

秘密★启用前

曲靖市第二中学学联体 2023 届高三联考(第二次) 英语试卷

(满分 120 分,考试时间 100 分钟)

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必用黑色碳素笔将自己的学校、姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上,并认真核准条形码上的学校、姓名、准考证号、考场号、座位号,在规定的位置贴好条形码及填涂准考证号。

2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

3. 回答非选择题时,用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题卡上,写在试卷上无效。

第一部分 听力(略)

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Find your motivation

MedalMad was created to help inspire and motivate people to be active. To help people benefit from being active through a range of virtual challenges and runs, we have created a virtual community that supports each other. You can be a virtual runner, walker, swimmer, cyclist, roller or gym-goer.

Taking part in MedalMad virtual runs or challenges is easy with a free virtual challenge app to track your challenges and runs. You can also use the MedalMad website to submit evidence for your runs and challenges.

Earn amazing medals to keep you motivated, earn reward points to save on your next virtual run or challenge, collect badges (徽章) to remind you of your hard work and complete challenges to claim free member bonus rewards.

Race to the North Pole

Take part in the race to the North Pole. Can you make it in time to help Santa load his sleigh (雪橇) for Christmas Eve? This 24km challenge can be completed in one go or in parts: you can also use this challenge as countdown to Christmas by completing 1km each day from 1st to 24th December.

Rewards include:

★24km Race to the North Pole Medal.

★Race to the North Pole Certificate.

★Well done cards.

★10 reward points.

★A T-shirt (you need to pay £15).

★Race to the North Pole Badges (a set of 4).

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Product Delivery Cost

UK: Free

Europe: £ 4.00

Rest of World: £ 5.00

The challenge starts and medals go out from the 1st of December, 2021. Last chance to sign up—31st January 2022.

1. What is the aim of MedalMad?

A. To collect data for a gym.

B. To encourage people to exercise.

C. To build a virtual community.

D. To introduce new computer games.

2. What will the participants in the race get?

A. Some badges.

B. 24 reward points.

C. £ 5.00.

D. A free T-shirt.

3. What is the deadline for entry?

A. 1st December 2021.

B. 24th December 2021.

C. 1st January 2022.

D. 31st January 2022.

B

Not long ago, my 12-year-old son, Lucian, and I were standing on the Knife's edge. I mean this quite literally. We had just completed a four-day hike in Maine that concluded by climbing Mount Katahdin. At its highest peak, Mount Katahdin has an extremely dramatic, mile-long ridge (山脊) known as the Knife Edge. It's scary and quite dangerous: The mountain has claimed at least 17 lives. We knew we had to be careful, but surprisingly, the danger was part of the attraction. Lucian and I were both longing for a bit of risk.

We proceeded along the ridge and Lucian moved with such agility and balance. Then suddenly, right in the center of the Knife Edge, we encountered a group of bushes. And that's when a killer bee stung (蜇伤) Lucian. Lucian was pale-faced, and he told me very calmly: "Dad, this is serious. I could die." If this were a novel, the perfectly timed disaster, and my son's calm yet serious remark would be cut by some clever editor. But this was not a novel. It was real life.

"What's your favorite video game?" I asked my son. He shot me a confused look. I pressed him, asking him again. Unwillingly, he began answering my question—or more accurately, he began asking me why I talked about video games at a moment like this. By the time he finished, a minute had passed. He showed no signs of having an allergic (过敏) reaction. I pointed this out to him. Another minute passed. And then, unexpectedly, we realized, he was totally fine.

When we returned home, Lucian and I both recounted our adventure—to my wife, his brother, and all the grandparents—until it quickly became a family tale. And it occurred to me that on some level, Lucian and I are both fond of exploring courageously. And this is how we found ourselves at the top of Mount Katahdin, crossing over the Knife Edge.

