

中学生标准学术能力诊断性测试 2020 年 9 月测试

英语试卷

本试卷共 150 分，考试时间 100 分钟。

第一部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 60 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 3 分，满分 45 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Keeping everyone happy is one of the greatest challenges for any globe-travelling family. Yet with its contrasting blend of gorgeous public green spaces and children-friendly cultural experiences, Abu Dhabi is a win-win for parents and kids alike.

Qasr Al Hosn and Cultural Foundation

Young minds find plenty to be inspired at Qasr Al Hosn and the Cultural Foundation: neighboring landmarks that preserve the rich cultural heritage of Abu Dhabi. Since the 1790s, Qasr Al Hosn has served as palace and seat of power. Today, surrounded by modern towers, it is a reminder of the city's incredible growth. The Cultural Foundation was known as a place to foster cultural exchange, a mission that continues today with an inspiring program of exhibitions and performances.

Umm Al Emarat Park

There's no shortage of green spaces in downtown Abu Dhabi, but few are as beautiful as Umm Al Emarat: a vast extent of lawns, date palms, and winding walkways. Since 2015, the park features an indoor Botanic Garden and dedicated Children's Garden, as well as a nearly 100-foot high Shade House with two viewing platforms overlooking the greenery. On Saturdays, the park is home to The Ripe Market filled with fresh organic and local produce. Events such as outdoor cinema and concerts keep families entertained all year round.

Reem Central Park

Art and architecture exist side by side in Reem Central Park, a huge public space in the heart of the city where families and friends come to relax. Contemporary art installations（装置）and dancing fountains are dotted around the park. It's a multicultural scene, where locals and visitors from all over the world relax on neat lawns and playgrounds, catch air at the skate park, and gather at restaurants and food trucks serving delicious snacks.

1. Which place has the political function?

A. Qasr Al Hosn.

B. Reem Central Park.

C. Cultural Foundation.

D. Umm Al Emarat Park.

2. What is the special part of Umm Al Emarat Park?

- A. It has dancing fountains.
 - B. It serves delicious snacks.
 - C. It has an indoor Botanic Garden.
 - D. It is a reminder of the city's incredible growth.
3. What do these places have in common?
- A. They have a long history.
 - B. They are modern architectures.
 - C. They are the center of shopping.
 - D. They can bring cultural experiences.

B

The late, great Kobe Bryant may have been most famous for his basketball skills, but people in any field can draw inspiration from his constant commitment to self-improvement.

As the world reacts to Kobe Bryant's tragic passing on January 26, 2020, his massive influence extends far beyond the sports world. He wasn't just a record-setting basketball player, devoted father, and Oscar-winning producer. His work spirit, unwavering motivation, and constant commitment to self-improvement made him stand out among his contemporaries.

Case in point: his art of calling successful businesspeople — often ones he'd never even met before — and picking their brains about how they became successful. He was willing to put the legwork into growing his success, even if it meant admitting that he always had lots more to learn.

In a 2014 interview with *Bloomberg*, Bryant described his process and name-dropped some of the people to whom he'd reached out. "I want to know more about how they build their businesses and how they run their companies and how they see the world," he said. At the time, he was building his company, Kobe Inc. "Some of the questions that I'll ask will seem really, really simple and stupid, quite honestly, for them," he admitted. "But if I don't know, I don't know. You have to ask." Humbling, maybe, but necessary.

Who were some of these successful people that the already-very-successful Kobe Bryant so looked up to? To name a few: Oprah Winfrey, Mark Parker and president and CEO of Nike. Three years ago, Lowercase Capital founder Chris Sacca described his own interactions with Bryant. Sacca said he told Bryant to "do his homework" on investing — and, sure enough, Bryant went above and beyond. "For the next few months my phone never stops buzzing in the middle of the night," Sacca said on The Bill Simmons Podcast. "It's Kobe, reading this article, checking out this tweet, following this guy, diving into this TED Talk." Clearly, this was someone unafraid to give his all.

Though it might make his passing even more heartbreaking, Bryant's constant desire to do more and be better is inspiring for sure. While the rest of us may not be able to just dial up Oprah or high-profile CEOs, we can certainly follow his example in other ways. We can surround ourselves with other motivated people that we can learn from, and not be afraid to ask potentially embarrassing questions if we know they'll help us.

