

高 2025 届 2022-2023 学年(下)5 月名校联考

英语试题

第 I 卷 选择题(共 95 分)

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How does the man sound?
A. Annoyed. B. Excited. C. Surprised.
2. What are probably shown in the exhibition?
A. Paintings. B. Photographs. C. Sculptures.
3. What are the shopkeepers probably unsatisfied with?
A. The parking space. B. The opening time. C. The special offers.
4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. Planning basketball matches. B. Rebuilding the courts. C. Watching a game.
5. What does the man have to do?
A. Pay the membership fee. B. Give an up-to-date photo. C. Fill in the application form.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟;听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What relation is the man to Jim?
A. His doctor. B. His classmate. C. His teacher.
7. What do we know about Jim?
A. He broke his leg. B. He is on holiday. C. He has started training.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why does the man call the woman?
A. To place an order. B. To make a complaint. C. To send an invitation.
9. When will the concert be held?
A. On Monday. B. On Wednesday. C. On Thursday.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How often do the first group of volunteers spend a weekend away?
A. Once a week. B. Once a month. C. Twice a month.
11. What will the woman help do in the second project?
A. Do some cooking. B. Clean the house. C. Feed the seals.
12. What are the requirements to participate in the second project?
A. Volunteers have to speak English.

- B. Volunteers are highly experienced.
C. Volunteers need to work for at least four weeks.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What did the woman say about her first job?
A. It was boring. B. It was easy. C. It was satisfying.
14. How long did the woman work in the drama school?
A. For two years. B. For three years. C. For four years.
15. How was the woman influenced by her grandmother?
A. She liked to try her make-up.
B. She often wore her costume.
C. She played a role in her play.
16. What will the woman probably talk about next?
A. Her character. B. Her families. C. Her hobbies.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. How did the speaker know about the course?
A. From a newspaper. B. From her cousin. C. From the Internet.
18. What was the speaker's first article about?
A. A man who made violins.
B. A guy who repaired bicycles.
C. A boy who was stuck in a tree.
19. What does the speaker think of the typing lessons?
A. Difficult. B. Practical. C. Relaxing.
20. What will the speaker do next Monday?
A. Go for an interview. B. Contact a radio station. C. Meet a junior reporter.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节，满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分，满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文，从A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Want to know who is on tour right now? Concert Fix will bring you up to the news on tour announcements, tour guests, concert schedules, locations and venues.

That! Feels Good Tour

English vocalist Jessie Ware has announced a return to North America later in 2023 to promote her upcoming album "That! Feels Good!". The 7-city excursion takes place in October making stops in Chicago, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Washington DC, Philadelphia, New York and Toronto. The rising singer-songwriter recently joined British pop singer Harry Styles in late 2022 during a small portion of Harry's Love On Tour.

Gigaton Tour

Grammy-winning rockers Pearl Jam have announced a brief 2023 tour across America promoting their recent album "Gigaton". Joining the tour on select dates will be special guests Inhaler. The new outing follows up 2022's Gigaton Tour which was their first since 2018. The 9-date trek takes place in August making stops in St. Paul, Chicago, Noblesville.

Angels in Science Fiction Tour

Soul favorites St. Paul & The Broken Bones have announced a massive North American tour later in 2023 to support



their brand new album “*Angels in Science Fiction*”. The 32-city excursion kicks off September 23rd in Louisville and extends into November making notable stops in Chicago, Royal Oak, Port Chester, Washington DC, Charlotte, Dallas, Seattle and Denver.

Farm Tour

Country music singer Luke Bryan has announced another version of his annual Farm Tour visiting select farming communities across America. The new 5-city tour takes place in September making stops in Shelbyville, Millersport, Colfax, Brooklyn and Eyota. Like always, a portion of the money earned from ticket selling will be donated to students and families within these farming communities.

