

石家庄市2021届高中毕业班教学质量检测（二）

英语

（时间 120 分钟，满分 150 分）

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. What is the woman dissatisfied with about the boots?

A. The size.

B. The length.

C. The leather.

2. How much is a medium cup of coffee in Green Café?

A. \$3.

B. \$1.

C. \$2.

3. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A spy.

B. A book.

C. A film.

4. What are the speakers doing?

A. Cooking.

B. Shopping.

C. Planting.

5. Where are the two speakers?

A. In an office.

B. In an apartment.

C. In a lift.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

英语 第1页（共10页）

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

With all the traffic blocks on our roadways, we forget that some of the world's busiest transportation routes aren't on dry land but in waterways that play a crucial economic role in the development of civilization. Here are four of the most important:

Panama

Opened in 1914, this 48-mile-long waterway through the Isthmus of Panama finally linked the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. It also forever changed the way we travel, as ships were no longer required to sail the long, hard journey around the tip of South America. A major expansion was completed in 2016.

Suez

Stretching more than 100 miles, the Suez Canal creates a crucial route between the Mediterranean and Red Seas. Construction started in 1859; the gateway opened 10 years later with a promise to accommodate ships from all countries. Its narrowness, however, has forced its closure five times, including one lasting eight years until the 1975 agreement between Egypt and Israel.

Kiel

Wilhelm I laid the first stone for this important canal in 1887; his successor (继承者) set down the final one eight years later. Thus, the Baltic and North Seas were finally connected. The canal, extending for 61 miles, is the safest, most convenient, shortest, and cheapest shipping route between the two seas.

Beijing-Hangzhou Grand

The world's oldest and longest man-made waterway is also a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Covering more than 1,100 miles and 2,500 years of history, the Beijing-Hangzhou Grand Canal connects five of the major rivers in China. It also courses through one of the country's richest agricultural regions, making its importance in China's development second only to the Yangtze River.

21. Which canal is the shortest?
A. Panama. B. Suez. C. Kiel. D. Beijing-Hangzhou Grand.
22. When was the Kiel Canal completed?
A. In 1859. B. In 1887. C. In 1895. D. In 2016.
23. What can we learn about the Beijing-Hangzhou Grand?
A. It links five great rivers in China.
B. It is the narrowest canal in the world.
C. It is the most important waterway in China.
D. It accommodates ships from all over the world.

英语 第3页 (共10页)

B

If you dream of a world where neighbors share with each other and you don't have to spend money at a store every time you need something, then your local Buy Nothing Group might be the perfect fit. This clever idea began in July 2013, when two friends, Rebecca Rockefeller and Liesl Clark, from Bainbridge Island, Washington, wanted to try something new. They liked the idea of developing a local gift economy as a way to challenge the consumerist mindset and reconnect neighbors. The Buy Nothing Project has grown rapidly since then, with 6,000 groups now in 44 countries.

The basic idea is that anyone can ask for what they need and anyone can give it. The official rules are simple: "Post anything you'd like to give away, lend, or share among neighbors. Ask for anything you'd like to receive for free or borrow. Keep it legal. No buying or selling, no trades, we're strictly a gift economy."

All participants have equal standing. Gifts and requests can be large or small, items or services (though they must be legal). Lending and borrowing are allowed, too. Things must be given freely, with no expectation of a gift in return. There are no rules about how to post, though people are encouraged to share personal stories about themselves, their gifts and requests, as this helps to build community.

When asked why the Buy Nothing Project has been met with such enthusiasm, the founders suggest it's because of the human desire to feel connected with others around us. Besides, this is truly a great way to take a stand against over-consumption, to clear out our homes, to save items from landfill and prolong their lifespan (寿命), and to keep valuable resources in the ground. The more sharing and reusing we can do, the better off we'll all be for both climate and human well-being.

24. What has made the Buy Nothing Project grow rapidly?

- A. The need to build social ties.
- B. The consumerist mindset.
- C. The desire to boost local economy.
- D. The strong sense of community.

