

考号

姓名

班级

学号

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贵州省高三年级入学考试 英语试卷

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再涂涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the man do?
A. Take part in an activity. B. Get off the plane. C. Wait for the meal.
2. How much did Sarah pay in total?
A. \$140. B. \$160. C. \$180.
3. Why is the test delayed this time?
A. The weather will be terrible.
B. The school is having a holiday.
C. The date sounds not a good time.
4. What is the woman doing?
A. Analyzing the data. B. Talking to partners. C. Attending a meeting.
5. What will the woman probably do?
A. Restart the drive. B. Delete some things. C. Open the video software.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What does the woman do?
A. A house cleaner. B. A saleswoman. C. An apartment owner.

【高三英语 第1页(共10页)】

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7. What matters most to the man about an apartment?
A. The price. B. The location. C. The furniture.
- 听第7段材料,回答第8至9题。
8. Where does the man want to go?
A. The City Museum. B. The Center Street. C. The Second Avenue.
 9. How does the woman sound?
A. Thankful. B. Patient. C. Confused.
- 听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。
10. What does the woman complain about?
A. The loud music. B. The residents' policy. C. The building's security.
 11. Where are the speakers?
A. At the office. B. On the 16th floor. C. In the man's house.
 12. What will the man probably do next?
A. Calm down the woman.
B. Turn off the music player.
C. Talk to the woman's neighbor.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Hostess and guest. B. Child and parent. C. Teacher and student.
14. What makes the children like sports?
A. Teachers. B. School. C. Enthusiasm.
15. What does the man say about sports?
A. Children are losing interest in sports.
B. Children prefer to do sports outside of school.
C. Children didn't do any sports at all before 1996.

16. Which sport enjoys the most popularity according to the man?

- A. Basketball. B. Football. C. Swimming.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
A. The dishes. B. The canteen. C. The service.
18. What kind of payment choice may be refused by the canteen?
A. Cash. B. Bank cards. C. Digital yuan.
19. How many sections are there in the canteen?
A. Four. B. Six. C. Nine.
20. What does Guan Shuang think of the canteen?
A. Boring. B. Demanding. C. Approving.

【高三英语 第2页(共10页)】

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第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

The Gold Rush (1925)

Charlie Chaplin as the Little Tramp eats his shoe for Thanksgiving dinner while trapped in a snowstorm in this endearing silent film classic from 1925. Watch this one if you're in the mood to see a leather shoe prepared and eaten as if it were a delicious turkey. It makes you thankful for what you have!

A Charlie Brown Thanksgiving (1973)

Return to the iconic moment when Lucy pulls the football away from Charlie Brown right as he's about to kick it. Life is hard, but in this animated film, sweetness wins when the Peanuts group prepares a Thanksgiving feast, complete with jelly beans.

Planes, Trains and Automobiles (1987)

This John Hughes comedy starring Steve Martin and John Candy is already a Thanksgiving classic for many. Neal ends up rerouting the plane because of a snowstorm. As he struggles to find a way home for Thanksgiving, he gets stuck with extremely positive Del.

One True Thing (1998)

Meryl Streep was nominated (提名) for an Academy Award for her performance in this movie as a wife and mom who struggles with cancer. Renée Zellweger plays the grown daughter who has to come home to help with the holiday. The two try to hold the family together, especially during a tense Thanksgiving meal when guests get all the attention.

21. What could *The Gold Rush* remind many viewers of?

- A. History of football games.
- B. Origin of animated films.
- C. Thankfulness for something you have.
- D. Sweet memories of good old days.

22. Which film best suits people who want to see a Thanksgiving feast with jelly beans?

- A. *The Gold Rush*.
- B. *Planes, Trains and Automobiles*.
- C. *One True Thing*.
- D. *A Charlie Brown Thanksgiving*.

23. What do these four films have in common?

- A. They tell interesting family stories.
- B. They describe the holiday activities.
- C. They are all related to Thanksgiving.
- D. They are all based on the authors' own lives.

【高三英语 第3页(共10页)】

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B

Do you know J. K. Rowling, the famous writer of *Harry Potter*?

