

绝密★启用前 【考试时间：2020 年 4 月 25 日下午 15：00～17：00】

## 湖南湖北四校 2020 届高三学情调研联考

### 英语试题参考答案及解析(含听力材料)

1—5 ACABC 6—10 BABCB 11—15 ABCAB 16—20 CBAAC

21. C; 22. A; 23. D;

24. D 根据文章第二段中的 "he was traveling alone and the flight attendants couldn't understand what he needed" 可知, 乘务员无法跟他交流, 不知道他需要什么。

25. B 根据文章第四段中的 "He was lonely and wanted to talk," Clara said. So for the next hour, that was what they did" 可知, 因为 Cook 很孤单而且想交谈, 故 Clara 在接下来的一小时一直在和 Cook 交谈。

26. A 根据文章第三段中的 "knelt by the aisle seat of Tim Cook" " She came by again a bit later because he wanted to know the time. On her third visit, she stopped and stayed for a while" 和第四段中的 "looked attentively at his face with such kindness" 可知, 她能跪在 Tim 的座位旁边, 一次次过去照料他, 而且还能带着善意看着他, 由此可推断 Clara 是善良且体贴的。

27. C 根据最后一段的内容可知, 文章通过 Clara 所做的温暖小事呼吁我们随时帮助别人, 奉献爱心。

28.D 推理判断题。根据第二段 "The problem for air pollution is that it's been largely ignored as an issue for a long time," 以及 People don't realize how bad it is, and how it affects health. 可知, 伦敦人应该更关注伦敦的空气质。故选 D 项。

29.B 细节理解题。根据第三段 It all began when Pierre Duquesnoy, the director for Digital Bi, a marketing firm, won a London Design Festival award for his idea of how a world problem could be solved using Twitter 可知, 一个世界性的问题。故选 B 项。

30.C 细节理解题。根据第四段 It was not legal to fly them over London. 由此可知, Duquesnoy 初想用无人机飞跃伦敦检测空气, 但放弃了这个想法。故选 C 项。

31.A 标题归题。根据第一段 But now the birds are being used to fight another kind of pollution in this city of 8.5 million. 和最后一段 So it might be time for Londoners to have more respect for their pigeons. The birds may just be helping to improve the quality of the city's air. 这些关键句可知, Duquesnoy 用鸽子检测空气质量、引导人们关注空气污染, 鸽子成了伦敦新的环保战士。

32. A 33. B 34. D 35. C

【分析】这是一篇新闻报道。报道了斯洛文尼亚人达沃卡米卡成为第一个不间断地滑下珠穆朗玛峰的人, 并创造了历史新纪录。

32、细节理解题。由第一段 "Slovenian Davorin Kamkar became the first person to ski non-stop down Mount Everest." 可知, 斯洛文尼亚人达沃卡米卡成为第一个不间断地滑下珠穆朗玛峰的人。故 A 选项正确。

33、词义猜测题。由第四段 "The descent had been seen by many as insanely dangerous." 可知, 许多人认为这种下降是极其危险的, 所以猜测出 foolhardy 的意思是 "冒不必要的风险"。故 B 选项正确。

34、细节理解题。由倒数第二段 "when a previous failed attempt saw him get frostbite as a fierce storm lashed the peak." (当之前的一次尝试失败时, 一场猛烈的风暴袭击了山顶, 他冻伤了。) 可知, 这不是 Kamkar 第一次尝试征服珠穆朗玛峰。故 D 选项正确。

