



2023 年赣州市十八县(市、区)二十三校期中联考 高三英语试卷

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. How many books has Fiona received?

- A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

2. What are the speakers doing?

- A. Climbing up a hill. B. Having a rest. C. Waiting for someone.

3. Why was Carl at the hospital?

- A. He was meeting a doctor.
B. He was visiting his daughter.
C. He was looking after his wife.

4. What is the problem with the man?

- A. He can't see the sign clearly.
B. He has no ticket for the movie.
C. He has parked in a wrong place.

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. The weather of Paris. B. A terrible accident. C. A piece of news.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Schoolmates. C. Mother and son.
7. What does the woman say about Ms. Patty?
A. She is responsible. B. She is strict. C. She is humorous.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. Which family holiday programme does the man recommend?
A. The one on the 18th. B. The one on the 19th. C. The one on the 20th.
9. Where will the woman probably go?
A. Spain. B. France. C. Greece.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What did Susan do right before the conversation?
A. She visited her brother. B. She called John Reeves. C. She toured the company.
11. What does Susan think of the company?
A. It's famous. B. It's big. C. It's crowded.
12. Who is Michael?
A. John's boss. B. Tara's husband. C. Susan's brother.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What did the man lose?
A. His credit card. B. His phone. C. His driving license.
14. Why does the woman agree to the man's request?
A. He reserves the hotel in cash.
B. He shows the woman his ID card.
C. He provides two forms of identification.
15. What will the man probably do next?
A. Look for his passport.
B. Put away his credit card.
C. Report the situation to the bank.
16. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a bank. B. In a hotel. C. At a police station.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. When will the event be held?
A. From January 12th to February 12th.
B. From January 12th to February 10th.
C. From January 10th to February 12th.
18. How much should a couple with a child of 8 pay for their entrance?
A. \$ 10. B. \$ 20. C. \$ 30.
19. Which event is new this year?
A. An ice sculpture exhibition.

【高三英语 第 2 页(共 10 页)】

- B. A fancy dress exhibition.
C. A flower show.
20. Where will the food shops be?
A. Next to the entrance.
B. In the center of the site.
C. Beside the amusement rides.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Taking proper care of our brain, in addition to ensuring its proper functioning, will help us keep our memory in shape and even prevent some diseases such as Alzheimer's. Here are some foods that are good for us.

Green vegetables

Green vegetables contain vitamin A, B vitamins and antioxidants (抗氧化剂) that help the proper function of the brain and maintain physical health. Vegetables, in general, should be present in at least two servings a day. To take advantage of the nutrients contained in green vegetables, it is recommended to consume them steamed or even raw. If you choose to eat raw vegetables, you need to use appropriate methods to remove harmful things from their surfaces.

Fish

Fish is a source of phosphorus (磷), essential part of the development of nerve cells. For this reason, its consumption is important to guarantee the adequate contribution. We also highlight omega-3 fatty acids in oily fish, which have a protective role against the progression of cognitive decline.

Nuts

In addition to being a great source of omega-3 fatty acids, which we have already talked about, nuts provide phosphorus, vitamin E and B vitamins so that they maintain a correct blood supply in our brain.

Fruit

Within this group we highlight red fruits, especially cherries and apples. Red fruits are a source of vitamin C, minerals and antioxidants that are good companions to maintain a healthy memory.

Though these foods are good, consuming too much of them may be harmful to us.

21. As for green vegetables, the author advises us to eat _____ daily.
A. at least one serving
B. three servings
C. no more than two servings
D. no less than two servings

22. What do the four kinds of foods have in common?
- A. They are good for our brains.
 - B. They contain the same nutrients.
 - C. They are beneficial to the black hair.
 - D. They are sources of omega-3 fatty acids.
23. Where can the text most probably be found?
- A. In a history book.
 - B. In a biography.
 - C. In a health magazine.
 - D. In a novel.

B

While looking for comfortable places to sleep in this winter, a black bear picked out a culvert (涵洞) near Wannaska, Minnesota. Unfortunately for the bear, this decision didn't pan out.

In late February, the snow around him started melting, causing the culvert to flood and then freeze again. The poor fellow was trapped in snow and ice for three days before some kind humans noticed him and called authorities for help.

By the time experts arrived, people had already tried digging the bear out and giving him a variety of unhealthy (for bears) treats. Luckily, the bear wasn't interested in the food as he was still in a mode in which he slept through the winter months.

A wildlife research biologist Andrew Tri arrived on the scene to assess the situation. "He tried to push himself out and kind of got trapped on some frozen water that had frozen and thawed (融化), frozen and thawed and he got stuck in place and tired," the biologist explained.

