

1~5 ABCCB 6~10 AABCC 11~15 ACBCB 16~20 AAABB

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了四个常用的旅游网站。

21. B 细节理解题。根据 Vayama.com 一节中“Vayama is a flight search engine that specializes in international airlines.”可知答案。
22. C 细节理解题。根据 DishTip.com 一节中“‘But DishTip organizes the world of eating out in the United States in a totally new way: by turkey sandwich or blueberry pie. In other words, by single dish, not by restaurant.’”可知,这个网站是按具体的菜肴名称展示的。
23. D 推理判断题。根据 Expatsblog.com 一节中“‘This site lists over 300 foreigners’ blogs by destination, and you don’t have to search very far to find very useful travel tips from their personal experiences.’”可推断,这个网站可以提供十分详尽的第一手信息。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者拍摄北极熊图片的经历及其引发的争议。

24. A 细节理解题。根据第一段“‘But when it finally stood up, I had to catch my breath. The bear’s once strong body was just skin and bones; every step that it took was painfully slow.’”可知,作者当时感到震惊。
25. D 代词指代题。根据第三段“‘The first line of the story published in National Geographic read, ‘This is what climate change looks like’—with ‘climate change’ highlighted in yellow.’”可知,这些新闻报道聚焦的是“气候变化”。

26. C 细节理解题。根据第五段“‘Perhaps I had made a mistake in not telling the full story—that I was looking for pictures that might foretell the future...’”可知,作者的本意是警示气候变化可能产生的后果。
27. B 推理判断题。通读全文,尤其是根据第四段“‘Most people and the news agencies didn’t pick up or misunderstood the real message I tried to send with them.’”及最后一段“‘... and take pains to be sure that my intention is clear.’”可推断,作者写本文的主要目的是澄清他的真实意图。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇影评。文章主要介绍了 CODA 这部电影的精彩与不足之处。

28. A 推理判断题。根据第一段“‘Ruby loves music and loves to sing,’”可推断,她很可能想学音乐。但是家庭条件不允许。
29. B 细节理解题。根据第三段“‘... but this version has one important quality that the French film didn’t have: The deaf characters are played by deaf actors.’”可知答案。
30. D 细节理解题。根据第五段“‘But the vivid description of the conflict between the children causes tears.’”可知答案。
31. C 观点态度题。根据最后一段“‘Probably not.’”可知,作者认为这部电影获奖并非实至名归。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章综述了三个分析英国工业革命发生的原因的研究。

32. B 细节理解题。根据第二段“‘Stephan Hebllich and Hans-Joachim Voth analyzed the impact of wealth available from slave trade.’”可知答案。
33. C 词义猜测题。根据第三段“‘Such realities could not encourage landowners to invest in more advanced agricultural machines.’”及第五段“‘The authors said that these market-based farms encouraged technological advances.’”可推断, incentives 与 Encouragements 同义。
34. D 推理判断题。根据第六段“‘They found that adoption of machines was the greatest in the areas that provided the most servicemen.’”可推断,战争消耗了大量的劳动力。各行各业只能大量采用机器填补这一空缺。对机器的旺盛需求反过来又推动了工业革命。
35. A 标题判断题。通读全文,尤其是首尾两段可知,本文主要是分析英国工业革命的起因。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了几个面对不确定性时的小技巧。

36. D 空前谈到了反思及反思的方式,故 D 项“不要拘泥于反思的形式,管用就行”符合。
37. C 根据空后“‘There are just so many messages out, like, what you should be doing, what you could be doing. It’s better not to ‘should’ on yourself.’”可知,C 项“不要顾及别人的期望”符合。
38. F 空前提到面对不确定而焦虑时,可以找些能转移注意力的事干,因此空项很可能是举例,故 F 项符合。
39. E 空前谈到如果遇到困难就关起门来,你会感到全世界就你一个人有这样的问題。如果你和朋友聊起来或到相应论坛去看看,你会发现原来还有千千万万的人都有同样的问题,这时你就不会感到那么无助,故 E 项符合。
40. B 根据本节的细节,特别是“‘It is natural for you to try to make an uncertain situation seem certain. But don’t.’” B 项“不要急于找到出路”符合。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要介绍了贵州省的扶贫经验及成果。

