

绝密★启用前

2023—2024 学年(上)高一年级期中考试

英 语

考生注意:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将考生号条形码贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有2分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是C。

1. What did the woman do?

A. She called a wrong number.

B. She asked for the right number.

C. She talked to a friend on the phone.

2. What does the woman have to do today?

A. Go to the exhibition.

B. Buy tickets.

C. Do some cleaning.

3. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. At home.

B. In a hotel.

C. In an office.

4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Strangers.

B. Classmates.

C. Teacher and student.

5. What does the man want to do?

A. Go to the bookstore.

B. Sell his used books.

C. Get a second-hand book.

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What do the speakers mainly talk about?

A. Space travel.

B. Their childhood.

C. Space science.

英语试题 第1页(共8页)

7. What does the woman think of movies about space?
A. Frightening. B. Interesting. C. Boring.
听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。
8. What trouble did the man have?
A. He had to walk to work.
B. He had little time to sleep.
C. His motorbike broke down.
9. When did the man get up?
A. At 4:30 am. B. At 5:00 am. C. At 5:30 am.
听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。
10. Why does the man look tired?
A. He had a bad dream last night.
B. He stayed up late last night.
C. He talked too late with a friend.
11. Who did the man talk to in the dream?
A. Tom. B. Steve. C. Mike.
12. What was the man doing in the dream?
A. Dancing. B. Seeing a film. C. Working hard.
听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。
13. What did the speakers plan to do at first?
A. Meet James. B. See the early show. C. Wait for the next show.
14. Who will the man speaker go to the gym with?
A. Jenny. B. James. C. The woman speaker.
15. Why does the man speaker refuse to see *Lost and Found in New York*?
A. He has seen it already.
B. He is not interested in it.
C. He has no time to see it.
16. What does the woman think of *Planet X*?
A. It is funny. B. It is moving. C. It is exciting.
听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。
17. What is the most special about the restaurant?
A. It needs booking ahead of time.
B. It is managed by some children.
C. It opens only for three hours.
18. What does the woman cook do now?
A. She does some cooking.
B. She trains the kids.
C. She looks after the kids.
19. What is a child's meal like?
A. It is cheaper.
B. It is much more delicious.
C. It is healthier.
20. When can you be served in the restaurant?
A. On Saturday afternoons. B. On Sunday afternoons. C. On Sunday evenings.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

You are invited to join Film Fans, the Museum's membership group for movie lovers. Members of Film Fans receive special rights, such as free admission(入场费) and chances to meet industry experts.

The Museum of Fine Arts Houston (MFAH) has celebrated cinema as an art form since 1939. Brown Auditorium Theater, designed by famous museum designer Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, offers an excellent moviegoing experience in the Caroline Wiess Law Building. The theater was named Houston's "Best Place to See Vintage Flicks" by the *Houston Press* for two years. The Lynn Wyatt Theater is positioned in the Nancy and Rich Kinder Building, designed by Steven Holl Architects.

▶ Join Film Fans online or by calling 713-639-7550.

▶ Already a Film Fans member? Be sure to keep your email address up-to-date to make sure you receive film passes, the latest news, and more!

▶ Single (\$75 MFAH members, \$85 nonmembers)

10 free admissions, after which admission to most films is discounted(打折) to \$5.

▶ Double (\$135 MFAH members, \$150 nonmembers)

20 free admissions (10 per person), plus extra benefits listed above.

▶ Final Film Supporter (\$1,000)

Free admission for up to four people for most films throughout the year, plus extra benefits listed above.

Film Fans

For information about Single and Double memberships to Film Fans, contact *membership@mfaah.org* or 713-639-7550.

For information about Final Film Supporter memberships, contact Tracy Stephenson at *tstephenson@mfaah.org* or 713-639-7531.

General Inquiries

For information about film screenings, tickets, or other information about attending films at the Museum, contact *guestservices@mfaah.org* or 713-639-7300.

Parking Info for Film Fans

Parking can be got in three garages: 1144 Binz Street, 5101 Montrose Boulevard, and 5500 Main Street. For more information, contact *parking@mfaah.org*.

21. How much does a person have to pay to get free admissions as a nonmember?
A. \$75. B. \$85. C. \$135. D. \$150.
22. Which should you contact if you need information about tickets?
A. *guestservices@mfaah.org*. B. *membership@mfaah.org*.
C. *tstephenson@mfaah.org*. D. *parking@mfaah.org*.
23. What's the author's purpose in writing the text?
A. To show the schedule of new movies.
B. To advertise and introduce new films.
C. To introduce some activities held by Film Fans.
D. To encourage readers to become members of Film Fans.

