, it's a pretty effective way to train the body," he says. "But if you've got a heart condition, you have to be careful."

If open water isn't your thing, consider cold showers. For those wanting to try cold-water swimming in a lake or ocean, ease into it with short exposure times—just long enough for your body to get past the shock. Never start by submerging your entire body in at once, and always swim with a friend. Gradually increase the time you spend in cold water to three or four minutes, at least once a week. "That's all you need to get the benefits," says Harper.

32. What may contribute to the popularity of cold-water therapy?
- A. Appearance anxiety.                      B. Celebrity effect.  
C. Peer pressure.                              D. Sports fever.
33. Why do the Scandinavians favor a sauna after a cold swimming?
- A. To keep their skin smooth.              B. To relieve the muscle pain.  
C. To bond closer with friends.              D. To increase their blood flow.
34. How does cold water therapy benefit Phillipie?
- A. By killing time.                              B. By lifting spirits.  
C. By removing fear.                              D. By curing diseases.
35. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?
- A. Cold swimming makes you clear-headed  
B. Tolerance training benefits intelligence  
C. Dive into coldness, stay in fitness  
D. More icy exposure, more gains

高三英语试题 第8页 (共12页)



第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Play is so much more than just a way to pass the time. Behind every game, puzzle, or imaginative scene lies a powerful force shaping a child's development. 36 Dive in, and you'll find the answer.

When children engage in play, they do more than just have fun. 37 Neural pathways, those complex networks responsible for thought, learning, and emotion, are enhanced during these leisurely activities. Dr. Jaak Panksepp, a pioneer in developmental neuroscience, highlighted in his research that playful experiences, particularly in the early years, drive the development of these neural pathways.

Beyond cognitive and emotional development, leisure activities are critical in promoting a child's physical health and flexibility. Whether running or jumping rope, or even playing Beyblades, these actions improve a child's motor skills. 38

Moreover, such physical engagements push children to be more aware of their body movements and spatial surroundings. 39 Through play, kids cultivate a symbiotic (共生的) relationship between mind and body, setting the stage for health wholly.

40 It's an essential tool that helps promote brain development, emotional understanding, physical health, creativity, and so much more. By understanding the importance of playing, you can provide your child with the best foundation for a bright and successful future.

- A. They're actively constructing their brains.
- B. But why, exactly, is play so vital for kids?
- C. That's why these activities boost physical health.
- D. Play is more than just a leisurely activity for kids.
- E. The connection serves immediate childlike wonder.
- F. The constant participation fuels physical and mental abilities.
- G. They unconsciously polish their negotiation and cooperation skills.

高三英语试题 第9页 (共12页)

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

One cold morning, Lauren Passell, who had been training for an upcoming marathon, was on her way to work. Suddenly, she 41 on an icy sidewalk and injured her leg. She 42 it was nothing big. But it turned out to be more 43 than expected.

As she tried to get up, a woman 44 from the crowd and knelt beside her. "All I remember is seeing her kind face," Passell 45. "She pushed everyone out of the way and said, 'I've got this.'"

The woman 46 herself as Sharon Evans. As Evans helped Passell up, all Passell could think about was that she needed to get to 47. But she was in terrible pain, and could 48 stand. Seeing this, Evans told Passell to 49 while she called a taxi.

Once the taxi arrived, Evans got in with her. Passell tried to tell her that it wasn't 50. But Evans insisted. When the cab pulled up to the hospital, Evans took 51. She got the wheelchair for Passell, and wheeled her in. She helped her fill out the paperwork.

When it was time for Passell to be seen by doctors, Evans 52 her. The doctors told them she needed to have an immediate 53 — if not, she couldn't have walked again.

54 Evans' help and the successful operation, Passell recovered quickly. "I might've never run again if Sharon hadn't shown so much 55," Passell said. She hoped one day she can pick someone off the sidewalk, just like Evans did for her.

