



2021~2022 学年高三 8 月开学考

英 语

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的**答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。**
4. 本试卷主要命题范围:高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.
答案是 C。

1. Where does this conversation probably take place?
A. In a theatre. B. In a library. C. In a hospital.
2. What is the woman going to buy?
A. A books on cars. B. A book on ships. C. A book on planes.
3. What kind of music does the man like?
A. Classical music. B. Folk music. C. Pop music.
4. Why doesn't the woman buy the coat?
A. It isn't her size.
B. It is expensive.
C. She doesn't like the color.
5. What is the man going to do?
A. Cook some food.
B. Do physical exercise.
C. Arrange his housework.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What happened to Hudson's mother?
A. She had a heart problem.
B. She had a quarrel with her son.
C. She was ill, but then felt much better.

7. What kind of person is Mr. Hudson according to the dialogue?

- A. A careless person.
- B. A very good worker.
- C. A person who often gets angry.

8. Which may be the reason why Mr. Hudson is so sad?

- A. His manager wants to fire him.
- B. His son has brought him some trouble.
- C. He can't get on well with his colleagues.

听第7段材料,回答第9至11题。

9. What does the woman say about small shops?

- A. They usually offer fresher food.
- B. The food price is usually much lower.
- C. The service is usually disappointing.

10. What is most probably the man?

- A. A manager of a supermarket.
- B. A salesman in a small shop.
- C. A customer of a department store.

11. What might the woman think of supermarket staff?

- A. They're very nice.
- B. They're less friendly.
- C. They're well paid.

听第8段材料,回答第12至14题。

12. Why is it difficult for the woman to lose weight?

- A. She often sleeps too much.
- B. She has no time for exercise.
- C. She doesn't work out properly.

13. Who is Michael?

- A. Kate's child.
- B. John's workmate.
- C. Julia's husband.

14. What does the man suggest the woman do?

- A. Change her present job.
- B. Eat less and do more exercise.
- C. Spend more time doing her job.

听第9段材料,回答第15至17题。

15. Where does Mike work?

- A. In a grocery.
- B. In an art school.
- C. In a language school.

16. What does the woman want to do for a change?

- A. Learn to draw.
- B. Learn to dance.
- C. Learn to play music.

17. What is the most difficult in terms of learning Arabic?

- A. Pronunciation.
- B. Grammar.
- C. Idioms.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What kind of clothes does the speaker's sister like?

- A. Cheap clothes.
- B. Ordinary clothes.
- C. Clothes of new design.

19. What do the twin sisters have in common?

- A. They enjoy friendship.
- B. They prefer loud music.
- C. They want to have their children.

20. Why doesn't the speaker like living in the same room with her twin sister?

- A. Her sister is easy to get angry.
- B. Her sister can't keep things neat.
- C. They can't agree on the color of the room.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分) 微信搜《高三答案公众号》

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

My wife and I have been to Monterey many times with our two kids, but we saw this costal city with a fresh viewpoint when we joined my parents on their first visit to California's Central Coast.

The COST

Two nights at Monterey Tides cost \$710; lunch and a couple of rounds of beers at Dust Bowl Brewing Co. were \$90; and entry to 17-Mile Drive was \$10.50 per vehicle.

THE BED

We have stayed at Monterey Tides several times. Its direct beach access to Monterey Bay has kept us coming back. We love falling asleep to the sound of waves crashing. My parents had a room with a king-size bed, and my family's room with two queen-size beds was right next door. The hotel offers facilities including beach-side yoga on Saturday mornings. We saw a group of people stretch into their poses as we chased our kids. Maybe next time.

THE MEAL

I've been a fan of Dust Bowl Brewing Co. for years. The Turlock, California-based brewery(啤酒厂), opened its Monterey Tap Depot this year in a former train station near Fisherman's Wharf(码头). Along with a bar inside, there's an outdoor seating area. We ate a tasty lunch and I chose one of my favourite beers, Hops of Wrath, an Indian pale beer that reminds you of John Steinbeck's classical novel *The Grapes of Wrath*.

