

## “宜荆荆恩”2024 届高三起点考试

# 英语试卷

2023.9

本试卷共 12 页,共 67 题。本试卷满分 150 分,考试用时 120 分钟。

★祝考试顺利★

### 注意事项:

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后,请将本试卷和答题卡一并上交。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Who is the man complaining about?  
A. His wife.                      B. His teacher.                      C. His kid.
2. Why does the woman talk to the man?  
A. To seek advice.              B. To make a request.              C. To offer help.
3. Why is Jane upset?  
A. She got a parking ticket.  
B. Her car stopped working.  
C. She found no parking space.

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4. What are the speakers talking about?
- A. The causes of sandstorms.  
B. The dangers of sandstorms.  
C. The prevention of sandstorms.
5. What would the girl like most for Christmas?
- A. A toy car.                      B. A piano.                      C. Little dolls.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where is the woman sitting?
- A. On the grass.                      B. On the playground.                      C. Near the fountain.
7. What is the man doing?
- A. Reading a book.                      B. Having a picnic.                      C. Taking a walk.

请听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题

8. What is Wall Street Bears?
- A. A novel.                      B. A movie.                      C. A television drama.
9. When will the speakers go to the movie festival?
- A. On Saturday.                      B. On Sunday.                      C. On Monday.

请听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. When did the man finish his work?
- A. At night.                      B. In the afternoon.                      C. At noon.
11. What does the woman ask the man to do tonight?
- A. Write an essay.                      B. Teach her history.                      C. Stop playing the piano.

12. How might the woman feel?
- A. Upset.                      B. Thankful.                      C. Curious.

请听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What does the man think is important to be a top racing driver?
- A. Concentration.                      B. Experience.                      C. Driving skills.

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14. Who introduced car racing to the man?  
A. His friends.                      B. His dad.                              C. His mum.
15. What does the man suggest young drivers do?  
A. Try various sports.  
B. Go to university first.  
C. Work out in the gym.
16. What is the woman?  
A. A coach.                              B. A hostess.                              C. A driver.
- 请听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. Why does the speaker give Joan Miller a special welcome?  
A. To wish her a happy birthday.  
B. To thank her for her coming.  
C. To invite her to join the club.
18. What is Woodville Lunch mainly aimed at?  
A. Giving help.                              B. Providing food.                              C. Offering companionship.
19. What are the listeners expected to do after lunch?  
A. Get to know each other.  
B. Clear away the dishes.  
C. Watch a show.
20. On which occasion is the talk probably given?  
A. At a birthday party.                      B. At a routine meeting.                      C. At an opening of a club.

## 第二部分 阅读理解(共 20 小题, 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 50 分)

### 第一节(共 15 小题, 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列材料, 从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题纸上将该选项标号涂黑。

#### A

Books teach us about truth, science, literature, friendship and the value of love and caring. Here are 4 books you should read at least once in your life.

##### 1. *Charlotte's Web* by E.B. White

*Charlotte's Web* is a novel about a pig named Wilbur and a spider named Charlotte written

英语试卷 第 3 页(共 12 页)

by American author E.B. White. It first came out in 1952, with illustrations by Garth Williams. A live-action film version was published in 2006. White's novel is a lesson for children and a reminder for adults of the beauty of nature and the importance of respecting every creature on this earth.

#### 2. *The Little Prince* by Antoine De Saint-Exupéry

The most-translated book in French, *The Little Prince* is the story of a little boy who falls to Earth from a minor planet to try to understand mankind. In his travels he meets a series of strange and delightful characters. It is a fable about the foolishness of man and man's tendency toward self-destruction, as well as the transformative power of friendship and trust.

#### 3. *The Kite Runner* by Khaled Hosseini

*The Kite Runner* is the story of the unlikely and complicated friendship between Amir, the son of a wealthy merchant, and Hassan, the son of his father's servant. Hosseini brings his homeland to life for us, showing us a world of ordinary people, the enduring love of friendship, and the power of forgiveness.

#### 4. *Required Reading for All Teenagers* by Douglas Pagels

Much-loved for its mix of heartfelt thoughts, *Required Reading for All Teenagers* combines the words of Douglas Pagels with the writings of famous people from the fields of sports. Now in a redesigned version, it is a better-than-ever source that gives parents some solid advice on parenting teenagers.

21. What do we know about *Charlotte's Web*?

- A. It was once adapted for a film.                      B. It was illustrated by E.B. White.  
C. It was originally released in 2006.                D. It was specially designed for kids.

22. What do *The Little Prince* and *The Kite Runner* both talk about?

- A. Animals.            B. Friendship.            C. Forgiveness.            D. Celebrities.