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35、标题归纳题。通读全文可知，斯洛文尼亚人达沃卡米卡成为第一个不间断地滑下珠穆朗玛峰的人，许多人认为这种极限运动是极其危险的，但达沃卡米卡成功做到了，并创造了历史新纪录。故 C 选项正确。由第一段“Slovenian Davor Kamilar became the first person to ski non-stop down Mount Everest.”由第四段“The descent had been seen by many as insanely dangerous.”由第七段“hundreds of thousands of people witnessed his descent on the Internet, which was one of the record highs ever.”可知，斯洛文尼亚人达沃卡米卡成为第一个不间断地滑下珠穆朗玛峰的人，许多人认为这种极限运动是极其危险的，但达沃卡米卡成功做到了，并创造了历史新纪录。综合以上信息以及对比选项，只有 C 选项与主题密切相关，能概括全文内容，简练并能吸引读者。所以小题 4 的正确选项为 C。

七选五

36. G 37. B 38. F 39. D 40. A

完形填空

41.D; 42.A; 43.C; 44.B; 45.D; 46.A; 47.C; 48.B; 49.A; 50.C; 51.D; 52.B; 53.A; 54.D;

55.C; 56.B; 57.C; 58.B; 59.D; 60.A

解析：1.考查名词及语境理解。根据全文可知，老太太对于“我”能够勇敢地承认错误并作出赔偿而感到自豪，说明老太太对人有宽仁之心。forgiveness“宽恕，宽宏大量”，符合语境。

2.考查名词及语境理解。从下文的“with the broken window in the freezing weather”可以推断是“冬日(winter)”的下午。

3.考查名词及语境理解。从下文的“not for the covering on top of the house”可知，“我”和朋友是向老太太家的“屋顶(roof)”扔石块。

4.考查连词及语境理解。因为石块很光滑，“所以(so)”在“我”把它扔出的时候，它滑出了“我”的手掌，不是直直地“飞向(headed)”屋顶。

5.考查动词及语境理解。因为石块很光滑，“所以在我把它扔出的时候，它滑出了我的手掌，不是直直地“飞向(headed)”屋顶。head for 意为“朝着(某一地点)行进”。

6.考查介宾短语及语境理解。陷入麻烦，一听到玻璃破裂的声音，我们就知道“陷入麻烦(in trouble)”了。

7.考查动词及语境理解。A. got around 绕过，B. went out 出去，C. ran away 跑开，D. hung out 闲逛，根据语境，此处指我们转身“跑开(ran away)”了。

8.考查形容词及语境理解。因为打破了别人家的窗户，所以“我”害怕(scared)“被抓到”。

9.考查动词及语境理解。结合前文中的“getting caught”可知，此处指几天之后，“我”确定自己没有“被”发现(discovered)。

10.考查名词及语境理解。窗户被人打破，对老太太来说就是“不幸(misfortune)”。

11.考查连词及语境理解。每天，“我”给老太太报纸的时候，她总是带着微笑跟“我”打招呼。when“当……时”符合语境。

12.考查名词及语境理解。因为内心有愧，所以“我”站在老太太面前的时候，感觉浑身不自在。in one's presence=in the presence of sb.意为“在……面前，有……在场”。

13.考查动词及语境理解。根据语境，此处指“我”下定决心省钱。make up one's mind 意为“下定决心”。

14.考查动词及语境理解。“我”把钱放在信封，并附上一张便条，“说明(explaining)”“我”的歉意。

15.考查动词及语境理解。因为“我”对打破窗户一事感到很抱歉，所以“我”希望(hoped)“这七美元能够支付维修费用”。

16.考查副词及语境理解。“我”不好意思当面跟老太太道歉，所以“我”等到天黑，悄悄地(quietly)来

到她的家门口。

17. 考查动词及语境理解。压抑的，“我”向老太太道了歉，并通过自己的努力，赔偿了老太太家的窗户的维修费用，因此“我”感到“释怀(relieved)”了。

18. 考查动词及语境理解。因为勇敢承认了自己的过错，“我”不再感到内疚，所以“我”也能回报老太太对“我”的微笑了。return 意为“回报，回应”。

19. 考查名词及语境理解。从前文的“a customer on the paper route”可知纸质路线上的顾客，说明我继续按照路线(route)行走。

20. 考查形容词及语境理解。老太太给“我”的曲奇饼袋子里还放着“我”赔偿她的钱，而且她一直都知道是“我”打破了她的窗户，故“我”感到“震惊(shocked)”。

