

高三年级 10 月份阶段性测试

英语试题

考试时间：120 分钟

试题命制人：王艳霞 石卉 2023.10

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 20 小题, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man want the woman to do?
A. Take the pot off. B. Switch to low heat. C. Make the hamburgers.
2. What is the relationship between the speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Father and daughter. C. Brother and sister.
3. Why does the woman want to get rid of her rice?
A. She thinks it tastes terrible.
B. She has too much of that.
C. She knows the man likes that.
4. How long does it take the woman to charge a small battery?
A. One hour. B. Two hours. C. Three hours.
5. Where will the speakers be spending their next holiday?
A. In a tent. B. In a treehouse C. In a motor home.

第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where are the speakers?
A. At the woman's house. B. At a repair shop. C. At a phone shop.
7. How is the woman going to find her phone?
A. By searching outside. B. By satellite tracking. C. By dialing her number.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. How long did it take the man to get a job?
A. About one month. B. About two months. C. About four months.
9. What is the man's experience when hunting for jobs?
A. Asking friends for help. B. Applying for jobs online. C. Trying to meet with managers.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Who lives with the shopkeeper?
A. He lives alone. B. He lives with his wife. C. He lives with his children.
11. How many days a week will the man probably run the shop?
A. Two. B. Four. C. Five.
12. What will the speakers' children do to help the shopkeeper?
A. Pay his bills. B. Cook his meals. C. Buy him something necessary.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What is the woman probably working on?
A. A book. B. A game. C. Her housework.
14. Who is Marcus in the story?
A. The caretaker. B. The uncle. C. The young man.
15. What does the woman want to decide?
A. The theme.
B. The ending.
C. The characters.
16. What is the man's opinion about the woman's problem
A. The main character should marry the girl.
B. The main character should get the wealth.
C. One of the characters should turn out to be bad.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Where is the storm probably moving towards according to the map?
A. Charlotte. B. Atlanta. C. New Orleans.
18. What does the speaker suggest?
A. Driving slowly.
B. Buying extra food and water.
C. Leaving the area if the roads begin to flood.
19. Which season is the talk taking place in?
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Winter.
20. What is the main topic of the talk?
A. The source of the storm.
B. The change of the seasons.
C. The measures to deal with bad weather.

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

MOTHER EARTH NEWS GUIDE TO VEGETABLE GARDENING

For years, millions of readers have turned to Mother Earth News for trusted advice on growing vegetables and fruits. This book covers decades of wisdom, bringing together all the essential techniques, complete growing guides, helpful tips, useful photographs, and inspiring illustrations for which Mother Earth News is known.

Plan for self-sufficiency with a garden focused on food! Choose from a variety of plans for kitchen gardens, and look through strategies for small-space gardening, and suggestions on soil PH. Longtime gardeners are sure to find something new on plans for extending the seasons.

That's right, garden through the seasons with dozens of vegetable-and fruit-specific growing guides. Start with your favorites or learn to love something new. In slower-growing or more challenging seasons, Mother is there to help. Whether you need to know the best vegetables to grow in the shade or the top gardening tips for soil health in winter, this book has it all. Subscribe from June 1 to June 10 and save 30% off the cover price. If you pay with a credit card, you can save additional 2 dollars.

Category: Organic Gardening, Bookstore

Pages: 272

ISBN-10: 0-7603-5187-2

ISBN-13: 978-0-7603-5187-1

Weight: 1.94

Item Number: 8179

Price: \$27.9

21. What is Mother Earth News mainly about?

- A. Advice of taking photographs.
- B. Tips on cooking delicious food.
- C. Proposals on beautifying your garden.
- D. Suggestions on growing vegetables and fruits.

22. How much do you pay for the book on June 10 using a credit card?

- A. \$ 17.53
- B. \$ 8.37
- C. \$ 25.9
- D. \$ 19.53

23. What is the passage?

- A. A short storybook.
- B. An advertisement for a book.
- C. A book review.
- D. An introduction to a book.

B

Dorry Smith got on her blog the standard well-wishes on her 61st birthday yet she got some unusual messages too. One was about the Bush family who had just lost their five-year-old son to accident. His mother was in deep sorrow. Could Dorry help the mother?

That message and the 20 or so others like it were exactly what Dorry was looking for. To celebrate her 61st, the retired teacher had put out a call on her blog. She wanted to commit 30 random acts of kindness by the end of her birth month, and she needed information on people who are in need of them. When she got the note about the Bush family, she sent a wind chime(风铃) with the message "Listen to the wind and know that I

ago, electric cars met with distrust, and their high price tags drove customers away. Thanks to improvements in battery capacity, recharging times, performance and price, the current generation of electric cars is starting to persuade critics. Plug-in cars will soon give internal combustion (内燃) engine models a run for their money.

