

2024 届高三年级 11 月份大联考

英语试题

本试题卷共 8 页。全卷满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前, 先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上, 并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答: 每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答: 用签字笔直接写在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Lend a hand

Mind Yourself

The Rotunda Hospital's Autumn Charity Lunch will take place on Friday, October 20 at the Round Room, Mansion House, Dublin. Tickets for The Mind Event; a fundraising event for women's mental health are €150 and include a drinks reception and music by Robbie Doyle.

Book your ticket on eventbrite. ie.

Stop the Pain

If you've ever considered donating to the Irish Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (ISPCA), now is the time. During the first quarter of 2023, the ISPCA witnessed an 80 percent rise in animals under care. The charity's Urgent National Emergency Appeal needs to fundraise €500,000 to house dogs in private animal shelters or temporary facilities.

Visit ispa.ie to donate.

Dublin Mountain Walk

Fasten up your hiking boots at the Glencullen Adventure Park on Sunday June 25 to raise vital funds for One in Four, a charity that works with adults impacted by childhood abuse through the provision of treatment, advocacy and prevention services. You'll need to set up a fundraising page and aim to raise €100 in donations.

Book your place on oneinfour.ie.

Dementia Podcast

Fresh off the airwaves is the DemTalks podcast hosted by the Alzheimer Society of Ireland. Listeners can expect to hear stories that inspire, inform, and encourage dialogue on various topics, including carer identity, home care, and caring in the LGBTQ+ community.

DemTalks is available for streaming at pod.link.

1. What sets the activity Stop the Pain apart from others?
 - A. Raising funds.
 - B. Appealing for love.
 - C. Caring for animals.
 - D. Establishing a page.
2. What's the purpose of Dementia Podcast?
 - A. To warn.
 - B. To educate.
 - C. To advertise.
 - D. To blame.
3. Which site will you access if you are concerned about women's mental health?
 - A. eventbrite. ie
 - B. ispca. ie
 - C. oneinfour. ie
 - D. pod. link

B

So far during her television career, Julia Louis-Dreyfus has been nominated (提名) for 26 Emmy Awards and has won 11. And at 62, her dance card remains full. "I actually have to pinch (掐) myself because it's incredible that so much is happening right now and that I'm able to do it," said Louis-Dreyfus.

Leaning into life's big lessons is what inspired Louis-Dreyfus to create *Wiser Than Me*, her recently launched hit podcast devoted to interviewing successful women over a certain age group about what they've learned in both their personal and professional lives. "I want to talk to older women and get their wisdom, get their sort of tips from the front-lines of life," the star said to NPR's *Fresh Air*. "I'm finding it very inspiring. I'm enjoying it."

Apart from seriously employing it to her career, Louis-Dreyfus has packed plenty into her personal life that gives her tools to inspire and instruct, including the fact that she's been happily married to a writer and actor Brad Hall since 1987. The couple has celebrated several happy milestones over the years, including raising sons Henry, 30, and Charlie, 26, who are both following their parents' footsteps into the entertainment business.

In 2017, Louis-Dreyfus was diagnosed with breast cancer, one day after winning her sixth continuous Emmy for her role on *Veep*. "Not that it's funny, but it is funny in terms of juxtaposition (并置). It's kind of unbelievable."

Sharing her life and continuing to tell stories that matter in both her on-screen and podcast work have become a priority for the comedy star, who refuses to fade into the background as she ages. "Older women are very much made invisible in our culture and that's sad. I want to have my health, keep doing really cool jobs, and make new friends along the way."

4. What can we infer from Louis's words in paragraph 1?
 - A. She felt tired of the stressful life.
 - B. She was proud of her achievements.
 - C. She hardly believed she could make it.
 - D. She was so busy that she forgot herself.
5. Which can replace the underlined part "Leaning into" in paragraph 2?
 - A. Drawing.
 - B. Teaching.
 - C. Dropping.
 - D. Ignoring.

6. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about concerning Louis?

- A. How her family support her career.
- B. What a happy family she is blessed with.
- C. What a balance she's made between work and life.
- D. How the acquired wisdom benefits her personal life.

