

参照秘密级管理★启用前

试卷类型: A

2022 届高三第一学期期末考试

英语试题

2022. 01

注意事项:

1. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号等填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 阅读(共两节; 满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The Garden Kitchen Lab (GKL) is a hands-on, cross-cultural educational program that combines a garden, a kitchen and a media lab to teach kids about urban gardening, cooking arts and STEAM disciplines. Since launching at NYC Parks in 2014, the Garden Kitchen Labs program has served over 600 children across Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx. Garden Kitchen Labs currently operates six gardens across NYC.

Curriculum

The Garden Kitchen Labs curriculum focuses on four key areas of knowledge:

- * Gardening: Developing an interest in and knowledge about plant care, including harvest schedules and fertilizers.
- * Cooking and Eating: Understanding that food comes from real plants, not just the grocery store. Tasting new plant-based foods and developing enthusiasm for cooking.
- * Science: Learning to use scientific instruments and building scientific observation skills, and developing knowledge about biology, chemistry, and plant nutrition.
- * Digital Media: Learning to take photographs with a point-and-shoot camera and to create media (photos and videos) with a digital microscope. Highlights include making stop-motion videos, using tripods and lighting, and using cloud-based tools.

Schedule

Garden Kitchen Labs is an after-school program that operates during three seasons each year.

- * Spring Observations: April to June
- * Summer Wellness: July to August
- * Autumn Transformation: October to December

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How to join

Our garden kitchen labs are perfect for kids aged 8 to 13. Currently, Garden Kitchen Lab programs are available at select recreation centers across the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Manhattan.

Registration takes place on a rolling basis, starting two weeks before the beginning of each session. To join the Garden Kitchen Lab programs, please visit the Garden Kitchen Lab website for the Registration form to register.

1. What can you do in the GKL program?
 - A. Harvest crops in a farm.
 - B. Make digital media.
 - C. Visit the grocery store.
 - D. Create scientific tools.
2. Who is most likely to be interested in the program?
 - A. Parents with kids.
 - B. Gardening experts.
 - C. Agricultural scientists.
 - D. Science Teachers.
3. What's the starting date of the registration for Summer Wellness?
 - A. 18th, March.
 - B. 10th, May.
 - C. 17th, June.
 - D. 14th, July.

B

Courage takes many forms and, consequently, can be difficult to define. But it would be impossible to describe Xia Boyu's heroic acts without using that word.

On May 14, 2018, he reached the world's highest summit from the south side in Nepal, at an age when most people are taking life easy. He blinked on the summit, wondering whether it really happened or if it was just a dream. He then realized that his years of effort had paid off, and he instantly called his wife with the news, bursting into tears.

That could be considered an achievement in itself, but this was his fifth attempt. About four decades, he lost his lower legs to frostbite trying to conquer the 8,848.86-meter-high peak on his first attempt. He is the first Chinese climber without legs to conquer the mountain. He reached the summit at the age of 69.

"When I finally made it to the peak, I was not as excited as I imagined. I was absolutely knackered, both cold and lacking oxygen, sitting in the snow. I was too tired to speak or move," Xia says with an lovely touch of modesty.

As well as the physical challenge of any attempt on the summit, there are also financial considerations. It costs about 500,000 yuan to climb Qomolangma. When he resolved to challenge the summit again in 2008, he sold his apartment in Beijing to cover the expenses.

He is grateful for the unconditional support from his wife and son. "My wife always understood my dream. All these years, I've devoted myself to my dream and had less time to deal with family affairs," Xia says.

His wife, Ma Yi, says in an interview: "His thought process is a simple one, and he

高三英语试题 第2页(共8页)

has a preoccupation (执着) with climbing. He's doing his best to fulfill an ideal. How could I prevent him from doing it?"