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4. What did the author and his son do in Maine?
 - A. They conducted research on the Knife Edge.
 - B. They took a long and dangerous walk.
 - C. They risked rescuing the trapped climbers.
 - D. They participated in a climbing contest.
5. What happened to Lucian in the center of the Knife Edge?
 - A. He lost his balance.
 - B. His head got hit severely.
 - C. He was attacked by a killer bee.
 - D. His strength was used up.
6. How did the author's son react to the question about video games?
 - A. He thought it inappropriate.
 - B. He failed to answer it.
 - C. He cared little about it.
 - D. He spoke highly of it.
7. Which of the following can best describe the author's experience with his son?
 - A. Easy and liberating.
 - B. Hair-raising but fictional.
 - C. Near-death and discouraging.
 - D. Challenging but significant.

C

It never hurts to put something aside for a rainy day. And not just money can be put in a bank. Blood from donors is routinely banked, too. But three researchers at Harvard Medical School propose going further. They suggest people consider banking deposits of their faeces (粪便), although it still needs more scientific evidence to prove its safety.

Yang-Yu Liu, Shanlin Ke and Scott Weiss describe their proposal in *Trends in Molecular Medicine*. Modern life, they observe, is not kind to gut bacteria (肠道细菌). Terrible eating habits; frequent use of antibiotics; diet-changing travel; lack of sleep; even simply living longer; these all affect the complex intestines' ecosystems (肠道生态). That contributes to a range of illnesses, including *Clostridioides difficile* infections, irritable-bowel syndrome (IBS), inflammatory bowel disease, type 2 diabetes, asthma, cardiovascular problems and colorectal cancer.

One approach to dealing with some of these has been faecal transplantation. This takes healthy people's faeces and put them into the guts of suffering individuals. It is 80-90% successful at treating *C. difficile* infections, though only between a quarter and a half of those with IBS gain benefits. At least as interesting are animal studies that put the gut microbes of thin animals in those that are obese. This often causes the recipients (接受者) to lose weight, though it has not yet been tried in people.

Faecal transplanting is still in its early days. But faeces banks similar to blood banks now exist in America, Britain, China, France and the Netherlands. As with blood transplants, donations from these need to be matched to a given recipient, otherwise a bad reaction, such as a new infection, may result. But unlike blood-group-matching, faecal matching still lacks scientific evidence.

Hence researchers suggest that people, when young and healthy, bank their own faeces for future use. They propose establishing facilities where faeces samples will be stored without going bad. Then, if a depositor (储户) needs it in later life, he or she can

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withdraw part of the account, and make the best of it.

8. According to the text, which does not influence the intestines' ecosystems?
A. Banking faeces. B. Old age. C. Less sleep. D. Overseas trips.
9. About faecal transplants, which of the following statements is true?
A. Of the participants with IBS, only 80-90% recover.
B. Gut microbes will help overweight ones lose weight.
C. Only five countries have faecal banks now.
D. Faecal transplants have been put into wide use.
10. What might be talked about in the paragraph that follows?
A. Faecal transplants' difference from other transplants.
B. The risks faecal transplants might bring about.
C. Further researches into human immune systems.
D. Successful application in treating difficile infections.
11. What's the writer's purpose of writing the passage?
A. To urge people to donate faeces. B. To entertain the readers.
C. To present a research process. D. To present a scientific proposal.

D

One nozzle moves back and forth piping red goo (粘稠物) into a rectangle. Another follows adding white layers of a similar substance. The nozzles are labelled "muscle" and "fat". A third, marked "blood", works alongside them. They are part of a machine, developed by an Israeli startup, which can print a steak made entirely of plant-based ingredients.

This method may seem like something out of science fiction, but what it produces has a long history. For hundreds of years humans have sought alternatives to animal milks and meats because they were rare and expensive.

During the Tang Dynasty, cheese was increasingly brought from Europe and India to China. Little dairy milk was available so the Chinese used the same method as Western cheese makers but substituted (替代) soya milk for cows' milk to create their own "bean cheese": tofu. During the late 19th century this gained, if not popularity, at least a certain acceptance in the West.

But in America the expansion of the railways, commercial refrigeration and developed farming made meat cheaper and more readily available from the 1880s. In 1896 John Kellogg, breakfast revolutionary, started to sell "Nuttose". Three years later he followed that with "Protose", made by mixing peanuts and wheat. Both were marketed as the "perfect substitute for flesh food". Kellogg's meat substitutes didn't catch on, perhaps because canned, room-temperature, nut-flavored mixture are not appealing enough. Today others are proving more popular. Over 1,000 different plant-based meat products are available in America according to data from Instacart. Between 2019 and 2020 total sales of plant-based food in America increased by 27%, to \$7bn.