THE FIND

Cannery Row, another Steinbeck's novel, takes place in Monterey during the Great Depression. The current Cannery Row is lined with restaurants, hotels, shops and the world-famous Monterey Bay Aquarium. On our trip in early October, we bypassed(绕过) Cannery Row to explore the coast from Pacific Grove south to Asilomar State Beach, which has easy access to tide pools.

THE LESSON LEARNED

When you've been somewhere countless times, you sometimes take it for granted, but when you go with someone who has never been there, you see it from a new point of view.

21. What does the author like about Monterey Tides?

- A. Sleeping in the queen-size bed there.
- B. Doing yoga there alongside the beach.
- C. Hearing the sound of the sea when he sleeps there.
- D. Reading classical novels there while enjoying some beer.

22. What can you do in Monterey Tap Depot?

- A. Drink Hops of Wrath.
- B. Take a train somewhere.
- C. Talk with novelist John Steinbeck.
- D. Go fishing near Fisherman's Wharf.

23. What can we learn from the text?

- A. Cannery Row allows easy access to tide pools.
- B. The author's children slept on a king-size bed.
- C. The author went to Monterey for the first time.
- D. *The Grapes of Wrath* and *Cannery Row* were written by John Steinbeck.

【高三8月开学考巩固卷·英语 第3页(共8页)】

B

After a tour of duty in Afghanistan, Benjamin Blume began to attend Sam Houston State University, USA but he felt there was something missing. That all changed when Blume attended a study program abroad. With the help of the staff at the Office of International Programs and the Veterans Resource Center(退伍老兵资源中心), he was able to take seven study trips abroad, visiting 19 countries in just three years.

Blume's first stop was Leipzig, Germany for a German language program in the summer of 2018. Later that summer, Blume visited Australia as part of the stars and galaxy(星系) course. "There was a major eclipse(日食) in Australia that summer and it was an amazing thing to see," Blume said. "We also visited Wyoming after leaving Australia for the same course to see the sky."

In the fall of 2018, Blume took off again, this time visiting Bern, Switzerland for a business course. Blume returned for the 2019 spring term before his next adventure that summer in Tokyo for a month-long economics trip. "Tokyo was quite the experience and like nothing I had seen before," Blume said. "I had never experienced so much culture and history as I did there."

Blume went from Tokyo back to Germany, this time visiting Aachen for an economics program. After returning to the U. S. and staying for a month, Blume travelled to Dubai in the United Arab Emirates for a three-week marketing program. Finally, Blume took his seventh and last study abroad trip to Auckland, New Zealand. "New Zealand was probably my favorite place to visit because the landscape is so diverse," Blume added. "One day we hiked a glacier, which I had never done. I also got to see where *The Hobbit* films were made."

24. Which countries did Benjamin Blume visit in the summer of 2018?
A. Germany and Australia. B. Germany and Switzerland.
C. New Zealand and Australia. D. New Zealand and Switzerland.
25. What did Blume do in Auckland, New Zealand?
A. He saw a major eclipse.
B. He hiked several glaciers.
C. He attended a language program.
D. He visited where *The Hobbit* films were made.
26. What is the right time order for the following events?
a. Blume visited Aachen for an economics trip.
b. Blume visited Tokyo for a month-long economics trip.
c. Blume visited Bern, Switzerland for a business course.
d. Blume visited Dubai for a three-week marketing program.
e. Blume visited Australia as part of the stars and galaxy course.
A. e-a-c-d-b B. e-c-b-a-d C. c-b-e-a-d D. c-d-a-c-e
27. Why did Blume return to America in the spring of 2019?
A. For an interview. B. For his adventure. C. For his study. D. For a party.

C

The Wall of Wind is the world's largest wind simulator(模拟器), an impressive installation capable of generating(使形成) winds of up to 157 miles per hour(70 meters per second).