J. K. Rowling was called Jo when she was little. From an early age, Jo was very interested in writing stories. But she knew that being a writer would not be easy.

What if no one wanted to buy her stories? So after she finished school in her twenties, she got a job as a secretary in London. Every day she worked on office papers. The next day was always the same as the last day. But in her heart, she was still a writer. She wrote stories in her free time. Sometimes she even wrote in cafés. The stories didn't earn her any money. Still, she couldn't stop writing them.

One weekend, Jo took a trip to Manchester, a city in northern England. She was going to move there, and she needed a place to live in. She had a long train ride back to London. She looked out of the window, thinking of nothing.

Suddenly, a picture of a boy came into her mind. He had round glasses and a scar. Jo reached into her bag. She wanted to write down everything about him. But she didn't have a pen. She turned back to the window and thought more about the boy. He was a wizard (男巫), but he didn't know it. He lived with some people who was not his real family. As the train traveled through the English countryside, more people crowded into Jo's mind. They were people the boy knew. By the time Jo reached London, she had had a whole new world in her mind. She hoped one day, she could write a book about it. When she got home, she found a pen. She pulled out a notebook. On the first page she wrote the name of the boy with the scar. His name was Harry Potter. . .

That is how the novel first came into being.

24. How did J. K. Rowling feel about being a writer in paragraph 2?

- A. Easy.
- B. Hard.
- C. Confused.
- D. Bored.

25. What was J. K. Rowling's job after finishing school in her twenties?

- A. A writer.
- B. A wizard.
- C. A secretary.
- D. A photographer.

26. What does paragraph 5 mainly tell us about J. K. Rowling?

- A. Why she went to London.
- B. When she moved to Manchester.
- C. What she saw and heard in the office.
- D. How she got the idea of *Harry Potter*.

【高三英语 第4页(共10页)】

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27. What can we learn from J. K. Rowling's story?

- A. Old habits die hard.
- B. Two heads are better than one.
- C. Where there is a will, there is a way.
- D. When in Rome, do as the Romans do.

C

When I first arrived in Costa Rica, I always heard people saying, "pura vida". Translated from Spanish, it means "pure life". It's used as a greeting and to describe how things are going. It can describe a person or life in general. It's usually said with a big smile, meaning everything is good. And I heartily agree.

I consider Costa Rica to be my second home. I first went there in 2005 to help start a small family business, and to this day I return often. It's hard not to fall in love with this country. I see beautiful beaches, wild forests and breathtaking views everywhere. The wildlife is especially amazing! I never know what I'll see right from the window of my guesthouse. It's a country that helps me see the good in everything.

When I'm in Costa Rica, I live in Montezuma, which is on the ocean near Cabo Blanco Nature Reserve. This little town is an out-of-the-way tourist destination. Getting there can be an adventure, but it's all *pura vida*!

People often ask when they should visit Costa Rica. I always answer, "Do you want to come during the dry season or the green season?" The dry season starts in December and is the perfect time to enjoy blue waters and sandy beaches. However, the sun is very strong, so use lots of sunscreen.

When the rains return in May, the green season begins. It's the perfect time to see wild life and so much more. I love watching wildlife, so the green season is my personal favorite.

Keep an eye out at the beach. Several species of turtles (海龟) live on Costa Rica's beaches. I suggest supporting the organizations that are working to protect by taking a tour of their nesting sites.

No matter when you visit, a trip to Costa Rica is truly *pura vida*!

28. What is *pura vida* used as?

- A. A greeting.
- B. A smile.
- C. A book.
- D. A season.

29. Why did the writer go to Costa Rica for the first time?

- A. To learn Spanish.
- B. To be a tour guide.
- C. To do science research.
- D. To help start a family business.

【高三英语 第5页(共10页)】

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30. Why is the green season the writer's favorite?

- A. He can watch wildlife.
- B. He likes to put on sunscreen.
- C. He enjoys blue waters.
- D. He loves to see nesting sites.

31. What section of a magazine is the text probably taken from?

- A. Sports.
- B. Travel.
- C. Technology.
- D. Education.