4. How did Xia Boyu feel as he finally reached the summit?
A. Shocked. B. Relieved. C. Curious. D. Incredible.
5. What does the underlined word "knackered" mean in paragraph 4?
A. Disappointed. B. Exhausted. C. Depressed. D. Frightened.
6. What does Xia owe his own success to?
A. His physical disabilities. B. His financial conditions.
C. His family's support. D. His climbing experience.
7. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?
A. A Couple in Love B. The Height of Courage
C. The Unconquerable Summit D. An Adventure to Qomolangma

Ashtyn Perry, with other 35 students from Springville, was planting baby sequoias in an area where a wildfire happened last year. The 13-year-old girl has a higher purpose: to plant baby sequoias that could grow into giants and live for thousands of years!

Last year, a wildfire broke out in the California mountain community of Sequoia Crest and destroyed dozens of its signature giant trees. To save the trees, a lot of measures have been taken, including replanting baby sequoias. The efforts are part of a project led by the Archangel Ancient Tree Archive, a nonprofit, to plant offspring from some of the largest and oldest trees. Their purpose is to archive the genetics of ancient trees, breed them and replant them.

Sequoias have massive trunks and can grow 90 meters tall. They grow naturally only in a 260-mile (420 kilometers) belt of forest in the Sierra Nevada mountains in California. The giant sequoia is the world's largest, and one of the best fire-resistant trees. Thick bark protects its trunk, and its canopy (树冠) is so high that it is out of reach of flames.

In recorded history, large sequoias had never damaged by fires before 2015. Destruction of the majestic trees hit unprecedented levels last year, when approximately 10% to 14% of the estimated 75,000 trees larger than 4 feet (1.2 meters) in diameter burned, and thousands more were potentially lost this year.

An initial assessment was recently released last week, saying that climate change and a century of policies that emphasize extinguishing wildland fires are to blame for the fire. In fact, letting some burn can reduce the buildup of undergrowth around the trees and prevent bigger future fires. Hotter droughts have led to more intense fires that have burned through fuels accumulated through fire suppression.

To protect the trees, many measures are being taken, including replanting 150 of the 7-year-old seedlings. Ashtyn said she'd like to return once a year to see how they're growing, and she hopes they become giants.

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8. What did Ashtyn and her friends do to save sequoias?
 - A. Planting young trees.
 - B. Protecting the old trees.
 - C. Preventing the wildfire.
 - D. Transforming their genes.
9. What can we learn about the giant sequoia?
 - A. It's the oldest tree globally.
 - B. It's easily destroyed by fire.
 - C. Its canopy is fire-resisted.
 - D. It's unique to California.
10. Why are the figures mentioned in paragraph 4?
 - A. To call for immediate action.
 - B. To prove the fires were severe.
 - C. To warn the trees are dying out.
 - D. To show the loss is huge.
11. What can we infer from paragraph 5?
 - A. Locals are responsible for the fires.
 - B. Wildfires are not necessarily bad.
 - C. Dry weather causes bigger fires.
 - D. Preventing wildfires is a solution.

People use laughter to connect and bond with others. What about animals?

Sasha Winkler is a graduate student at the University of California, studying animal behavior. She noticed that the small monkeys she worked with, called rhesus macaques, liked to play together by chasing each other. While having fun together, they made panting sounds, almost like they were out of breath, which reminded Winkler of quiet laughter.

To find out whether other animals laugh while playing, Winkler teamed up with another scientist named Greg Bryant. Together, they found and read dozens of reports written by scientists who studied animals. Winkler and Bryant looked for any mentions in any animal of vocal signaling during play like the panting of the macaques.

Through their research, Winkler and Bryant identified 65 species, or groups of animals that produce that laughter while playing. The animals that laugh the most include primates like monkeys and apes, rodents like rats, and mammals that live in the ocean like dolphins.

The study suggests that many animals laugh so that their play partner knows they are having fun. This is important because animal play can sometimes look like fighting. Laughter becomes a way for animals to prevent aggressive or harmful behavior when interacting with others. Some animals also make a "play face", giving an expression like a smile to show that they are happy and not angry.

