

宣城市 2022—2023 学年度第二学期期末调研测试

高二英语试题

考生注意事项:

1. 本试卷满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生先将自己的姓名、考号在答题卷指定位置填写清楚并将条形码粘贴在指定区域。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题部分每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案涂黑;非选择题部分请用 0.5 毫米的黑色墨水签字笔在答题卷上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答案区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 考试结束时,务必将答题卡交回。

第一部分 听力部分(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man suggest the woman do?
A. Eat some food. B. Open the window. C. Drink some water.
2. What is the man surprised at?
A. That he meets the woman at the gym.
B. That the woman enjoys exercising.
C. That the woman has lost a lot of weight.
3. When is Bob going home today?
A. At 1:00 p. m. B. At 2:00 p. m. C. At 3:00 p. m.
4. Where will the speakers meet?
A. At the entrance. B. At the ticket office. C. At the nearby cafe.
5. What will the woman do next?
A. Return the man's book. B. Look at the man's project. C. Write her research paper.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why did Jason get a low score?
A. He didn't study hard.
B. He didn't finish the exam.
C. He didn't write down the thinking process.

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7. What does Jason want Mrs. Brown to do?

- A. Let him take another test. B. Mark his paper again. C. Give him a lift.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. Who are the speakers probably?

- A. Brother and sister. B. Repairman and customer. C. Restaurant owner and delivery man.

9. Why did the man fail to pay?

- A. There wasn't enough money in his card.

- B. He hasn't created a payment method.

- C. The application broke down.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. They need to look for new jobs now.

- B. The man will get promoted in six months.

- C. There will be new owners in their company.

11. How did the man know the news?

- A. From the manager.

- B. From the email.

- C. From the meeting.

12. What is the woman's suggestion for the man?

- A. Talking with their boss.

- B. Being prepared for the meeting.

- C. Offering coffee to the business partners.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In the kitchen.

- B. In the living room.

- C. In the bedroom.

14. What does the man think of the TV show?

- A. Popular.

- B. Attractive.

- C. Boring.

15. What will the woman still need to do?

- A. Write something.

- B. Do some cleaning.

- C. Buy the man a new jacket.

16. What does the man want to try?

- A. To walk in the rain.

- B. To run a restaurant.

- C. To cook a meal.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. What probably happened in Fountain Hills during the winter?

- A. It didn't rain much.

- B. All animals died off.

- C. Many chemicals were used.

18. Which was a result of the environmental damage?

- A. People got sick easily.

- B. Black birds were missing.

- C. The farmland couldn't produce food.

19. Why did a lot of bees disappear?

- A. They were eaten by birds.

- B. They were dying off themselves.

- C. They were killed by the government.



20. What do the scientists offer to do?

- A. Tell people the importance of bees.
C. Bring bees from the town.

B. Teach farmers how to grow food.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、和D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Welcome to the British Museum (WWW.britishmuseum.org) where you can experience cultures across the globe, from the dawn of human history to the present. Here is some information you need to notice.

Opening times

Daily:10:00-17:00 (Fridays:20:30)

Last entry:16:00 (Fridays:19:30)

How to book

- We're limiting numbers of people in the Museum to ensure there's room for you to safely enjoy your visit. You're advised to book a free ticket to guarantee Museum entry.
- To book, simply pick the date and time you'd like to visit.
- The date or time you wish to visit has no availability. Please note that walk-up visits are available each day for those who arrive at the Museum without advance bookings. But this does depend on capacity, as walk-up entry cannot be guaranteed.
- To book tickets for exhibitions, [click here](#). Your exhibition ticket also gives you access to the permanent collection.

Entering the Museum

- Entry to the Museum is via the Main entrance on Great Russell Street or the Montague Place entrance.
 - Once you've gone through the Main entrance, an easy access queuing route is available for disabled visitors, visitors with pushchairs and/or children under five, Members, exhibition and general admission ticket-holders.
 - All visitors must pass through a security check which involves a bag search.
- We look forward to welcoming you.

21. Which of the following is incorrect as to the visit time?

- A. Final admission is one hour before closing.
B. Visitors can enjoy a longer stay on Fridays.
C. The museum is open for at least 7 hours every day.
D. The museum is closed at 16:00 except on Fridays.

22. What should you do to enter the Museum?

- A. Spend some money buying tickets in advance.
B. Have your bag checked for security purposes.
C. Buy extra tickets for permanent collection.
D. Guarantee the availability of walk-up visits.

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23. Where can you find this article?

- A. On the Internet. B. In a booklet. C. In a magazine. D. On a TV program.

B

Accompanied by commander Jing Haipeng and flight engineer Zhu Yangzhu, Gui Haichao, a university professor who specializes in spacecraft dynamics and control technology for aerospace systems, took off on the Shenzhou-16 spacecraft from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Centre in northwest China on May 30th. His long-held dream of flying to space has now become a reality.