1. Which tour will be held in Chicago in August?
 - A. That! Feels Good Tour.
 - B. Gigaton Tour.
 - C. Angels in Science Fiction Tour.
 - D. Farm Tour.
2. What kind of concert is *Angels in Science Fiction Tour*?
 - A. Soul music concert.
 - B. Rock music concert.
 - C. Country music concert.
 - D. R&B music concert.
3. In which tour will the ticket income be partly donated to the public?
 - A. That! Feels Good Tour.
 - B. Gigaton Tour.
 - C. Angels in Science Fiction Tour.
 - D. Farm Tour.

B

I met Steven on my way to Dublin Airport at the end of a business trip. A cheerful, talkative fellow with a friendly smile. As a local taxi driver, he has probably visited every street of the city. But his childhood years spent in Swansea makes him feel Welsh.

“I often wonder where home is for me, I’d like to think it’s Swansea but I have a life here now,” he explained to me. Having left Swansea as a teenager, he has since lost contact with all his childhood friends, and most of his family left there too.

His words surprised me, as I had considered cultural similarities and ease of movement across Europe made the concept of home unrelated. I had thought high tech communications in our globalized world would have shortened the 250 miles distance between Dublin and Swansea to almost none.

It's just not what I pictured. But I should not have been surprised. Despite growing global connectivity, identity is still central to people's hearts. Looking back at my own life, I feel perhaps I understand Steven's situation. I was born and grew up in Chongqing, in Southwest China. After living for eight years in London, I have made many local British friends and learnt to appreciate British humor. With a reputation as one of the world's most multicultural cities, London always makes its residents feel welcome regardless of their origin. But I also felt a little "something missing" in Steven's words.

As China increasingly opens up to the world, more and more Chinese will travel abroad to work, study and live, but China will remain forever a home for them. And sitting in Steven's taxi, witnessing his love for Swansea, I realized the desire for such a place you belong to is universally shared.

4. Why does the writer mention Steven's story?
- A. To describe a wonderful taxi driver he met in Dublin.
 - B. To share interesting travelling experiences in the UK.
 - C. To show the difference between his life and the writer's.
 - D. To introduce people's feelings of living far from home.
5. What does the writer intend to tell us in Paragraph 4?
- A. The longer one stays in a place, the more connected he feels.



- B. London has become his sweet home regardless of his origin.
- C. Globalization doesn't take away people's desire for identity.
- D. Steven and the writer both feel unwelcome in a strange place.
6. Which of the sayings can best explain the writer's feelings in the end?
- A. East or west, home is best. B. Great minds think alike.
- C. Beauty lies in the lover's eyes. D. All roads lead to Rome.
7. What's the best title for the passage?
- A. My Oversea Life in London B. The Longing for Home
- C. A Story of Two Cities D. A Small, Small World

C

In our daily life, anxiety, curiosity and jealousy are often applied to describe emotions in different situations. But what do these have in common? The common theme is this: they are a state of feeling that results in physical and psychological changes that influence our behavior. Besides adding variety or “color” to our lives, emotions help us respond to important situations and communicate our thoughts to others. In the meanwhile, emotion is also linked to behavior. Some people are more likely to be social and express their emotions, while others are more likely to hide their emotions in public.

What happens when we experience emotions? In brief, emotional responses have four parts: a physical response, an interpretation (演绎) in the mind, feelings, and an effect on behavior. These do not happen in any special order—they happen at the same time and affect each other. Now we will show this process with the most carefully studied of all emotions: fear.

To understand the physical response, imagine you are frightened by an aggressive noisy dog. Your brain sends messages throughout your body by releasing a chemical called adrenaline (肾上腺素), which the body carries to other parts of the body. Then, the bodily reactions begin. Blood flows from your stomach. The blood flow in the face decreases, which makes you become whiter.

The second aspect is interpretation in the mind of events and feelings. This is both conscious and unconscious. In fact, the more you think about the dog, the more frightened you become. Thinking like this sends both your feelings and your physical response to new heights.