In order to better protect against the devastating force of hurricanes, you first have to study them and test various materials against the powerful winds they generate. With this idea in mind, engineers at the International Hurricane Research Center and College of Engineering and Computing at Florida State University spent 15 years building and perfecting the Wall of Wind, an impressive installation capable(有能力的) of generating hurricane-force winds.

It all started in 2005, with two powerful wind turbines that were able to generate winds of up to 53 meters per second(m/s), but as the need to simulate more powerful air currents increased, so did the power of the Wall of Wind. Today, the installation consists of a total of 12 giant fans capable of generating winds of up to 70m/s. For reference, a study showed that trees start to break at wind speeds of 42m/s, regardless of age, strength or flexibility.

【高三8月开学考巩固卷·英语 第4页(共8页)】

According to the Florida State University Website, “The Wall of Wind facility can test full-sized structures such as site-built or manufactured housing and small commercial structures.”

Thanks to a water-injection system, the Wall of Wind is capable of simulating wind-driven rain. It allows engineers to test structures and materials against both wind and rain damage caused by hurricanes. It also gives engineers a better understanding of how various designs and materials handle powerful hurricanes.

In the beginning, the Miami-based Wall of Wind was capable of generating hurricanes of categories 1 to 4, but the current installation is reported capable of simulating hurricanes like Katrina and Andrew, which rank as category 5 according to the Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Scale.

28. What can be known about the Wall of Wind?
- A. It can generate winds of up to 42m/s.
 - B. It was built in Florida State University.
 - C. It can protect against the force of hurricane.
 - D. It is a wind simulator that can test structures.
29. What can we learn from the third paragraph?
- A. The Wall of Wind consists of 8 turbines.
 - B. Trees start to break at wind speeds of 53m/s.
 - C. Two wind turbines can generate winds of up to 70m/s.
 - D. The Wall of Wind has the capability to break a tree.
30. Why has the Wall of Winds been installed?
- A. To protect people from hurricanes and reduce our losses.
 - B. To study hurricanes and test various materials against powerful winds.
 - C. To generate faster and more destructive winds than hurricanes.
 - D. To design structures and materials against both wind and rain damage.
31. Where is the text most likely from?
- A. A technology report.
 - B. A book review.
 - C. An advertisement.
 - D. A science fiction novel.

D

TOKYO—Japanese Prime Minister Yoshihide Suga told the media on Monday if any places hosting events of the Tokyo Olympics and Paralympics declare a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 epidemic during the games, the events will continue to be held but without spectators(观众). With one month to go before the games are due to begin on July 23, Suga is again showing his administration’s determination to hold the Olympic Games as planned, despite so much pressure from various parties urging it to cancel the event.

Although the Japanese government regards the Tokyo Olympics as an important opportunity to improve its soft power, the Japanese people’s enthusiasm for the Games has been continuously dented(挫伤) since they were postponed last year. The resurgence(再猖獗) of the novel coronavirus in some places in Japan in recent months has cast a shadow over people’s confidence that the Olympics will not give rise to new groups of infections, and there are fears that the Games will provide new channels for the virus’ global transmission.

Some torchbearers from Japan have withdrawn from the Olympic torch relay in the country. And the latest survey indicates only 34 percent of Japanese people support holding the games according to the schedule. Predictably, the Suga administration will do all it can to try to ensure the games go ahead. But it remains to be seen whether it can stand the tests of the uncertainties related to epidemic prevention and control that might happen during the Games.

Since it has not yet got the virus under control at home, the people have reasons to question its ability to deal with the prevention and control work when large numbers of participants will arrive in Japan from around the world in a short time. It is to be hoped that Japan can draw lessons from the organization of epidemic prevention and control work during the ongoing UEFA European Championship, carry out strict epidemic prevention and control measures, and be prepared for emergencies to guarantee the safety and success of the Olympics at this special time.