D

Elvis Presley enjoyed great success and popularity in the mid-1950s when he introduced his new style of R&B—rock 'n' roll. Teenagers in America and Britain loved his rock 'n' roll music. The USA was the main place for popular music until 1962 when four musicians from Liverpool, England, started to perform. They were the Beatles, and they created a new form of rock 'n' roll music called the "Mersey Sound". The name comes from the river Mersey in Liverpool. Soon the Beatles became very successful.

During the 1960s some young people became unsatisfied with the traditions and lifestyles of society and tried to develop those of their own. They were called "hippies". "Hippies" wanted a world based on love of peace. So they wore flowers to show that they were peaceful. Their philosophy is in Bob Dylan's song, *Blowing in the Wind*, which says that wars are bad for the world and will do harm to peace.

"Glam Rock", a new form of rock music, arrived in the early 1970s. The musicians, such as David Bowie wore colorful clothes and make-up, wanted to shock people. In the mid-1970s another style of music, "Punk Rock", appeared. Punk music is a way to express the singers' thought and anger with society. It had lots of fans and they wore strange hairstyles and ripped jeans.

The 1990s was a time for superstars like Madonna and Michael Jackson. At that time lots of different styles of music were popular, such as "rap" or "hip-hop music", in which the lyrics are spoken, rather than sung. And hip-hop youths wore baggy pants and oversized shirts.

32. "Mersey sound" as a new kind of rock 'n' roll music, _____.

- A. was created by Elvis Presley
- B. was the musicians' philosophy
- C. was not popular among teenagers in the UK
- D. was named after the river of the musicians' hometown

33. What is the philosophy of "hippies" mentioned in paragraph 2?

- A. Anger to parents.
- B. Love of world peace.
- C. Appreciation of friendship.
- D. Dissatisfaction with education.

【高三英语 第6页(共10页)】

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34. How many kinds of rock music in the 1970s are mentioned?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
35. What would be the best title for the text?
A. The History of Rock 'n' Roll
B. The Background of the Beatles
C. The Development of Country Music
D. An Introduction to Music of the Twentieth Century

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

There is nothing wrong with having an accent. 36 But as you improve your language abilities, losing your accent might be something you have started to think about. And, if you are entering the English-speaking environment, it is important to get your pronunciation to a level that native speakers can easily understand. Here are some tips to help you sound like a native speaker.

37

Focus on getting your words clearly, speaking slowly as you go. As your pronunciation gets better, you can speed up your speaking speed.

Learn the schwa (非重读央元音)

The schwa is a vowel (元音) sound that sounds like "uh". 38. Learning when to change them can make your English sound more natural.

Use "he" and "she" correctly

39 Mixing them up can be confusing for your listener and is a giveaway that you are not a native speaker.

Know about inflection (语调的抑扬变化)

In English, the meaning of what you say can change based on the way you say it. 40.

- A. Read groups of words
B. Try to speak slowly and clearly
C. Listen to native English speakers carefully
D. Make sure you call a man "he" and a woman "she"
E. In fact, most native English speakers won't care if you do
F. English speakers replace many other vowel sounds with the schwa
G. Make sure to work on your inflection so that your meaning is communicated clearly

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Davis Smith was born into a family of travel agents. It offered him the chance to 41

places such as Nepal, Laos and Nigeria during his childhood, according to *Times* magazine. He began saving up at the age 13 to 42 his goal of visiting all countries. By his 19th birthday, he had travelled to 81 nations. In September, 2015, he realized he could see the 43 nations on his list in time to set an official record. Many people 44 his travel on social media platform Instagram, so he decided to chase the world record partly to 45 others. "Honestly, in the beginning, I 46 wanted to push the 47 of what I thought I could do with my life and see as much of the world as possible in the 48," he told *Times*. "It wasn't until things started getting really 49 that I realized I was inspiring people around me, especially the 50."

"I also loved visiting Sri Lanka, for the natural beauty of the mountains, and the kindness of the locals were astonishing," Davis Smith said. "The most pleasant surprise about travelling to all these misunderstood areas of the world was that the countries that I had the 51 expectation for 52 being the most incredible."

"My 53 for young people is to believe that you can do anything you set your mind to do. If you want to travel, you have to 54 sacrifices to travel around the world. And it's only a matter of 55 until you can make it a reality."