#### 语法填空

- |                  |               |              |           |                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 61. improvements | 62. comparing | 63. printing | 64. on    | 65. were asked  |
| 66. to use       | 67. daily     | 68. that/who | 69. which | 70. convenience |

#### 短文改错

In order to keep the Chinese traditional culture alive, we held the Chinese Character Dictation Competition in our school ~~on~~ last Saturday. Lucky Luickily, I was selected to take part in an the activity on behalf of my classmates. Some of my classmates helped me review many Chinese characters when that aren't commonly used today, while others reminded me of unfamiliar one ones whenever they were free. My head teacher also encouraged us me to try my best. During the competition, I manage managed to answer all the questions giving given by the judges because I had made great efforts for it. When I got the first place, I came to realize that it was my classmates' kind help or and my head teacher's encouragement which that contributed to my success.

解析：第一处错误：last Saturday 是固定短语，前面不用任何介词。故将 last 前的 on 去掉。

第二处错误：luckily 在句首修饰整个句子，做状语。故将 Lucky 改为 Luckily。

第三处错误：根据句意可知 activity 是特指，所以前面用定冠词 the。故将 an 改为 the。

第四处错误：考查定语从句。

第五处错误：根据句意，此处代词指代的是 Chinese characters。故将 one 改为 ones。

第六处错误：根据句意可知用 me。

第七处错误：前后文时态是一般过去时，所以此处将 manage 改为 managed。

第八处错误：questions 和 give 之间是被动关系。故将 giving 改为 given。

第九处错误：根据句意可知，同学的帮助和老师的鼓励是并列的关系。故将 or 改为 and。

第十处错误：本句是强调句型。其结构是 It was + 被强调部分 + that + 其他。故将 which 改为

that.

作文

Dear Terry,

I'm honored to know that you've decided to have a taste of the Lantern Festival in my city. I'm also more than pleased to reserve a hotel for you in advance. But I need some details of your travel. Firstly, when will your flight arrive at the airport? If I'm available then, I will pick you up. Besides, prices of a hotel room range from RMB 399 to 999, so which kind of room do you prefer? And more importantly, how many rooms do you exactly need? Only if I figure out all of the questions can I make reservations for you.

Please give me more detailed information about your schedule. Looking forward to your early coming.

Yours sincerely,  
Li Hua

## 听力材料

Dialog 1:

W: What time is your train leaving?

M: It leaves at 10. I've got 50 minutes left.

W: You'd better hurry, or you won't be able to catch it.

Dialog 2:

M: Nice weather we're having! Don't you think?

W: No, it is too cold.

M: I think it is just right.

W: I'd prefer a few degrees warmer.

Dialog 3

M: Now, let's stop talking and get going. I need to be in my office in 15 minutes. Or I'll be late for a meeting.

W: OK. Bye!

Dialog 4

M: This course is really difficult.

W: I don't think it's all that bad. And we'll benefit a lot from it.

M: So you're taking it, too.

W: That's true.

Dialog 5

W: Could you turn that off? I can't hear myself think!

M: What?

W: The radio.

M: Oh, sorry.

Dialog 6

W: Hi, Michael! I heard you just came back from a holiday?

M: Yes. I stayed for a week in China and 5 days in India.

W: You do travel a lot, don't you? Last year, you went to Norway, right?

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M: Well, I've been to quite some countries, but not yet to Norway. Last summer, I toured Russia for two weeks.

Dialog 7

M: Sally, do you like seafood?

W: Yes, of course.

M: Is there anything you especially like?

W: Well, I really don't know. I can never remember the name.

M: Ok. Is there any food you don't eat?

W: Well, I don't eat chicken, and I don't like eggs, either. But I like all kinds of fish and vegetable.