B

A man who lives alone in the Rocky Mountains has become a hero for climate scientists because of his unusual hobby. The man is called Billy Barr—he writes his name with small b's—

and for 50 years he has been the only person who kept living in Gothic, a small town in Colorado.

In the summer of 1973, Billy decided he wasn't happy in the regular world, so he moved to Gothic, where he felt more relaxed. Every summer, scientists come to Gothic's Rocky Mountain Biological Laboratory (生物实验室)—or RMBL—for research. But in winter, Billy is alone. Having little to do, Billy started keeping records of snow levels, temperatures and animal sightings. For Billy this was fun. He has always liked numbers. So he continued keeping records—for 50 years.

Over time, he started working at the RMBL, looking after the place and keeping records. He made the laboratory his home, and became friends with the scientists. One day, Billy mentioned his hobby to a scientist, who asked to see his records and realized at once how important they were. Those records of fifty years show climate change and its effects very clearly: Winters are getting warmer, and the snow is disappearing earlier. Now Billy's records have been used in many academic papers and there's a short film about him called *The Snow Guardian*. He still keeps his records, but now he uses Excel and a website instead of notebooks.

Although he has other hobbies, like playing cricket and watching Bollywood movies, his records have made him famous among climate scientists. But why does he write his name with small b's? Well, Billy said that it felt more comfortable. "I live a quiet little life," he said. "And I enjoy it."

24. Why did Billy move to Gothic?

- A. He didn't get along with his family. B. The life there was relaxing.
C. He applied for a job there. D. He dreamed of being a scientist.

25. What made Billy start keeping the records at first?

- A. To do his duty. B. To make a living.
C. To fight against loneliness. D. To study climate change.

26. Which of the following best describes Billy's records?

- A. Common. B. Formal. C. Useful. D. Boring.

27. What can we learn from Billy's story?

- A. Nothing can stop us from realizing our dreams.
B. Success means getting personal needs satisfied.
C. Life is not perfect, but that's what makes it interesting.
D. With love and patience, everyone can make a difference.

C

A small recording room outside the Congolese capital Kinshasa has become a safe space for homeless teenagers. They sing about their life on the streets and dream of a better future. The homeless sing about their childhood, living conditions, and living experiences at the Mokili Na Poche cultural center. It is a safe space that allows young people and children to wash and eat.

"It really makes me happy when I sing," said 19-year-old Mavakala. He has slept on the streets for years. There are more than 20,000 homeless children in Kinshasa. Other teenagers looked on with happiness as Mavakala turned on the recording equipment at the center in late August.

Mavakala dreams of bigger goals after having the chance to record in a real recording space. He said, "It stimulates me and I tell myself—ah, life belongs to(属于) brave persons." He added that U. S. rapper Lil Wayne and Congolese star Fally Ipupa influenced his music.

He has been coming to the center for the past three years, taking part in the music, art, and reading classes it offers throughout the day. Founder Cedrick Tshimbalanga hopes these skills and daily experiences will help the children build a base for their life and their voices.

“With music, young people are able to talk about their daily experience—everything they live through daily: happiness and sadness,” said Tshimbalanga, who plans to release(发行)their music soon.

The classes are also a chance for young people to make up for lost chances in life. While the Democratic Republic of Congo has made progress in education, over 7 million children aged between 5 and 17 still do not have schooling, UNICEF found.

“Break free from the homeless life, my friend. It’s time to see what the future holds for you,” Mavakala sang during an excitement-filled performance at the center in August.

28. What do the homeless children do at the cultural center?
- A. Meet some famous musicians.
B. Express their feelings through songs.
C. Find a suitable job to support themselves.
D. Protect themselves from any possible dangers.
29. What does the underlined word “stimulates” in paragraph 3 mean?
- A. Encourages. B. Worries. C. Surprises. D. Warns.
30. What is Tshimbalanga’s goal in doing his work?
- A. To offer children a happy childhood.
B. To prevent poor children sleeping in the street.
C. To prepare the homeless for a better future.
D. To train young people to become future artists.
31. What are the words of Mavakala’s song used to do?
- A. Remind people to make up for the lost chances.
B. Tell about the difficult life of the homeless.
C. Describe his hope for the wonderful life.
D. Call on those in trouble to change their lives.

D

Alaska’s Mendenhall glacier(冰川) is about 20 minutes by car from Juneau, the state capital. It is one of the area’s most popular sites for tourists. But climate change has caused the ice to melt(融化). That means it is losing more snow and ice than it gains.

Experts guess that by 2050, people will not be able to see the Mendenhall glacier from the visitor center that was built for it. That is already the case at some other glacier visitor centers in Alaska. The disappearing glacier leads to problems for the Alaskan tourism industry.