【高三8月开学考巩固卷·英语 第5页(共8页)】

It should be a common wish of the whole world that the Tokyo Olympics can become a stage showing unity and resolve of human beings in their fight against the virus. That will endow the games with special meaning beyond sports.

32. What is the second paragraph mainly about?
A. The virus' global transmission.
B. People's worry about the infections.
C. The resurgence of the novel coronavirus.
D. The benefit of holding the Tokyo Olympics.
33. How do 34% of Japanese people like holding the games according to the schedule?
A. Uncertain. B. Negative. C. Approving. D. Indifferent.
34. Which of the following can replace the underlined word "endow" in the last paragraph?
A. Compare. B. Start. C. Provide. D. Charge.
35. What can be the best title for the news report?
A. Japan to ensure Olympics go ahead
B. Olympics big test for Japanese government
C. Japanese people's enthusiasm for Olympics
D. Japan's strict epidemic prevention during Olympics

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

After any tragedy, there are always stories of selfless people risking their lives to save others.

From evolutionary(进化) aspects, this kind of things seems to make no sense. After all, the survival and reproduction of an individual's genes should be the first choice. 36 So why do so many people do it?

Psychologists call this sort of selfless action "extreme altruism(利他主义)". Unlike most people, extreme altruists rank the needs of total strangers equally to those of their own families and friends. As US writer Larissa MacFarquhar explains, "37 No one is more or less human than anyone else."

According to a study in PLOS ONE by David Rand and Ziv Epstein of Yale University, making this decision to save someone else's life in an emergency is typically an instant decision. 38

The study asks whether such actions might be related to the right amygdala(杏仁体) in our brains. When looking at photos of people showing fear or distress, some people show more activity in their right amygdala. This means that some people are born with a greater capacity for empathy(移情). 39

However, the researchers say it's not the only reason for heroic actions. An American writer Carrie Beckner claims that we also possess an "inner hero". 40 We all can choose to be people of action, if only we can find that little hero inside of ourselves.

- A. One wants the best for one's self.
B. Not everyone needs an inner hero in his heart.
C. They understand others' emotions more deeply.
D. Volunteers are not motivated by self-interest, but by altruism.
E. In other words, the life-savers said they didn't think—they just acted.
F. For an extreme altruist, an African child can suffer as much as my mother—or me.
G. If stirred to action, that inner hero is capable of performing tremendous goodness for others.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Year 2020 has witnessed the nation's battle with the novel coronavirus pneumonia(肺炎). To prevent the 41 from spreading further, people from all over China have been making changes to their everyday lives.

Most people take their 42, wear masks, wash their hands often and don't go out 43 it's necessary. One of the most 44 changes was that many Chinese people didn't 45 to celebrate the Spring Festival, a tradition that 46 over 4,000 years ago.

Indeed, people have 47 chosen to stay home to prevent further human-to-human spread.

The situation is quite unusual. Many schools and places of work have 48 their return date, although that didn't stop 49 and students from working and studying at home.

February 17 was planned to be the first day of the new term. On that day, many teachers began 50 online lessons. Bored at home, some people began to learn new things to 51 their newfound time, such as baking a cake or knitting a sweater.

The film *Contagion* (2011) showed the worst-case scenario (可能的情况) after a worldwide epidemic. Fortunately, the situation in China couldn't be more 52 than the movie. Rather than 53 and food storage, everything has worked out rather well in China so far. More than 30,000 healthcare workers in over 100 medical teams gathered and thousands of 54 workers came to build hospitals in Wuhan, Hubei province. Thousands of volunteers are working nonstop to help deliver supplies and 55 the affected regions.

It's not the first time people have come together during a natural 56. When Hurricane Katrina hit the US in 2005, over 60,000 people, from both the affected communities and outside it, 57. These helpers brought food and water, removed waste and searched for 58 victims on rooftops.

