

2022~2023 学年度第二学期高一年级 6 月份月考

英语试题

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围:人教版必修第三册。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman ask the man to do?
A. Have some coffee. B. Meet her friends. C. Go to the office.
2. What does the woman think of the play?
A. Terrible. B. Amazing. C. Boring.
3. Where is Tom probably according to the woman?
A. In his office. B. In the gym. C. At home.
4. What is the woman doing?
A. Learning to drive. B. Listening to music. C. Getting her car repaired.
5. Why is the woman unwilling to dance?
A. Her feet hurt. B. She is bad at dancing. C. She dislikes dancing in public.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. How long does the woman want to spend in Nevada?
A. One week. B. Two weeks. C. Three weeks.
7. What does the woman want to do in Nevada?
A. Go fishing. B. Go camping. C. Rest at the beach.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What is the man going to buy for his mother?
A. Some notebooks. B. Some pencils. C. A comb.
9. What does the man look like?
A. He is fat. B. He has no hair. C. He is taller than his father.
10. What is the woman?
A. A teacher. B. A doctor. C. A hairdresser.

【高一年级 6 月份月考·英语试题 第 1 页(共 8 页)】

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What was wrong with the woman?
A. She injured her leg. B. She hurt her back. C. She had shoulder pain.
12. What will the man probably do next?
A. Talk to his golf teacher. B. See a doctor. C. Play golf with the woman.
13. What's the relationship between the speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Friends. C. Doctor and patient.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. Who is a bathroom worker?
A. Dana. B. Sam. C. David.
15. What can we say about the man speaker?
A. He was rude. B. He was strange. C. He was new in the building.
16. How much will Sam probably tip next time?
A. About one dollar. B. About two dollars. C. About ten dollars.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker talking about?
A. A village. B. A game. C. A house.
18. How many people live in Hilden?
A. About 25. B. Around 200. C. Over 300.
19. What can we know about the restaurant?
A. It is the highest building. B. It is newly built. C. It has a long history.
20. What is special about the people in Hilden?
A. They are tall. B. They are humorous. C. They are NBA players.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Here are four amazing online photography(摄影) classes to improve your photos.

Mastering Lightroom & Photoshop(By Andrew Kerns)

Every professional photographer uses post-processing(后期处理) skills to make their images stand out. In fact, editing and post-processing your images is a major part of the photography work. Luckily, Andrew Kerns has put together an amazing online class to help you learn the latest professional Adobe Lightroom and Photoshop skills.

Wildlife Photography Workshop(By Charly Savely)

Professional wildlife photographer, Charly Savely, has recently decided to share her secrets with the world through her online Wildlife Photography Workshop recorded in Alaska's Katmai National Park. Learn how she chooses camera settings using art to influence your style, where to find wildlife and how to photograph animals safely in the wild.

A to Z of Selling Your Photos(By Lola Akinmade)

Lola Akinmade is an excellent travel photographer whose works are regularly published by brands(品牌) like *The New York Times* and *Travel & Leisure*. She has also put together an excellent online photography class that goes into detail about how to make your photos be brands, including getting close to brands, how to deal with copyrights, working with editors, getting model shows and much more.

Photographing the World(By Elia Locardi)

Elia Locardi is a very successful landscape photographer who's been travelling the world for years. His course Photographing the World is full of tips and post-processing skills he uses

【高一年级 6 月份月考·英语试题 第 2 页(共 8 页)】

to create his landscape and travel photography. With 15 lessons and more than 12 hours of video content, his photography class takes you from the on-location capture(外景拍摄) all the way through his post-processing skills in the studio.

21. Who should you turn to if you want to learn to photograph wild animals?
A. Andrew Kerns. B. Charly Savely.
C. Lola Akinmade. D. Elia Locardi.
22. Which course offers tips on making your photography works a brand?
A. Mastering Lightroom & Photoshop. B. Wildlife Photography Workshop.
C. A to Z of Selling Your Photos. D. Photographing the World.
23. What do Andrew Kerns's and Elia Locardi's courses have in common?
A. They include post-processing skills.
B. They focus on photographing wild animals.
C. They provide skills of on-location capture.
D. They teach how to work with big brands.

B

When I came to China, my supply of Chinese friends who were willing to hear me talk about school(one of the few topics I could hold more than a two-minute conversation about) was fairly limited. So how did I practise my spoken Chinese?