Tourism is an important part of Juneau’s economy. About 1.6 million cruise ship passengers are expected to stop in Juneau in 2023. That is the most ever in one year. On especially busy days, 20,000 people arrive each day in the city that has only 30,000 full-time people. Cruise ships are large boats with sleeping places that carry tourists from one place to another. Many cruises start a week-long trip to Alaska in either Seattle, Washington, or Vancouver, Canada.

Manoj Pillai is a cruise ship worker from India. He recently got off his ship and went to see the Mendenhall glacier. “The glacier is so beautiful now,” he said. But he wondered what it looked like 10 or 20 years ago.

Jennifer Dumas lives in Washington, D. C. She knows what Alaska’s glaciers looked like in the past. She and her husband first visited the state and its glaciers in the 1990s. She talked about seeing the Mendenhall glacier over 20 years ago. She went to Glacier Bay National Park and spent the night near the Mendenhall glacier.

“Where we used to camp, you could see the glacier. It has retreated(退缩) so far that you can’t see the glacier anymore. So we have pictures of us in front of the glacier, but you can no longer take such pictures,” Jennifer said.

32. How does the author stress the importance of tourism to Alaska?
A. By listing the number of tourists.
B. By showing the great benefit from tourism.
C. By describing native people's living conditions.
D. By sharing the governments' support.
33. What does the underlined word "it" in paragraph 4 refer to?
A. The ship. B. India. C. The glacier. D. Juneau.
34. What does the author want to express by mentioning Jennifer Dumas?
A. The tourism value of the glacier. B. The glacier is melting quickly.
C. The glacier is losing its attraction. D. The memory of visiting the glacier.
35. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
A. Alaska's Glaciers May Disappear in the Future
B. Alaska Is Challenged by Too Many Tourists
C. It's Time to Take Action to Stop Global Warming
D. Climate Change Influences Alaska's Tourism Industry

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

House Plants That Are Easy to Grow

Jessica Damiano is an expert at taking care of plants. She writes stories about how to keep plants in good condition. 36 She said it is not that she does not know how to take care of these house plants, but that she just paid no attention to them. She added that the plants are among the hardest to keep alive.

As a result, Damiano chooses house plants that need the least amount of care for her home. 37 She also raises plants that grow well with limited light, and can be moved around. Also, these sorts of house plants are best for beginners to grow.

Chinese evergreen is a beautiful house plant that does well in low-light conditions. Damiano said all you need to do is keep the plant's soil lightly wet at all times and fertilize(施肥) every other month over the winter and every month for the rest of the year.

The cast iron plant is as strong as its name sounds. Damiano said it does not even want your attention. 38 It prefers electric light or light from a north-facing window. Let the soil dry out between waterings and fertilize every other month in summer and autumn and just once during the winter.

One house plant, the aloe plant, can be used for treating burns. 39 That liquid(液体) not only protects burned skin, but also the plant. Just place it by a window that provides bright, indirect sunlight and water it every three weeks, and less often during winter.

Similar plants called succulents share aloe plants' ability to store water within their leaves. 40 Most also share aloe plants' lack of requirements, making them a good fit for new plant parents.

- A. Avoid providing too much sunlight.
B. But even she has killed house plants.
C. These house plants usually need much attention.
D. She looks for plants that grow well with very little water.
E. There are many other house plants that need little water and sunlight.
F. These sorts of plants usually do well where conditions are dry and warm.
G. When necessary, just cut open a leaf and use the juice from within on an injury.

英语试题 第6页(共8页)

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I was driving my daughter to the nearest airport to take a trip with her basketball trainer. After dropping her off at the airport, my sons and I 41 at a McDonald's to have lunch.

We found a table and I went to 42. Most of the workers there were teenagers. However, working at the cash register was a much 43 lady. Maybe she was over 70, and she looked like everybody's 44.

Each person that came up to give their order was given a 45 and a few kind words. It 46 me to see how she lighted up the whole restaurant with her good manners. When it was my 47, I smiled back and told her that she had the sweetest smile I'd ever seen. She 48, tapped me on the hand and said jokingly, "It's 49, Sweetie!"

When I was driving home, I could still feel her 50 in my heart and see her smile in my mind. And I could feel myself smiling too. When we drove back to 51 my daughter a few days later, we stopped at the McDonald's again. I looked for the 52 with the sweet smile but she was 53. Maybe she wasn't working that day or maybe she had moved on to bless others. Remembering our brief encounter always brings a smile back to my face.