As well as advancements on the road, electric vehicles are taking to the sea and sky. Electric boats are among the oldest electric vehicles, having enjoyed several decades of popularity from the late 19th to the early 20th century before petrol-powered outboard motors took over. Now, the global drive for renewable energy sources is bringing electric boats back. Steps towards electric planes are also being made, with Airbus and NASA among the organizations developing and testing battery-powered planes. The experiments could soon make commercial electric flight a reality.

Electric vehicles do not produce any emissions. Were the US to act on the study's findings and replace 87 percent of its cars with electric vehicles, it would reduce the national demand for petrol by 61 percent. However, because of the production processes and the generation of electricity required to charge these vehicles, they cannot claim to be completely emission-free.

Even so, as many countries continue to increase their use of renewable energy sources, electric vehicles will become even cleaner.

28. What does the underlined word "hurdle" in Paragraph 2 mean?

- A. aim B. barrier C. consequence D. step

29. In the past, why was the electric cars refused according to the passage?

- A. They were very poorly made.
B. They were not worth the price.
C. They were not widely promoted.
D. They couldn't travel at a high speed.

30. What is Paragraph 4 used for?

- A. To introduce the history of electric vehicles.
B. To explain the world needs more electric cars.
C. To show more people have interest in electric cars.
D. To describe different ways electric vehicles can be used.

31. Which of the following can be the best title for this passage?

- A. My Dream Car journey B. History of Electric Cars
C. Problems with Petrol Cars D. Driving into the Future

D

Psychologists tell us that there are four basic stages that human beings pass through when they enter and live in a new culture.

Culture begins with the "honeymoon stage". This is the period of time when we first arrive in a country where everything about the new culture is strange and exciting. We may be suffering from "jet lag" but we are thrilled to be in the new environment, seeing new sights, hearing new sounds and language, eating new kinds of food.

Unfortunately, after we have settled down into our new life, we can become very tired and begin to miss

our homeland and our family, friends, pets. All the little problems in life seem to be much bigger and more disturbing when you face them in a foreign culture.

The third stage comes when you begin to realize that things are not so bad in the host culture. Your sense of humor usually becomes stronger and you realize that you are becoming stronger by learning to take care of yourself in the new place. Things are still difficult, but you are now a survivor.

The fourth stage can be called “at ease at last”. Now you feel quite comfortable in your new surroundings. You can cope with most problems that occur. You may still have problems with the language, but you know you are strong enough to deal with them.

There is a fifth stage of culture shock which many people don't know about. This is called “reverse culture shock”. Surprisingly, this occurs when you go back to your native culture and find that you have changed and that things there have changed while you have been away. Now you feel a little uncomfortable back home. Life is a struggle!

32. When does culture shock happen?
- A. When you reach your teens.
B. When you begin an urban life.
C. When you go to live in a foreign culture.
D. When you meet foreign people for the first time.
33. How do you feel during the first stage of culture shock?
- A. Happy and excited B. Bored and homesick
C. Lonely and depressed D. Angry and frustrated
34. How could the third stage be described?
- A. Adjustment B. Rejection C. Enthusiasm D. Embarrassment
35. Why might reverse culture shock be a problem?
- A. It hardly ever happens. B. It is extremely stressful.
C. It is out of expectation. D. It only happens to young people.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

I was always a reader. As a kid, I walked to the library several times a week and stayed up late reading with a flashlight.

As an English major at university, I realised it had been more than two years since I had read most of familiar titles in my memory. I had stopped reading gradually, the way one heals or dies. 36 I joined book clubs that I never attended. I lingered between the shelves in a bookstore for hours as if catching up with old friends. I requested a library book everyone was reading, only to return it unread.

But it was clear to me: I was becoming a person I did not know. I was painfully aware of the glaring hypocrisy(虚伪) in my life. I defended the virtues of bookstores in the age of online retailing and bought books whenever I got the chance, but I hardly read them. They sat on every surface until my house appeared to wear books the way one wears clothes. 37.

The next time I visited a dollar bookstore, I bought myself five titles for myself. My resolution to “read a book” echoed in my head. I picked up one I'd bought solely for its poetic title. 38 The narrator was an old

man, but he sounded more like what a young woman thought an old man might sound like. Whenever I was tempted to give up on it, I thought of my resolution.

39 I loved the alternating (交替的) points of view. I carried the book to work. I read at lunch and on my walk home, occasionally lifting my eyes to avoid strangers. Back home I stayed up late, finally finishing it.
40 The last time I'd pulled an all-nighter to read, I was 12 and the book was Little Women.

- A. I was proud of myself.
- B. I had a hard time getting into it.
- C. I still loved the idea of reading.
- D. I resolved I would find myself back.
- E. I tried to maintain my bookish image.
- F. I sat on the floor among the poetry, and I read it aloud again and again.
- G. I pushed through the first two chapters and discovered a new narrator in the third.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was 11, my school built a leadership training center that had various challenges. The most 41 of them all was called "The Leap of Faith", where you had to climb a ladder to a platform 11 meters high. Once there, you had to 42 the platform and reach out to grab a rope. I had seen students do it and had sworn there was no way I would ever 43 it.