Gui grew up in a regular family in southwest China's Yunnan Province. His interest in aerospace began at the age of 17 when he tuned in to the campus radio and got the news of Yang Liwei's historic first manned spaceflight for China in 2003.

"I wasted no time in applying," said Gui, referring to the moment he found that China was recruiting (招收) its first group of payload (载荷) specialists in 2018.

Over the past few years, Gui was trained to handle highly complex equipment carried aboard a space shuttle and to conduct experiments in space.

However, the training initially proved challenging for him.

"I felt intense dizziness and disorientation (迷失方向) after the training, so I added extra exercises, sought guidance from instructors, and adopted some of the training methods used by pilots. Finally, my ability to endure vestibular (前庭的) sensations gradually improved," said Gui during an interview with China Media Group (CMG).

Gui is a sports enthusiast who finds joy in activities like long-distance running, cycling and swimming. He has consistently maintained a fitness lifestyle.

In May 2018, China started the selection process for the third panel of astronauts for the space station project. In addition to astronauts, this round introduced two new categories: aerospace engineers and payload specialists.

"Such division of responsibilities allows professionals to effectively manage their respective tasks, ensuring the safety and reliability of large quantity of scientific payloads and experiments during long-duration flights," said Gui.

"Since entering the application and development phase, the space station has witnessed an increase in the number of scientific experiments," Gui said, noting that the level of expertise required for specific specialized operations has become more advanced.

24. What does Gui work as at the China Space Station?

- A. A pilot. B. A payload specialist.
C. A fitness coach. D. An aerospace engineer.

25. How did Gui overcome the challenges during the training?

- A. Exercising more. B. Discussing with students.
C. Asking for pilots' guidance. D. Keeping running.

26. What can we learn from Gui's words in the last two paragraphs?

- A. The three spacemen manage to respect each other's task.
B. His responsibility is to guarantee the safety of space experiments.
C. More scientific experiments have been done on the space station.
D. Advanced technologies are needed for space experiments.

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27. Which words can best describe Gui?

- A. Determined and calm. B. Creative and devoted.
C. Knowledgeable and energetic. D. Ambitious and strong-willed.

C

Climate change is making a safe, slow adjustment to heat much harder by upending (颠覆) what we'd typically expect as seasons change.

Although late summer can bring more extreme temperatures, early heat waves have a particularly dangerous influence. A large body of research tends to find that early summer heat waves can have higher rates of death compared to later in the season.

There are a few explanations for this phenomenon. One theory is that the most vulnerable populations will fail to fight the higher temperatures at the start of the season, so there are fewer vulnerable people in the more intense heat waves a few months later. A second explanation is the acclimatization (气候适应) effect, since people need time to adjust to heat. How much time a person needs to physiologically adapt depends.

The way we adapt to early season heat isn't just about physiological changes in our bodies. Behavior makes a difference too, as do policies and infrastructure that help people cope.

The US still has few policies that help protect people from the most extreme summertime heat. Even the protections that exist around heat don't focus on the vital early season. Besides, the protection measures, where they do exist, don't typically kick in until after a certain date or when temperatures are above 95 degrees Fahrenheit, which is far beyond what some vulnerable populations can handle.

"We barely have enough resources to deal with what's occurring right now," said University of Arizona professor of urban planning Keith Ladd. "With climate change, we're seeing increasing frequency, intensity, and duration of heat waves, so we need to adjust our response."

28. What can we learn from paragraphs 3 and 4?

- A. Our adjustment to heat varies from person to person.
B. Infrastructure will hardly affect our adaptation to early heat.
C. Old people can properly fight higher temperatures in early summer.
D. Physiological changes make a big difference to our behavior.

29. What do we know about America's reaction to early heat waves?

- A. Its response needs adjustment due to climate change.
B. It has enough resources to deal with the present situation.
C. Only a few measures concentrate on the deadly early season.
D. Its policies can effectively help protect people from the early season heat.

30. Which section of a magazine does the text probably come from?

- A. Technology. B. Nature. C. Population. D. Politics.

31. What's the best title of the text?

- A. Climate change leads to early summer heat.
B. Why can early heat waves lead to more deaths?
C. How can we adapt to early season heat?
D. Early heat waves can be the deadliest.

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D

A subway line that links downtown Beijing with Daxing International Airport in the Chinese capital now allows passengers to enter and exit stations by just scanning the palm of a hand, setting an example of how using biometric data in public transportation can make commuting more convenient.

The pilot program was launched on Sunday on the Daxing Airport Express subway line to spare passengers the trouble of swiping a card (刷卡) or scanning a QR code to catch a train, the Beijing Municipal Commission of Transport said.