"It's a popular myth (谬见) that when disasters strike, people fall into 59. In reality, we're more likely to rush in to help others than run past them to 60 ourselves," wrote American psychologist Kelly Caldwell in *Pacific Standard*. "It's an exercise in mass healing (集体治疗)."

- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. story | B. error | C. disease | D. worry |
| 42. A. temperatures | B. parcels | C. adventures | D. supplies |
| 43. A. unless | B. though | C. while | D. since |
| 44. A. wonderful | B. painful | C. stressful | D. cheerful |
| 45. A. get together | B. take action | C. settle down | D. turn up |
| 46. A. looks down upon | B. keeps away from | C. makes up for | D. dates back to |
| 47. A. patiently | B. consciously | C. unwillingly | D. strangely |
| 48. A. confirmed | B. discussed | C. reserved | D. delayed |
| 49. A. employees | B. officials | C. researchers | D. designers |
| 50. A. understanding | B. reforming | C. giving | D. following |
| 51. A. count | B. fill | C. waste | D. abandon |
| 52. A. valuable | B. terrible | C. different | D. complex |
| 53. A. tolerance | B. generosity | C. curiosity | D. violence |
| 54. A. repair | B. construction | C. cleaning | D. garden |
| 55. A. control | B. seek | C. assist | D. visit |
| 56. A. disaster | B. balance | C. phenomenon | D. barrier |
| 57. A. escaped | B. struggled | C. complained | D. volunteered |
| 58. A. fire | B. flood | C. earthquake | D. pollution |
| 59. A. panic | B. doubt | C. responsibility | D. thought |
| 60. A. free | B. improve | C. save | D. know |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下列材料,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese cuisine is widely known and enjoyed all around the world. Who doesn't long for a favorite Chinese dish? But there is one interesting concept 61 (concern) Chinese food which is almost unheard of in the West, and which is becoming 62 (increasing) ignored by the youth of the East—the ancient custom of “tonic (滋补的) food”.

63 is known to us, tonic food is food that is consumed to improve one's well-being or avoid sickness. For instance, it was once a custom for new mothers 64 (eat) a sesame oil (香油) hot pot every day for the first month after giving birth. It was a general 65 (believe) that this dish would benefit the muscles, reduce pain, improve circulation, stimulate sweating, and warm the body. Some foods, such as goat meat and spinach

【高三8月开学考巩固卷·英语 第7页(共8页)】

(菠菜), are seen as “hot”, while 66 (other), such as Chinese cabbage and radish(萝卜), are seen as “cold”. One should be careful not to eat too much of either “hot” or “cold” food. However, how much “hot” or “cold” food one should eat depends on the time of the year, how the food is prepared and what it is prepared with, and the individual’s health.

The custom of employing tonic foods 67 a healthier life also 68 (influence) the catering industry. Chinese herbal medicines, such as wolfberries(枸杞), can be found on many 69 restaurant menu, either added to fruit tea or as a very 70 (benefit) addition to a dish. These herbs attract customers, such as over-worked office staff, in need of a modest pick-me-up(提神的東西).

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Last weekend, my class went on a field trip to Jianmenguang, which nature reserve is quite fascinating. It is about 300 kilometer away from Nanchong.

As scheduling, we set off by bus from the school at 6:00 am. When we arrive at our destination, we began to climb the steep mountains. Cold and rainy it was, we enjoyed the uniquely views and played some exciting games. Additionally, we paid a visit at some museums to remember the soldiers who sacrificed themselves in the battles.

From my point of view, it’s a rewarding experience for us, which can not only broaden our horizons, but offered us some time to enjoy us after a long period of intense learning. I hope more activities is like this will be held in the future.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 你的英国笔友 Linda 负责的创造性写作俱乐部进展良好。你也有意组建一个类似的俱乐部, 你给她写一封邮件寻求帮助。内容包括:

1. 写信目的;
2. 你的问题及解决方法;
3. 表示感谢。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

2021~2022 学年高三 8 月开学考·英语 参考答案、提示及评分细则

听力部分录音稿

(Text 1)

M: I want to see about getting a private room as soon as possible. Also please put a "No Visitors" sign on my door.

