

2023 届高三冲刺卷(三)全国卷

英语试题

注意事项:

- 1.答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名考生号等填写在答题卡上。
- 2.回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。来源:高三答案公众号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
- 3.考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

考试时间为 120 分钟,满分 150 分

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How does Tom feel about his university life?
A. Tiring. B. Interesting. C. Disappointing.
2. Why does the man want to change the room?
A. The room is too small.
B. He dislikes the room number.
C. The air-conditioner doesn't work.
3. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. Their hobbies. B. The river. C. The stadium.
4. What is the original price of the coat?
A. 80 dollars. B. 300 dollars. C. 380 dollars.
5. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At the woman's home. B. In a clothing store. C. In a shoe shop.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why does Tina want leaves?
A. To give her mother as a gift.
B. To use them as bookmarks.
C. To make toys with Alice.

7. What will Tina do next?

- A. Take a shower. B. Read a book. C. Have a walk.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What is the probable relationship between Evan and the man?

- A. Friends. B. Strangers. C. Classmates.

9. What do the speakers want to do tomorrow?

- A. Go for a picnic with Evan. B. Invite Evan to their house. C. Practice soccer with Evan.

10. What do we know about the speakers' mother?

- A. She works with Evan's father.
B. She has never met Evan before.
C. She will be back home at five o'clock.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What is probably the man?

- A. A tourist. B. A taxi driver. C. A policeman.

12. How long will it take the woman to get to the National Museum of Art?

- A. Less than 12 minutes. B. No more than 18 minutes. C. More than 20 minutes.

13. Which is the most convenient for the woman to go to the Mexican restaurant?

- A. Taking a taxi. B. Taking a subway. C. Taking a bus.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the woman doing?

- A. Enjoying a film. B. Talking about her career. C. Hosting a program.

15. Where was Albert born?

- A. In America. B. In Africa. C. In Australia.

16. How old was Albert when he acted his first film?

- A. 49. B. 37. C. 28.

17. Which is Albert's most recent film?

- A. Sophie's Choice. B. Out of Africa. C. Music of the Heart.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What did the speaker do to make sure the young man was following her?

- A. She watched him in a shop window.
B. She called a taxi and jumped into it.
C. She walked quickly into a MRT station.

19. How did the speaker feel when she got out of the taxi?

- A. Worried. B. Puzzled. C. Angry.

20. Why did the young man follow the speaker?

- A. To steal her money. B. To write an article. C. To play with her.

第二部分阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Help Prevent Learning Loss This Summer

Quick Overview: With only a couple of hours a week, you can provide tutoring and emotional support for students that will improve their confidence, improve their academic performance, and increase their classroom engagement. Take the first step in becoming an online tutor for 3rd - 6th -grade students who don't have the benefit of paid tutoring.

Background : The past two years have worsened existing educational inequities(不公平), with many students suffering from significant learning loss. Students who fall behind often never catch up. The path to changing these situations is through extra instruction, which is what you are required to do!

Mission: Our goal is to increase engagement, improve academic outcomes, and strengthen students' social safety net. This opportunity offers free tutoring that addresses the widening academic gap and provides families with the support they need to succeed.

Impact: With your help, we can close the achievement gap that has widened during COVID- 19. In a safe one-on-one environment, you and your student can work in partnership to build a strong foundation upon which your student can learn and grow.

Volunteer Roles Responsibilities: You will be provided with training, support, and resources to help you and your student succeed. To join this community, you will need to complete the following:

- A 10-minute application and a short interview
- A 1-hour Zoom training
- A minimum of two hours per week to work one-on-one with a student online

Requirements:

- No tutoring experience required
- Access to a computer with a reliable Internet connection
- Some basic familiarity with Zoom
- Age minimum: 18+

21. What's the purpose of the program?

- A. To improve teaching quality. B. To give students free lessons.
C. To close the gap between ages. D. To protect people from injury.

22. What will be provided for volunteers?

- A. Some training. B. A reliable Internet connection.
C. Chances of interviewing students. D. Financial support for transport.

23. What is a requirement for applicants?

- A. Being a Zoom expert. B. Being at least 18 years old.
C. Having teaching experience. D. Having excellent computer skills.

B

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Fourteen-year-old Harini Logan won the Scripps National Spelling Bee last Thursday, defeating 12-year-old Vikram Raju in a tie-breaker. It's the first time the contest has ever been decided by a tie-breaking round of spelling.