The “feeling” aspect of emotion comes from two sources. In one, the brain senses the body’s reaction. The other comes from memories of your body’s reactions in similar situations in the past.

Finally, emotions can also affect behavior. In response to the aggressive dog, this could be the so-called “fight-or-flight” response which appears to be part of our biology. In this, the person either becomes more aggressive or runs away.

8. What can we know about emotions according to the passage?
 - A. Emotions can take control of different situations in our lives.
 - B. Emotions have a close connection with our behavior.
 - C. Emotions must do more than just add thoughts to our lives.
 - D. Emotions enrich people's life and make it more challenging.
9. Why does the writer mention the emotion fear?
 - A. To explain how carefully fear is studied.
 - B. To prove the four parts happen in the fixed order.
 - C. To show how the four parts function together.
 - D. To suggest that fear is an extreme emotion.
10. According to the passage, which can best describe a person's response before a frightening dog?

- A. Facial blood flow becomes faster. B. He becomes totally unconscious.
C. His past memories affect him. D. He becomes aggressive at once.

11. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Emotions and what happens when we experience them.
B. Emotions and purposes of emotional responses.
C. Emotions and how they influence our behavior.
D. Emotions and emotional responses caused by fear.

D

Everything one enjoys in life has a price. There is no free lunch in the world, for, generally, someone pays. This reality informs why we need to be careful when surfing on the Internet. Every action has its consequence; nothing is free. Therefore, one pays for everything else, somehow, somewhere and sometime; and the Internet is no exception. It never forgives. It never forgets.

Besides the fact that someone sees and can locate whoever is using any device that has a tiny front camera (cell phone, tablet, laptop or desktop), you leave digital footprints each time you visit the Internet. Is it not surprising that often search engines and online marketing platforms suggest to you things similar to what you have already searched for or bought? This fact is possible because you leave digital footprints. These footprints can not be removed on the Internet so long as the Internet exists. Deleting is a pure trick because it gives you the impression that the stuff is gone. But it remains. It is gone from one level of Internet operations but remains at other deeper layers. All our digital footprints and records are all stored in the cyber cloud. A simple analysis of your activities on the Internet for the past ten years will shock you as to the extent the Internet remembers.

Yet responsible use of the Internet can be a boon for a young person. Prevention in time saves one from falling victim to the destructive consequences of the misuse of the Internet. Rightly said, unexamined use of the Internet and irresponsible involvement with the social media leads to psycho-social and emotional disorders that upset progress and ruin a person. While engaging in the Internet, be mindful that your activities today can work against you in the near, distant or eternal future when you might have grown or changed.

The Internet never forgets, so be careful of your activities on social media. While engaging in social media, think about the future so as not to allow the Internet to ruin your dream. Indeed, some suffer awful consequences because of their childishness, carelessness or ignorance. Keep in mind always: the Internet neither forgives nor forgets.

12. What can we learn about “deleting” in Paragraph 2?

- A. It can completely remove the stuff you don't want.
B. It remains on certain layers of Internet operations.
C. It will be stored for a short time in the cyber cloud.
D. It can be somehow traced down within ten years.

13. What does the underlined word “boon” mean in Paragraph 3?

- A. Benefit. B. Talent. C. Problem. D. Burden.

14. What's the writer's attitude to the Internet footprints?

- A. Doubtful. B. Uninterested. C. Cautious. D. Unclear.

15. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. Users should delete digital footprints timely while surfing the Internet.
B. People should put the Internet security in the first place anytime.
C. Internet surfers will suffer consequences unless the Internet forgives.
D. People should use the Internet responsibly in case of a terrible future.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A famous Chinese proverb says, “Tell me and I will forget; show me and I may remember; involve me and I will understand.” ____16____ Read on to discover ways in which theatre can benefit students.

____17____

Dramas help children explore new worlds, become people from different times and learn about different perspectives. Exploring these things can give them the skills needed to be innovative and imaginative. In an ever-changing world, having a creative approach is so important for thinking ‘outside the box’ and coming up with new solutions.