25. Which of the following agrees with the rules?

- A. Sharing others' stories.
- B. Asking for a gift in return.
- C. Lending or borrowing legal items.
- D. Trading with the neighbors.

26. What's the advantage of the project?

- A. It fuels local consumption.
- B. It reduces the waste of resources.
- C. It extends people's lifespan.
- D. It changes the climate of the earth.

27. What is the author's purpose in writing the text?

- A. To promote the idea of recycling.
- B. To introduce the Buy Nothing Project.
- C. To tell stories about two environmentalists.
- D. To persuade people to make friends in the community.

英语 第4页 (共10页)

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A favorite musical tune can fuel positive memories, boost your mood, and create a relaxing setting. 36 Here are some ways to dig into the power of music.

Having trouble staying motivated during workout? 37 Research in the November 2019 Psychology of Sport and Exercise found that upbeat music can make a workout seem less challenging and more enjoyable. In the study, people performed high-intensity interval training (HIIT). The exercisers in the music group reported enjoying their workout more than those in the slow or non-music groups.

38 But waking up to a pleasant tone instead of a sharp alarm can reduce morning sleepiness and improve efficiency, suggests a study published online Jan. 28, 2020, by PLoS One. Set your smart phone alarm to play soft, harmonic sounds or a relaxing tune.

Music helps to relieve stress in a medical procedure. An analysis of 72 trials involving almost 7,000 patients found that patients who listened to music before, during, and after surgery reported less pain. Earlier studies had found that listening to music during dental work lowered people's anxiety levels. Music produces a calming effect by stimulating the brain's pleasure region. The right choice of music also appears to be necessary. 39 "Music that is predictable can promote feelings of control and calm," she says.

Many studies have shown that students who listen to slow and peaceful sounds have less anxiety. According to Diaz-Falcon, these sounds provide a calming environment and block distractions in your thought process. She says, "Peaceful music is also believed to activate areas in your brain responsible for analytically thinking and creativity, as well as increasing the brain's ability to absorb and store information." 40

- A. Try some relaxing music.
- B. Turn up some music with a fast beat.
- C. Music has long served as a sleep aid.
- D. Professor Diaz-Falcon says music can increase your energy.
- E. Try listening to such sounds the next time you face a complex task.
- F. People respond best to familiar music, according to Professor Diaz-Falcon.
- G. Used in specific ways, music is also a valuable tool for supporting your health.

英语 第7页 (共10页)

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题1分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Last night I was walking on the beach to enjoy the sunset and watch the whales playing lively and happily right offshore. Their blow spouts (水柱) can be seen three miles away, which looked like those 41 at the Bellagio in Vegas.

So I was 42 and thoroughly enjoying myself when I saw an elderly man get knocked down by a 43. It happened very suddenly. Realizing the next waves could drag him 44, I just started 45 towards him. Finally, I got to him and lifted him onto his 46 from his underarms. He was 47 like a leaf, and couldn't even take the smallest steps away.

Some men arrived right behind me, maybe alerted (警觉) to the 48 by my running. Together, we got him to a sand dune (沙丘), where he could sit down and 49.

Those men left and I started to walk away, too. But it 50 me that if he were my parent I wouldn't leave him alone. So I 51 and said to him, "I want to make sure you get home 52. I'm going to 53 you home." And so I walked him very 54 back to his house. As we waved goodbye, I could see big smiles on his face that also 55 my day.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. rapids | B. fountains | C. waterfalls | D. streams |
| 42. A. worried | B. scared | C. thrilled | D. shocked |
| 43. A. wave | B. car | C. whale | D. person |
| 44. A. back | B. further | C. around | D. harder |
| 45. A. jumping | B. looking | C. shouting | D. running |
| 46. A. stomach | B. side | C. feet | D. knees |
| 47. A. shaking | B. floating | C. falling | D. flying |
| 48. A. discovery | B. mistake | C. crisis | D. possibility |
| 49. A. negotiate | B. reflect | C. chat | D. rest |
| 50. A. upset | B. struck | C. surprised | D. comforted |
| 51. A. sped up | B. came up | C. turned around | D. walked around |
| 52. A. safe | B. alive | C. early | D. alone |
| 53. A. carry | B. guide | C. drive | D. accompany |
| 54. A. casually | B. slowly | C. quietly | D. proudly |
| 55. A. brightened | B. started | C. ruined | D. saved |