It is funny how we work so hard to make money to get things but the things we want the most can't be 54. They are freely given and joyfully received. Love, smiles, hugs, laughter, happiness, and joy are all free. They are the 55 we give each other. May we always share and delight in them.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 41. A. exercised | B. looked | C. stopped | D. talked |
| 42. A. help | B. order | C. report | D. eat |
| 43. A. older | B. healthier | C. prettier | D. stronger |
| 44. A. neighbour | B. teacher | C. sister | D. grandma |
| 45. A. suggestion | B. smile | C. toy | D. picture |
| 46. A. warmed | B. challenged | C. stressed | D. calmed |
| 47. A. excuse | B. duty | C. job | D. turn |
| 48. A. repeated | B. continued | C. laughed | D. doubted |
| 49. A. interesting | B. free | C. attractive | D. necessary |
| 50. A. kindness | B. honesty | C. patience | D. effort |
| 51. A. search for | B. cheer for | C. watch over | D. pick up |
| 52. A. teenager | B. lady | C. friend | D. trainer |
| 53. A. sick | B. nervous | C. absent | D. surprised |
| 54. A. bought | B. prepared | C. saved | D. shared |
| 55. A. promises | B. explanation | C. honor | D. gifts |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式,并将答案填写在答题卡上。

The way of life in Juxi village in Zhejiang Province shows a hidden link to Confucius, even though the villagers have respected their 56 (tradition) culture for centuries.

A village called Juxi 57 (lie) in the mountainous areas of Jinhua, Zhejiang Province. Unknown to many, the village has preserved (保存) a centuries-old 58 (connect) with Confucius.

It is recorded that in 1130, a member of Confucius' 48th generation, Kong Duangong, looked for 59 place safe from the war and settled in Jinhua. And his later generations still live in the village, making it the 60 (large) living group of the later generations of Confucius in Jiangnan, the area south of the lower reaches of the Yangtze River.

Liu Yilan is director of public education at the Art Museum of the China Academy of Art in Hangzhou. When she 61 (take) to Jinhua during a field trip and saw the ancient tree believed to have been planted by Kong Duangong, she 62 (immediate) recognized that the village was far from ordinary.

"We went to the Confucius temple 63 ancient objects belonging to the children of Confucius are protected, and learned their deeply moving stories of 64 (travel) to this place and keeping family traditions," Liu says.

Along with her team, Liu paid a visit 65 the villagers, learned their traditions, and studied how they stick to the traditions of Confucianism and still follow them in their everyday lives.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假定你是李华,对世界各地的英语很感兴趣,想请外教 Mr. Smith 在课堂上加以介绍。请你给他写一封电子邮件,内容包括:

1. 介绍你的兴趣;
2. 提出你的请求。

注意:1. 写作词数应为80个左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Mr. Smith,



V...



Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I was in my early twenties. I had graduated from college with a degree in Education but still couldn't find a full-time teaching job. I only did short-time jobs here and there in different schools. I waited each morning then for the phone to ring so that I could work as a substitute(替补者) that day.

It wasn't easy. One day I would be teaching high school science and the next day I would be running after little kids in a kindergarten around the playground. This time I found myself in a local grade school working as a 5th grade teacher for the day. Although it was a short-time job, I was determined not to just slide by carelessly.

I went over the lesson plans, taught the subjects, and stayed positive with the students. I smiled, praised the kids when they got something right, and encouraged them if they didn't. I was determined to learn from the great teachers I had when I was a boy and not the critical(挑剔的) ones who always left me feeling bad.

At the end of the day, I designed a little goodbye program for the students. I had prepared dozens of small paper bags in advance, each containing a chocolate bar and a small card with encouraging messages, such as "Where there is a will, there is a way" "A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step" and "A friend in need is a friend indeed". The cards also had my names on them.

The students were very excited and happy about this activity. They excitedly opened the paper bags of the gifts and ate the chocolates while reading the words on the cards. They also exchanged cards and read different sayings. In this way, I gave the children a happy day.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 个左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Just as the students got on the bus after school, a girl handed me a note. _____

Many years later, when I was a schoolmaster, a young woman came in for a job. _____

英语试题 第 8 页(共 8 页)

2023—2024 学年(上)高一年级期中考试

英语·答案

听力原文

Text 1

M: Hello, you've reached 455-9873. Please leave a message, and I'll get back to you as soon as I can.

W: Oh, I'm sorry. I was trying to reach 455-9877. Please pardon me.

Text 2

M: Do you want to go to the art exhibition with us today?

W: No. Saturday is house cleaning day for me. The last day of the exhibition is Tuesday. Let's go tomorrow.

Text 3

M: I've got the eggs, potatoes, and cakes. What about cheese?

