

保密★启用前

准考证号 _____ 姓名 _____

(在此卷上答题无效)

名校联盟全国优质校 2022 届高三大联考

英语试题

2022.2

本试卷共 12 页，总分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. Who is a journalist?

A. Cathy.

B. Barbara.

(C) Mary.

2. What is the woman possibly going to do?

A. Buy some books.

B. Review for an exam.

C. Take a class.

英语试题 第 1 页(共 12 页)



3. What do we know about the passengers?
A. They'll board the train. B. They'll get off the train. C. They'll stay on the train.
4. What does the woman ask the man to do?
A. Pick up her kid. B. Repair the printer. C. Buy some paper.
5. What does the man mean?
A. They should take it easy. B. They will surprise others. C. They should arrive early.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a restaurant. B. In a post office. C. In a store.
7. How much should the woman pay in total?
A. \$10. B. \$10.50. C. \$20.50.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. How will the man travel to New York?
A. By plane. B. By train. C. By car.
9. What will the man do in New York?
A. Walk with the woman. B. Watch a magic show. C. Visit his brother.
10. What will the woman's vacation probably be like?
A. Busy. B. Exciting. C. Relaxing.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Which film is the woman going to watch this weekend?
A. Forest Wars. B. The Jupiter Trilogy. C. X for Lavitta.
12. What does the woman think is important for a movie?
A. Its plot. B. Its music. C. Its cast.
13. Who leaves a deep impression on the man speaker?
A. A butcher. B. A director. C. An actor.

英语试题 第 2 页(共 12 页)

听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

14. Why did Jenny make the phone call?
A. To ask a favour. B. To give an invitation. C. To make an appointment.
15. What time will the ceremony start?
A. At 2:00 p. m. B. At 2:30 p. m. C. At 3:00 p. m.
16. How is the weather in Australia?
A. Mild. B. Stormy. C. Snowy.
17. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Neighbors. C. Husband and wife.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. How many children does the speaker have?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.
19. What did the speaker use to be?
A. A cook. B. A teacher. C. A doctor.
20. What is the speaker devoted to after finishing the program?
A. Treating mental patients.
B. Helping homeless people.
C. Teaching medical students.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Four winter wonderlands for cold-weather getaways

◆ JW Marriott The Rosseau Muskoka

Beat any holiday stress with the new HydroSpa opening at Muskoka's JW Marriott on Nov. 1. The outdoor water entertainment will be open year-round, offering multiple ways to relax including sea-salt floating pools and hot bathtubs.

Stays from \$349/night

◆ Old Stone Inn Boutique Hotel

This historic inn in Niagara Falls offers multiple ways to relax. There's Winterfest, meals enjoyed in dining domes (穹顶) housed in the inn's private square, and the Alpine Club offering roasted nuts and wine around a fire pit. The property will host its annual holiday market on Nov. 26.

英语试题 第3页(共12页)

Stays from \$249/night

◆ **Dromoland Castle**

If you're going to go big—and further away—for New Year's, you may as well go black tie. This grand estate in western Ireland is offering a three – night celebration package, beginning either Dec. 30 or 31. The event on New Year's Eve includes a cocktail reception and six-course dinner. Guests will have access to various activities on the property's 450 acres including hunting and farming.

Stays from \$2,051/night

◆ **St. Regis Aspen**

Along with access to many ski options, the hotel's guests can expect family-friendly fun during the week leading up to Dec. 25. The workshop here is a craft room where attendees can make everything from toys to gifts by hand. Additional sessions cover winter cooking and house decorating.

Stays from US \$899/night

21. How often is the holiday market open in Old Stone Inn Boutique Hotel?

- A Yearly. B. Daily. C. Monthly. D. Weekly.

22. What activities can you enjoy if you stay at St. Regis Aspen?

- A. Hunting. B. Floating. C. Skating. D. DIY.

23. Which may offer life experience in the countryside?

- A St. Regis Aspen. B. Old Stone Inn Boutique Hotel.
C. Dromoland Castle. D. JW Marriott The Rosseau Muskoka.

B

An allergy(过敏) made Clare give up her job training racehorses, but she has now created a new career for herself as a best-selling author. Jane interviews her.