One big difference between human laughter and animal laughter is that humans laugh much more loudly. Most sounds animals make during play are very quiet so they can only be heard by the animal they are playing with. But for humans, loud laughter is a sign that we're part of a group. "It's really fascinating that so many animals have a similar function of vocalization(发声) during play," said Winkler. "But we do have these unique parts of human laughter that are also an important area for future study."

高三英语试题 第4页(共8页)

12. Why did Winkler and Bryant conduct the research?
- A. To observe animal behavior.
B. To collect papers about animals.
C. To study animal laughter while playing.
D. To compare animal laughter and human laughter.
13. Why do some animals laugh when having fun?
- A. To hide their true emotions.
B. To play tricks on their partners.
C. To attract more partners to join in.
D. To make play go in a friendly way.
14. What is special about animal laughter?
- A. It's mostly a quiet laughter. B. It's louder than human laughter.
C. It's more social than human laughter. D. It's accompanied by facial expressions.
15. What might be the main concern of future research on human laughter?
- A. Its function. B. Its volume. C. Its sounding. D. Its message.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Wrestling yourself away from screens, devices, even the television can be a nearly impossible task, but it's vital to our mental and even physical health. A jigsaw puzzle requires your full attention and therein lies the magic. 16 They call it a retro(复古) game. Here are some benefits of puzzling that might surprise you.

Jigsaw puzzles exercise the left and right sides of your brain at once. Your left brain is logical and works in a linear fashion, while your right brain is creative. When you're doing a jigsaw puzzle, both sides are engaged. Think of it as a mental workout that improves your problem-solving skills and attention. 17

Jigsaw puzzles improve your short-term memory. 18 Jigsaw puzzles can help with that. Doing a puzzle strengthens connections between brain cells, improves mental speed and is an especially effective way to improve short-term memory.

19 Focusing on one image for a long period of time, without other thoughts entering your mind, is in itself meditation. By doing a jigsaw puzzle, you're getting the same benefits as if you meditated. The stress of everyday life disappears. It is replaced by a sense of peace and calmness that lowers your blood pressure and heart rate.

Jigsaw puzzles are great for some needed alone time. Puzzling is perfect for people who want a quiet, solo break from today's noisy and tiring digital life.

20 So, on your next lazy Sunday, unplug, put your phone on "Do Not Disturb," and get swept away by a puzzle.

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- A. Can't remember what you had for lunch yesterday?
B. Jigsaw puzzles are a great way to connect with family.
C. Many adults are now returning to this childhood pastime.
D. Jigsaw puzzles are a great meditation tool and stress reliever.
E. Doing jigsaw puzzles is good for your mind, body and spirit.
F. Stay away from children's puzzles that are too easy to do.
G. It's no surprise that Bill Gates admits being an enthusiastic puzzler.

第二部分 语言运用(共两节;满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Getting birthday gifts as a Dad can be a great time, especially if you can give ideas on what you want ahead of time. You may think I'm a bit 21, but I'm talking specifically about something that you as a Dad will always 22. I have two teenagers and they both asked me what I wanted for my 23 this year. Well, I had just bought a DVD player, so I thought about some DVDs I might want. I also 24 some books I had been wanting to read and so on. But then I began to 25: what could they give me that would be a 26 we both would appreciate?

So I decided on photos and stories. I asked my son to 27 a collection of photos that he thought I would like. He did a great job and now I have a pleasant 28 of our time together when he was a toddler crawling around, an 8 year old with a front tooth 29 and a few others when he was beyond cute! He had a good time picking them out and I have a good time looking at them. A 30 you could say for both of us! 31, it only cost him the price of a frame.

I then asked my daughter to write down a 32 of us and put some thought to it. It is a perfect gift as well. It will always make me feel 33 and it will last forever!