The team first injected the bear with an anesthetic. Once he was asleep, it took five strong men to pull the bear, estimated to weigh between 375 and 400 pounds, out of the culvert. Andrew gave him a full check-up and determined he was in great physical shape, even though he was still a bit sleepy! After that, they put him in a cage and transported him to a wildlife reserve to finish out the winter.

In an online post, Andrew shared the story along with photos of the bear rescue. He summed up with a reminder to the public to never "bother" a bear, either in the wild or near its home. "If you're ever concerned about a bear's safety, by all means give us a call," he advised. "But don't try to move it or feed it! Doing so can result in a bad situation either for you or for the bear."

24. What can we learn about the bear from the first two paragraphs?
- A. He was found by his companions.
 - B. He searched for food in the culvert.
 - C. He was tired of staying in the culvert.
 - D. He had trouble getting out of the culvert alone.
25. Why was bear incurious about the food people gave him?
- A. He was not hungry.
 - B. He wasn't fully awake.

- C. He didn't like the food.
D. He refused to eat the food from humans.
26. What is paragraph 5 mainly about?
A. Reasons why people rescued the bear.
B. Actions taken by people to rescue the bear.
C. Promises Andrew made to rescue the bear.
D. Dangers people might face in rescuing the bear.
27. What did Andrew mainly do in the last paragraph?
A. He gave people some suggestions.
B. He asked people to check bears' safety.
C. He called on people to protect animals.
D. He told people bears are dangerous animals.

C

Archaeologists in Mexico have discovered the remains of a lost Maya city hidden deep within the jungles of the Yucatán Peninsula.

The site, located in the Balamkú ecological reserve in the Mexican state of Campeche, contains numerous large pyramids that were built during the Classic Period of the Maya civilisation. The archaeologists named the location Ocomtún, meaning “stone column (石柱)” in Yucatec Maya language, in a nod to the many stone columns spreading around in the core area which covers over 123 acres.

The team found the city while mapping the Maya lowlands with billions of lasers shot from an aircraft flying overhead. This technique, known as light detection and ranging, is a noninvasive (非创伤的) way for researchers to understand the geography of human-made structures hidden beneath leaves. In this case, the technique revealed a Maya city with several pyramidal structures, with the tallest towering nearly 50 feet.

“The site serves as an important center at the regional level,” lead archaeologist Ivan Šprajc said in the statement, “and it is a breakthrough in Maya archeology.”

The Maya had numerous city sites spread across southern Mexico and Central America; the civilization reached its peak during the first millennium AD until it “collapsed” between 800 and 1000. In addition to finding the pyramids and columns, while on foot, the archaeologists discovered ceramics (陶瓷), three squares, a court used to play ball games and a complex comprising low and thin structures arranged almost in circles.

However, the archaeologists are still investigating how the Maya used some of the structures. “It is possible that they are markets or spaces designed for community events,” Šprajc said. “The most common ceramic types that we collected on the surface and in some test pits are from the Late Classic. However, the analysis of samples of this material will offer us more reliable data on the sequences of occupation.”

28. What do we know from paragraph 2?
A. The stone structures dot on the nucleus of the site.

- B. The pyramids built by Egyptians used to be huge.
C. The site covers an area of nearly 124 acres.
D. The site discovered used to be an ecological reserve.
29. What did Šprajc think of the site?
A. Frightening and puzzling. B. Incredible and romantic,
C. Complex and fictional. D. Invaluable and significant.
30. What can we infer from paragraph 5?
A. The site was once a flourishing city.
B. Some tall and thin structures lay on the squares.
C. The ancient Mayas lived on ceramic manufacturing.
D. The pyramids and columns were found quite by accident.
31. Which would be the best title for the text?
A. The long-lost ancient civilization
B. Lost Maya city discovered in jungles
C. Archaeologists' new discoveries in Mexico
D. Human-made structures hidden beneath leaves

D

Also known as Adlerian psychology, individual psychology offers a refreshing perspective and insights into interpersonal relationships, fear and trauma (精神创伤). It is a theory of human behavior that focuses on the basic need of belonging and the importance of engaging in constructive actions. *The Courage to Be Disliked*, using the theories of Alfred Adler, follows a dialogue between a philosopher or a teacher and a young man. The philosopher helps his student to understand how each of us is able to determine the direction of our own life, free from the past trauma and the expectations of others.

Alfred Adler believes that our past trauma don't define our future. Instead, we choose how trauma affect our present or future lives. We do not suffer from the shock of our experiences, the so-called trauma. Instead, we make whatever suits our purposes out of them. We are not determined by our experiences, but the meaning we give them is self-determining.

