

参照秘密级管理★启用前 2021 届高三模拟考试

试卷类型: A

英语试题

2021.04

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号等填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 阅读(共两节;满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Small words may help you beat stress and improve your relationships. Use these tips to teach yourself a helpful and useful vocabulary.

I get to

"Many of us begin our day with the phrase 'I have to'," says Catherine Grace O'Connell, a self-development expert. "Changing this to 'I get to' has the possibility to change the way our day goes." Even if you may not be happy about going to work or cooking dinner, saying that you "get to" do those things changes your attention to the positive aspects of those things.

Thank you

A lot of research has been done on why people—especially women—often don't accept compliments smoothly. *Language in Society* found that women only accepted compliments 40 percent of the time, and *Harvard Business Review* found that almost 70 percent of people connected receiving compliments with a little shame or embarrassment. Does this sound familiar? She says, "I love that dress." You say, "Oh this? I've had it for years." Or, "You think? I'm not crazy about the color." We often demean (贬低) ourselves while doing this. A better way to respond: Look the person in the eye and simply say, "Thank you."

Not yet

Adding "yet" to the end of your words, especially when talking about abilities and goals, is a small but good way to change your attitude to life. "Add the word 'yet' to limiting comments," suggests Kyndall Bennett, another self-development expert. "When we do this, we allow ourselves to accept the limiting thoughts as truths," Bennett says.

高三英语试题 第 1 页(共 8 页)

准考证号

姓名

学校

4. What has won Milkha Singh continued praise?
A. His early hard life experience. B. His outstanding athletic talent.
C. His status in global sports history. D. His effort to win an Olympic medal.
5. What does Milkha Singh think of his early training?
A. Exciting. B. Unbearable. C. Beneficial. D. Useless.
6. What did Milkha Singh do after his retirement?
A. He turned into a movie actor. B. He learned to do business.
C. He became an athletic trainer. D. He engaged in charity work.
7. What can we learn from Milkha Singh's words?
A. Hard work leads to success. B. Do something different.
C. Medals measure everything. D. Stick to your dream.

C

Joy Adamson (Jan. 20, 1910-Jan. 3, 1980) was a popular wildlife conservationist of the 1960s and an author, best known for her book, *Born Free*, which described her experiences in saving the life of a lioness, Elsa.

Mrs. Adamson was born as Friedericke Victoria Gessner in Troppau, Silesia, Austria-Hungary (now Opava, Czech Republic). In 1937 she moved to Kenya, then a British Colony. In 1944 she married George Adamson, a British game warden in Kenya, and adopted Kenya as her own country, living on the shores of Lake Naivasha. It was with George Adamson, her third husband, that her most crucial and well-known work was done. Their works were pivotal(关键的) for the foundation of modern conservation.

They acquired Elsa, a tame lion cub, in 1956, after George had killed the cub's mother in self-defense. For two years Joy and George trained the animal for a return to the wild, and the subsequent book about Elsa, *Born Free* (1960), was an international success. Adamson followed the book with *Living Free* (1961) and *Forever Free* (1962). These first two books were made into films. In addition to her books about lions, Adamson also wrote two books about Pippa, a cheetah(猎豹) she took on in 1964, as well as numerous other books about her life in Africa. She was also an accomplished artist and many of her paintings are displayed in a museum in Nairobi, Kenya.

Joy and George separated in the 1970s, though they never divorced. On January 3, 1980, Joy was found murdered in a remote region of Kenya. George was murdered on August 20, 1989, in an isolated region of Nairobi. This was an ironic(讽刺的) end to the lives of two who had lived in such seemingly dangerous circumstances with wild animals; that their deaths were at the hands of men.

8. What makes Joy Adamson's book *Born Free* so influential?
A. Her experience in Africa. B. Her love affairs with George.
C. Her adventure in a wild world. D. Its subject about conservation issue.

高三英语试题 第3页(共8页)

9. What was the Adamsons' intention to keep the lion cub?
A. To keep her for company. B. To make a film of her life.
C. To release her into the wild. D. To show regret for killing its mother.
10. How might the author feel about the couples' deaths?
A. Confused. B. Shameful. C. Curious. D. Humorous.
11. What type of writing is the text?
A. A biography. B. A book review. C. A news report. D. A short story.