W: It's right here. I've already made coffee. Why don't you make a fruit salad while I start on this egg dish?

Text 4

M: Oh, it's lunchtime! My stomach was making noises loudly during Mrs. Smith's class.

W: Aha. I think she also heard the noises. She looked at you several times.

Text 5

M: What are you doing with those books? Don't you need them for your classes?

W: These are last year's. I'm selling them back to the bookstore. I'm heading there now before I go home.

M: Can I take a quick look at them? I may be able to use your chemistry book.

Text 6

W: Bob, are you interested in space travel?

M: I'm really interested in space travel because since my childhood I have been very interested in stars, the moon, and other things about space, so I wish I could travel to space one day. How about you, Susan?

W: Well, stories and movies about space bring a lot of fun for me, but if I have to go for a space travel, that would be frightening, isn't it?

Text 7

W: Hmm, sleeping on the job, Edwin? You must have a busy social life.

M: Ah, oh! No! My motorbike is in the shop being repaired. So I had to get up at 5:00 am, walked to the station and then took a train downtown. Next, I took the bus. Finally I had to walk again for about 15 minutes. It took about two hours altogether.

W: So when will your motorbike be fixed?

M: In one week.

Text 8

W: You look tired. Did you stay up late last night? I know you're busy with your work.

M: No. I went to bed early. But I had a strange dream last night.

W: Really? Do you remember it?

M: Yes. In my dream I saw a man, but I couldn't recognize who he was because I couldn't see his face. I thought it was Tom or Steve, because they were of the same height. Then I began talking to him and found that he was Mike.

W: And then what happened?

M: We began dancing like ballet dancers. Suddenly I fell down on the floor, and then I woke up. I felt very tired and scared. And you know what? I got two tickets from Mike to a show tonight... *The New York City Ballet!*

Text 9

M: Oh, bad luck! The early show of *Dangerous City* is sold out. What are we going to do now?

W: Let's see... well, maybe we should wait for the next show.

M: I can't. I'm meeting James tonight. We're going to the new gym together.

W: Oh, I remember that I'm seeing Jenny tonight. We're going to study together.

M: Well... why don't we see *Beyond Everest*? It's a new action-adventure movie. My friends were totally amazed.

W: But I'm not interested in all that action. What's *Lost and Found in New York* about?

M: I saw it last week. So I'm not seeing it again.

W: OK. How about *Planet X*?

M: No. I can't stand such kind of movies.

W: Really? I love them. I think they are exciting. Remember *Star Wars*? Now it becomes a classic.

M: Not for me. I slept the whole time during the movie.

Text 10

W: There is a special children restaurant. It is run totally by the children. From the manager to the cooks, waiters or waitresses and other working members are all children from 6 to 12 years old. They themselves do all the necessary work such as cooking and cleaning. These children are chosen in Amsterdam. After training, they may serve in the restaurant for four weeks. All of them are willing to work there and they are very proud of the work.

This restaurant was set up in 1983 by a woman cook, who wanted to give the children chances to learn to be useful to the society. And now she is the only adult there, but her job is just to take care of the children.

The restaurant is welcomed almost by everyone. Since there are only 20 seats in the restaurant, it is always very full. So you should make a booking months in advance. The cost of a meal differs according to the guests. It is usually 4 US dollars for each adult, but much cheaper for the children. And its business hours are only on Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoons.

(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

1—5 ACABC 6—10 ABCBA 11—15 CABBA 16—20 CBCAB

(共 20 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 50 分)

文章大意:本文是一篇应用文,主题语境是人与社会。文章介绍了成为“电影迷”的会员的一些相关信息。

21. 答案 B

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据 Single 一段的内容可知,单人票(MFAH 会员 75 美元,非会员 85 美元),成为会员后可获得 10 次免票机会,超过 10 次后,大多数电影的门票都打折到 5 美元。

22. 答案 A

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据 General Inquiries 一段的内容可知,有关电影放映、门票或其他在博物馆观看电影的信息,请联系 guestservices@mfa.org 或 713-639-7300。

23. 答案 D



命题透析 推理判断题。

思路点拨 通读文章,尤其是第一段第一句的内容可知,作者的目的是鼓励读者成为“影迷”会员。

文章大意: 本文是一篇记叙文。主题语境是人与自我。文章讲述了 Billy 因为厌烦世俗间的生活,到山中隐居。无聊之余,开始记录山中的气候变化。结果他这些记录在 50 年后成为了宝贵的研究资料。

24. 答案 B

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据第二段首句中的“where he felt more relaxed”可知,他搬到 Gothic 是因为那儿的生活令他感到放松。