4. What made Kobe Bryant superior to other people of similar age?
- A. His skills in playing basketball.
 - B. His responsibility for his family.

- C. His determination and perseverance. D. His massive influence on other players.
5. What does the underlined word “picking their brains” in the third paragraph refer to?
- A. Hitting their heads. B. Consulting them.
- C. Scolding them. D. Following them.
6. What can we infer from Sacca’s words?
- A. Kobe’s success is owed to his own industry and insistence.
- B. It is annoying that Kobe often called him at night.
- C. Kobe may lack some talent in investing.
- D. Kobe couldn’t have succeeded without his investment.
7. What message can we get from Kobe’s example?
- A. More haste, less speed. B. Don’t cry over spilt milk.
- C. Strike while the iron is hot. D. Nothing is impossible to a willing heart.

C

Teenagers worldwide do not get enough exercise, compromising their current and future health, the World Health Organization said.

A study conducted by the UN health agency found 81 percent of adolescents aged between 11 and 17 fail to get at least one hour of moderate to intense daily physical activity such as walking, riding a bike or playing sports. The report on global trends for adolescent physical activity is based on survey data collected on 1.6 million students from 146 countries and territories between 2001 and 2015. The findings are troubling because physical activity is associated with better heart and respiratory functioning, mental health and cognitive activity, which have serious impact on student learning. Exercise, along with healthy eating, is also viewed by experts as key to controlling a global obesity problem.

The report did not mention why adolescents are so inactive, but a WHO co-author of the study suggested digital technology means more young people spend time on electronic devices. The study also found gender differences worldwide, with 85 percent of girls and 78 percent of boys surveyed failing to hit the daily exercise target. Male youths in rich Western countries and female youths in South Asia get the most exercise.

While in China, the qualified rate of Chinese students’ physical test in 2018 was 91.91 percent, and the excellent and good rate was 30.57 percent. From 2016 to 2018, the overall health status of students in the country showed an upward trend. However, excluding the statistical error factors, a change of only 1 to 2 percentage points does not indicate that the physical health of Chinese students has improved significantly, said Liu Bo, director of the Division of Sports Science and Physical Education in Tsinghua University.

The current rate of obesity among students is still high, according to a report released by the Chinese Ministry of Education. Therefore, we should activate families, schools and society to guide students to develop healthy habits since childhood, do more exercise and prevent diseases such as myopia and obesity.

8. Which of the following is true according to the study?
- A. Teenagers in south Asia get the most exercise.



- B. 81 percent of adolescents fail to get proper exercise.
C. More boys can achieve the daily exercise goal than girls.
D. The key to controlling obesity problem is doing a lot of exercise.
9. Why don't adolescents often exercise?
A. They put more time on study.
B. They don't think it a necessity.
C. They think exercise is a waste of time.
D. Their time is given to electronic devices.
10. What can we know from the last but one paragraph?
A. 10 percent of Chinese students failed in the physical test.
B. Less than one third of Chinese students can reach the good rate.
C. Chinese students' health can improve significantly in the future.
D. Health level of Chinese students increased a lot from 2016 to 2018.
11. What should we do to help students become healthy?
A. Prevent diseases.
B. Take more exercise.
C. Develop healthy habits.
D. All of the above.

D

The World Health Organization (WHO) declared an official name for the new coronavirus disease: COVID-19, which stands for Corona Virus Disease 19. Public health experts agree with the choice not to name the disease after a geographic region in China. "If the new name had included a reference to Wuhan it would put a tremendous insult to the people of Wuhan who are the victims of the disease," Wendy Parmet, a law professor at Northeastern University and public health expert, tells *Time*.

"People tend to think of the disease as belonging to, as being a characteristic of some group of people associated with the place name, which can be really offensive," Parmet says. "To be thought of as a hole of disease is not going to be productive. It encourages the next city not to come forward, not to report a disease if your city is labeled as the disease."

Experts note that there is a "long history" of diseases being named in ways that include particular groups of people or places or animals. Around the 1500s in France, Syphilis was called the Italian disease and in Italy it was called the French disease. The 1918 influenza pandemic was widely called the Spanish Flu in the U.S. even though it did not originate in Spain. In 2009, the WHO stopped using the term "swine flu" and replaced it with Influenza A (H1N1), following a drop in the pork market. Ebola was named after a river near where the outbreak first originated.

