

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How does the woman feel now?
A. Tired. B. Confused. C. Frightened.
11. Where does the woman live now?
A. At her workplace. B. In the city center. C. In a big apartment.
12. What are the speakers talking about?
A. Their travel experience. B. The woman's future plans. C. The woman's life in a new city.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What does the woman say about the smell?
A. It is personal. B. It is concrete. C. It is strange.
14. What is special about smells?
A. They are as pleasant as music.
B. They can last about thirty days.
C. They are much more memorable.
15. What does the smell of roses remind the woman of?
A. Family holidays. B. Her friend's house. C. Exciting places.
16. Which one does the woman like best?
A. The smell of the sea. B. The smell of her garden. C. The smell of aircraft fuel.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why did the woman go to the bank?
A. To meet the manager. B. To open an account. C. To make an appointment.
18. What happened to the woman at the parking lot?
A. She was angered by a stranger.
B. She could not find a parking place.
C. She backed her car into the wrong place.
19. How long did it take the woman to find another parking place?
A. 10 minutes. B. 20 minutes. C. 30 minutes.
20. What might the woman think of the bank manager?
A. Clever. B. Polite. C. Selfish.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

If you choose to be part of the world's biggest New Year's Eve party at the Times Square, here are some activities to make your experience memorable and pleasant.

Watch the Times Square New Year's Eve's Ball Drop

The famous Waterford Crystal ball, which can display more than 16 million colors, will be raised at around 18:00 to the top of the flagpole at the Times Square. At exactly 23:59, it will start its one-minute drop to ring in the New Year. Those who get the choicest spots typically arrive before 15:00. By 22:30, it's nearly impossible to find a spot with a view of the ball.

Of course, if Ball Drop isn't your cup of tea, there are plenty of other ways to ring in the New Year in NYC.

Join the bike ride and dance

Participants in the annual New Year's Eve bike ride can join ranks with the skaters at the entrance to Washington Square Park at 22:00, and then make your way through Manhattan before winding down at Central Park's Belvedere Castle at 23:45, just in time for an informal dance party with the group (festival dress is

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needed), as Central Park's midnight fireworks display gets underway.

Celebrate New Year's Eve at the Comedy Cellar

Laugh your way into the New Year with the country's best comedians at New York's most famous comedy club. It will show the countdown and ball-drop festivities at the Times Square live on their 10-foot screen. Tickets are available online and there is a two-drink minimum.

Get classy with the performing arts

For a high-class night on the town, look to special New Year's Eve programming at performing arts centers like The Metropolitan Opera. Normally, the black-tie Gala Dinner Package usually includes a post-performance dinner and dance on the Mercedes Bass Grand Tier, where you will be able to see the midnight fireworks erupt throughout New York City.

21. When will the ball be sent to the top of the flagpole at the Times Square?
A. By 22:30. B. At around 18:00.
C. Before 15:00. D. At exactly 23:59.
22. What do you need to join the party at Belvedere Castle?
A. An invitation. B. A bike.
C. A pair of skating shoes. D. A special dress.
23. Where can you enjoy the best comedians' performance?
A. At The Metropolitan Opera. B. On the Mercedes Bass Grand Tier.
C. At the Comedy Cellar. D. In the Central Park.

B

Joe Clark was a non-traditional high school president whose unusual way of encouraging his students became the subject of a 1989 Hollywood movie.

"You are not inferior(低人一等)" was what Clark would often tell his students at Eastside High School in Paterson, New Jersey. Many of the Eastside students were African American or Latino. They grew up in a difficult environment. Many of the students who attended the school faced violence, crime, drugs and troubled family life.

Before becoming an educator, Clark served in the US Army. His experience might have influenced how he ran his school. He was known to walk around with a bull horn and a baseball bat. In Clark's first days of working at Eastside High School, he made the decision to expel 300 students for fighting, abusing teachers and drug possession. Clark believed that students had to be shocked often to understand the influences that could prevent them from succeeding in school and in life.