25. 答案 C

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据第二段的“*But in winter, Billy is alone. Having little to do, Billy started keeping records of snow levels, temperatures and animal sightings.*”可知,Billy 开始记录这些资料是为了打发寂寞。

26. 答案 C

命题透析 推理判断题。

思路点拨 根据第三段中的“*One day, Billy mentioned his hobby to a scientist, who asked to see his records and realized at once how important they were. ... Now Billy's records have been used in many academic papers*”可知,Billy 的这些记录非常有用。

27. 答案 D

命题透析 推理判断题。

思路点拨 阅读短文可知,Billy 50 年来坚持记录这些资料,足见他的耐心。再根据最后一段“*‘I live a quiet little life,’ he said. ‘And I enjoy it.’*”可知,他喜欢做这件事。这些资料在学术界发挥了巨大影响。因此本文告诉我们的是:有了爱和耐心,每个人都可以有所作为。

文章大意: 本文是一篇说明文,主题语境是人与社会。文章讲述了一个救助流浪孩子的文化中心。刚果首都金沙萨外的一个小录音室已经成为无家可归的青少年的安全空间。他们唱着自己在街头的生活,梦想着更美好的未来。

28. 答案 B

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据第一段的内容可知,他们唱着自己在街头的生活,梦想着更美好的未来。在莫基利纳波齐文化中心,无家可归者唱着他们的童年、生活条件和生活经历。即用歌曲表达他们的情感。

29. 答案 A

命题透析 词义猜测题。

思路点拨 根据此处前后文的内容可知,他说:“这激励着我,我告诉自己:啊,生活属于勇敢的人。”此处 stimulate 的意思是“鼓励”,与 encourage 同义。

30. 答案 C

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据第四段最后一句的内容可知,创始人 Cedrick Tshimbalanga 希望这些技能和日常经历能帮助孩子们为他们的生活和声音打下基础。即让无家可归者为他们更好的未来做好准备。

31. 答案 D

命题透析 细节理解题。

思路点拨 根据最后一段的内容可知,“从无家可归的生活中解脱出来吧,我的朋友,是时候看看你的未来了,”马瓦卡拉今年 8 月在该中心一场充满激情的表演中唱道。即马瓦卡拉的歌词呼吁那些陷入困境的人改变他们的生活。



文章大意:本文是一篇说明文,主题语境是人与自然。文章讲述了气候变化对阿拉斯加旅游业的影响。阿拉斯加的门登霍尔冰川距离该州首府朱诺约 20 分钟车程。它是该地区最受游客欢迎的景点之一。但是气候变化导致了冰的融化和冰川的退缩。

32. 答案 A

命题透析 推理判断题。

思路点拨 根据第三段的内容可知,旅游业是朱诺经济的重要组成部分。2023 年,预计约有 160 万游客乘游轮到达朱诺。这是有史以来最多的一年。在特别繁忙的日子里,每天有 2 万人来到这个只有 3 万常住人口的城市。即作者通过列举游客的人数来强调旅游业对阿拉斯加的重要性。

33. 答案 C

命题透析 代词指代题。

思路点拨 根据前面的内容可知,Manoj Pillai 是一名来自印度的游轮工作人员。他最近下船去看门登霍尔冰川。“冰川现在太美了,”他说。但他想知道,10 年或 20 年前,它是什么样子的。此处 it 指的是门登霍尔冰川。

34. 答案 B

命题透析 推理判断题。

思路点拨 根据最后两段的内容可知,Jennifer Dumas 20 年前来参观过冰川,她说,“在我们过去露营的地方,你可以看到冰川。它退缩得如此之远,以至于你再也看不到冰川了。所以我们有我们在冰川前的照片,但是你不能再拍这样的照片了。”这说明冰川融化得非常快。

35. 答案 D

命题透析 标题归纳题。

思路点拨 根据第一、二段的内容可知,文章谈论的话题是气候变化影响阿拉斯加的旅游业。气候变化导致了冰的融化和冰川的退缩。冰川的消失给阿拉斯加的旅游业带来了问题。

文章大意:本文是一篇说明文,主题语境是人与自然。文章谈论的话题是易于种植的室内植物。Jessica Damiano 是照顾植物的专家。她写了一些关于如何让植物保持良好状态的故事。

36. 答案 B

命题透析 考查上下文衔接。

思路点拨 根据后面一句的内容可知,她说,她不是不知道如何照顾这些室内植物,而是没有关注它们。由此得出前面一句的意思是:但就连她也养死过室内植物。

37. 答案 D

命题透析 考查上下文衔接。

思路点拨 根据前面一句的内容可知,因此,Damiano 选择了最不需要关注的室内植物。此处承接上文,意思是:她寻找那些在很少水的情况下也能长得很好的植物。

38. 答案 A

命题透析 考查上下文衔接。

思路点拨 根据下句“*It prefers electric light or light from a north-facing window.*”可知,它更喜欢电灯的光或者朝北方向的窗户透过的光,由此推测这种植物不需要太多的光。