W: I'll take care of both things, but first put this in your mouth so that I can take your temperature.

(Text 2)

M: Are you buying that book on ships? I didn't know you were interested in ships.

W: I'm not. I've just been looking at the pictures. No, this is the one I'm buying—on modern aircraft.

M: I thought you hated flying.

W: I do, but I love watching planes.

(Text 3)

W: There's a folk music concert tomorrow evening. Do you want to go?

M: I don't like folk music very much.

W: What kind of music do you like then?

M: Classical music. What about you?

(Text 4)

M: Don't you like the coat you just tried on?

W: Well, I like the color and fabric.

M: And it is really nice and reasonably priced.

W: Yes. I would have bought it right away if they had had it in my size.

(Text 5)

W: Are you ready to start working out now?

M: No. First I need to warm up for ten minutes.

W: So which part are you going to be exercising today?

M: I'll do work on my upper body.

(Text 6)

M: I think something is wrong with Mr. Hudson. He's not as cheerful as usual.

W: I don't know what it could be.

M: I heard last week that his mother had been ill. I wonder if that's the trouble.

W: I doubt that. Yesterday he told me his mother felt much better.

M: Maybe he has a problem here at work.

W: I don't think that he has any problems with his job. It's well-known that Mr. Hudson is the best worker among us.

M: Perhaps there is some trouble in his home.

W: Well. The headmaster phoned this morning.

M: That must be the problem. He's worried about his son.

(Text 7)

M: Hello, Louise. Have you seen my new supermarket yet?

W: Yes. I've heard of it actually. I suppose you must like it.

M: Yes, I mean it's marvelous.

W: Oh, Jeff. I really can't agree. I don't like it at all. My shop is much better.

【高三 8 月开学考巩固卷·英语参考答案 第 1 页(共 4 页)】

M: You must be mad. I think it's really... you know... so easy to buy everything in one place.

W: Yes, it's easy. But don't you think the food isn't... I mean small shops usually have much fresher food.

M: Maybe, but you pay for it. Small shops are more expensive, aren't they?

W: Yes, I agree with you, but supermarket staff are badly paid and they are really... but you get better service in small shops. They are much more friendly.

M: No, everyone in my supermarket is very nice.

(Text 8)

W: Hi, John! Long time no see.

M: Julia! It must be over two years. The last time we met was at Kate's birthday party, wasn't it?

W: Oh, yes. That's right. How is life with you?

M: Not too bad. You're getting a little fat. Your husband must be feeding you too much.

W: Yeah. He enjoys cooking and the dishes he cooks are very delicious. But that's not the reason. The only trouble is I have no time for exercise. Anyway I should lose weight from now on.

M: Are you still working in that factory? You ought to have taken the job at our place when the manager offered the job to you. We have a strict five-day week and you're free at weekends.

W: I ought to have. Michael often complains about my working too long. Often when I come back home from work, my children have already fallen asleep.

M: Michael is right. You should spend more time with your family. Think it over, Julia. I could ask our manager; maybe he'll offer you a job.

(Text 9)

M: So, how long have you been living here?

W: About six months now.

M: Why did you choose Beirut?

W: Because, Mike—my husband—and I have always loved Arab culture and the language. Mike's an English teacher and he got a job here in a language school.

M: Why did you want to take a year off?

W: Basically I wanted a break from teaching. I love teaching children but I needed a change. Also I've been drawing and painting since I was little but I've never really had the chance to study drawing. So this seemed like the perfect opportunity to have a change and learn to draw properly.

M: Well, I found a fantastic art teacher, called Omayma, and I've been having classes with her since October. She's great and she speaks English, which is lucky, because I don't know much Arabic yet. But I'm learning the language as quickly as I can.

W: Is Arabic a difficult language to learn?