In the large field which would normally contain horses, there are three big dogs running wildly around. As I talk to Clare and her husband, Daniel, he says, "I'm not allowing Clare to have anything larger than those dogs." It's said with a smile, but persuading one of Britain's most successful racehorse trainers to give up her work can't have been easy. Clare explains her situation: I'd been ill for some time, and then I discovered that I had actually developed an allergy to horses. Giving up training horses after so long was a horrible decision to take. But it wasn't as if I needed the money any more. And at least it allowed me to try writing on a full-time basis—I'd been writing in my free time for years! Clare has made a new career as a novelist ever since.

英语试题 第4页(共12页)

Clare's son Tim has now taken over her training business. Despite the fact that Tim's only been doing this for two years, Clare announces proudly that he's already had several winners. "But racehorse owners have high expectations. Keeping them happy is not an easy task," she says. "It is something you really have to work at and I just hope he can manage."

Clare says she is trying to put her life in horse-racing behind her, but in the next breath, she's talking about a young horse at Tim's stables(马厩). She often relieves herself: "my books are selling well. We do need to sort things out better, though, so we have time to take holidays, and enjoy our hard-earned money!" However, as hard as she tries, there is obviously a huge gap in Clare's life that has yet to be filled.

24. What do we learn about Clare in the first paragraph?
- A. She likes to follow her husband's advice.
 - B. She was relieved to begin a less stressful job.
 - C. She is still worried about her family's financial security.
 - D. She accepted that a change of career would be beneficial.
25. What is Clare's attitude to her son's situation?
- A. She considers that he is too competitive.
 - B. She worries that he is under too much pressure.
 - C. She believes that he should have more contact with her.
 - D. She thinks he should spend more time with racehorse owners.
26. What does the underlined word "It" in paragraph 2 refer to?
- A. Running a racing stable.
 - B. Being successful in races.
 - C. Earning money in horse-racing.
 - D. Dealing with the racehorse owners.
27. What does the writer mean in the final paragraph?
- A. Clare is enlarging the size of her income.
 - B. Clare misses her involvement with horses.
 - C. Clare is concentrating too much on her hobbies.
 - D. Clare plans to return to the horse-racing business.

C

The Earth is already 1.1 degrees Celsius hotter than it was 150 years ago. Though a half-degree Celsius difference in temperature increase might seem unimportant, the difference for life on Earth could be huge.

Off the coast of Australia, the Great Barrier Reef is known for being large enough to be

seen from space. It's the size of Germany—a biodiversity hot spot that was once thought to be too big to fail. But over the last few decades, marine(海洋的) biologists like Hoegh-Guldberg have watched its rapid decline.

Oceans are warming along with the atmosphere, since they absorb much of the excess heat from climate change. Repeated marine heat waves over the last five years have turned much of the Great Barrier Reef a terribly white color. When temperatures rise, corals(珊瑚) remove the microscopic algae(海藻) inside them, losing their food source in the process. Sometimes the corals can recover, but increasingly, they're dying off.

"Something around 50% of the shallow water corals were killed literally over a couple of months, in some cases over a couple of weeks," Hoegh-Guldberg says. "If you extend that out into the future, we'll get to a point where the damage overwhelms the ability of corals to bounce back."

Marine heat waves have already doubled in number since 1980 and are expected to become more intense as temperatures rise. At 1.5 degrees Celsius, it's likely that 70% to 90% of coral reefs will die off worldwide. At 2 degrees Celsius of warming, 99% are lost. "If we delay even a year or two more, we really are going down a pathway where there will be no return. We need to act and we need to act decisively, without question and solve this problem." Hoegh-Guldberg adds.

28. What do we know about the Great Barrier Reef?

- A. It is supposed to never disappear.
- B. It used to be indescribably massive.
- C. It is too large to be seen from space.
- D. It is growing over the last few decades.

29. What are the effects of rising temperatures?

- A. Changes in the shape of coral.
- B. Increasing risk of coral death.
- C. Growing coral recovery capacity.
- D. Abundant food sources of corals.

30. What does the underlined word "decisively" in the last paragraph refer to?

- A. Decidedly.
- B. Gradually.
- C. Constantly.
- D. Regularly.

31. What is the text mainly about?

- A. The temperature affects the life.
- B. Climate change causes warming oceans.
- C. Coral reefs face almost complete die-off.
- D. Extreme heat waves double greatly in number.