- 41. A. paced B. slipped C. lay D. ran
- 42. A. figured B. doubted C. admitted D. confirmed
- 43. A. important B. embarrassing C. regretful D. serious
- 44. A. emerged B. heard C. drove D. gathered
- 45. A. argued B. recalled C. commented D. explained
- 46. A. remembered B. honored C. introduced D. identified
- 47. A. bed B. hospital C. training D. work
- 48. A. easily B. gradually C. instantly D. barely
- 49. A. keep away B. get panicked C. stay put D. break down
- 50. A. helpful B. usual C. necessary D. worthy
- 51. A. order B. control C. turn D. charge
- 52. A. accompanied B. replaced C. defended D. convinced
- 53. A. surgery B. check C. rest D. solution
- 54. A. In spite of B. Thanks to C. But for D. In case of
- 55. A. confidence B. kindness C. gratitude D. admiration

高三英语试题 第10页 (共12页)



第II卷 (听力、单项选择、阅读理解、书面表达)

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)  
阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Paper-making is traditionally believed to have been invented by Cai Lun during the Eastern Han Dynasty. Till today, the paper-making technology 56 (recognize) by the world for its remarkable contribution in promoting the development of human civilization. Though paper-making is one of the four great inventions of our country, the development of high-end watercolor paper started 57 (relative) late.

Shi Liming, 58 paper-making craftsman in Baoding, Hebei province, has been working on the development of high-quality domestic watercolor paper for more than three decades in the industry. 59 (establish) in 1992 in Baoding, Shi's factory, the Baoding Huarong Paper Factory, makes 60 (produce) not only for domestic markets but also for customers in more than 40 countries.

His factory mainly produces paper 61 watercolor, oil painting and industrial use, aimed at producing high-quality watercolor paper. While 62 (make) the watercolor paper, Shi devotes himself to showcasing the 63 (excellent) of Chinese art and craftsmanship.

Later, Shi set up the Baohong Art Museum 64 (promote) paper-related knowledge and artistic experience. The museum contains various exhibition areas for multiple functions, 65 visitors can experience making paper by hand and other interesting hand-on activities.

第四部分 写作 (满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

假定你是高中生李华。近期约泉公园正在举行花展,你的外教 Mr. Brown 非常喜爱园艺。请你写封邮件邀请他一同前往,内容包括:

- 写信目的;
- 具体内容(约定时间地点,游览计划等);
- 表达期待。

注意:

- 字数80词左右;
- 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;
- 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Mr. Brown,  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Yours,  
Li Hua

高三英语试题 第11页 (共12页)

第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面短文,根据所给情节进行续写,使之构成一个完整的故事。

It was midnight on Dec. 4. Harrison Bentzen, a student at the University of Central Lancashire, had been working on her final exam in the library and was ready to go back home for a good sleep. As she reached the bus stop, she found her bank card was missing. She searched her bag, only to find she was out of cash. It was still dark and rather cold. Her home was 20 miles away and it was impossible for her to walk home. Tired and cold, she had no idea how she was going back home.

At that time, a nearby homeless man noticed what had happened to her and was concerned for her safety. He approached Harrison with £3 in hand. "Miss, this is all I've got. Take it! Get a cab!" Harrison was deeply moved by how a homeless man with nothing could offer her his last bit of money just to help her get home. She was deeply grateful for his kindness, but could not accept the homeless man's last bit of money.

She declined the offer, but the homeless man's act of kindness stayed in Harrison's mind and heart the following week, and finally she decided to try and find him again so that she could somehow repay his kindness.

She set on a mission to find this homeless man. While searching, she learned that his name was Robbie and he was regularly kind to people around. "The more I spoke about him, the more good deeds I learned about him, such as him returning wallets untouched to pedestrians," Harrison later posted the story on her Facebook.

Harrison eventually found the kind homeless man and was able to thank him, and she learned about his situation. "He has been homeless for 7 months and needs to get back on his feet but cannot get work due to having no address... I decided to help him get off the streets and into a flat," Harrison wrote.

注意:

- 续写词数应为150个左右;
- 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Harrison shared the story online and launched a donation to help Robbie.