D

An Edinburgh inventor has created a fully biodegradable bottle that is made from paper and a secret combination of plant materials, and it could help save the planet's oceans from plastic pollution and can also be eaten by sea creatures.

The Edinburgh-based Durham University chemistry graduate James Longcroft started a non-profit bottled water company two years ago. He wanted to put all his profits into a charity that provided clean drinking water to countries in Africa.

However, after concerns about the environmental impact of plastic bottles, Mr. Longcroft decided the Edinburgh and London-based company, Choose Water, should go plastic-free. So he came up with a new type of water bottle—a waterproof paper bottle.

"The outside is made from recycled paper, but the inside has to be waterproof, and provides strength so the bottle would keep its structure, and keep the water fresh," Mr. Longcroft said.

When the bottle is thrown in the ocean the degrading process begins within hours leaving the bottle totally degraded (分解) within weeks. The steel cap breaks down within a year.

Mr. Longcroft now believes these novel bottles could revolutionise the industry and says the cost of producing the bottle is around 5 pence more than one made from single-use plastic.

"The main difficulty we face is breaking into a saturated (饱和的) market and competing with an old industry," he said. "Changing an industry will be a big uphill battle, but with the support from the public, we will change the way we look at bottled water."

Researchers warn that eight million tonnes of plastics currently find their way into the ocean every year which will stay in the environment for centuries.

"We really want to get our bottles on shelves and into people's hands as soon as possible—if we can stop even one plastic bottle ending up in the environment it will be worth it," said Mr Longcroft.

12. What is special about the bottle?
A. It can be recycled. B. It is plastic-free.
C. It purifies sea water. D. It can be used for food.

13. What does James Longcroft expect from the new bottles?
- A. To raise money for charity.
 B. To keep the water fresh
 C. To reduce ocean pollution.
 D. To prompt the sale of bottled water.
14. What's the main challenge about the new bottles?
- A. They face stiff competition to enter market.
 B. They are more costly than plastic ones.
 C. They still lack in the public support.
 D. They take a long time to break down.
15. What does the underlined word "it" in the last paragraph refer to?
- A. Cutting down on plastic pollution.
 B. Providing clean water to the public.
 C. Stopping the use of the plastic bottles.
 D. Getting people to accept the new bottles.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Every time you're online, you are bombarded by pictures, articles, links and videos trying to tell their stories. 16 Sometimes they want you to click on another story or advertisement at their own site, other times they want to upset people for political reasons. Experts in media studies and online psychology have been examining the fake news phenomenon. Read these tips, and don't get fooled!

Check the source. 17 Fake news websites often use addresses that sound like real newspapers, but don't have many real stories about other topics. If you aren't sure, click on the "About" page and look for a clear description of the organization.

18 Look to see if the story you are reading is on other news sites that you know and trust. If you do find it on many other sites, then it probably isn't fake, as many big news organizations try to check their sources before they publish a story.

There are other techniques that fake news uses. These include using ALL CAPS and lots of ads that pop up when you click on a link. 19 If the news story makes you angry, it's probably designed to make you angry.

If you know these things about online news, and can apply them in your everyday life, then you have the control over what to read, what to believe and most importantly what to share. If you find a news story that you know is fake, the most important advice is: 20

- A. Don't share it.
- B. Read about it in print media.
- C. Check the story in other places.
- D. Unfortunately, not all of these stories are true.
- E. Also, think about how the story makes you feel.
- F. Look at the website where the story comes from.
- G. However, the rash of fake news is a relatively new problem.

第二部分 语言运用(共两节;满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My childhood memories involve sitting with my dad in his study every night. When he came home from work, he would put his 21 items away: his watch, wallet, comb and car key would always 22 the same spot on the table.

Dad's 23 was jade green. He bought it when he married Mum, which made it two years older than I was. Every night, he would smile, and hand me the comb: "Be a good girl and help Daddy 24 it, OK?"

I would excitedly turn the tap on, and brush it with a used toothbrush. When I 25 returned it to Dad, he would smile at me, and place it on top of his wallet.

Two years later, I started primary school. That was 26 Dad's business wasn't doing so well. He didn't come home as 27 as he used to, and when he did, it was always late and I'd already be in bed. So the uncomfortable silence between Dad and me 28.