Plant-based food sales are expected to rise even further in part because of concerns about the environmental impact of the world's diet. The global food system currently

accounts for 21-37% of human emissions.

Some people in the rich world are reducing their meat consumption. Nearly 30% of Americans reported eating less meat, according to a recent survey from YouGov. Eating less meat rather than avoiding it will likely drive demand for meat-free products more than strict veganism (素食主义), especially if companies succeed in producing steaks and pork chops in labs, without any involvement from animals.

12. What is the first paragraph intended to do?
A. Describe a printing machine. B. Show how the machines work.
C. Lead the readers to the topic. D. Present the color of the food.
13. What does the underlined word “that” in the fourth paragraph refer to?
A. Nuttose. B. Peanuts. C. Wheat. D. Flesh food.
14. Which of the following can be inferred from the text?
A. Strict veganism will better promote meat-free products.
B. Meats’ low price led to their greater availability in America.
C. Some firms have produced artificial steaks and pork chops.
D. Tofu was a cheese-inspired plant-based food in China.
15. Which can be a suitable title for the text?
A. How Plant-based Meats Are Made
B. A Brief Introduction of Plant-based Meats
C. The Environmental Influence of Meat Consumption
D. The Relationship between Tofu and Cheese

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有两项为多余选项。

Does speaking on the phone make you nervous?

Speaking with people on the phone is becoming rare these days. Many people prefer to use email or messaging apps when they need to communicate with someone. Sometimes, though, making a phone call is unavoidable. This simple act can actually be an unpleasant experience for some people. 16 If this sounds familiar to you, you might be one of them who suffer from telephobia—the fear of speaking on the phone.

Telephobia is a form of social anxiety, although people who feel perfectly comfortable in social situations may also experience telephobia. When speaking face to face, we give off lots of facial cues that help each other follow the conversation. 17 Very often the idea of speaking on the phone makes some people so frightened that they will freeze up or lose control of the conversation. However, there are things that they can do to ease this fear.

One thing that those with telephobia can do before making a call is smile. 18 It won’t get rid of the anxiety altogether, but it will take the edge off it. Similarly, imagining how the call will go before you make it can also help things go more smoothly. 19 That will make you feel less nervous and may help you predict any possible problems.

20 Well, you don’t always have to pick up the phone. There’s nothing wrong with

calling the person back later when you feel more comfortable. So the next time your phone starts ringing, remember speaking on the phone doesn't have to make you nervous. The important thing is to be aware of your fear and take steps to deal with it.

- A. This is not the case over the phone.
- B. Their hearts may race at the very thought.
- C. What are the basic rules of making phone calls?
- D. Just run through a positive conversation in your head.
- E. What should you do when you're faced with receiving a call?
- F. It may sound silly, but smiling can help you feel more relaxed.
- G. Remember to smile politely when you are introduced to someone.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 完形填空(共15小题;每题1分,满分15分)

阅读短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Nancy was upset with her dad Earl. It seemed to her that he didn't care how she 21. He worked all day and wasn't really present in her life. Nancy was 22 about music and organized a rock band. They were 23 in Nancy's father's garage and were going to perform at a school party. She invited her mom to see their 24. Mom said that she and Dad would not miss it.