\_\_\_\_\_

The funds really took Robbie by surprise. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

高三英语试题 第12页 (共12页)





机密★启用前

试卷类型 A

山东名校考试联盟  
2023—2024 学年高三年级上学期期中检测  
英语试题参考答案

2023.11

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

1—5 CACBC 6—10 CBCAC 11—15 AABCA 16—20 CABAC

注意:每小题 1.5 分,凡是与答案不符者,不给分。

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

21—23 DBE 24—27 DBDA 28—31 DCAA 32—35 BDEC

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

36—40 BACFD

注意:每小题 2.5 分,凡是与答案不符者,不给分。

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

41—45 BADAB 46—50 CDDCC 51—55 DAABB

注意:每小题 1 分,凡是与答案不符者,不给分。

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

56. has been recognized 57. relatively 58. a 59. Established 60. products

61. for 62. making 63. excellence 64. to promote 65. where

注意:1. 每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分。

2. 语法填空答案唯一,请严格按照答案给分。词形、时态等错误的不得分;书写潦草无法辨识者,不得分。

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 应用文写作(满分 15 分)

应用文写作评分细则

本题满分为 15 分,按 6 个档次给分。评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次,最后给分。

一、内容要点:

1. 写信目的:邀请 Mr. Brown 一起参观花展;
2. 具体内容:约定见面的时间地点、游览安排等。
3. 表达期待:期待得到肯定回复。

二、语言:符合邀请信的语言特征。时态整体用错的分数降一个档次。

三、阅卷原则:标准统一;公正公平;得分有理,扣分有据。

四、阅卷标准:要点齐全,流畅自然,书写工整,字数符合要求。如书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。词数少于 60 和多于 120 的,从总分中减去 2 分。拼写与标点符号

高三英语试题参考答案 第 1 页 (共 7 页)

是语言准确性的一个方面,评分时,应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。

五、各档次的给分范围和要求:

档次	描述
第六档 (13-15分)	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 ——覆盖所有内容要点。 ——应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。 ——语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误,但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致,具备较强的语言运用能力。 ——有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。 完全达到了预期的写作目的。
第五档 (10-12分)	较好地完成了试题规定的任务。 ——虽漏掉1个次重点,但覆盖所有内容。 ——应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。 ——语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确,些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。 ——应用简单的语句间连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。 达到了预期的写作目的。
第四档 (7-9分)	基本完成了试题规定的任务。 ——虽漏掉一些内容,但覆盖所有内容。 ——应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。 ——有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。 ——应用简单的语句间连接成分,使全文内容连贯。 整体而言,基本达到了预期的写作目的。
第三档 (4-6分)	未适当完成试题规定的任务。 ——漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容,写了一些无关内容。 ——语法结构单调,词汇项目有限。 ——有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。 ——较少使用语句间的连接成分,内容缺少连贯性。 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。
第二档 (1-3分)	未完成试题规定的任务。 ——明显遗漏主要内容,写了一些无关内容,原因可能是未理解试题要求。 ——语法结构单调,词汇项目有限。 ——较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响对写作内容的理解。 ——缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯。 信息未能传达给读者。
第一档 (0分)	未能传达给读者任何信息;内容太少,无法评判;写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。



六、参考范文:

One possible version:

Dear Mr. Brown,

It is my great pleasure to invite you to appreciate the flower exhibition being held in Baotu Spring Park with me. I know how much you love gardening, and this flower exhibition is sure to excite and delight you.

First of all, I'd like to know whether this Saturday is convenient for you? If so, we can meet at the gate of Baotu Spring Park at 8:00. There are diversified flowers and plants here to let you taste the charm of nature. We can take selfies among those bright-colored flowers and learn some knowledge about flower cultivation.

I am sure it will be a very pleasant and unforgettable experience. Looking forward to your earliest and positive reply!

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节读后续写(满分 25 分)

读后续写评分细则

一、写作思路

1. 续写思路:

结合原文,由续写第一段首句“Harrison shared the story online and launched a donation to help Robbie.”可以预测续写第一段主要内容:Harrison 的帖子在网上引起了人们的关注。大家纷纷伸出援助之手,很快就筹到了足够的钱帮助 Robbie。Harrison 带着筹款去见 Robbie。

由第二段首句“The funds really took Robbie by surprise.”可以推测:Robbie 得知这一切的惊讶之情。他感谢大家的帮助,同时也想要用多余的善款继续帮助需要帮助的人。

2. 参考范文

One possible version:

**She shared the story online and launched a donation to help Robbie.** With the story going viral online, a large number of people were touched by how kind Robbie had been to Harrison. Donation started to pour in and the funds were increasing day by day. A hotel manager even called Harrison, offering free accommodation for Robbie. Harrison was excited about people's positive response, which was beyond her expectation. Within days, she ended up raising far enough money to pay for a flat. Harrison couldn't wait to give Robbie the funds. **The donation really took Robbie by surprise.** Moved to tears, he thanked Harrison for what she had done for him but refused to accept funds, saying that he had never expected anything in return. Harrison told Robbie it was his act of kindness that brought out the best of people and he deserved it. Hearing that, Robbie decided to give the money to a charity which could provide him with housing and then could use the excess funds to help other homeless people in their community who were in his same situation.