Any commuter aged 14 and above can first register the print of either palm through a simple, automated process and provide relevant information to authorize the payment gateway of WeChat, a popular messaging app in China. Once the palm print is registered, a commuter can scan the palm at any automated ticket gate to pass through. The fare is automatically paid after exit. Besides, the registration is a one-time process and doesn't require renewal.

"Passengers can just place a palm above the scanning machine when entering or exiting a subway station. The ticket gate will open if the palm scan matches the palm print registered voluntarily," said Zhang Li, an expert at the Beijing Metro Network Control Center.

The biometric method combines the use of palm print and vein mapping, which are different for every individual. Therefore, data masking and encryption (加密) technologies have been applied to protect user information.

Xin Jianhua, general manager of the public service center at WeChat Pay, said palm scans can be gradually used in offices, schools, gyms and restaurants, as it requires no contact and is therefore safer and more efficient. "Currently, it is very useful for the elderly and those who have physical limitations," he said. "Use of biometric data allows passengers to take subway trains if they do not have cash or when they forget their subway cards," he added.

32. What do we know about palm scanning?

- A. Anyone aged 14 and above has to register the print.
- B. Passengers should have both palms registered.
- C. There is an automatic payment after exit.
- D. The registration needs updating every year.

33. What does the underlined word "masking" probably mean?

- A. Hiding.
- B. Decoding.
- C. Uploading.
- D. Removing.

34. Which statement may Xin Jianhua disagree with?

- A. The future of palm scans is promising.
- B. The new technology is more time-saving.
- C. Palm scanning is of limited use to the disabled.
- D. Palm scanning spares passengers the trouble of taking cards.

35. What's the main idea of this article?

- A. The ways of riding the subway in Beijing.
- B. People's attitudes towards palm scanning in the subway.
- C. Beijing's introduction of palm-print access on a subway line.
- D. The advantages of scanning palms to enter and exit subway stations.

宣城市高二英语试卷第6页(共10页)



第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to plant Lilies at home if you have no time in Autumn

Growing lilies at home will give you not only a beautiful balcony but also an experience with a delicate plant. This is the best option for those who do not have time to plant bulbs (球茎) in the garden in the autumn or who do not have a country home. By following the rules, you can adjust the time the flowers appear by a certain date.

Choosing a Lily variety for home growing

You can grow in a pot almost any variety, but Asian and Oriental lily bulbs are most suitable. Expect the flowering of lilies planted in November–December by Valentine's Day or March 8. If you have a lot of planting material, plant lilies every 2 weeks. 36

Choosing the right flower pot

If you choose a pot that is too large, then the lily will not bloom. Although it will develop, give greenery, but will not tie a bud. Therefore, fill the pot with bulbs tightly. 37. The best quantity is up to 5 pieces for a pot with a diameter of 30 cm. Besides, the height of the pot is important. For tall flowers (more than a meter), choose a tall pot — at least 40 cm.

Caring for the Lily

38. Then you can keep the soil slightly wet. As soon as the first leaf begins to peck, transfer the pot to a bright room without direct sunlight and with a temperature of 23–25°C. And you can start a fertilizing program using special fertilizers for bulbous flowers.

Handling the Lily after flowering

Depending on the time of planting, the lily will finish flowering at different times of the year. What to do next? 39. Store the bulbs using a refrigerator or a room with a temperature of 2–4 °C or store them in slightly damp sand or moss. You can also simply wrap them in a newspaper. 40

- A. Carefully remove the dried-out stems
- B. Don't overwater it, water it once a week
- C. The bulbs will rest and then bloom again next year
- D. And, at the same time, they should not be crowded
- E. Ideally, the lilies should be large, clean and healthy
- F. And you can get a continuously blooming window sill (窗台)
- G. But it is easy to improve the condition of the planting material

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 完形填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Our house was across the street from the entrance of a famous hospital in the city. We lived down-

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stairs and 41 the upstairs rooms to outpatients (门诊病人) at the clinic. As I was 42 supper one summer evening, there was a knock at the door. I opened it and saw a truly awful-looking man whose face was 43 and red.

He told me he'd been 44 a room since noon, but he had no success. "I guess it's my 45. I know it looks terrible, but my doctor says with a few more treatments..."

For a moment, I 46, but his following words convinced me, "I could sleep in this chair on the porch. My bus leaves early in the morning." So I told him we would find him a bed but to rest on the porch.

When I had finished the dishes, I went to talk with him for a few minutes. He told me he fished for a living to 47 his daughter, her five children, and her husband, who was 48 disabled from a back injury. He didn't tell it by way of complaint, but was grateful that no pain 49 his disease, which was a form of skin cancer. He thanked God for giving him the 50 to keep going. On his 51 trip, he brought a big fish as a gift. Other times we received packages in the mail. When I received these packages, I often thought of a (an) 52 our next-door neighbor made after he left that first morning. "Did you keep that awful-looking man last night? You may lose roomers by 53 such people!"