M: Incredibly difficult! Especially the pronunciation. You have to learn to make a lot of new sounds.

(Text 10)

W: Twin sisters are supposed to be very much alike, are they not? Well, my twin sister Jane and I do look alike. However, we are different in many ways. I care little about clothes. T-shirts and blue jeans are my favorite clothes. My sister often dresses like a model. We have very similar characters in most ways. I don't get angry and enjoy being with friends. In this respect, my twin sister feels the same. But she likes loud music and modern dances while I find that nightclubs give me a headache. She is always with friends, is the favorite of our teachers and never wants to have children. I prefer to be alone at times, don't really try to please my teachers and want some day to have a family of my own. We have tried to live in the same room several times and even agreed on the color we like best and the kind of furniture we want. But I like to keep things neat and orderly while my twin sister acts as if there were a servant around to pick up all the things that get thrown on the floor. I like to go to bed early and get up early. She often goes to bed very late and then sleeps late next day.

参考答案

1~5 CCAAB 6~10 CBBA 11~15 BBCAC 16~20 AACAB

21. C 推理判断题。根据 THE BED 下面的 “We love falling asleep to the sound of waves crashing” 可得答案。
22. A 细节理解题。根据 THE MEAL 下面的 “We ate a tasty lunch and I chose one of my favourite beers, Hops of Wrath, an Indian pale beer...” 可得答案。
23. D 细节理解题。根据第四段中的 “an Indian pale ale(淡啤酒) that reminds you of John Steinbeck’s classical novel *The Grapes of Wrath*” 和第五段中的 “*Cannery Row*, another Steinbeck’s novel, takes place in Monterey during the Great Depression” 可得答案。
24. A 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 “Blume’s first stop was Leipzig, Germany for a German language program in the summer of 2018. Later that summer, Blume visited Australia as part of the stars and galaxy(星系) course.” 可知答案。
25. D 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 “One day we hiked a glacier, which I had never done. I also got to see where *The Hobbit* films were made” 可得答案。
26. B 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 “Later that summer, Blume visited Australia as part of the stars and galaxy(星系) course” 和第三段中的 “In the fall of 2018, Blume took off again, this time visiting Bern, Switzerland for a business course” 等可知答案。
27. C 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段第二句话可知答案。
28. D 细节理解题。根据第一段和倒数第二段可知答案。
29. D 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 “For reference, a study showed that trees start to break at wind speeds of 42m/s, regardless of age, strength or flexibility” 并且和 the Wall of Winds 产生的风速比较可知答案。
30. B 推理判断题。根据第二段中的 “In order to better protect against the devastating force of hurricanes, you first have to study them and test various materials against the powerful winds they generate” 可知答案。
31. A 推理判断题。根据全文, 如最后一段中的 “In the beginning, the Miami-based Wall of Wind was capable of generating hurricanes of categories 1 to 4...” 可知答案。
32. B 段落大意题。根据第二段中的 “... and there are fears that the Games will provide new channels for the virus’ global transmission” 可得答案。
33. C 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 “And the latest survey indicates only 34 percent of Japanese people support holding the games according to the schedule” 可知答案。
34. C 词义猜测题。根据该词后面的内容 “with special meaning beyond sports” 和该段落的大意, 可知该词是 “赋予” 的意思。
35. B 标题判断题。根据全文, 如第一段中的 “... if any places hosting events of the Tokyo Olympics and Paralympics declare a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 epidemic during the games” 和第四段中的 “Since it has not yet got the virus under control at home, the people have reasons to question its ability to deal with the prevention and control work” 可知答案。
- 36~40 AFECG
41. C 为了防止这疾病进一步传播, 全中国的人都对他们的日常生活做出了改变。
42. A 大多数人体温, 戴口罩, 经常洗手和除非必要就不外出。
43. A 解析见上题。
44. B 最痛苦的变化之一是许多中国人没有团聚以庆祝春节。
45. A 解析见上题。
46. D 一个追溯到 4,000 多年前的传统。
47. B 的确, 人们有意识地选择待在家中以避免病毒进一步地在人与人之间的传播。
48. D 许多学校和工作地点已经推迟了他们的返回日期。
49. A 虽然他们没有阻止员工和学生在家工作和学习。
50. C 许多老师开始网上授课。
51. B 在家感到倦怠, 许多人开始学习新东西用来打发延长的时间。
52. C 幸运的是, 中国的情况和电影中的相比有非常大的不同。
53. D 没有暴动、暴力和食物短缺, 到目前为止中国的一切都井然有序。