President Ronald Reagan offered Clark a White House policy adviser position after his success at the high school. In 1989, actor Morgan Freeman played Clark in the movie *Lean on Me*. That movie was based on Clark's experiences at Eastside High School. "Joe was a father figure to school kids," Freeman said. "He was the best of the best in terms of education."

Of course, not everyone supported his methods. One teacher, Franklin Hearn, said in 1988 that his methods were more like being in a labor camp than a public high school.

But Thomas McEntyre, one of the 300 students who were kicked out of Eastside High School, said, "I never really got a chance to... thank you. We are your product. You did not fail us. Although you kicked me out, you did not fail me. You bettered me."

After he retired from Eastside in 1989, Clark wrote a book called *Laying Down the Law*. He described how he managed to turn Eastside High from a failing school into a success.

24. What can we learn about Eastside High School?
A. It once belonged to a labor camp. B. Many students were not clever.
C. It was a special school for troubled kids. D. Many students were from problem families.

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Located in eastern China's Jiangxi Province, Poyang Lake has a drainage(灌排) area of 162,225 km², feeds a population of up to 44 million and annually supplies 17% of the water for the Yangtze River, the longest river in Asia and the third longest in the world. It also provides a home for millions of birds during the lake's low water stages in late autumn and winter, including 95% of the world's endangered white cranes. Moreover, the variations in the lake's water output directly affect the environments in the East China Sea.

However, since the beginning of the 21st century, Poyang Lake has experienced continuously extreme low water levels in autumn, which has put the threatened birds at risk of extinction.

Despite several efforts to explore the causes of the Poyang Lake's dryness, to date, there have been no studies that attempt to distinguish and quantify the contribution of each possible factor on the lake's recent low water levels.

Therefore, the objectives of my study are to quantify the contribution of each factor leading to Poyang Lake's dryness. These results are of vital value in characterizing the problems of the Poyang Lake and its related wetlands. They also can be applied to other large lakes in similar situations around the world.

32. What is the author's main purpose in the first paragraph?

- A. To tell the necessity and value of his study.
- B. To show the problems of the four largest lakes.
- C. To introduce the lakes' coverage of the earth's surface.
- D. To prove the lakes' importance to the global ecosystems.

33. What can be known about Poyang Lake?

- A. It is the main water source for the Yangtze River.
- B. It is the third biggest freshwater lake in the world.
- C. It is home to 95% of the world's endangered animals.
- D. It is important to the ecosystem of the East China Sea.

34. What does the author say about the previous studies?

- A. Their theories about the lake are wrong.
- B. They should carry out their study in quality.
- C. They have not analyzed each factor in quantity.
- D. Their studies cannot be applied to the other lakes.

35. Where is this text most likely from?

- A. A research paper.
- B. A newspaper.
- C. A textbook.
- D. An advertisement.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Here are some tips from experts for writing the all-important application, which can often mean the difference between getting accepted—or rejected—by the school of your choice.

36. It has to show your life experiences, your interests, your dreams, your character, your values, your views of the world and even your sense of humor.

Stress the volunteer work or other ways you've helped people or made your community a better place. 37. Teachers in charge of admission want to know how your presence will make the college and the world a better place.

Mention the summer courses, extracurricular activities or lab work that show steps you've taken to learn and understand your field of interest. 38.

Explain with knowledge and enthusiasm why you want to study at this particular school rather than at others. Tell why the school's size, curriculum, social atmosphere, professors or history have influenced your choice.

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Correct spelling, grammar and punctuation are critical. 39. Never use text-style abbreviations(缩写) or rude language.

Hafeez Lakhani sums up the application this way: 40. What will make you the most interesting contributor to that dinner table conversation? What will make you help everyone else have a more interesting experience? A good application will answer these questions and stand out from the pile.