Now 28, I've 29 from college and got a job. One day last year, Dad came home early. I helped him carry his bags into his 30. When I turned to leave, he said: "Hey, would you like to help me clean my comb? It's been a while since I 31 cleaned it." I looked at him a while, then took the comb, and headed to the sink. With 32 in my eyes, I brushed it with an old toothbrush.

When I 33 the clean comb back to him, Dad looked at it, smiling, and then carefully put it on his wallet. But this time, I had noticed something different: Dad has 34. He has wrinkles next to his eyes when he smiles, yet his smile is still as 35 as before.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| 21. A. working | B. ordinary | C. personal | D. favorite |
| 22. A. occupy | B. catch | C. locate | D. place |
| 23. A. car | B. wallet | C. hair | D. comb |
| 24. A. clean | B. fix | C. handle | D. wash |
| 25. A. anxiously | B. proudly | C. hurriedly | D. tiredly |
| 26. A. which | B. when | C. why | D. how |

高三英语试题 第 6 页(共 8 页)

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|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 27. A. soon | B. long | C. early | D. much |
| 28. A. continued | B. realized | C. counted | D. changed |
| 29. A. resulted | B. graduated | C. finished | D. educated |
| 30. A. office | B. bedroom | C. study | D. sofa |
| 31. A. never | B. possibly | C. seldom | D. last |
| 32. A. tears | B. sorrow | C. anger | D. smiles |
| 33. A. returned | B. offered | C. gave | D. sent |
| 34. A. grew | B. aged | C. turned | D. suffered |
| 35. A. silent | B. fantastic | C. heartwarming | D. confident |

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Are you a tea drinker? If so, you're not alone. Every day around the world millions of cups of this popular brew 36 (drink), and it's been that way for thousands of years.

The oldest discovered tea is from the Han Dynasty, 37 (date) from 206 BC to 220 AD. But it's thought that the tea trend really took off during the Tang Dynasty in the 8th Century, when it 38 (become) China's national drink.

Much of the early growing of tea in China was by small farms and plantations, many of 39 were tended by Buddhist monks, on the land high on the mountain tops. So the Chinese have always held the 40 (believe) that famous teas come from high in the mountains, and indeed, many of the 41 (fine) and best-known teas have often come from these mountain plantations.

Today, China produces about 20% of the world tea exports. 42 great variety of teas are grown and produced in 16 different regions of China. There's said 43 (be) over 8,000 different classifications, most of which are for green tea alone, with a few black and oolong teas 44 (include).

Many of China's finest teas are still made by hand, and the skills needed for their manufacture have been passed down 45 generations, from one to the other.

第三部分 写作(共两节;满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

假定你是李华。3 月 12 日,星期五,你和部分同学冒雨参加了植树劳动。请用英语写一则日记。内容包括:

1. 植树地点:人民公园;
2. 劳动过程;
3. 活动感悟。

高三英语试题 第 7 页(共 8 页)

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

March 12, Friday	A diary	Rainy
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第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

On a rainy night in March 2013, my husband Reece went out to get a box that he had forgotten in his car. On his way back inside, he noticed a small shadow moving on the driveway. He walked towards it quietly, and found it was a small hedgehog(刺猬), all wet in the grass, eating mud. Reece quickly removed his jacket and picked it up. The hedgehog was very weak and unable to move about quickly. But he did not seem to be frightened; nor did he resist being scooped up(抱起).

Once he was inside, Reece called out to me, saying that he had something that would make my heart melt, and he was right! We named the hedgehog Alf, because, just like the TV show character of the '80s, he came out of nowhere. And, like Alf the alien, this little hedgehog was amazingly intelligent. Not only did he learn to eat his dinner and drink water from his bowls, but he also learnt to wait for us inside his little indoor cubby house and hop into his pet carrier whenever we took him out with us.

Alf knows us very well and recognizes both our voices. He does not roll into a ball or put his spines up. Every day he allows us to pat him. He loves playing with paper and towels and will bite and tug on the bed sheets if given a chance. Like all pets, Alf loves his treats, in particular small pieces of sugar-coated biscuits.

Unfortunately, in April 2014, I was in a car accident and had to spend two months in the hospital. And boy, did I miss Alf! Reece told me that Alf would search around the house for me, checking in places where I'd normally be, such as my desk, my favorite seat in front of the TV and even my side of the bed.

注意:

1. 续写的词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

One evening, Reece set up a video call for me from my hospital bed.

I cannot describe the feeling when I arrived home and saw his little face again.

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