One day my teacher asked me, "Are you going to try?" I 44 it off and told him that he couldn't pay me to do it. 45, he encouraged me until finally I agreed to do it.

I climbed up and when I got to the top, I was in shock and couldn't 46, just sitting there. Seeing this, my teacher suggested that instead of jumping off the platform and grabbing the rope, I just kept 47 on the edge and then slide down. I sat there for 20 minutes. Finally, with the 48 of my class, I slid down.

When I finally reached the ground, I heard two boys 49 me about it behind my back. So, I decided to try again. Over the next two weeks, I did all sorts of things to 50 myself. I jumped off tables and did some high ropes stuff. One morning before school I went down to the 51, climbed to the top of the ladder and then ... I DID IT! I had never before felt so 52 of myself.

Sometimes situations are 53, but that doesn't make them impossible. People will doubt you in life, but I have learned that 54 is the best way to reply to people like that. So, always keep dreaming and don't let your 55 get in the way.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 41. A. difficult | B. interesting | C. rewarding | D. visible |
| 42. A. break down | B. jump off | C. rely on | D. hurry down |
| 43. A. anticipate | B. evaluate | C. possess | D. attempt |
| 44. A. put | B. laughed | C. called | D. kicked |
| 45. A. Therefore | B. Instead | C. Anyway | D. Moreover |
| 46. A. go | B. leave | C. speak | D. move |
| 47. A. leaning | B. lying | C. sitting | D. standing |

48. A. suspicion B. encouragement C. recognition D. intention
 49. A. teasing B. asking C. praising D. blaming
 50. A. behave B. prepare C. compose D. defend
 51. A. center B. hall C. woods D. playground
 52. A. aware B. afraid C. proud D. serious
 53. A. scary B. different C. optimistic D. dangerous
 54. A. mission B. pursuit C. success D. independence
 55. A. ambition B. confusion C. sympathy D. fear

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The opening ceremony of the 19th Asian Games in Hangzhou was 56 spectacular display of Chinese culture and innovation. The ceremony was a feast for the senses, with stunning visuals, innovative performances, and a 57 (move) tribute to the history and culture of Asia. The ceremony 58 (theme) "Memories of Jiangnan", using the element of water to showcase the region's 59 (nature) beauty and cultural charm. The ceremony also incorporated elements of Liangzhu culture and the Qiantang River tides, 60 (reflect) China's long and storied history and cultural heritage. The opening ceremony also 61 (break) new ground in terms of technology, using digital ignition for the first time to integrate the concept of "Digital China" 62 the ceremony. Additionally, the ceremony used a large number of drone performances 63 (create) a stunning visual spectacle. The opening ceremony was a fitting way to kick off the Asian Games, a 64 (celebrate) of sport and unity. The ceremony was a 65 (remind) of the rich cultural heritage of Asia and the power of sport to bring people together.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假设你是学校心理社团(Metal Club)主席李华, 正在做一项“中英高中生学业压力”的网上调查问卷。请给你的英国笔友 Jim 写一封邮件, 请他帮忙完成调查问卷, 并将其转发给他的同学们, 让更多的人参与。

内容包括:

1. 调查问卷的目的;
2. 调查问卷的内容。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

参考词汇: 调查问卷 questionnaire

Dear Jim,

Yours

Li Hua

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

As a little girl, Nia's with her family had to move often, finding shelter in rooms with relatives. Tensions rose with every move and shouting matches were constant. When everything came to a boil, Nia found it best to keep silent. She became more and more withdrawn as she got older, losing confidence in herself and her voice.

When she was a young adult, Nia had developed a fear of speaking. So when a friend told her about YouthCare's Tile Project, she was terrified. However, Nia wanted to take steps to find a job and support herself, no longer relying on her family. So she finally took a deep breath and decided to give it a shot, for better or for worse.

Nia signed up for a ceramic（陶瓷）class. The passion she gained for learning a new craft was clear—but when it came to group activities in the classroom, Nia struggled. She told staff that she didn't like being around people she didn't know. So when the class was given the opportunity to sell their artwork at a local fair, Nia hesitated. With the support from YouthCare Career Coordinator, Kate, she cautiously nodded, willing to have a try.

When the big day came, shoppers poured into the fair, approaching Nia with questions about the program and art pieces for sale. Each time, red-faced Nia turned to Kate to whisper the answers in her ear, and Kate repeated the answers out loud with a smile. At one point during the fair, she was left alone for a moment. When a customer came up to ask a question, looking around and finding no Kate round, embarrassed Nia had to answer the question with hesitation. Soon after, another visitor came.

When Kate returned to her side, Nia finally could fight back her fears and answered their questions in a soft voice on her own.

注意:

- 1.续写词数应为 150 左右;
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Nia's confidence grew with every interaction.

That day at the fair was life-changing for Nia.

关于我们

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