23. Which book best suits those concerned about family education?

- A. *Charlotte's Web*.                                      B. *The Little Prince*.  
C. *The Kite Runner*.                                    D. *Required Reading for All Teenagers*.

### B

The Twenty-three-year-old Mumbai girl Vidhi Bubna is offering India's first and only diving grant to explore the marine ecosystem.

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Vidhi's first diving experience turned out to be a heartbreaking one. While she expected a lot of colors underwater as she had seen on TV, Vidhi came across all white corals(珊瑚), which means they are almost dead from being bleached(褪色).

“It was very sad and I just started crying after coming out of the water,” she says.

Vidhi, an economics graduate from Ashoka University, did not enjoy working with numbers and turned to writing about social issues, including women's rights and minority issues.

As an adventure lover, Vidhi went diving to explore the underwater beauty last year. Her disappointment at seeing dying corals led to the start of Coral Warriors, a non-profit organisation that aims to raise awareness of marine protection and climate change.

“Nobody knows about climate change till they see it,” Vidhi says. The Mumbai-based organisation offers India's first and only diving grant. The grant sponsors level-one scuba diving education in any location of their choice in India.

While there is no specific standard, Vidhi says the selection process is strict, choosing candidates who are passionate about climate change and seeing that they do something of their choice. Four candidates have been awarded the grant so far and the organisation hopes to find at least five people every year.

“After the candidates return, we expect them to work on a climate change project of their choice, create communities, and work to create awareness and drive action-centric projects,” she explains.

Prior to starting Coral Warriors, Vidhi was hosting free online workshops to spread awareness of marine biodiversity and climate change, and has reached about 5,000 people through them.

As a next step, Vidhi is planning to work on documentaries with high-quality underwater images and videos, considering not many can afford or have the courage to go diving to see what is happening underwater.

24. How did Vidhi feel on her first diving?

- A. Excited.            B. Upset.            C. Awesome.            D. Awkward.

25. Why did Vidhi set up Coral Warriors?

- A. To focus more attention on social issues.  
B. To further explore the underwater beauty.  
C. To fuel people's enthusiasm for adventure.  
D. To make an appeal for marine conservation.

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26. What are candidates expected to do?
- A. To help promote people's sense of community.
  - B. To choose whatever they are passionate about.
  - C. To meet specific and strict selection standards.
  - D. To undertake activities relevant to climate change.
27. What will Vidhi do to protect marine biodiversity?
- A. Shoot documentaries.
  - B. Tackle climate change.
  - C. Encourage people to dive.
  - D. Host free online workshops.

### C

Cichlids and stingrays(慈鲷和黄貂鱼) can perform simple plus and subtraction(减法) in the number range of one to five. This has been shown in a recent study by the University of Bonn, which has now been published in the journal *Scientific Reports*.

This fact has been known for some time that Cichlids and stingrays can precisely detect small quantities without counting. However, the new research led by Dr. Vera Schluessel from the University of Bonn has shown that both species can even calculate. "We trained the animals to perform simple additions and subtractions," Schluessel explains. "In doing so, they had to increase or decrease a premier value by one." Blue means "add one", and yellow means "subtract one".

But how do you ask a cichlid for the result of "2 + 1" or "5 - 1"? The researchers used a method other research groups had already successfully used to test the mathematical abilities of bees: They showed the fish a collection of geometric shapes — for example, four squares. If these objects were colored blue, this meant "add one". Yellow, on the other hand, meant "subtract one". After showing the original stimulus (e. g. four squares), the animals were shown two new pictures — one with five and one with three squares. If they swam to the correct picture (i. e. to the five squares in the "blue" arithmetic task), they were rewarded with food. If they gave the wrong answer, they went away empty-handed. Over time, they learned to associate the blue color with an increase of one in the amount shown at the beginning, and the yellow number with a decrease.

But can the fish apply this knowledge to new tasks? Have they actually mastered the mathematical rule behind the colors? "To check this, we will designedly leave out some calculations during future training," Schluessel explains.

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28. What is known about the two species before the new research?
- A. They can count small quantities easily.  
B. They can associate colors with numbers.  
C. They can do simple calculations by training.  
D. They can identify small quantities accurately.
29. Why is the bee-method applied?
- A. To illustrate fish's ability.                      B. To ensure the research's reliability.  
C. To compare fish and bees.                      D. To promote the research's application.
30. How is the experiment carried out?
- A. By collecting and calculating.                      B. By comparing and analysing.  
C. By observing and concluding.                      D. By predicting and checking.
31. What does the last paragraph imply?
- A. The fish are competent in mathematical calculation.  
B. The procedure of the experiment needs improvement.  
C. More trials are still needed to confirm the new findings.  
D. Calculation methods are comprehended by both species.