M: Then, let's look at the menu, and see what they've got for us.

Dialog 8

M: You look pale, Stephanie! What's wrong?

W: I don't feel good. I have a bad headache. In fact, I haven't got much sleep this past week, and I feel really tired.

M: Why don't you go to see a doctor?

W: Yeah, I think I should. But I have a report to do tomorrow. Ms. Jenkins means it for the board meeting next Monday.

M: Well, it's Wednesday today. Why don't you talk to Ms. Jenkins and ask if you can hand it in on Friday morning?

W: Maybe I should try. I guess I just need a good sleep. Thanks, Gorge.

M: If you need any help for the report, just let me know.

Dialog 9

W: Anything interesting in the paper today, dear?

M: Well, yeah. There are a few here that might interest us. Here is one for just four hundred dollars. It only has one bedroom, but it sounds nice, near Lake Street.

W: Yeah, let me see what the cheapest two-bedroom apartment is. Oh, here is one on Market Street. It's a real bargain. Only 350 dollars. But it doesn't have any furniture.

M: Well, it costs a lot to buy all the furniture.

W: Oh, here is another one for just over four hundred dollars. This sounds very interesting. It's on South Street. That's a nice area!

M: Yes, it's quiet. Did you say two bedrooms?

W: Yes, at 415 dollars.

M: Why don't we go and have a look?

W: OK, I'll give them a call.

Monolog 10

Look at this picture. It's the London Tea Trade centre. As you can see, it is on the North Bank of the River Thames. It is the center of an important industry in the everyday life of the British people. Tea is the British national drink. Every man, woman and child over ten years of age, has an average over four cups a day, or some one thousand five hundred cups annually. About 30 percent of the world's export of tea makes its way to London. And Britain is by far the largest importer of tea in the world. Now in the second picture, you can see how tea is tasted in the Tea Trade Centre before it is sold. Here, different types of tea are tasted by skilled tea-tasters before they are sold at each week's tea sale. It's amazing to see them at work! Over a hundred kinds of tea are laid out in a line on a long table. The tasters generally taste tea with milk, since that is how the majority of British people drink

their tea. The tasters move down the line with surprising speed, tasting from a spoon and deciding what is a fair price for each tea. After that, they...

附:2019 年全国卷高考阅卷各档次的给分范围和要求:

#### 第五档 (21-25 分)

完全完成了试题规定的任务。

—覆盖了所有内容要点。

—应用了较丰富的语法结构和词汇。

—语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误, 但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致。

—有效地使用了语句间的连接成分, 全文结构紧凑。

完全达到了预期的写作目的。

#### 第四档 (16-20 分)

完成了试题规定的任务。

—虽漏掉一两个次重点, 但覆盖了所有主要内容。

—应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

—语法结构与词汇应用基本准确, 些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。

—应用简单的语句间的连接成分, 全文结构较紧凑。

达到了预期的写作目的。

#### 第三档 (11-15 分)

基本完成了试题规定的任务。

—虽漏掉一些内容, 但覆盖所有主要内容。

—应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

—有一些语法结构与词汇的错误, 但不影响理解。

—应用简单的语句间连接成分, 使全文内容连贯。

整体而言, 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

#### 第二档 (6-10 分)

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。

—漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容, 写了一些无关内容。

—语法结构单调, 词汇知识有限。

—有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误, 影响了对写作内容的理解。

—较少使用语句间的连接成分, 内容缺少连贯性。

信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

#### 第一档 (1-5 分)

未完成试题规定的任务。

—明显漏掉主要内容, 写了一些无关内容, 原因可能是未理解试题要求。

—语法结构单调, 应用知识有限。

—较多语法结构和词汇方面的错误, 影响对写作内容的理解。

—缺乏语句间的连接成分, 内容不连贯。

信息未能传达给读者。

#### 0 分

未能传达给读者任何信息: 内容太少, 无法评判; 写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

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