英语试题 第 6 页(共 12 页)

D

Loss aversion(厌恶), the idea that losses are more psychologically influential than gains, is widely considered the most important idea of behavioral decision-making and its sister field of behavioral economics. To illustrate the significance attached to loss aversion, Kahneman, winner of Nobel Prize in economics, wrote in his book, *Thinking Fast and Slow*, that “the concept of loss aversion is certainly the greatest contribution of psychology to behavioral economics.”

Why has such profound importance been attributed to loss aversion? Largely because it is thought to reflect a fundamental truth about human beings—that we are more motivated by our fears than by our aspirations. This conclusion has implications for almost every aspect of how we live our lives.

However, as documented in a recent critical review of loss aversion by Rucker of Northwestern University, there is no general cognitive(认知的) prejudice that leads people to avoid losses more strongly than to pursue gains. Contrary to claims based on loss aversion, price increases do not affect consumer behavior more than price decreases.

If losing \$10,000 means giving up the roof over your head whereas gaining \$10,000 means going on an extra vacation, it is perfectly reasonable to be more concerned with the loss than the gain.

Why has belief in loss aversion been held so strong for so long? An idealized view of science is that theories are accepted or rejected based solely on evidence from experiments. In fact, science is not simply an impersonal search for truth, but also a social process, in which supporters of a theory must convince other scientists, through logic and argumentation, of how evidence should be interpreted.

In sum, our critical review of loss aversion highlights that, even in contemporary times, wrong ideas can continue to exist for a long time despite contrary evidence, and therefore, that there is a need to critically assess accepted beliefs. While loss aversion has frequently been used to explain why people are prejudiced toward the current situation, perhaps fittingly, the case of loss aversion illustrates the importance of challenging the present state of science.

32. Why did Daniel Kahneman write *Thinking Fast and Slow*?

- A. To record the process of our thinking.
- B. To test the contribution of loss aversion.
- C. To show loss aversion is viewed important.
- D. To figure out how loss aversion comes about.

33. Which situation worried people most according to Kahneman?

- A. Rising price.
- B. An extra holiday.
- C. Decreasing price.
- D. Pursing gains.

英语试题 第7页(共12页)

34. What does the author think of science?
- A. It is solely based on experiments.
 - B. It bears little relation to evidence.
 - C. It interprets logic and argumentation.
 - D. Its research process is objective and social.
35. What can be a suitable title for this passage?
- A. Why Is An Important Idea False?
 - ✓ B. How Can Loss Aversion Be Defined?
 - C. Is An Accepted Idea Really Objective?
 - D. Can We Take Loss Aversion for Granted?

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

I began a new job in a new city six months ago. Big moments of changing like this have a way of dragging up deep, hidden fears we don't face in our longer periods of stability. 36 I was constantly losing sleep, had lots of panicky doubt, and even some regret when I thought about the job I just left.

Change is risk. Our primitive brains translate risk into danger, and our survival as a species depends on avoiding it. Though philosopher Nietzsche famously said, "That which does not kill us, makes us stronger", the risk that it could kill you can easily cause anxiety. 37. Me, no exception.

Unluckily, there are always big changes we must face at some point. 38. The first thing I did when I doubted myself and my decision to take a new job and move to a new city was talk to people who know and care about me. So blinded was I by change-caused anxiety that I had lost sight of my common sense. I reached out to my friends and my old boss. They gave me so much good advice that I wrote it down and referred to it often in those early weeks.

39. Simply thinking about the past challenges where you came out on top is a reminder that you will do so this time as well. Sometimes our greatest difficulties become our greatest moments of success.

Change, while requiring adjustment—sometimes painful adjustment—often finds its way back to balance. Change and struggle are usually the only ways to get to someplace better.

英语试题 第8页(共12页)



40 So, the sooner you discover what helps you adjust, restart, and succeed during change, the easier it will be to bag the next peak.

- A. Crisis is also opportunity
- B. Change also never goes away
- C. I also managed to learn from the past
- D. That's how species and individuals live together
- E. I managed poorly at the beginning of this change
- F. That's why we are so restless when faced with changes
- G. That means finding the wisdom that helps us make the change

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was a kid in junior high, I owned a big brick of a recorder. I'd 41 it at the dinner table, then push the red 42 to record. No one but me knew it was there.

One December night in the early 1970s, I 43 to record the moment when my younger brother began to 44 whether spirits existed. And for a bit more than six minutes, my mother and father tried to 45 him that, yes, spirits are 46 and are what we have faith in.