#### D

The “diet” in diet drinks may be a false promise for some soda lovers. True, they deliver the taste of a soda experience, without the calories. Yet, new research shows they can also leave people with increased appetite.

A study published recently in JAMA Network Open adds to the evidence that drinks made with sucralose, an artificial sweetener (甜味剂), may increase the appetite among some people. “We found females and overweight people had greater brain reward activity after consuming the artificial sweetener,” says study author Katie Page, a physician at the University of Southern California. Both groups ate more food after consuming drinks with sucralose, compared with after regular sugar-sweetened drinks. In contrast, the study found males and people of healthy weight did not have an increase in either brain reward activity or hunger response, suggesting they're not affected in the same way.

One theory is that it's not the artificial sweetener itself that has a direct effect on the body. The idea is that artificial sweeteners may confuse the body by tricking it into thinking sugar is coming. “You are supposed to get sugar after something tastes sweet,” explains Swithers, “Your body has been used to **that**.” But the sugar never arrives, which may lead to the body's less efficiency in processing sugar that's consumed later.

英语试卷 第7页(共12页)

Swithers' lab has also documented that when animals with a history of consuming artificial sweeteners get real sugar, their blood sugar levels rise higher than those of animals not fed artificial sweeteners. "It's a small effect, but over time this could contribute to potentially significant consequences," she says. If this is happening in some people who consume diet soda, it could add to the risk of Type 2 diabetes(糖尿病), because when blood sugar rises, the body has to release more insulin(胰岛素) to absorb the sugar. "So what you're doing is that you are kind of pushing the system harder," Swithers says.

32. What can we learn from Katie Page's study?
- A. Females enjoying diet drinks consume more food.
  - B. Artificial sweeteners help males with better appetite.
  - C. Diet drinks increase hunger response of healthy people.
  - D. People consuming sucralose have greater brain reward activity.
33. What does the underlined word "that" in paragraph 3 refer to?
- A. The effect of sugar.
  - B. Response to sweetness.
  - C. Artificial sweetener.
  - D. The absence of sweetness.
34. What can we infer from Susan Swithers' words in the last paragraph?
- A. More insulin release helps sugar level rise.
  - B. People drinking diet soda hardly absorb sugar.
  - C. Type 2 diabetes mainly results from artificial sweeteners.
  - D. Consuming artificial sweeteners might cause health problems.
35. What does the passage mainly talk about?
- A. The potential of artificially-sweetened drinks.
  - B. The wisdom of choosing healthy sweet drinks.
  - C. The underlying link between diet drinks and health.
  - D. The differences among artificially-sweetened drinks.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**Boost Your Memory**

When trying to memorize new material, it's easy to assume that the more work you put in, the better you will perform.     36     Just turn down the lights, sit back, and enjoy 10-15 minutes of quiet rest, and you'll find that your memory is far better than if you had attempted to use that moment more productively.

Although it's known that we should pace our studies, new research suggests that we should

英语试卷 第8页(共12页)



aim for “minimal distraction” during these breaks. 37 You really need to give your brain the chance for a complete recharge with no distraction.

The memory-boosting benefits of undisturbed rest were documented in 1900. In one experiment, the researcher first asked the participants to learn a list of syllables. Following a short period, half the group was immediately given a second list to learn, while the rest were given a six-minute break before continuing. 38 The participants given the break remembered nearly 50 percent, compared to an average of 28 percent for the other group.

In the early 2000s, two other researchers led several follow-up studies. In healthy participants, they have found that short periods of rest can also improve our memory of places. More crucially, this advantage stays a week after the original learning task and it seems to benefit young and old people alike. 39

The exact mechanism is still unknown. It is now accepted that once memories are initially encoded, they pass through a period of consolidation (巩固) that bond them in long-term storage. 40 But now in the age of information, it seems that our brains do need a short break at times to function better.

- A. Our memory is easily distracted by new information.
- B. This was once thought to happen primarily during sleep.
- C. We tend to avoid activities contradictory to memory tasks.
- D. Yet doing nothing occasionally may be exactly what you need.
- E. So don't check your emails, or surf the web on your smartphone.
- F. When tested one hour later, both groups showed strikingly different patterns of recall.
- G. They have also found similar benefits for people in the earlier stages of Alzheimer's disease.

### 第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

#### 第一节:完形填空(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面的短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Growing up and playing hockey (冰球) with her brothers in the area, Manon Rhéaume learned pretty quickly that, despite her 41, she was often cut from teams 42 because she was a girl. Although it was 43 for the youngster, she continued to work hard and 44 her skills to prove she could 45 with the boys.

It didn't take long for her to make a 46 for herself. In 1984, she became the first girl to 47 in the well-known Quebec City International Pee-Wee Hockey Tournament.