54. B 科学家们分离出了第一个病毒毒株;一百多个医疗队伍中的三万多名医务工作者驰援湖北,数千名建筑工人来到湖北武汉修建医院。
55. C 数千名志愿者不停地工作帮助运送供应品支援疫区。
56. A 这并不是人们第一次在自然灾害期间团结一致。
57. D 来自受影响社区内外的超过六万人充当志愿者。
58. B 这些提供帮助的人带来食物和水,清除垃圾并搜索房顶上的水灾受害者。
59. A 很多人都误以为当灾难袭来时,人们会陷入恐慌。
60. C 事实上,比起从他人身边跑过去救我们自己,我们更有可能冲上去帮助他人。
61. concerning 62. increasingly 63. As 64. to eat 65. belief 66. others 67. for 68. influences 69. a 70. beneficial

短文改错

Last weekend, my class went on a field trip to Jiannenguang, which nature reserve is quite fascinating. It is about 300 kilometer away from Nanchong. whose kilometers

As scheduling, we set off by bus from the school at 6:00 am. When we arrive at our destination, we began to climb the steep scheduled arrived mountains. Cold and rainy ^ it was, we enjoyed the uniquely views and played some exciting games. Additionally, we paid a visit at some museums to remember the soldiers who sacrificed themselves in the battles. to unique

From my point of view, it's a rewarding experience for us, which can not only broaden our horizons, but offered us some time to offer enjoy us after a long period of intense learning. I hope more activities like like this will be held in the future. ourselves

书面表达

One possible version:

Dear Linda,

Inspired by your creative writing club, I want to establish such a club as well. I'm writing to ask for your suggestions and help.

I know you have rich experience of starting and running a club, so would you please tell me the procedure of how to start a club? I also want to know what events I could hold. Moreover, do you have any digital versions of teaching materials to share with me? Finally, I wonder if you would like to give my future club members several online lectures on creative writing.

Thank you so much for your time and support in advance. I'm looking forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours,

Li Hua

评分细则:

优秀(22~25):紧扣主题,覆盖所有要点,内容充实;语法结构多样,词汇丰富,行文流畅,显示出较强的语言运用能力,允许有个别语言错误,但不影响意思表达。

良好(18~21):紧扣主题,覆盖所有要点,内容较充实,行文较流畅,语言有少量错误,但基本不影响意思表达。

一般(15~17):紧扣主题,基本覆盖所有要点,语言错误已影响了部分意思表达,但多数句子基本正确;基本达到预期写作目的。

较差(11~14):要点不全,内容不完整,行文不够连贯;语言错误较多,半数句子基本正确。

差(6~10):内容混乱或主要内容偏离主题,尚能够写出少数与内容相关的可读句。

极差(0~5):只能写出与内容相关的词语,没有有效信息;抄写其他文章,或只是写出与作文无关的内容。

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自主选拔在线（原自主招生在线）创办于 2014 年，历史可追溯至 2008 年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于中国拔尖人才培养的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

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自主选拔在线平台一直秉承“专业、专注、有态度”的创办公念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+ 大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供中学拔尖人才培养咨询服务，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019 年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

未来，自主选拔在线将立足于全国新高考改革，全面整合高校、中学及教育机构等资源，依托在线教育模式，致力于打造更加全面、专业的新高考拔尖人才培养服务平台。



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