This turns out to be one of the only recordings I have of my mother's 47. She died of cancer a few years after the tape was made. She 48 the disease for nearly four years. Her suffering 49 my memory of what she was like before; before the illness—I could 50 remember her before she was sick. But 51 the tape now has brought that time, and my mother, back to me.

Surely this is a gift—maybe even a gift from spirits. As my mom 52 to us all those years ago: spirits are a 53, a feeling.

And I can hear her voice today, all because I pushed the button on a tape recorder and 54 the exact moment a young child began to doubt—and a mother tried to keep him 55 a little while longer.

英语试题 第9页(共12页)

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. show | B. repair | C. hide | D. throw |
| 42. A. button | B. card | C. bottom | D. handle |
| 43. A. refused | B. happened | C. intended | D. tried |
| 44. A. doubt | B. admit | C. notice | D. describe |
| 45. A. cheat | B. remind | C. convince | D. promise |
| 46. A. fake | B. real | C. generous | D. imaginary |
| 47. A. image | B. memory | C. thought | D. voice |
| 48. A. spread | B. caused | C. fought | D. prevented |
| 49. A. relieved | B. refreshed | C. created | D. stole |
| 50. A. merely | B. hardly | C. regularly | D. actually |
| 51. A. listening to | B. making up | C. taking apart | D. playing with |
| 52. A. mentioned | B. apologized | C. responded | D. explained |
| 53. A. person | B. belief | C. spirit | D. tale |
| 54. A. killed | B. overlooked | C. caught | D. recognized |
| 55. A. happy | B. quiet | C. noisy | D. innocent |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese conservation officials have announced that they no longer consider giant pandas in China 56 an endangered species. There are now 1,800 giant pandas living in the wild, a number that officials credit to the country's devotion to 57 (maintain) nature reserves and other conservation 58 (initiative) in recent years. As a result, other species have seen 59 gradual increase in population numbers as well.

The International Union for Conservation of Nature removed giant pandas from its list of endangered species in 2016—a decision that Chinese officials 60 (challenge) at the time. “If we downgrade their conservation status, the populations and habitats of giant pandas could still suffer serious 61 (lose) and our achievements would be 62 (speedy) lost.”

The World Wildlife Fund called the announcement another sign of hope for the species. “Thanks to decades of cooperation between the Chinese government, local communities and companies, the giant panda's future 63 (secure),” said Colby Loucks, WWF's Vice President for Wildlife Conservation.

“China's successful conservation of giant pandas shows 64 can be achieved with joint efforts,” he continued. “Continuing these conservation efforts is critical, but we need to stay (care) on the future impacts climate change may have on giant pandas and their mountainous forest habitat.”

英语试题 第10页(共12页)



第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

你是校“英语文学社”负责人,计划邀请王教授为英语爱好者做“英语文学与写作”的讲座。请为校英语广播站写一份通知。内容包括:

1. 讲座时间、地点;
2. 讲座专家介绍;
3. 讲座内容。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为80左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Notice

第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Here's the story of my growth over the past year. It's a story of how I found the strength to change myself for better and then how I get rid of my fears to be even better. If anyone is inspired by this, that's wonderful.

I'd been stuck as this incredibly insecure, under-confident and just scared individual for years and years. Since childhood I'd been stuck like this. Kids I met for the first time looked at me rudely and unkindly. Even my friends—actually, I had very few friends because I just felt too ashamed and frightened to make some, though I was eager to and felt extremely lonely in the depth of my heart—laughed at me and gave me bad nicknames. I felt terrible, but I'd just resigned to a life where I'd be afraid of everything and be this “introvert”(内向的人) or whatever. I thought I would never be able to change, never, for my whole life.

But then it all started changing. Something clicked. I suddenly determined to go on a diet, and lost some weight. It was tough. I felt hungry all the time. I was always tempted by the

smell of bread and hamburger, even when I didn't see them. But the toughest thing was that even if I had just had my meals, I felt hunger mentally. However, I held on. In over a period of 6 months I finally managed to stick to one of my diets. I didn't know how. But I did make it.

The loss of 90 lbs brought me from overweight straight down to underweight. This isn't the best part. More importantly and inspiringly, I suddenly found strength in me. I realized I could be totally different. And maybe, I could even be whatever I wanted to be. This taught me that I could change myself.