二、各档次给分范围及要求

档次	描述
第七档 (22-25分) 优秀	①创造了新颖、丰富、合理的内容,富有逻辑性,续写完整、合理,与原文情境融洽度高。 ②使用了多样且恰当的词汇和语法结构,表达流畅,语言错误很少,且完全不影响理解。 ③自然有效地使用了段落间、语句间衔接手段,句子结构清晰,前后呼应,意义连贯。
第六档 (18-21分) 良好	①创造了比较丰富、合理的内容,比较有逻辑性,续写比较完整、合理,与原文情境融洽度较高。 ②使用了比较多样且恰当的词汇和语法结构,表达比较流畅,有个别错误,但不影响理解。 ③比较有效地使用了语句间的衔接手段,比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
第五档 (15-17分) 及格	①创造了基本合理的内容,有一定的逻辑性,续写基本完整、合理,与原文情境相关。 ②比较恰当地使用了词汇和语法结构,表达方式不够多样化,表达有些许错误,但基本不影响理解。 ③使用了语句间的衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
第四档 (11-14分)	①创造了基本完整的故事内容,但有的情节不够合理或逻辑性不强,与原文情境基本相关。 ②使用了简单的单词和语法结构,有部分语言错误和不恰当之处,个别部分影响理解。 ③尚有语句衔接的意识,语句衔接,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。
第三档 (6-10分)	①内容逻辑有一些重大问题,续写不够完整,与原文有一定程度的脱节。 ②所写的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多且比较低级,影响理解。 ③未能有效地使用语句间的衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义欠连贯。
第二档 (1-5分)	①内容、逻辑上有较多重大问题,或部分内容抄自原文,续写不完整,与原文情境基本脱节。 ②所使用的词汇非常有限,语法结构单调,错误极多,严重影响理解。 ③几乎无使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。
第一档 (0分)	未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容全部来自原文;与题目完全不相关。

三、评分参考

1. 评卷时注重内容、意义、逻辑与衔接。
2. 关注叙述、说明、描写的生动性,兼顾语言逻辑。

注重意义的传达;语言的准确性,意义的丰富性(情节有发展);不使用单一词汇;体现“交际意图”的语言才是好语言;过分使用高级词汇,过犹不及。



听力原文

Text 1

M: Hello! Laura, how are you today?

W: Hi, Bob. I'm feeling very nervous. I just had a test and I'm not sure how well or how badly I did.

Text 2

W: The medicine we ordered has arrived. We should be careful with that big blue box. And the medicine in the red box should be kept refrigerated.

M: OK, Dr. Lin. What should we do with the gray box?

W: Oh, there are face masks in it. Just put the gray box in storage.

Text 3

M: Hello. I'd like to book a ticket to Russia on July 6th.

W: All right, sir. We have flights leaving at 8:00 a. m., 1:00 p. m. and 6:00 p. m. Which flight do you want to take?

M: I want to book a ticket for the morning, please.

Text 4

W: Look! The ticket of the film is ten dollars per person.

M: But if we have student cards, we can get in for two dollars.

W: Really? Let's have a try.

Text 5

W: David, would you like one more egg?

M: No, thanks. I'm full. I'd like some coffee.

W: Sorry, I don't have any coffee.

M: That's OK. I'll have a glass of water.

Text 6

W: Hello, sir. May I help you?

M: Yes, can I see that shirt on the left shelf please?

W: Sure. Here you are.

M: How much is it?

W: 55 dollars.

M: 55 dollars? That's too expensive.

W: How about the one next to the yellow sweater? It's cheaper and very similar to this one. It comes in three colors: white, black and green.