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When the Tampa Bay Lightning, a National Hockey League(NHL) team, came calling the following year, it was a 48 Rhéaume could not pass up. When Rhéaume arrived in Tampa Bay, she remembers there was a big bouquet(花束) of flowers waiting for her in her dressing room, along with a 49. “It was from a radio station in Montreal and the card 50 ‘Go further, good 51 to you. We’re all on your 52 and you’re not alone,’” she said. “When I got that, I realized a lot of people were 53 me to be successful.”

Although her experience with the NHL was brief, Rhéaume encouraged countless girls to 54 their hockey dreams. Rhéaume said. “Hard work and never giving up is what makes you 55.”

- |                    |               |                 |                  |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 41. A. competence  | B. patience   | C. difference   | D. influence     |
| 42. A. hardly      | B. simply     | C. physically   | D. irresponsibly |
| 43. A. confusing   | B. surprising | C. embarrassing | D. disappointing |
| 44. A. recover     | B. assess     | C. sharpen      | D. expect        |
| 45. A. complain    | B. compete    | C. celebrate    | D. correspond    |
| 46. A. name        | B. plan       | C. face         | D. rule          |
| 47. A. work        | B. engage     | C. star         | D. volunteer     |
| 48. A. dream       | B. role       | C. signal       | D. chance        |
| 49. A. certificate | B. ticket     | C. card         | D. picture       |
| 50. A. emerged     | B. read       | C. explained    | D. listed        |
| 51. A. luck        | B. moment     | C. gifts        | D. news          |
| 52. A. way         | B. mind       | C. side         | D. schedule      |
| 53. A. pressing    | B. sponsoring | C. advising     | D. supporting    |
| 54. A. stick to    | B. put off    | C. make up      | D. set aside     |
| 55. A. dynamic     | B. popular    | C. successful   | D. reliable      |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Luosifen is a combination of river snails and rice noodles, originating in Liuzhou, Guangxi, southern China. Since Liuzhou is a city full of Luosifen restaurants, with many near one another, you can even smell it 56 (walk) down the street! Because of the humid climate in Liuzhou, people tend to lose their appetite, but the spicy and sour taste stimulates 57 (people) appetite. Its unique taste of freshness, sourness, hotness and spiciness

英语试卷 第10页(共12页)

is 58 modern people and young people prefer. Diners can also add extra chili, fresh green vegetables or garlic 59 (suit) their own taste. Despite the word “snail” in its Chinese name, actual snails don’t commonly appear in the dish, but 60 (use) to flavor the soup. There being many choices of 61 (package) Luosifen these days, people can easily prepare their favorite version at home. Some people even cook Luosifen-based hotpot 62 (they). Admittedly, Luosifen has become 63 must-try dish for those enthusiasts seeking a genuine cuisine. Whether you are exploring the streets of Liuzhou 64 enjoying a bowl in a distant land, Luosifen is sure to leave a lasting impression on your taste buds, providing a 65 (true) unforgettable gastronomic (美食的) experience.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

##### 第一节:书面表达(满分15分)

假定你是李华,为了适应英语听力中的英美混合播音,你给外教 Smith 写封邮件,希望他在口语课上提供针对性的帮助。内容包括:

1. 写信目的;
2. 你的建议。

注意:1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Smith, I'm Li Hua, one of your students. _____ _____ _____ _____ Yours sincerely, Li Hua
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##### 第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I was really nervous about English class this year because I was an eleventh grader taking a twelfth grade class. I knew that I wouldn't know anyone in the class, and that scared me a little. But since I didn't know anyone, I had the chance to do something I love almost as much

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as socializing-people watching.

One of the most interesting girls in the class sat directly behind me. She was always laughing and talking, and she just seemed so happy. She was friendly, too — she was one of the very few people in the class who made any attempt to acknowledge me. She was one of those people you just liked, even if you didn't really know her.

At the end of the year, we were assigned a big project. It was a very open-ended project, where the instructions were basically to read something, then read or watch something else that related to it, and then come up with a class presentation based on what you learned. The presentations were spread out over the last month of school, and because everyone had chosen such different topics and different ways to present those topics, we had some of the most interesting and varied presentations I've ever watched.

The girl behind me presented on one of the last days. She got up in front of the class, and told everyone how she had read about eating disorders, because she herself had struggled with one. Since it would have been too difficult for her to talk to us about it directly, she and a friend had made a movie, where they interviewed each other about their eating disorders, how they had felt while they were struggling with them, and how they had overcome them.

注意：

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

*By the end of the presentation, almost everyone was in tears.* \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*When she returned to her seat, I could tell she was really relieved and happy.* \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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