7. Which of the following can best describe Louis?

- A. Adventurous and respectful.
- B. Open and supportive.
- C. Devoted and positive.
- D. Brave and creative.

C

Many of us are lonelier than ever. We can go shopping and avoid speaking to a single person. Automated voices on phones and machines suck the contact and relational element out of day-to-day life, so much so that experts say that we are experiencing a loneliness disease.

According to Dr. Lalitaa, loneliness is the feeling we get when our need for rewarding social contact and relationships is not met. But loneliness is not always the same as being alone. Loneliness is a state of mind linked to wanting human contact but feeling alone. People can be alone and not feel lonely, or they can have contact with people and still experience feelings of loneliness.

Loneliness is a universal human emotion that is both complex and unique to each individual. There are many contributing factors to loneliness, such as illness, relationships breaking down, moving country, changing jobs or not being understood by co-workers, retiring, starting university, etc.

We cannot underestimate the impact loneliness can have on our physical and mental wellbeing. According to research, loneliness has comparable health risks to smoking 15 cigarettes a day, and people who feel lonely are more likely to die earlier and suffer from heart attacks. Dr. Lalitaa says, "People often say to me, 'It's too late to meet new people as an adult.' Having human connection can look different for each person, but this can become a block, stopping them going out, trying new things and connecting with new people. Remember, it is never too late to make good, meaningful connections."

However, don't put pressure on yourself. A meaningful relationship takes time. It is not just created overnight. Also, take some time to sit with yourself and venture (冒险) into some of the things that you like doing. "The first thing I would say is not to deny or distance the feeling. Acknowledge it and then you can choose to focus on ways to help yourself," says Dr. Lalitaa.

8. How does the author clarify what loneliness is?

- A. By stating arguments.
- B. By giving examples.
- C. By making comparisons.
- D. By employing figures.

9. Why is smoking cigarettes mentioned in the text?
- To explain the causes of loneliness.
 - To illustrate the harm from loneliness.
 - To overestimate the impact of loneliness.
 - To emphasize the universality of loneliness.
10. What does the underlined word “this” in paragraph 4 refer to?
- Lack of appealing reward.
 - Dependence on the network.
 - The regret for the passing youth.
 - The idea of being too late for new relations.
11. What does Dr. Lalitaa consider as priority when dealing with loneliness?
- Having new experience.
 - Telling it from being alone.
 - Being aware of and recognizing it.
 - Making friends from all walks of life.

D

Biological fieldwork can mean trips to exotic places. The most common method is to send a few eager graduate students armed with camera traps and several weeks of spare time. But perhaps not for much longer. A paper published in *Current Biology* suggests an easier method: simply swabbing (擦拭) nearby leaves for DNA.

The DNA in question is called “environmental DNA” (eDNA for short). It refers to all the genetic information that animals leave behind as they go about their daily business: breathing, urinating, or interacting with their environment in any way. In recent years, genesequencing (基因测序) technology has become quick and sensitive enough to pick out genetic sequences from particular animals — including humans — from this eDNA.

One way of doing so is simply to blow air through filters (过滤器), and then analyse them to see which animals live nearby. Drs Gogarten and Lynggaard wondered if there might be a simpler approach. Air-sampling systems can take days to do their work. Maintenance must be done, and filters must be changed. But given that eDNA is literally blowing around ecosystems, the searchers wondered if it might be collecting on leaves.

The leaves of many plants are waxy (蜡质的) and somewhat sticky. The researchers theorised that eDNA might end up stuck to leaves and that it could subsequently be collected by swabbing them. They tested their theory in the dense rain forests of Kibale National Park, in Uganda. Using simple cotton swabs, and wearing masks and gloves to prevent polluting the samples with their own DNA, they visited three areas of the park and collected eight swabs at each site, and then took them back to Copenhagen for analysis.

The swabs revealed the presence of 26 birds, 24 mammals, one amphibian and one fish, with each swab containing DNA from eight animals on average. More than half the samples were good enough to work out the precise species they came from.