第二节 (共10小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In my entire life, I have never witnessed an environmental disaster like the 56 (disappear) South Aral Sea in Central Asia. As I drove on the deserted road, away from the town of Moynaq and toward the sea, I felt a deep and 57 (continue) sadness. This area was once home 58 a large and busy fishing community. Over the past 40 years, however, it 59 (become) a ghostly desert. There was no greenery anywhere. The only things I could see on the horizon were the old 60 (abandon) ships sitting on the dry sea floor. I stared at the rusted and rundown structures for what felt like hours. I do not know how long they had been there, but 61 sight of them filled me with sorrow. How could a place that once thrived (繁荣) on fishing and other 62 (activity) become so dry? My guide told me that I would have to walk dozens of kilometers on the cracked soil to 63 (eventual) see the blue water that used to flow to 64 I was standing. I breathed deeply and tasted the salty remains of the ocean. The environmental disaster of the South Aral Sea will stay with 65 (I) forever.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

你校正在组织英语演讲比赛。请以“我最喜欢的季节”为题, 写一篇短文参赛。内容包括:

1. 喜欢的季节;
2. 喜欢的原因。

注意: 1. 写作词数应为80左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡上的相应位置作答。

My Favorite Season

第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一个完整的短文。

It was 1995, when people used fixed-line telephones instead of mobile phones for communication and people asked ways instead of depending on navigation systems to get around. I was in China for the first time. I was to meet a friend, Bruce, who had come to China a few months before to work in Jingzhou. I had never heard of the place, so I guessed it must be small. Before I left for China, Bruce had told me his address over the phone. Now, I was confident that I could find the place with the address written on a piece of paper in my pocket.

It was not until I arrived at the airport in Wuhan and went to get the bus for the “small town” that I realized the address note I wrote in English was useless. At the information desk of the bus service outside the airport, I spent as long as 5 minutes trying every possible American pronunciation of the word “Jingzhou” with him repeating every single word with a confused inflection (音调变化). Finally, his eyes widened and it clicked. He turned to me and said something I didn’t understand. I was not sure what he said, but he said it with confidence.

He ran outside gesturing for me to follow and put me on a bus. He did everything for me. I handed him some money and he took the proper amount and gave me the change. Then he told the bus driver where I was going. When the bus took off, I assumed we were heading to Jingzhou...but how could I know?

I was informed via hand signals that I had now arrived at my desired city and now I just had to simply get to my friend’s place. So I walked off to a stand of taxis and one driver greeted me ready to go. But when I handed him the address, it was apparent that he didn’t know where it was. After some discussion with other taxi drivers, he turned to put me in his taxi as if he had found a way out.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为150左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Soon he pulled up at a building on which I was overjoyed to see my familiar English word: Hotel.

Bruce told me not to worry and asked me to wait for him to get a Chinese friend on the phone.

关于我们

自主选拔在线（原自主招生在线）创办于 2014 年，历史可追溯至 2008 年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于**中国拔尖人才培养**的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

自主选拔在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户达百万量级，网站年度流量超 1 亿量级。用户群体涵盖全国 31 省市，全国超 95% 以上的重点中学老师、家长及考生，更有许多重点高校招办老师关注，行业影响力首屈一指。

自主选拔在线平台一直秉承“专业、专注、有态度”的创办公念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供中学拔尖人才培养咨询服务，为广大高校、中学和教研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度战略合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019 年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

未来，自主选拔在线将立足于全国新高考改革，全面整合高校、中学及教育机构等资源，依托在线教育模式，致力于打造更加全面、专业的**新高考拔尖人才培养**服务平台。



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