Then I wondered, perhaps, I could also get rid of those of my fears, just like I succeeded in losing my extra pounds. It might not be easy, but it might not be that difficult.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Chance presented itself soon.

It was from that point on that I started changing rapidly.

名校联盟全国优质校 2022 届高三大联考

答案详解

第一部分 听力 (略)

第一节 1-5 CBACA

第二节 6-10 BCACC 11-15 CACBB 16-20 AABBA

第二部分 第二部分

第一节 阅读理解:

A

答案: 21—23 ADC

【语篇解读】 本文是应用文。介绍了适合冬季去旅游的几个酒店。

21. A. 细节理解题。由 Old Stone Inn Boutique Hotel 这一部分中的 The property will host its annual holiday market on Nov. 26. 可知, 该节日一年举行一次, 故选择 A。

22. D. 细节理解题。由 St. Regis Aspen 这一部分中的 Santa's Workshop is a craft room where attendees can make everything from toys to gifts by hand. 可知, 参加者可以手工制作自己喜欢的东西。故选 D。

23. C. 细节理解题。由 St. Regis Aspen 这一部分中的 Guests will have access to various activities on the property's 450 acres including hunting and farming. 可知, 游客可以参加各种各样的活动, 包括狩猎和耕种。故选 C。

B

答案: 24—27 DBDB

【语篇解读】 本文是记叙文。介绍了作为驯马师的 Clare 因为身体原因不得不放弃自己所从事的驯马工作, 转行去写作的经历。她的儿子 Tim 接替了驯马的工作, Clare 表达了对他的担心和期盼。

24. D. 推理判断题。由第一段的最后一部分描述可知, 放弃驯马师的工作让 Clare 可以进行全职写作---她坚持了好多年的业余爱好。说明职业的改变也是让她感到欣慰的。所以说故选 D。

25. B. 推理判断题。由第二段中 But racehorse owners have high expectations. Keeping them happy is not an easy task. 可知, 赛马的主人们期望值很高, 让他们满意是比较困难的, 故选 B。

26. D. 推理判断题。由第三段最后一部分的内容可知, 让赛马的主人们满意是比较困难的, Clare 希望他的儿子努力去完成。It 前面这一句的 them 指代 racehorse owners, 故选 D。

27. B. 推理判断题。由最后一段内容可知, Clare 非常想念她驯马师的工作, 从 she's talking about a young horse、relieves、a huge gap in Clare's life 这些词句中, 都可推断体会出 Clare 想念她之前的工作。故选 B。

C

答案: 28—31 BBAC

【语篇解读】 本文是说明文。介绍了由于气温上升, 位于澳大利亚的大堡礁

中的珊瑚面临着与日俱增的死亡风险。

28. B. 细节理解题。由第二段的第一句可知, the Great Barrier Reef 面积足够广, 在太空上都可以看到, 故选 B。

29. B. 推理判断题。由第三段 increasingly, they're dying off 可知, 温度上升增加了珊瑚死亡的风险。故选 B。

30. A. 词义猜测题。根据最后一段 Hoegh-Guldberg 所说的话: 如果懈怠的话, 我们可能会走向一条不归之路, 所以必须果断采取行动。故选 A。

31. C. 文章大意题。文章主要内容介绍因为温度上升对珊瑚造成的影响, 故选 C。

D

答案: 28—31 CCDA

【语篇解读】本文是论说文, 主要介绍了由著名的诺贝尔经济学奖获得者美国普林斯顿大学的以色列教授卡尼曼所赞同的厌恶损失理论遭到了人们的质疑。作者从科学的角度解释了著名理论也可能是错误的这一现象。

32. C. 细节理解题。由第一段中 To illustrate the significance attached to loss aversion, Kahneman, winner of Nobel Prize in economics, wrote in his book, Thinking Fast and Slow, 可知, 为了解释厌恶损失的重要性, Kahneman 写了 Thinking Fast and Slow 这本书。故选 C。

33. C. 推理判断题。根据文章第一、二段可知, Kahneman 是赞同亏损厌恶理论的, 故选 C。

34. D. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段 In fact, science is not simply an impersonal search for truth, but also a social process, 可知, 科学不仅仅是客观追寻真理的过程, 而且也是社交的过程, 故选 D。