41. B 根据下文“‘Moving all poor villagers into cities can come at the cost of \_\_\_\_\_ urban poverty...’”可知,这是从山区整体搬迁(moved)出来。
42. C 政府在新社区周围还建立了(set up)工厂为村民提供工作机会。
43. A 自 2015 年以来,扶贫就成了贵州省政府的头等大事。仅在 2019 年和 2020 年,花(spent)在相关项目上的钱大约有 2800 亿美元。
44. D 这笔钱(money)的四分之一被投入到了毕节市。
45. A 为了联结(connect)这些社区与附近的城镇,贵州省共修建了 700000 多英里的路。
46. B 为了防止这些村民返贫,还得为他们找到其他的收入(incomes)来源。
47. C 否则,整体搬迁就是以提高(increased)城市贫困率为代价的。
48. D 因此,政府急于为他们创造工作岗位(jobs)。
49. C 办法之一就是鼓励沿海城市把部分工厂(factories)转移到这些新(new)社区。
50. A 见上题解析。
51. D Hequan Mushroom 就是一个比较成功的(successful)案例。

52. B 该工厂就地雇用了(employed)约 600 位村民经营(run)它的蘑菇大棚。
53. C 见上题解析。
54. A 这些村民原来主要是种植(grow)玉米,但收入很低。
55. B 现在经营一个蘑菇大棚就能赚到(earn)4500 多美金。
56. D 不过,让这家公司头疼(headache)的是,蘑菇掉价太快。
57. C 两年前,一公斤蘑菇能卖到 2.5 美元,如今跌到了(dropped)1.5 美元。
58. A 因为附近的村民受到这家公司的成功的鼓舞(inspired),都跟风种起了大棚蘑菇。
59. D 根据下文“‘We are going to be the next Laoganma,’”可知,这家公司的经理对前景还是非常乐观的(optimistic)。
60. B 该公司正在建立自己的工厂对蘑菇进行加工(process)。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇新闻报道。文章主要介绍了一个英国的古老传统:硬币审判。

61. and 考查连词。根据句意可知,此处表示并列关系,故用并列连词 and。
62. selected 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处作后置定语,修饰 coins。而且 select 与 coins 之间存在逻辑上的动宾关系,故用过去分词 selected。
63. examined 考查动词的时态。根据空前的时间状语 Last year 可知,该句叙述的是过去发生的事,故用所给动词的过去式。
64. from 考查介词。come from 意为“源自……”,为固定短语。
65. which 考查定语从句。分析该句结构可知,该句是由“介词+关系代词”引导的非限制性定语从句,先行词为 boxes,故用关系代词 which。
66. to be tried 考查非谓语动词。分析该句成分可知,此处用所给动词的不定式作目的状语。另外,try 与主句中的逻辑主语 coins 之间存在逻辑上的动宾关系,故用被动语态 to be tried。
67. observe 考查词形转换。根据空前的不定式标记可知,所填词为所给名词的动词原形。
68. ceremonies 考查名词复数。ceremony 为可数名词,根据空前的修饰语 full of 及空后定语从句中的谓语动词 link 可知,此处用所给名词的复数形式。
69. importance 考查词形转换。根据空前的介词 of 可知,此处用所给形容词的名词形式 importance。
70. them 考查代词。分析该句成分可知,所填词在此处作介词 in 的宾语,故用所给代词的宾格形式 them。

短文改错

Today, China is one of the most power countries in the world. But less than two hundred years before, the nation powerful ago was still struggling in wars and poverty. During that has been known as “the century of humiliation(耻辱)”, their very what its survival was in question.

Since then, millions of educated Chinese have tried, in various way, to save their motherland. Among them was were three key reformers who worked to modernize written Chinese, sometimes risk risking their lives to do so. Their work took it from an inaccessible language built mainly for the upper class to ^ modern language for the ordinary people. Their work a/the not only changed with the fate(命运) of millions of Chinese people, but also helped preserve Chinese culture in a rapid rapidly changing world.

书面表达

One possible version:

**The Benefits of Extensive Reading**

Extensive reading is an important part of our lives. It allows us to explore new worlds, gain knowledge and develop our imagination. Reading is not only a source of entertainment but also a means to expand our minds and broaden our horizons.

One book that I particularly enjoy is *To Kill a Mockingbird* by Harper Lee. I love this book because it deals with such important issues as racial inequality, social injustice and moral courage, which are still important today.