In my effort to be a good student, I decided to talk to every single taxi driver in Beijing. Taxi drivers were easy targets. They couldn't tell me to shut up and they had nowhere to hide from my horrible grammar.

To my surprise, taxi drivers became my favorite Chinese teachers because most of the time they were happy to talk to me about anything. Also, their most loved topics of conversation tended to fall into three simple categories(种类): food, their hometown, and the foreigners' countries. My ability to reach this level of conversational skill has been made possible by one question "Are you a Beijinger?" and taxi drivers loved talking about their hometown.

I found that 15 minutes with a Beijing taxi driver was worth one hour with my Chinese tutor because they couldn't speak English so there's no second language to fall back on when things got too tough. It's just me and my Chinese skills that would help. I was constantly surprised by how much I understood in comparison to my Chinese language level. And even if they kept talking for the whole trip, at least I was honing my listening skills. Over time, I found I could understand more and more, and was able to respond surprisingly quickly.

Another trick: If I wanted to impress, I would add an extra "r" to end my words. It always seemed to cheer them up, and usually I would get an encouraging "Your Beijing dialect is so good!"

24. What was an advantage for the author to talk to taxi drivers in Beijing?
A. They were very knowledgeable.
B. They were cheaper than teachers.
C. They had to put up with his grammar.
D. They were more willing to help.
25. Which of the following can replace the underlined word "honing" in paragraph 4?
A. Improving. B. Showing. C. Missing. D. Exchanging.
26. Why did the author add an extra "r" to end his words?
A. He hoped to practise his Beijing dialect.
B. He wanted to make fun of the drivers' accent.
C. He mainly aimed to cover up his poor Chinese.
D. He wanted to make a good impression on the drivers.

【高一年级 6 月份月考·英语试题 第 3 页(共 8 页)】

27. What is the text mainly about?
- A. The challenges of learning Chinese.
 - B. The talkative taxi drivers in Beijing.
 - C. The difficulty of living in a foreign country.
 - D. The experience of practising spoken Chinese.

C

How important has Internet become in our lives? The Pew Research Center conducted a survey to celebrate the Web's 25th birthday. The researchers were greatly heartened by what they found.

"In 2006, only 14 percent of American adults used Internet. Today, it's 87 percent," said Lee Rainie, the director of the Pew Research Center's Internet Project. "It is what has impressed us the most."

The survey also showed that 70 percent of the Internet users have been treated kindly or generously online, while 25 percent of respondents said they have been treated unkindly. More than half 56 percent of users said they've seen an online community come together to help someone solve a problem. 25 percent said they've left an online group because members were too unpleasant.

When Pew asked questions about whether being online has enriched people's relationships or not the results were very positive: 67 percent of Internet users said their online communication with family and friends has generally strengthened those relationships. Only 18 percent said it has generally weakened those relationships.

According to the survey, 53 percent of Internet users said Internet has become the hardest tech tool to give up. It is 15 percent higher than the result of a similar survey conducted in 2006. In fact, more people said they would have a harder time stopping using Internet than giving up TV. (These days, so much great television streams across the Internet that it makes sense.)

"In our survey, we have found that the Web makes a few people very unhappy. There's strong evidence pointing to the fact that Internet users tend to compare their daily lives with the 'highlight moments' of their friends' lives," said Lee Rainie. "It's really silly."

28. Which is the most impressive result of the latest survey?
- A. Users' dependence on Internet.
 - B. The fast growth of Internet users.
 - C. The kindness of online communities.
 - D. The strengthened family relationships.
29. How many participants found it the hardest to give up Internet in 2006?
- A. 15%.
 - B. 38%.
 - C. 53%.
 - D. 68%.
30. What message does Lee Rainie seem to convey in the last paragraph?
- A. Online depression cannot be avoided.
 - B. Don't show off in online communities.
 - C. Don't make unnecessary comparison.
 - D. Copy your friends' wonderful lifestyles.
31. How do the researchers feel about the results of the survey?
- A. Optimistic.
 - B. Worried.
 - C. Unconcerned.
 - D. Doubtful.

D

Leadership is not about being in charge. It's not about being a boss, not about telling people what to do, making speeches, or receiving special treatment. That is rulership.

Leadership is not a skill in and of itself. It includes a series of qualities such as communication, organization, systemic thinking, empathy(同理心) and an understanding of how to use them at the right moment for the common good. To be more specific, every good leader has the following things in common.