35. A. 文章标题题。文章首先介绍了著名的厌恶损失理论, 随后通过举例说明厌恶损失理论并不能解释所有的行为, 最后从科学的角度来解释一个著名的理论也可能是错误的。故选 A。

第二部分 第二节七选五:

【语篇解读】本篇是说明文, 主题语境为人与自我。文章讲述了获得智慧的一些方法。

36. E

【解析】句间关联题。根据空前“I was constantly losing sleep, had lots of panicked doubt, and even felt some regret when I thought about the job I just left.”可知, 这些都属于作者在改变之初的一些不良反应, 与选项 E 相符。

37. F

【解析】句间关联题。本空在此起一个承上启下的作用, 与选项 F 相符。

38. G

【解析】句间关联题。根据空前“The first thing...”可知, 当我们面对改变的时候, 这意味着我们应该找到帮助做出改变的智慧, 与选项 G 相符。

39. C

【解析】段落中心句题。根据空后“Simply thinking about the past challenges...”可知，作者也善于从过去中学习，与选项 C 相符。

40. B

【解析】句间关联题。根据下一句话“So, the sooner you discover what helps you adjust, restart, and succeed during change, the easier it will be to bag the next peak.”可知，改变不会停歇，与选项 B 相符。

第三部分 语言知识运用

第一节 完形填空

【语篇解读】本篇是记叙文。主要讲述作者小时候偶然录制下的妈妈的声音成为了作者以后生活中珍贵回忆的故事。

41. C

【解析】根据句中“No one but me knew it was there.”可知，作者把这个录音机藏在那里，hide，隐藏。

42. A

【解析】根据最后一段中“I pushed the button on a tape recorder...”可知，按下红色的按钮，button，按钮。

43. B

【解析】根据下文意思可知，这是作者碰巧录下的，happened to do...碰巧做某事。

44. A

【解析】根据最后一段“the exact moment a young child began to doubt.”可知，当时正是弟弟对“whether spirits existed”产生疑问的时候，doubt，怀疑。

45. C

【解析】作者的父母试图说服弟弟，灵魂是真的存在的，且存在于我们的信仰里，convince，说服。

46. B

【解析】详见 45 解析，real，真的。

47. D

【解析】根据句意可知，能用录音机记录的应该是声音，voice，声音。

48. C

【解析】根据句意可知，母亲患了疾病，与病痛作斗争，fought，与……作斗争。

49. D

【解析】根据句意可知，母亲的痛苦使作者忘记了她以前的样子，stole，偷窃。

50. B

【解析】此处破折号是用来解释前一句话，作者几乎忘记了母亲生病以前的样子，hardly，几乎不。

51. A

【解析】根据句意可知，作者再次听这盘磁带想起了自己的母亲，listening to，听。

52. D

【解析】根据上下文意思可知，听磁带想到妈妈，正如当初妈妈对作者的解释，让作者明白了灵魂是一种感觉，是一种信仰，explained，解释。

53. B

【解析】详见 52 解析，belief，信仰。

54. C

【解析】作者之所以今天能听到妈妈的声音，是当年恰好捕捉到了这一幕，caught，捕捉。

55. D

【解析】根据句意可知，作者现在明白了，伟大的妈妈是想让孩子的童真保持的更长久一点，innocent，天真的。

第二节 语篇填空

56. as

【解析】考查介词。consider... as..., 把.....看作是....., 故填 as。

57. maintaining

【解析】考查非谓语。devote to 中 to 为介词，后跟 v-ing，故填 maintaining。

58. initiatives

【解析】考查名词复数。other 后加可数名词复数，故填 initiatives。

59. a

【解析】考查冠词。此处 increase 为可数名词单数，泛指一种逐渐增加的趋势，故填 a。

60. challenged

【解析】考查动词的时态。根据 at that time 可知用一般过去时，故填 challenged。

61. loss

【解析】考查词形变化。serious 是形容词，修饰名词，故填 loss。

62. speedily

【解析】考查副词。副词修饰动词，故填 speedily。

63. is secured

【解析】考查动词的语态。future 与 secure 之间是被动关系，故填 is secured。

64. what

【解析】考查宾语从句。宾语从句缺少主语，故填 what。

65. careful

【解析】考查形容词。此处表明主语的状态，需用形容词，故填 careful。

第三部分 写作（略）

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