Swabbing for animals, then, seems to work. Moreover, it is cheap, easy and fast. Graduate students will have to be content spending less time sample-hunting in distant parts of the world.

12. Who will benefit most from the research findings?

- A. Forest farmers.
- B. Biological graduates.
- C. Ambitious scientists.
- D. Environmental activists.

13. Why was the researchers armed with masks and gloves?

- A. To protect the leaves.
- B. To avoid getting stuck.
- C. To stay safe from wax.
- D. To ensure the quality of samples.

14. How is eDNA method compared with the common ways?

- A. More animal-friendly.
- B. Free of complex analysis.
- C. More accurate and effective.
- D. Economical in time and money.

15. What serves as the best title for the text?

- A. Swabbing leaves: an easier method to track animals
- B. Testing eDNA: a useful tool for animal detection
- C. What the function of leaves is
- D. How the field work goes

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Color is important for all gardens, no matter what size. Kalanchoes (长寿花) offer kinds of colors, from energetic oranges, yellows and reds, to calming pinks and creams. They're easy to care for. 16. Here the plant experts reveal five ways to style a small outdoor space.

Be striking. Colorful plants are mood-boosting as well as a great way to lift a small outside space. Kalanchoe is a flowering succulent (多肉) that comes in a range of lively shades and looks delightful when grouped in large pots or window boxes. 17, or on the other hand soft pinks to feel relaxed.

Think big. When space is limited, people tend to choose lots of small containers, but a few large pots can fool the eye into believing there's more room than there is. Try planting taller plants, such as roses or hydrangeas, alongside smaller species, like kalanchoes. 18.

Indoors out. Making your outside space clean needn't be costly. Houseplants, like kalanchoes, will happily live outside in pots or window boxes from May to September when there is no risk of frost, so you can simply move them outside for a more colorful life.

Make it easy. 19. Succulents, such as kalanchoes, are perfect for "hands off" gardeners as they will flower happily in pots on balconies for 100 days with very little watering.

Just choose a sunny spot and away you go!

20 . Place different flowers such as petunias, pansies or kalanchoes into a window box or hanging basket for instant garden attraction. The more unusual kalanchoe varieties, such as “Magic Bells”, with its pretty flowers of pale green, bell-shaped flowers, or “Dorothy”, with its long stems and orange flowers, will add color, interest and texture (质地).

- A. Be style smart
- B. Not all plants need a lot of attention
- C. It is a great choice for the summer garden
- D. Choose oranges and reds for an energy burst
- E. You can find kalanchoes from most garden centers
- F. Thus, you can create depth and a sense of richness
- G. Given a little attention, they will reward you much flowering

第二部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

After graduating from the Lanzhou-based Northwest Minzu University majoring in sociology, Mu struggled to realize his dream in big cities. However, Mu returned home at 25 after 21 his job during the COVID-19 pandemic in November 2021. 22 , Mu thought of himself as a “failure” at first, because leaving their village had been a 23 for all rural children of his generation.

However, he was not 24 by his difficulties and quickly lifted himself up. Mu decided to 25 his cell phone and begin creating short videos about the 26 daily lives at home and uploading them online. He gradually found that village-related 27 was popular among his followers. “The more local the content is, the more universal its 28 is,” he said.

Mu started 29 local products on his account on April 1 last year after some fans asked him where they could buy the beef, lamb, fruit, tea and rice that had 30 in some of his videos. With more than 5 million followers on social networking websites, Mu has become the No 1 “31” in Zhongning County, helping his fellow-villagers to sell local 32 online.

“The 33 of the future often makes young people feel confused,” he said. “I gave my answer to the 34 with my own practical actions; There is not a 35 standard of life for young people, including college graduates. Dreams will lead everyone to where they should go.”