Arnold Monto, a professor of epidemiology (流行病学) at the University of Michigan's School of Public Health, says it's important to be sensitive to different cultures when naming a disease. "If you have a name which is regional and it spreads globally, it's confusing," Monto says.

For the disease, it's ideal to have a name that's easy to pronounce like COVID-19. Parmet says: it's short,



easy to say and two syllables. “You want something that’s easy and that people are going to keep using otherwise they’re going to substitute it with more problematic slang,” she says.

12. Why did WHO name coronavirus disease COVID-19?

- A. To save the victims of the disease.
- B. To make it easy to remember its name.
- C. To avoid putting a bad name on Wuhan people.
- D. To be more productive than other organizations.

13. What can we know about COVID-19?

- A. It originated in Spain.
- B. It was named after a river.
- C. It is an official name for a new disease.
- D. It is a disease found many years ago in Wuhan.

14. What does the third paragraph mainly talk about?

- A. The long history of many diseases.
- B. Bad effects diseases bring to people.
- C. Some infectious diseases spreading in the world.
- D. Examples of naming diseases after people or regions.

15. What can be the best title of the passage?

- A. A fast-spreading disease — COVID-19
- B. COVID-19 — the disease’s name matters
- C. How to prevent a terrible disease — COVID-19
- D. The history of a disease — COVID-19

第二节（共5小题；每小题3分，满分15分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

In posters and advertisements, we often see pictures of happy families, but there are complications and dynamics in family life. 16. All families are different and have problems, but you can make your family life better with hard work and determination. Try applying these three steps.

Spend time together as a family

Some people are too busy for family time. You have to set aside time to plan and spend special times together. Family time at the weekend might be watching a movie together, playing bowls, a family barbecue or a game together. Every day it should be eating at least one meal together. Make the conversation around the table pleasant and caring: maybe ask each person how their day was or what is happening in their school or work life. 17. They have got to be done using teamwork and building relationships at the same time.

18

Each person has their own friendships, talents and interests to pursue. Although they are part of a family,

they should be encouraged to spend time doing things they choose to develop in their own unique way. That way, each family member can find self-expression in positive and healthy ways, and have something new to share and bring to the family.

Respect your family members' feelings and ideas

Allow members of your family to express their own feelings and ideas. ___19___. Listen carefully to what they are saying, before you judge or disagree. Hearing someone else, and being heard by that person, is the foundation of a good relationship. Each family member has his or her own opinions or suggestions. Try not to be angry at someone's opinions. Even if you think that they are wrong, listen with an open mind to show that you care, and remember that no one is perfect.

These steps will help you all get on well. ___20___. Chances are that you are already applying many of these in your family life and social life.

- A. It is not all smiles and laughter
- B. Allow each person to be an individual
- C. Doing household chores together also helps
- D. If they seem overwhelming, try using one step at a time
- E. Communicating with them is a good way to get to know them
- F. Don't ignore members of your family by being busy all the time
- G. Maintain eye contact and don't interrupt when someone is talking

第二部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 55 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下面的短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Recently, I've been trying to ___21___ what is the most important thing in life. As far as my simple mind goes, I believe it ___22___ one thing — time.

Time is one truly ___23___ resource. It is not renewable. It is not replaceable. Through it we see our family, we hang out with friends, we laugh, we cry, we work, and we live. This is quite a serious thought, and one which makes me ___24___ the way I treat my time and the time given to me by others. Whenever I ask someone to do something, I am essentially asking them to use their most ___25___ resource. That is quite a big ask and one that should be both respected and ___26___. Nothing ___27___ people more than someone or something that wastes their time and shows ___28___ appreciation for it. We see it all the time on social media, "... kept me on ___29___ 45 minutes then I got terrible customer service" and hear about it over lunch "...he ___30___ a proposal from me then couldn't even be bothered responding."