In other words, he claims that one doesn't suffer from the shock of their experiences (the trauma), but that we feel that way because that was our goal in the first place. Adler conveys an example of a person that doesn't want to step out of his house due to anxiety and fear filling him up every time he steps outside. The philosopher asserts that the person creates fear and anxiety so that he stays inside.

Why? Because possibly he'll have to face the uncertainty of being out there, facing the mass. Possibly, the man believes that he's so average that nobody will like him. So, it's better to stay home and not risk feeling unwanted emotions.

In the Adlerian worldview, the past doesn't matter. You don't think about past causes; you think about present goals. You choose an emotion or behavior to achieve a present goal.

- C. They are a tone of international orange.
- D. They must be able to stand extreme conditions.
- E. They can make the entire transport system safer.
- F. They'll provide valuable information about the crash.
- G. They are more likely to survive a crash at such a place.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Jack met Hugh and his three young sons while visiting a park. Jack 41 that the family, especially the kids, were struggling in the 42 heat of summer. He knew he had to 43 because temperatures continued to trend upwards. Staying outside for long could be dangerous.

Jack 44 them and asked what was the matter. He found out that the family had been 45 for seven months and were living in the van (厢式送货车). Hugh, three kids' father, had no 46 or social security and spent the day begging on the streets. His three young sons had never been to the 47 and just played outside the van in the heat because Hugh couldn't pay for the tuition fee.

The kindness of Jack 48 all that. Jack and his friend immediately set up a GoFundMe campaign to 49 the family. Their 50 have generated around 4,500 donations amounting to their \$25,000 target. The money raised would be 51 used to give Hugh and his family most basic and urgent needs, including 52 an apartment, buying food, clothing and other 53 for the whole family.

Hugh was extremely 54. He said, "I will tell my 55 that it comes back to them if they do good. I'll tell them to think good and try to do good."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 41. A. demanded | B. guessed | C. observed | D. hoped |
| 42. A. bearable | B. extreme | C. usual | D. warm |
| 43. A. get up | B. set to | C. come out | D. step in |
| 44. A. approached | B. reminded | C. convinced | D. impressed |
| 45. A. careless | B. selfless | C. homeless | D. hopeless |
| 46. A. family | B. money | C. identity | D. education |
| 47. A. hotel | B. hospital | C. cottage | D. school |
| 48. A. changed | B. explored | C. organized | D. revised |
| 49. A. move | B. accuse | C. assist | D. know |
| 50. A. contents | B. debates | C. conditions | D. efforts |
| 51. A. completely | B. temporarily | C. falsely | D. slightly |
| 52. A. decorating | B. finding | C. designing | D. building |
| 53. A. powers | B. applications | C. challenges | D. supplies |
| 54. A. kind | B. unique | C. grateful | D. capable |
| 55. A. kids | B. friends | C. companions | D. fans |

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

A store owner was tacking a sign above his door that read "Puppies For Sale". Signs like that have a way of attracting small children, and sure enough, a little boy appeared under the store owner's sign. "How much are you going to sell the puppies for?" he asked. The store owner replied, "From \$ 30 to \$ 50." The little boy reached in his pocket and pulled out some change. "I only have \$ 2. 37," he said. "Can I look at them?"

The store owner smiled and whistled. Out of the kennel (狗窝) came a female dog, who ran out of his store, followed by five tiny balls of fur. One puppy was left behind, moving slowly. Immediately, the little boy found out the slowly limping (跛行的) puppy and said, "What's wrong with that little dog?"

The store owner explained that the vet (兽医) had examined the little puppy and found that he didn't have a hip socket (髌臼). He would always limp. The little boy became excited. "That is the little puppy that I want to buy."

The store owner said, "No, you don't need to buy that little dog. If you really want him, I will just give him to you."

The little boy got quite upset. He looked straight into the store owner's eyes, pointing his finger and said, "I don't want you to give him to me. That little dog is worth every bit as much as all the other dogs and I will pay full price. I can give you \$ 2. 37 now, and then fifty cents a month until I have paid for him."

The store owner countered, "You really don't need to buy this little dog. He is never going to be able to run, jump and play with you like the other puppies."

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

The little boy stood his ground, determined to pay for the limping puppy.

Overjoyed, the little boy handed over his \$ 2. 37 to the store owner.

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址: www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

如需第一时间获取相关资讯及备考指南，请关注**自主选拔在线**官方微信号：**zizzsw**。



微信搜一搜

自主选拔在线