Drama improves verbal and non-verbal communication skills

Drama skills can help children develop their communication and presentation skills, which are vital skills for anyone! Activities where children take on different roles help develop their expression. ____18____

Drama develops empathy

Drama requires members to play different characters. ____19____ As a result, members are encouraged to develop empathy-the ability to view the world from another person’s perspective without judgment.

Drama encourages cooperation and new friendship

____20____ Dramas are a strong platform to foster cooperative spirit. There is nothing that bonds a group of people quicker than making a drama together. Drama requires children to openly express themselves throughout the activities, which helps members become friends by supporting each other.

Many schools now recognize drama as one of the best ways to promote emotional intelligence. They believe drama education can result in a positive and long-lasting transformation that would not have happened in a traditional education system.

- A. Drama develops creativity.
- B. Drama improves concentration.
- C. Teamwork is undoubtedly an essential part of drama.
- D. Dramas develop children into better communicators and storytellers.
- E. All creative ideas are welcomed and encouraged so that every child feels positive.
- F. A good understanding of roles will allow members to relate better to different situations.
- G. Theatre in education creates an engaging environment that changes the students in many aspects.

第三部分 语言知识运用(满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面的短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

It was dark and I was standing in front of a ____21____ house in an unfamiliar street in Sydney’s northwest, rescue box in hand, leather gloves under my arm, my head full of instructions to ____22____. The little bird waiting inside the house would be my first ____23____ as a volunteer wildlife rescuer since I’d completed a two-day training course the previous month. A call had come through that afternoon asking for help ____24____ a bird of an unknown species was being attacked by two youngsters in his garden. He ____25____ the children and grabbed their victim.

I went inside to see my very first patient. I was ____26____, yet with the man watching on, I would have to look confident. With great care, I lifted the edge of the shoe box very ____27____ to see a tiny-looking bird standing to attention on very thin legs.

The bird was shivering, so I decided not to grab it by hand but just transfer the whole shoebox into my rescue box. I

didn't want to appear incompetent.

Back home, I couldn't see any obvious ____28____ of injury. I hadn't seen this species of bird before, so I googled for a ____29____ on the Internet. After a while, I came across something that looked like a match: a fantail, so called because of its ____30____ feathers that, when fully open, spread out into a neat little "fan".

I phoned the bird specialist of my local rescue group. She told me this species hunts ____31____ on the wing, and I needed to release it the next day on the same street it came from.

I waited until evening the next day, which would provide the cover of ____32____, to release it. I was back on the street where I'd rescued it, gently holding the bird, and wondered what would be ____33____ for this delicate creature this time around. Nothing. It would have to take care of itself just as before, and be strong enough to catch some insects and recover its energy levels without delay.

I held the bird as ____34____ as I could to give it a good lift-off: the little bird ____35____ swiftly into the darkness without a pause. My first rescue had ended in a successful release.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|
| 21. A. friend's | B. doctor's | C. stranger's | D. patient's |
| 22. A. read | B. follow | C. notice | D. announce |
| 23. A. test | B. vacation | C. entertainment | D. competition |
| 24. A. so | B. as | C. unless | D. until |
| 25. A. scared off | B. caught up | C. fought for | D. talked back |
| 26. A. courageous | B. careful | C. anxious | D. curious |
| 27. A. impatiently | B. slightly | C. hurriedly | D. noisily |
| 28. A. symbol | B. proof | C. sign | D. cause |
| 29. A. kind | B. variety | C. species | D. likeness |
| 30. A. head | B. neck | C. body | D. tail |
| 31. A. insects | B. pests | C. beetles | D. worms |
| 32. A. light | B. power | C. blanket | D. darkness |
| 33. A. similar | B. different | C. risky | D. harmful |
| 34. A. high | B. far | C. low | D. close |
| 35. A. fell away | B. got down | C. ran across | D. flew off |

第II卷 非选择题(共55分)

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Madagascar is located off the east coast of Africa in the Indian Ocean and is the fourth ____36____ (large) island in the world. Nine-tenths of the plants in Madagascar aren't found anywhere else on Earth. Three quarters of the island's population depends on natural resources ____37____ (make) a living. As a result of its ____38____ (rich) in species, as well as the high levels of human threat to the environment, such as logging, hunting and political issues, Madagascar is a big concern of global natural conservation.