But it's not all ___31___ news. I've also noticed that those people whom I and others love working with have a common ___32___ — they appear to value other people's time in the same way that they value their own. Last year I helped establish an e-Commerce meet-up group called Shoptalk. During the setup process I ___33___ with a number of restaurant owners who were offering us their space for our gatherings. One owner



immediately ___34___ — he understood our needs and so didn't ___35___ any time. He was punctual and precise and, interestingly, he asked for less time than the rest. Looking back now, I find it ___36___ that the person who asked for the least time received the most throughout the year. We still use his ___37___ to this day and I always look forward to spending my time with him. He received a lot of ___38___ from us. I understand I won't always get it right, but I believe that being ___39___ of time and the meaning it has in my life and others' is the most ___40___.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 21. A. turn out | B. figure out | C. give out | D. put out |
| 22. A. belongs to | B. results from | C. boils down to | D. leads to |
| 23. A. limited | B. permanent | C. modern | D. huge |
| 24. A. abandon | B. reconsider | C. invent | D. choose |
| 25. A. successful | B. popular | C. comfortable | D. valuable |
| 26. A. adopted | B. forgotten | C. welcomed | D. appreciated |
| 27. A. upsets | B. helps | C. ignores | D. cheats |
| 28. A. much | B. big | C. little | D. only |
| 29. A. guard | B. hold | C. business | D. watch |
| 30. A. requested | B. changed | C. submitted | D. rejected |
| 31. A. good | B. lucky | C. boring | D. bad |
| 32. A. hobby | B. feature | C. friend | D. wish |
| 33. A. spoke | B. fought | C. argued | D. waved |
| 34. A. turned down | B. got away | C. passed out | D. stood out |
| 35. A. spend | B. waste | C. spare | D. save |
| 36. A. embarrassing | B. tiring | C. interesting | D. exciting |
| 37. A. method | B. office | C. space | D. experience |
| 38. A. business | B. distribution | C. separation | D. property |
| 39. A. convinced | B. conscious | C. ashamed | D. scared |
| 40. A. impressive | B. challenging | C. significant | D. commercial |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Tens of millions of people carry their smartphones with them everywhere they go, the bathroom ___41___ (include). Our phones are always within our grasp, ___42___ means they are also constantly ___43___ (expose) to whatever bacteria we may have accumulated on our hands. ___44___ (fortunate), a new survey of 1,200 Americans and their cleaning habits ___45___ (find) that one in four have never cleaned their phones.

To find out just ___46___ dirty most phones become, researchers estimate that a regularly ___47___ (use) smartphone that has never been cleaned may hold more bacteria ___48___ an entire household bathroom. According to the survey, conducted by the company Vital Vio, it's common for smartphones

___49___ (come) into contact with various forms of bacteria, including strep, staph, and E.coli. Suddenly, ___50___ (eat) a sandwich in your bathroom doesn't sound so bad.

第三部分 写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧)，并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；
2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Lucy,

I am glad to receive your e-mail asking me with my future career plan. Here I want to share them with you.

As the matter of fact, I want to be a translator. To begin with, I am fond of languages, of that my English is always second to none. I appreciate the beauty hiding in literature. In addition of, literature is like a bridge which helps people understand the world better. I did hope the classical Chinese literature works can be conveyed to every corner the world with my efforts.

So what do you find my plan? Please reply to me in your convenience.

Yours,

Karo

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

假如你是李华，你从网络得知，你的瑞典网友 Lucy 因为平时坚持环保被她所在的学校评为了 2019 年学校环保人物。请你给 Lucy 写一封邮件，内容包括：

1. 表达祝贺；
2. 表示赞赏；
3. 请她介绍怎样在校园中坚持环保。

注意：1. 词数 100 左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。



中学生标准学术能力诊断性测试 2020 年 9 月测试

英语参考答案

- | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|
| 1-5 ACDCB | 6-10 ADCDB | 11-15 DCCDB | 16-20 ACBGD | |
| 21-25 BCABD | 26-30 DACBA | 31-35 DBADB | 36-40 CCABC | |
| 41. included | 42. which | 43. (being) exposed | 44. Unfortunately | 45. finds |
| 46. how | 47. used | 48. than | 49. to come | 50. eating |

短文改错

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So what do you find my plan? Please reply to me in your convenience.
how at

Yours,
Karo

书面表达

Dear Lucy,

I am more than excited to know from the Internet that you were given the title "Person of the 2019". So I'm writing to present my sincere congratulations.

As a teenager of the same age, I am so proud of you! Your efforts on the environmental protection paid off. I know it is tough to insist on doing the right thing on campus nowadays. I once tried my best to tell others to protect the environment, but they only laughed at me. I wonder whether you could share with me how to protect the environment on campus. Your experience will be of great help to me. Congratulations again!

It would be great if you could write back soon.

Yours,
Li Hua



(本文内容来源于: 大联考 APP)

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