Leaders understand the goal. Especially in times of conflict(冲突), leaders are able to keep their eye on the prize. They can keep their teams focused on the prize and know what

【高一年级6月份月考·英语试题 第4页(共8页)】

should be done.

Leaders know they need others and they understand what motivates and drives people. They see things from different points of view. They understand that their job is to be in service to other team members so the team members can be in service to the common goal.

No one is good at everything and the best captains are often the worst sailors. Leaders' skill is recognizing when someone else is great and in a better position to guide and build the teams.

Leaders don't need a title. Being the captain of the team doesn't automatically make you a leader. Leaders are the people who step up, and often they do it quietly and with little or no declared authority.

Leadership is a lifelong journey and it's learned by doing and interacting, not studying or taking classes. So we don't teach our kids which tools to use and when to use. Instead, we put them in situations where they get an opportunity to use their skills and a chance to evaluate and reflect on the experience so they can figure out how to get better results in the future.

32. What does a typical ruler do?
- A. Seek special treatment.
 - B. Persuade people to follow.
 - C. Take care of the people.
 - D. Put the public interest first.
33. Which quality does paragraph 3 mainly concentrate on?
- A. Being selfless.
 - B. Motivating the team.
 - C. Focusing on the goal.
 - D. Thinking systemically.
34. What should we do to effectively help children become leaders?
- A. Send them to related classes.
 - B. Involve them in real-life tasks.
 - C. Ask them to read inspiring stories.
 - D. Put them in comfortable situations.
35. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. What Are the Differences Between Rulers and Leaders?
 - B. Why Do Most of the People Hate Ruler-like Leaders?
 - C. Why Should Kids Be Encouraged to Become Leaders?
 - D. What Are the Basic Qualities Needed for Leadership?

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Train Your Brain to Show Kindness

It is always good to learn new things, especially kindness. 36, here are some ways for you.

Show kindness to yourself first

You might think that the first step should be helping others, but that won't make a lasting change. If you keep being strict with yourself, that attitude will show how you treat others. If you are always in a bad mood, this feeling will also influence others in your actions.

37.

38

If you want to be kind, you need to listen to people. Most of the time, if a stranger on the street asks for some money, you may first think they are trying to cheat. But what if you're wrong? You'll never know unless you listen. Therefore, from now on, make an effort

【高一年级 6 月份月考·英语试题 第 5 页(共 8 页)】

to listen actively.

Build positive thinking skills

A positive thought is one of the most important things you can do when learning to be kind. If your life is full of negativity, you will never be able to spread positive emotions into the world. How to build positive thinking skills? One of the best ways to do it is to practise gratitude. 39, always try to see the good in things. Make an effort to take some time and enjoy the small things.

Be active

Practice makes perfect. 40. And kindness is a skill you need to learn, much like riding a bike. All it takes is just a little bit of practice. Once being kindness becomes part of your daily routine, you'll internalize(内化) it.

- A. Make an effort to listen
- B. Offer to help strangers
- C. If you try your best to do it
- D. If you want to train your brain to show it
- E. No matter how dark the world might seem
- F. This saying is true when you want to gain any new skill
- G. So, to make a lasting change, you must learn to be kind to yourself first

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Zhao Yuan, who was a dance teacher, lost one leg in an accident at the age of 24. 41 she had to use a wheelchair, and leave her 42 position and started to make a living in business. She opened a hotel in her hometown and used some of her earnings to help 43 for the college cost of 13 poor students.

In 2020, she set up an offline sales platform called Good and Fresh, which mainly sold goods produced by Zhao's disabled friends. 44 the pandemic(疫情), however, Good and Fresh 45 making money, so Zhao 46 online sales instead.

She became a livestream host on social media platforms, 47 the sales of goods like brown sugar, sweet potato flour and honey that her friends made. Although Zhao Yuan, who only had one 48, had to deal with her own disability, she had made her business succeed in creating a 49 in e-commerce(电子商务) and had helped more than 2,000 other 50 people sell agricultural products. Everything she sold came from 55 agricultural centers around the province 51 by the disabled. She had also trained 57 hosts, all of whom were disabled.

With the 52 of her business, Zhao has set up the Good and Fresh Agricultural Science and Technology Development Co., of which she is 53. She is planning to 54 another 1,000 hosts, and hopes that they will also be able to achieve their personal and social 55 through work, just as the way she is doing.