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|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. tour | B. settle | C. remark | D. love |
| 42. A. quit | B. fund | C. switch | D. register |
| 43. A. powerful | B. ideal | C. remaining | D. developed |
| 44. A. ranked | B. modified | C. followed | D. criticized |
| 45. A. inspire | B. grill | C. understand | D. accompany |
| 46. A. simply | B. occasionally | C. completely | D. temporarily |
| 47. A. family | B. button | C. dream | D. observation |
| 48. A. platform | B. agency | C. process | D. country |
| 49. A. dull | B. official | C. natural | D. challenging |
| 50. A. adults | B. youths | C. bosses | D. agents |
| 51. A. most | B. least | C. greatest | D. worst |
| 52. A. started with | B. showed off | C. ended up | D. searched for |
| 53. A. advice | B. compromise | C. belief | D. information |
| 54. A. save | B. make | C. worsen | D. appreciate |
| 55. A. time | B. career | C. honor | D. assessment |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In the coming weeks, *China Daily* will be publishing special reports focusing 56 the ongoing development of the country's national park system, looking at areas coming under stronger 57 (protect) and the species benefiting from many new 58 (facility).

The Sanjiangyuan National Park, covering 190,700 square kilometers, 59 (be)

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China's largest such facility. It is about 14 times the area of Yellowstone National Park in the United States and 19 times 60 (large) than the Banff National Park in Canada. Standing at an average altitude of more than 4,500 meters, the sparsely populated park in Qinghai Province is the ideal habitat for many wildlife species, 61 (include) Tibetan antelopes and snow leopards.

Sanjiangyuan, 62 means "source of three rivers", is home to the headwaters of the Yangtze River, the Yellow River and the Lancang River 63 (know) as the Mekong once it leaves Chinese territory. As such, the park has been dubbed "Asia's water tower". 2% of the total water volume of the Yangtze River, 49% of the Yellow River and 17% of the Lancang River come from the Sanjiangyuan area, with tributaries providing the rest.

Decades ago, climate change and human activity caused serious 64 (environment) degradation in Sanjiangyuan, which resulted in a large number of lakes drying out and wildlife numbers falling 65 (sharp). In 2016, the pilot program for the Sanjiangyuan National Park management system was launched, and the area was officially designated as a national park in September in 2021.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

假定你是李华,目前在新西兰一所中学做交换生,你得知学校书法俱乐部(calligraphy club)正在招新。请你给俱乐部写一封自荐信,内容包括:

1. 自我介绍;
2. 个人爱好;
3. 未来打算。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为80左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Sir,

Yours,
Li Hua

【高三英语 第9页(共10页)】

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第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I was backpacking and planned to climb a volcano called Volcan Baru. At an altitude of 3,474 m, it is the highest peak in the country and one of the only places on Earth from where you can see the Atlantic Ocean and the Pacific Ocean at the same time. It is an active volcano, but last erupted around 1550.

I set off before sunrise. It was a little cold, so I had pulled on tights under my trousers. I intended to reach the top by midday, and then return before dark to get a lift to my hotel. I've always felt safe travelling as a woman on my own, which I've done since my 20s. I love the freedom. When I got to the base of the volcano at 7 in the morning, the ranger (护林人) disagreed to let me go alone, but said OK because an American couple were behind me.

The first part of the climb was beautiful. It was not dry as you might imagine a volcano might be—there were trees and flowers all around, and a dirt road for the farmers who worked around there. I walked for an hour and reached a fair height. The views were impressive, so I stopped to take a photograph.

Suddenly I heard violent barking behind me. I turned and saw two dogs running aggressively (挑衅地) towards me. I expected them to stop, but they didn't. As they got closer, I could see their teeth looked sharp, and that they looked angry. There was nowhere for me to run. I tried to keep calm, but my heart was racing. I'd never been bitten by a dog, and I couldn't help but fear what would happen. They stopped a dozen feet from where I stood and kept barking. I knew they could move fast, so I didn't want to try to outrun them.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Terrified, I slowly kept walking, saying, "Come on, good dogs!"

Just at this critical moment, a pickup appeared, driven by the ranger.

【高三英语 第10页(共10页)】

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