39. 答案 G

命题透析 考查上下文衔接。

思路点拨 根据前面的“*One house plant, the aloe plant, can be used for treating burns.*”可知,一种室内植物,芦荟,可以用来治疗烧伤。此处承接上文,意思是:必要的时候,只要切开一片叶子,把汁液涂在伤口上。

40. 答案 F

命题透析 考查上下文衔接。

思路点拨 根据前面一句的内容可知,类似的多肉植物和芦荟一样能在叶子中储存水分。此处承接上文,意思是:这些植物通常在干燥和温暖的环境中生长得很好。

(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

文章大意:本文是记叙文,主题语境是人与社会。文章讲述了作者带儿子去就餐,期间遇到一位一直微笑服务的上了年纪的女士。她的善良打动了作者。

41. 答案 C

命题透析 考查动词。

思路点拨 把她送到机场后,“我”和儿子们在一家麦当劳停下来吃午饭。

42. 答案 B

命题透析 考查动词。

思路点拨 “我们”找到了一张桌子,然后“我”去点餐。

43. 答案 A

命题透析 考查形容词。

思路点拨 然而,在收银台工作的是一位年长得多的女士

44. 答案 D

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 也许她已经 70 多岁了,看起来就像每个人的奶奶

45. 答案 B

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 每个前来点餐的人都得到了她灿烂的微笑和一些好话。

46. 答案 A

命题透析 考查动词。

思路点拨 看到她的彬彬有礼照亮了整个饭店,“我”心里暖暖的。

47. 答案 D

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 轮到“我”点菜时,“我”回以微笑。

48. 答案 C

命题透析 考查动词。

思路点拨 她笑了笑,轻轻拍了“我”的手,开玩笑地说,“它是免费的,亲爱的。”

49. 答案 B

命题透析 考查形容词。

思路点拨 参考上题解析。下文最后一段有提示。

50. 答案 A

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 当“我”开车回家的时候,“我”仍然能在“我”的心里感受到她的善良,在“我”的脑海里看到她的微笑。

51. 答案 D

命题透析 考查动词短语。

思路点拨 几天后,当“我们”开车回去接女儿时,又在麦当劳停了下来。

52. 答案 B

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 “我”寻找着那位面带甜美微笑的女士。

53. 答案 C

命题透析 考查形容词。

思路点拨 但她不在。她那天可能不工作或者去其他地方祝福其他人了。

54. 答案 A

命题透析 考查动词。

思路点拨 有趣的是,“我们”努力工作赚钱买东西,但“我们”最想要的东西却不能被买到。

55. 答案 D

命题透析 考查名词。

思路点拨 爱、微笑、拥抱、笑声、幸福和快乐都是免费的。它们是“我们”彼此给予对方的礼物。

(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

文章大意:本文是一篇说明文,主题语境是人与社会 文章介绍了孔子后代为躲避战乱迁居到浙江的一个村庄、一直生活到现在的故事。

56. 答案 traditional

命题透析 考查词性转换。

思路点拨 此处用形容词形式作定语,修饰名词 culture。

57. 答案 lies

命题透析 考查动词时态。

思路点拨 此处句子主语是 village,表示一般情况,谓语动词用一般现在时的单三形式。

58. 答案 connection

命题透析 考查词性转换。

思路点拨 此处用名词形式作动词 preserved 的宾语。

59. 答案 a

命题透析 考查冠词。

思路点拨 此处用不定冠词 a 表示泛指,修饰名词 place。

60. 答案 largest

命题透析 考查形容词最高级。

思路点拨 此处 largest 是形容词 large 的最高级;由前面的 the 和后面的 in Jiangnan 可知应用最高级形式。

61. 答案 was taken

命题透析 考查动词时态、语态及主谓一致。

思路点拨 此处句子主语是 she,为单三形式,与动词 take 是被动关系,且表示过去发生的动作。

62. 答案 immediately

命题透析 考查词性转换。

思路点拨 此处用副词修饰动词。

63. 答案 where

命题透析 考查定语从句。

思路点拨 此处为定语从句,先行词为 temple,引导词在句中作状语,故填 where。



64. 答案 travel(l)ing

命题透析 考查非谓语动词。

思路点拨 此处用动词-ing形式作介词of的宾语。

65. 答案 to

命题透析 考查介词。

思路点拨 pay a visit to是固定短语,意思是“拜访”。

写作第一节(满分15分)

One possible version:

Dear Mr. Smith,

I am Li Hua, a student who has a keen interest in the various forms of English spoken around the world. I find the differences in language dialects and accents fascinating, and I hope that you can assist me in this endeavor.