- 41. A. Occasionally B. Eventually C. Especially D. Typically
- 42. A. selling B. singing C. learning D. teaching
- 43. A. pay B. search C. ask D. care
- 44. A. In spite of B. Due to C. Apart from D. Rather than

【高一年级 6 月份月考·英语试题 第 6 页(共 8 页)】

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 45. A. stopped | B. tried | C. started | D. kept |
| 46. A. got over | B. picked out | C. turned to | D. put through |
| 47. A. exchanging | B. quitting | C. explaining | D. pushing |
| 48. A. finger | B. arm | C. leg | D. eye |
| 49. A. block | B. job | C. culture | D. rule |
| 50. A. honest | B. intelligent | C. disabled | D. humorous |
| 51. A. run | B. noticed | C. admired | D. expected |
| 52. A. loss | B. agreement | C. information | D. development |
| 53. A. proud | B. tired | C. afraid | D. shy |
| 54. A. surprise | B. train | C. follow | D. attract |
| 55. A. enjoyment | B. difference | C. value | D. feature |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

“If you talk to a man in a language he understands, that goes to his head. If you talk to him in his own language, that goes to his heart,” Nelson Mandela said. So it is important for us to master a new language. Although learning a new language can be very 56 (challenge), it's 57 (definite) rewarding.

Building language skills doesn't happen overnight. But 58 the help of dependable learning sources and regular practice, you might get there sooner than you think. What's the best way to learn a language?

Immersing(浸没) yourself in a language is arguably the most 59 (effect) way to learn a language. Immersion-based learning is indeed the most natural way to pick up new words, phrases and expressions. Of course, it would be better to be in the country 60 the language is spoken. But if you can't travel at the moment, don't worry. There are other ways to immerse yourself in a language you're learning. For example, the best language learning apps that focus on immersion. They will allow you 61 (listen) to native speakers.

When it 62 (come) to the best way to learn a language, as 63 matter of fact, it's important to know that you need to find the way to learn a language that works best for you. Although the methods 64 (mention) above are suitable for everyone, you need to pay attention to 65 (you) learning habits as well.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

为传播中国优秀文化,你校将举办介绍中国传统节日的演讲比赛。请你用英语写一篇演讲稿,介绍你最喜爱的中国传统节日。内容包括:

1. 节日介绍;
2. 喜欢该节日的理由。

注意:1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

My Favourite Traditional Chinese Festival

Ladies and gentlemen,

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Christmas came, and Stewart gathered the children at the dinner table. He tried to prepare all of their favorite food because he had no extra money for individual gifts.

“Lucy, I baked your favorite apple pie. Sean, I made sure to get some baked spaghetti(意大利面条) from the store. And Gregory, I baked a whole chicken. Your favorites! Merry Christmas, my sweet children!” Stewart told them.

After eating dinner together, Stewart took his three kids outside to make a huge snowman and had a snowball fight. It was a family tradition that Stewart wanted to keep alive even though his wife was no longer with them.

Many years passed, and Stewart’s kids all had families of their own. And they were all too busy to visit Stewart, although they didn’t live far away. So Stewart spent most of the year alone.

Stewart would often sit in a wheelchair and look at old photos of his family. He came across one particular photo where he and his children were making a snowman outside the house. They were happy, and the lovely smiles on his children’s faces were priceless.

Stewart waited for his children to come on Christmas Eve, looking out of the window. “How I wish...” he said to himself as he watched others having fun together in their backyards.

Stewart was sure that each member of his family had forgotten his invitation once again until he heard a short knock on the door.

“Who is it?” Stewart asked.

“Hi, Grandpa,” a small boy said after he opened the door.

“Tim! What a surprise!” Stewart smiled. “Is it just you? How did you get here alone?!”

Tim nodded sadly, “Even on Christmas Eve, my parents don’t notice me. They’re too busy with work. I know how much you love Christmas, Grandpa, so I walked here.”

Stewart wanted to cheer his grandson up, so he went to get dressed. “Well, you and I will have a happy Christmas together,” Stewart told Tim. “Kids deserve to play in the snow every Christmas,” he added.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Both of them went outside even though Stewart could not stay outdoors for a long time.

To Stewart’s surprise, his children and grandchildren were all around him when he woke up in hospital. _____

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