Both gifts were inexpensive but will lighten my heart any time I 34 them. Being a Dad has many great 35, and making them easier to remember is priceless.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 21. A. ideal | B. joking | C. greedy | D. serious |
| 22. A. imagine | B. treasure | C. envy | D. ignore |
| 23. A. possession | B. progress | C. interest | D. birthday |
| 24. A. preferred | B. considered | C. required | D. introduced |
| 25. A. think | B. ask | C. answer | D. tell |
| 26. A. photo | B. book | C. gift | D. story |
| 27. A. put together | B. check out | C. hand in | D. set aside |
| 28. A. impression | B. experience | C. witness | D. reminder |
| 29. A. aching | B. growing | C. missing | D. changing |
| 30. A. chance | B. win-win | C. game | D. hobby |

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 31. A. However | B. Plus | C. Otherwise | D. Nevertheless |
| 32. A. note | B. diary | C. report | D. memory |
| 33. A. joyful | B. lost | C. relaxed | D. upset |
| 34. A. look into | B. hope for | C. care about | D. refer to |
| 35. A. ideas | B. honors | C. moments | D. duties |

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Sichuan Opera, one of the oldest local operas in China, is popular in Sichuan province and some regions of Yunnan and Guizhou provinces. 36 a stage entertainment, it conveys the idea of time and space to the audience through performances.

The opera is characterized by its unique solo singing, refined acting, rich percussion and 37 (irresistible) funny comedians. It also displays its amazing 38 (skill): face changing, spitting fire, and rolling light.

The face changing or “bianlian” in Chinese, is 39 unique stunt(绝技) in Sichuan Opera that 40 (use) to express the changing emotions of characters. Only a few masters have grasped this skill. On the stage, they change their painted masks in magically quick succession by twisting their heads and 41 (wave) their arms.

Face changing got its start 300 years ago. At the beginning, opera masters 42 (change) the color of their faces during performances by blowing into a bowl of red, black 43 gold powder. The powder would stick to their oiled skin quickly. By the 1920's, opera masters began using layers of masks 44 (make) of oiled paper or dried pig bladder. At present the masters use the full face, painted silk masks, 45 can be worn in layers, as much as two-dozen thick, and be pulled off one by one in the blink of an eye.

第三部分 写作(共两节;满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

最近,你参加了学生会组织的一次社区劳动。请你写一篇短文,给学校英语报投稿。

内容包括:

1. 劳动的经过;
2. 遇到的困难;
3. 收获和感悟。

注意:

1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

A Community Work Experience

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Would You Like a Cup of Tea?

The year when I turned 30, my friend Erin and I hiked part of Newfoundland's East Coast Trail—215 kilometers between Cappahayden and St. John's. There was one take-home I didn't expect: proof of the surprising kindness of strangers.

As a shy woman growing up in the danger of strangers, I'm not one to open up to anyone I don't know. But on that hike, I learned new ways to manage.

Over our first two days, we covered less than 30 kilometers, mostly in the rain. Then the rain changed into a downpour. Nothing dried overnight and everything was wet through. The trails were rugged, with deep muddy puddles. We struggled with every step.

As we emerged from one trail, looking like cats in the rain, a woman and her parents caught sight of us and took pity. "Would you like to come in for a cup of tea?" the woman asked. A brief break from the weather, a warm tea, chairs to sit on—it was all too good to pass up. We hurried to their cottage, and then learned more about our hostess—Jenny. Tea turned into an offer of a shower; the hot shower turned into an offer of a hot meal. After the meal, our boots and clothes were dried out over the oven. We sat on couches, listening to the radio, looking through magazines and talking casually and happily.

The rain stopped. We waved a reluctant goodbye and continued the rest hilly road with new energy.

注意:

1. 续写的词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Back at home, I telephoned and told Jenny we'd made it.

I knew that the trip would change me.

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英语试题参考答案及评分标准

第一部分:阅读(满分 50 分)

第一节(每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

1—5 BACDB 6—10 CBADD 11—15 BCDA

第二节(每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

16—20 CGADE

第二部分:语言运用(共两节;满分 30 分)

第一节(每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

21—25 CBDBA 26—30 CADCB 31—35 BDADC

第二节(每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

36. As 37. irresistibly 38. skills 39. a 40. is used 41. waving 42. changed 43. or

44. made 45. which

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