I would be grateful if you could introduce different English dialects and accents in our classroom. By exploring the English language's global variations, I believe we can enhance our understanding of the English language and the culture behind it.

Thank you for considering my request. I am looking forward to an exciting exploration of English in our class.

Yours,

Li Hua

评分原则

1. 本题总分为15分,按5个档次给分。
2. 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
3. 词数少于60的,从总分中减去2分。
4. 评分时,应注意的主要内容为:内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的丰富性和准确性、上下文的连贯性及语言的得体性。
5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面,评分时,应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
6. 如书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。
7. 内容要点可用不同方式表达,对紧扣主题的适当发挥不予扣分。

【各档次的给分范围和要求】

第五档:(13—15分)

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 覆盖所有内容要点。
3. 应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误,但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致;具备较强的语言运用能力。
5. 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。
6. 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第四档:(10—12分)

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉1、2个次重点,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

4. 语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确,些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。
6. 达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档:(7—9分)

1. 基本完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉一些内容,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文内容连贯。
6. 整体而言,基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第二档:(4—6分)

1. 未恰当完成试题规定的任务。
2. 漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容,写了一些无关内容。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇知识有限。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。
5. 较少使用语句间的连接成分,内容缺少连贯性。
6. 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

第一档:(1—3分)

1. 未完成试题规定的任务。
2. 明显遗漏主要内容,写了一些无关内容,原因可能是未理解试题要求。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇知识有限。
4. 较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响对写作内容的理解。
5. 缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯。
6. 信息未能传达给读者。

不得分:(0分)

未能传达给读者任何信息;内容太少,无法评判;所写内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

写作第二节(满分25分)

One possible version:

Just as the students got on the bus after school, a girl handed me a note. I didn't open it until they all left. It was a lovely drawing full of childlike wonder and a note that said, "You are the best teacher I have ever had!" My mouth fell open in shock. It really amazed me that I had touched that girl's heart so deeply. I took that note home and put it in a book. Every time I felt down or discouraged, I would take it out and look at it. It always made me smile.

Many years later, when I was a schoolmaster, a young woman came in for a job. She seemed very surprised to see me, saying excitedly, "It's you! My dear teacher!" I looked at her, not recognizing her. She reminded me, "Do you remember the little girl who handed you a note many years ago?" I knew who she was at once. I was so surprised. It is her note that has inspired me all these years. We talked a lot about the encouragement we received from each other. The next day, she came to my school to teach. How small actions can make a difference to others!

评分原则

1. 本题总分为25分,按5个档次给分。
2. 评分时,先根据所续写短文的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次,

最后给分。

3. 词数少于130的,从总分中减去2分。
4. 评分时,应主要从以下四个方面考虑:
 - (1)与所给短文及段落开头语的衔接程度;
 - (2)内容的丰富性;
 - (3)应用语法结构和词汇的丰富性和准确性;
 - (4)上下文的连贯性。
5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个重要方面,评分时,应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。
6. 如书写较差以致影响交际,可将分数降低一个档次。

【各档次的给分范围和要求】

第五档:(21—25分)

1. 与所给短文融洽度高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接合理。
2. 所使用语法结构和词汇丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但完全不影响意义表达。
3. 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

第四档:(16—20分)

1. 与所给短文融洽度较高,与所提供各段落开头语衔接较为合理。
2. 所使用语法结构和词汇较为丰富、准确,可能有些许错误,但不影响意义表达。
3. 比较有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使所续写短文结构紧凑。

第三档:(11—15分)

1. 与所给短文关系较为密切,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接。
2. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求,虽有一些错误,但不影响意义表达。
3. 应用简单的语句间连接成分,使全文内容连贯。

第二档:(6—10分)

1. 与所给短文有一定的关系,与所提供各段落开头语有一定程度的衔接。
2. 语法结构单调,词汇项目有限,有些语法结构和词汇方面的错误,影响了意义的表达。
3. 较少使用语句间的连接成分,全文内容缺少连贯性。

第一档:(1—5分)

1. 与所提供短文和开头语的衔接较差。
2. 语法结构单调,词汇项目很有限,有较多语法结构和词汇方面的错误,严重影响了意义的表达。
3. 缺乏语句间的连接成分,全文内容不连贯。

不得分:(0分)

白卷、内容太少无法评判或所写内容与所提供内容无关。



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