Andasibe-Mantadia National Park in eastern Madagascar is one of the most popular protected areas ____39____ are visited by tourists. Natural-area tourism at Andasibe is well organised, with many local guide associations ____40____ (have) partnerships with international organisations and 50% of park fees going directly to local communities. Forest loss is a widespread problem in Madagascar, but at Andasibe the forest is valued for its ecological function ____41____ the profits made from tourism. Andasibe is a wonderful example of ____42____ conservation and tourism can work together to help local communities and the environment.

Over the past few years, Madagascar, together with ____43____ support of many international communities such as

WWF, _____44_____ (develop) a national system of protected areas like Andasibe. Conservation actions also join hands with economic development measures to address the problems. With these strong partnerships, Madagascar can make a real difference in safeguarding protected areas _____45_____ the benefit of people and wildlife in the future.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 根据所给的中文和首字母填空, 每空一词。(共 20 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

46. As autumn a _____ (临近), the plants and colors in the garden changed. (根据中英文提示填空)
47. China is trying to persuade Russia to accept a new peace p _____ (建议). (根据中英文提示填空)
48. Is there anywhere in p _____ (特别) you want to go? (根据中英文提示填空)
49. Nobody knows when the world came into e _____ (存在). (根据中英文提示填空)
50. It is i _____ (非法的) to drive under the influence of drugs or alcohol. (根据中英文提示填空)
51. How do you think we can achieve h _____ (和谐) with nature? (根据中英文提示填空)
52. Moonlight Sonata is one of Beethoven's finest c _____ (作品). (根据中英文提示填空)
53. N _____ (如今), we can use Alipay or WeChat Pay instead of cash in most places buying things. (根据中英文提示填空)
54. Who might be the t _____ (目标) customer for Elon Musk's domestic robots? (根据中英文提示填空)
55. U _____ (更新) his blog has become something he has to do every day. (根据中英文提示填空)
56. There is e _____ (证据) that runners live 3 years longer than non-runners. (根据中英文提示填空)
57. Looking at the crowds out shopping, you could be f _____ (原谅) for thinking that everyone has plenty of money. (根据中英文提示填空)
58. Neuschwanstein Castle was served as i _____ (启发, 灵感) for Disneyland's Sleeping Beauty Castle. (根据中英文提示填空)
59. You could make a real difference to someone's life by leaving them a g _____ (慷慨) legacy. (根据中英文提示填空)
60. We'll have a picnic tomorrow, a _____ (假定) the weather stays clear. (根据中英文提示填空)
61. I hate the life I'm living now, s _____ (包围) with all kinds of pollution and technology. (根据中英文提示填空)
62. The school has a policy to e _____ (确保) the safety of students during field trips. (根据中英文提示填空)
63. Paradise Walk was o _____ (起初, 原先) a university location. (根据中英文提示填空)
64. He apologized, "Sorry. I was so deeply a _____ (全神贯注) in my work that I didn't hear you." (根据中英文提示填空)
65. With the popularity of electronic payment, the wallet is heading for e _____ (消亡, 灭绝). (根据中英文提示填空)

第二节: 写作(满分 20 分)

66. 假设你是李华, 与朋友 Tom 约好端午假期去成都大熊猫基地 (the Chengdu Panda Base) 看大熊猫, 因故不能赴约。请你用英文给他写一封电子邮件, 内容包括:

1. 表示歉意; 2. 说明原因; 3. 提出补救措施。

注意: 词数不少于 100。

Dear Tom,

Yours,
Li Hua

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