M: Well, white one gets dirty easily and black would make me look dull.

W: Then I'll pack the green one for you?

M: OK.

Text 7

M: Dorothy, what are your plans for Christmas?

W: Oh, it's almost Christmas. I nearly forgot. And I'm not sure what I'll do then.

高三英语试题参考答案 第5页 (共7页)

M<sub>1</sub>: Well, if you don't have any plans, you could have dinner at my house.  
W<sub>1</sub>: OK. That's very nice of you. Have you finished your shopping yet?  
M<sub>1</sub>: Not yet. I have to buy some gifts for my wife and my son. I think I'll go to the mall this Sunday.  
W<sub>1</sub>: It's going to be really crowded at the mall then. You can try shopping online.  
M<sub>1</sub>: Good idea.  
W<sub>1</sub>: What are you going to buy?  
M<sub>1</sub>: My family loves reading. So I'll get some books.  
W<sub>1</sub>: What do you like? I'm planning to buy something for you.  
M<sub>1</sub>: Really? Thanks a lot. Maybe a tea box. I bought a lot of tea from China, but I got no place to store it.  
W<sub>1</sub>: All right then.

#### Text 8

W<sub>1</sub>: Ken, what do you think is more important, hard work or talent?  
M<sub>1</sub>: They both play an important role in whatever task you do. But personally, I think hard work is more important than talent.  
W<sub>1</sub>: Why do you say so?  
M<sub>1</sub>: Well, I knew nothing about music in the past. But with the help of my father, I learned to play the violin three years ago. I have been practicing four times a week. And last month I even went on stage and won second place. I am proud of myself.  
W<sub>1</sub>: Wow, what an amazing example! But the success of so many people around me proves that talent is more important. Susan, one of my aunts, is a quick learner. I remember once she told me that she had done nothing to prepare for a meeting, but she pulled it off, because she collected all the key information she needed in a short time.  
M<sub>1</sub>: Well, maybe. But for most ordinary people, all they can do is to spend more time and energy on what they are trying to accomplish.

#### Text 9

M<sub>1</sub>: Today I have with me Lily Jenkins, who will be talking to me about windsurfing. First of all, Lily, do you need to spend a lot of time practicing before you're any good at it?  
W<sub>1</sub>: I suppose it mostly depends on the individual fitness. Previous experience in related sports may also be a contributing factor. Interestingly, buying expensive, high-quality boards doesn't seem to make much difference.  
M<sub>1</sub>: Do you have any tips about safety?  
W<sub>1</sub>: Yes, let somebody on shore know what time you're due back and, just in case the rescue services have to search for you, what colors your board and sail are so they know it's you.  
M<sub>1</sub>: What is it about windsurfing that gives you most pleasure?  
W<sub>1</sub>: Oh lots of things, such as becoming physically fitter, or discovering how to do things I'd never tried before. But if I had to choose one it'd be the way it lets you empty your mind

高三英语试题参考答案 第6页 (共7页)



of all the stress and concerns of daily life.

M: Finally, Lily, how do you see your future in windsurfing?

W: Well, I've thought of coaching but that would mean spending a lot of time in practice pools, whereas the place I like to be is the open sea, perhaps racing other people.

M: Thank you, Lily.

#### Text 10

W: Are New Year's resolutions powerful or pointless? Almost every year of my life, I've started the New Year with a set of resolutions that I've been determined to keep. The results, predictably, have been variable. Last year, I mostly kept to my fitness goal of doing 20-minute sports each day, but I failed miserably at my aim of quitting social media. According to my weekly screen-time reports, I still spend between two and three hours each day on my phone. I am far from alone in my determination to start each new year with a plan for self-improvement. At least a quarter of people typically make New Year's resolutions, and a large portion of those good wishes end in disappointment. Rationally speaking, January 1st should be no better than any other day to make a life change. So why put the needless pressure on ourselves to "upgrade" our lives at the opening of a new calendar? Recent psychological research, however, suggests that there are many good reasons to begin a new habit on the first day of a new year. That's because we can all increase our chances of sticking to our new goals for the new year.

## 关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（网址：[www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90%以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注**自主选拔在线**官方微信号：**zizzsw**。



微信搜一搜



自主选拔在线