It was the day of the big concert. 25, drummer Michael rang to say he wouldn't be able to make it because he 26 his bike and got badly hurt. Nancy had to call her mom to help 27 their performance. Mom 28 Nancy to wait a moment. Then she called her husband. Sad children were sitting behind the stage. 29, the drumbeat of their song sounded. It was Nancy's dad who 30 to be their drummer. Nancy said it was 31 because he didn't know their songs. But Dad surprised her. He named all the 32 that they were going to play. The band performed wonderfully. The whole 33 sang along. After the concert, Nancy asked her dad 34 he knew the songs. He said he listened to their rehearsal (排练), but didn't enter so as not to 35 them. "I can't always be here, but I will always be your biggest fan," smiled Earl. Dads don't always show their emotions openly, but they can find a way out of a hopeless situation.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. recovered | B. lived | C. applauded | D. suffered |
| 22. A. curious | B. annoyed | C. confused | D. passionate |
| 23. A. communicating | B. experimenting | C. wandering | D. practicing |
| 24. A. performance | B. conference | C. application | D. construction |
| 25. A. Previously | B. Interestingly | C. Unfortunately | D. Generally |
| 26. A. depended on | B. fell off | C. gave up | D. forget about |
| 27. A. organize | B. assess | C. cancel | D. prohibit |
| 28. A. warned | B. allowed | C. invited | D. convinced |
| 29. A. Naturally | B. Habitually | C. Effectively | D. Suddenly |
| 30. A. offered | B. refused | C. pretended | D. hesitated |

31. A. unimportant B. unbeatable C. unbelievable D. undeniable
32. A. compositions B. instruments C. bands D. concerts
33. A. discoverers B. audience C. competitors D. children
34. A. whether B. unless C. how D. where
35. A. embarrass B. motivate C. appreciate D. represent

第二节(共10小题;每题1.5分,共15分)

阅读下列材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

The number of bookstores in Beijing 36 (rise) in recent years thanks to government support and growing public need.

A search for a bookstore on a social media platform produces many results for cafes and bars offering books 37 people to read as they enjoy their drinks. Internet searches also show 38 number of bookstores that attract large numbers of visitors with their stylish designs.

People are clearly choosing a new environment 39 they can read or buy books. However, many are visiting these stylish bookstores just to post online photographs of themselves reading or having coffee. Many bookstores, full of people taking selfies as they wander among the bookshelves, are 40 (extreme) noisy.

There is nothing wrong with bookstores 41 (be) popular and modern, but it is sad when they 42 (prefer) because of their design. It's also sad that people view these stores as sightseeing spots, rather than places to read. Even 43 (sad) is the fact that a really good bookstore can be stocked with quality books, 44 fails to attract many potential customers because it is not 45 (fashion) or doesn't serve coffee. Hopefully, the people who take selfies by using books only as backdrops (背景) can find other locations for their activities.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假如你是高三学生李华,此时距高考仅有40天左右,你和同学们都在争分夺秒地备战高考。但最近你在学习或生活上遇到了一些困难,想写信给你的外教老师 Smith,向他寻求帮助。要点如下:

1. 现在的状况; 2. 请 Smith 帮忙; 3. 表示感谢。

注意:

1. 词数80左右;
2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

参考词汇:高考 College Entrance Examination

Dear Smith,

I am Li Hua, one of your students in senior three. _____

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Wiping the sweat from her brow (额头), the mother of two came out of the bathroom. The tiles (瓷砖) and sink were shining like new ones. The kids' room was next to be cleaned. The woman looked into the room and saw a small house made of sheets and blankets. The son and daughter were busy playing Indians, so she decided not to bother them. She would clean the hall first and leave the kids' room for later. Finally, the hall was shining as well. The mother asked the kids if they still needed the small house. They said no and ran to the hall.

After a while, the tired mother passing by the hall was shocked by what she saw. No signs of an hour of cleaning were left. Toys were thrown away here and there, a pile of dirt was under the flower and the entire floor was covered with Lego bricks. The mother didn't even have the strength to scold the children. She sat in an armchair and whispered that house cleaning never ended.

Looking away from the TV, the daughter looked around the room, and without understanding what her mother was talking about, she said, "Of course. If it takes that long for you to clean each room, the house will never be clean."

It shocked the mother again. She dropped the mop(拖把) on the pile of Lego bricks. "Is it because I'm so slow that it's messy in the house?" she asked. "Is it my fault and am I the main reason?" The woman tried to make the children understand who the main source of the mess was. But the children turned to her, nodded their heads and continued watching TV.

The tired mother went back to her bedroom and lay down on the bed. She wanted to cry. She didn't know how long she was on the bed until the children came running to her. They said they were hungry and wanted to eat.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在相应位置作答。

"I am a bit slow. Would you like to cook on your own?" the mother said quietly. _____

They had realized that one person was not enough to complete all the housework without the help of others. _____

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