Maybe we did lose roomers once or twice. But I know our family will always be 54 to have known him; from him, we learned to accept the bad without complaint and the good with 55.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. obtained | B. purchased | C. rented | D. occupied |
| 42. A. storing | B. fixing | C. selling | D. fetching |
| 43. A. handsome | B. reliable | C. superb | D. swollen |
| 44. A. hunting for | B. allowing for | C. dealing with | D. subscribe to |
| 45. A. illness | B. face | C. figure | D. clothes |
| 46. A. feared | B. agreed | C. hesitated | D. approved |
| 47. A. support | B. spoil | C. bother | D. adopt |
| 48. A. hopelessly | B. constantly | C. awkwardly | D. sincerely |
| 49. A. wrapped | B. proved | C. accompanied | D. ruined |
| 50. A. strength | B. route | C. tendency | D. virtue |
| 51. A. legal | B. rejected | C. miserable | D. next |
| 52. A. preference | B. decision | C. appointment | D. comment |
| 53. A. putting away | B. putting off | C. putting up | D. putting out |
| 54. A. desperate | B. grateful | C. humble | D. mighty |
| 55. A. manner | B. resolution | C. delicacy | D. gratitude |

宣城市高二英语试卷第8页(共10页)

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Zibo barbecue 56 (be) a trending topic on Chinese social media platforms since early March.

Mouth-watering images describe a typical Zibo barbecue 57 (name) after its place of origin, Zibo, a small industrial city in East China's Shandong province. Zibo barbecue 58 (consist) of well-seasoned meat and vegetables wrapped in a pancake has dominated Weibo and Xiaohongshu, Chinese platforms similar to Twitter and Instagram.

Zibo was hardly on anyone's travel bucket list 59 it went viral. But thanks to a group of college students who documented 60 (they) Zibo barbecue trip on Douyin, the city's delicious and 61 (afford) barbecue became a hit.

The local government has jumped 62 the opportunity to take advantage of the city's newfound fame and explore its tourism potential. Must-go restaurant maps were drawn up, and barbecue-themed high-speed train services and special bus routes were established 63 (make) the small city more accessible to tourists from all over the country.

The city's other attractions, such as the Haidai building, a 64 (beautiful) designed bookstore, also gained popularity due to visitors who want to make 65 most of their Zibo trip.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华, 最近英语老师带领同学们了解了一些中国著名的文化遗产, 如故宫、长城、兵马俑 (Terra-Cotta Warriors)、都江堰 (Dujiangyan Irrigation System)、莫高窟 (Mogao Grottoes) 等。现在你想把其中一处介绍给外国友人。请你就此写一篇英文短文。

内容包括:

1. 你选择的文化遗产;
2. 简单介绍这一处文化遗产;
3. 邀请外国友人去此处游览。

注意: 1. 表达中要包括上述要点;

2. 写作词数应为 80 左右。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

The day when the jobs were handed out was one of the most exciting days for all the children in the class. It took place during the first week of the term. On that day, every boy and girl was given a job for which they would be responsible for the rest of that school year.

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As with everything, some jobs were more interesting than others, and the children were eager to be given one of the best ones. When giving them out, the teacher took into account which pupils had been most responsible during the previous year, and those children were the ones who most looked forward to this day. Among them Rita stood out. During the previous year she had carried out the teacher's instructions perfectly. All the children knew Rita was the favourite to be given the best job of all: to look after the class dog.

But that year there was a big surprise. As a reward, Rita was given a little box containing some sand and one ant while other children received some normal jobs, like preparing the books or the radio for the lessons, telling the time, or cleaning the blackboard. Rita could not help feeling disappointed. Most of her classmates felt sorry for her. Although the teacher explained to Rita that this ant was a very special one, he couldn't tell Rita that if she could successfully raise it, the whole class would be chosen to the tropical rainforest project together with other scientists. Though disappointed, Rita was determined to do her best. She said to herself, "I will turn this little task into something great."

So Rita started investigating all about her little ant. She learned about the different species, and studied everything about their habitats and behaviour. She modified the little box to make it perfect for the ant. Rita gave the ant the very best food, and it ended up growing quite a bit bigger than anyone had expected.

The new term came. One day when they were in the classroom, the door opened, revealing a man who looked rather important. The teacher interrupted the class with great joy, and said, "This is Doctor Martinez. He has come to tell us a wonderful piece of news, isn't that right?"

续写要求:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Paragraph 1:

"Exactly! Today I am here to announce the result of a competition." said Dr. Martinez.

Paragraph 2:

That day the school was filled with joy and celebration.

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