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|------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| 21. A. hunting | B. losing | C. quitting | D. advertising |
| 22. A. Depressed | B. Surprised | C. Amazed | D. Puzzled |
| 23. A. skill | B. challenge | C. goal | D. pity |
| 24. A. attracted | B. welcomed | C. abandoned | D. defeated |
| 25. A. turn off | B. pass down | C. take apart | D. pick up |
| 26. A. experts' | B. locals' | C. fans' | D. youth's |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 27. A. content | B. tradition | C. scenery | D. custom |
| 28. A. meaning | B. application | C. appeal | D. comment |
| 29. A. generating | B. predicting | C. promoting | D. storing |
| 30. A. survived | B. featured | C. mixed | D. grown |
| 31. A. collector | B. volunteer | C. farmer | D. salesman |
| 32. A. specialties | B. crops | C. videos | D. dishes |
| 33. A. misfortune | B. uncertainty | C. diversity | D. expectation |
| 34. A. doubt | B. challenge | C. regret | D. confusion |
| 35. A. high | B. moral | C. uniform | D. official |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese writer Hai Ya's *The Space-Time Painter* won the Hugo Award for Best Novelette (中短篇小说) on Saturday. He became the third Chinese writer 36 (win) a Hugo award.

Hai Ya's novelette is inspired by a painting masterpiece, *Qianli Jiangshan Tu*, 37 *A Panorama of Rivers and Mountains*, by Wang Ximeng from the Song Dynasty (960 - 1279). Hai Ya has woven the story of Wang's life into an 38 (invite) novel that combines the elements of traditional Chinese culture and history with sci-fi and detective genres.

39 (model) on the life of Wang, Hai Ya has created the character of painting genius Zhao Ximeng, who painted for an emperor more than 1,000 years ago. After much suffering, the painter's mind abandons 40 (he) physical body and enters a space 41 a modern police officer is investigating a case 42 (involve) an ancient painting. The story reveals the political upheavals (动荡) of the period during which the painting was created.

Working in the financial industry, Hai Ya, 33, started writing sci-fi 43 (story) in 2016 and published his first work in 2019. Commenting 44 the Chinese winners of the Hugo Awards, sci-fi writer Han Song wrote that it shows that in recent years a new force of Chinese sci-fi 45 (rise), and sci-fi has become a language for China to communicate with the world.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

假定你是李华,你校的英语沙龙将举行以“健康饮食”为主题的演讲。请你就中餐和西式快餐哪个更健康,写一篇演讲稿。内容包括:

1. 学生的饮食问题;
2. 你的建议及理由。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为80左右;
2. 请在答题卡上相应位置作答。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was 3 a. m. when the flood came on an unseasonably warm night in June. Rocks were heard breaking. Susan Roberts, new to Red Lodge, Montana, a small town of 2,300 people, woke up with an uneasy sleep. She saw the lights on at her across-the-way neighbors', on the side bordering Rock Creek, a 55-mile river skirting the town's eastern edge.

Roberts's next-door neighbor, a police officer, was evacuating (疏散) with his four kids, and he advised Roberts to do the same. So she put her dogs in the car and moved it to a narrow street behind her home, about 10 feet uphill, as her husband went from house to house, waking others. It was still dark; people were sleeping and didn't realize. More people went to each other's doors, saying, "Wake up and you have to get out."

The couple stayed in their car and on the few feet of dry land surrounding it for the entirety of the next day, watching their house ruined. Trees were washed down the town's main street. Cars floated away. Floods ruined the Beartooth Highway, a major road connecting Red Lodge to Billings. "The town looked like a riverbed," says Roberts. "The whole community was wandering around, trying to grasp what happened."

The day after the flood, more than 20 people — friends, neighbors, strangers, even tourists — flocked (群集) to help. "People went into our wet, muddy basement and pulled everything out," says Roberts. "They sorted and took things home to wash. One person came to clean up our yard. A mother and her two young children pulled rubbish from our chain-link fence." Helpers even saved her precious photo albums, drying each print before returning it to the book.

And volunteers kept coming every day until summer's end. "People would not take no for an answer. If I was like, 'Oh, we're OK now,' they'd be like, 'No. I'm gonna do something,'" she says.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Soon, all over town, people took action jointly to clean up the whole mess.

More than a year later, Red Lodge began to take on a new look.