- A. Every college is like a dinner table
- B. An application is not just a list of everything you've done
- C. Respond on time to what the other people asked at the table
- D. Write with a level of accuracy that shows you're ready for college
- E. End your application with follow-up questions and request an interview
- F. They show that you know the field you've chosen to study and you love it
- G. It helps if the voluntary activities are related to the subject you want to study

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It is almost impossible to be left alone in a digital world, where people are meant to be connected. In this respect, digital technologies have 41 our life.

The possibility to be connected all the time has brought our personal space to a(n) 42 as we've known it. People have become so 43 in the world of networks that one can often be contacted even if they'd rather not be. Today we can talk, text and e-mail, not only from our 44, but from our mobile phones as well.

Most people have become 45 on digital technology simply because it has become a necessary part of life, and at this point not 46 it would make them an social outsider. 47, many jobs and careers require people to be connected. From this point of view, being reachable might feel like a 48 to those who may not want to be able to be contacted at all times.

But solitude(独处) still can be possible for those who 49 want it. Computers can be 50 and mobile phones can be turned off. Of course, the choice to be "off" and "on" has many 51 as well as disadvantages. When travelers end up 52 in mountains, and mobile phones can mean life or death, although they can also make people feel 53 and forced to answer unwanted calls.

Actually, attitudes towards digital technologies as a society 54 widely. Some find them a gift. Others consider them a curse. Whether you like it or not, it's hard to imagine what life would be like without the 55 in digital technologies.

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|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. respected | B. reshaped | C. ignored | D. preserved |
| 42. A. alarm | B. stage | C. end | D. balance |
| 43. A. sensitive | B. intelligent | C. considerate | D. reachable |
| 44. A. neighbors | B. computers | C. friends | D. monitors |
| 45. A. impressed | B. hard | C. focused | D. dependent |
| 46. A. finding | B. using | C. protecting | D. changing |
| 47. A. Also | B. Instead | C. Otherwise | D. Therefore |
| 48. A. pleasure | B. benefit | C. burden | D. shame |
| 49. A. slightly | B. barely | C. merely | D. really |
| 50. A. sold out | B. shut down | C. broken up | D. joined in |
| 51. A. aspects | B. weaknesses | C. advantages | D. exceptions |
| 52. A. hidden | B. lost | C. relaxed | D. deserted |
| 53. A. trapped | B. excited | C. confused | D. amused |
| 54. A. vary | B. arise | C. spread | D. exist |
| 55. A. hopes | B. tests | C. interests | D. achievements |

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第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Mike took the last bite of the chocolate ice cream and jumped into the car with his parents. They headed off to the Olympic-sized pool for the big swim meet.

When his race came up, Mike was confident. He was strong and swift and won first place, making him the fastest boy in his age group.

“Congratulations,” said his father. His mother gave him a hug, even though he was wet.

A week later, it was time for another swim meet and Mike decided to eat the same ice cream. He thought that it was his luck ice cream and that it might help him win again.

He took first place again in his race. Mike was feeling pretty good. Since then, Mike has decided to have the same ice cream before every swim meet and has always won. Several months passed and Mike was feeling unbeatable. Although he wouldn't admit it, all the ice cream was adding pounds to his athletic swimmer's build.

It didn't take long before the luck ice cream had lost its magic. Mike started to slip to second place and then third place in his races. His scores kept worsening and Mike felt really bad. He knew what was wrong. But he couldn't admit it to himself and especially to his parents. He did not want to disappoint them.

One day, his mother sat down at the table with him and said, “Mike, we know you love ice cream, but maybe it's not healthy for your body to eat so much of it. Your father and I think it is making you gain weight. Is it OK for us to quit the sweet treats for a while, especially before you go for the final competition? In order to strengthen your muscles, your father will go running with you three days a week. We think it will help you feel better.”

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Mike unwillingly agreed. _____

Finally the big competition of the season came. _____

关于我们

自主选拔在线（原自主招生在线）创办于 2014 年，历史可追溯至 2008 年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于**中国拔尖人才培养**的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

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平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度战略合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019 年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

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