A spelling bee is a contest where players take turns spelling words. Players who spell a word wrong are out of the contest. As the contest goes on, the words get more difficult. Normally, the contest ends when there's only one player left who hasn't made a mistake. Though the bee is mainly about spelling, since 2021 it has changed slightly to also focus on the meaning of the words. During parts of the contest, students were asked to choose the correct meaning of a word.

That caused trouble for Harini. She was asked about the meaning of the word "pullulation". She said the word described the nesting of birds. The contest organizers had expected the answer the "swarming of bees". Harini was removed from the contest. But soon she was back in—the judges double-checked and learned that Harini's definition was also correct. One by one, the other students spelled a word wrong and got out. Finally, only Harini and Vikram were left.

The Scripps bee has been running for over 90 years. Many times it ended in a tie. As a result, the contest organizers changed the rules. They added a "spell-off" to the contest to make future ties much less likely. In the spell-off, Vikram and Harini each took turns trying to spell the words they were asked, but both made mistakes. At one point, Harini could have won by spelling the word "drimys" (a kind of plant) correctly. But she missed it.

That put the two into a super tie-breaking event, where they were each given 90 seconds to correctly spell as many words as they could. In 90 seconds, Vikram had spelled 15 words correctly. Harini had 21 correct spellings, making her the new winner.

24. What does the author want to show in Paragraph 2?

- A. The rules of the contest. B. The awards of the contest.
C. The organization of the contest. D. The way to take part in the contest.

25. Why did the contest organizers change the rules?

- A. To attract more teenagers. B. To avoid the result of a tie.
C. To make the contest fair. D. To reduce unexpected mistakes.

26. What does the text mainly talk about?

- A. A close spelling contest was held online.
B. The Scripps Spelling Bee changed its rules.
C. Many people won spots at a national contest.
D. A Teen wins Spelling Bee in exciting tie-breaker.

27. What is the text?

- A. A news report. B. A book review.
C. A research paper. D. A class presentation.

C

A program in Myanmar called Less Walk has found a creative way to provide free bikes

to students who travel a long way on foot every day to get to school.

It's not often that two problems add up to one solution, but businessman Mike Than Tun Win seems to have made it happen. His program takes the problem of wasted rental bikes and turns them into an easy way for students in Myanmar to travel long distances to school.

In the last few years, companies like oBike, Ofo, and Mobike began flooding streets in places like China, Japan, Australia, and Singapore with bikes. But it didn't take long before there were too many companies and too many bikes on the streets. Soon many companies went out of business, leaving behind thousands of unused rental bikes. Many of them were brand new.

Mr. Than Tun Win realized that though these bikes didn't have any value where they were, they could do a lot of good for schoolchildren in Myanmar. Some children in Myanmar travel an hour or more on foot every day to get to school. Mr. Than Tun Win told the Singapore news site TodayOnline, "I thought if we could just reduce the time they take, they could spend more time studying, gain more knowledge and increase their chances of getting out of poverty.

Soon, Mr. Than Tun Win had raised around \$ 400,000 for the LessWalk project. The LessWalk project bought thousands of new rental bikes from failed companies and shipped them to Myanmar. But there was lots of paperwork involved in moving the bikes from one country to another. Once in Myanmar, the bikes are changed to make them more useful for students. With all the changes, Mr. Than says each bike costs LessWalk about \$ 35.

Though LessWalk only began in March, the project has already brought around 22,500 bikes into Myanmar and has given out over 1,000 bikes. Mr. Than Tun Win hopes to bring in as many as 100,000 bikes and expand the program to Laos and Cambodia.

28. What is the function of the first paragraph?

- A. To introduce the LessWalk program.
- B. To present a general outline of the text.
- C. To explain why bikes are provided for free.
- D. To appeal to readers to care for students in Myanmar.

29. What can we infer about the process of moving bikes to Myanmar?

- A. It needs Bike-sharing Companies' help.
- B. It costs LessWalk program a lot of money.
- C. It is a piece of cake for Mr. Than Tun Win.
- D. It is not as easy as Mr. Than Tun Win thought.

30. What is Mike Than Tun Win's attitude towards LessWalk project?

- A. Opposed. B. Suspicious. C. Hopeful. D. Concerned.

31. What is the suitable title for the text?

- A. LessWalk Brings Bikes to Students in Myanmar.
- B. Students in Myanmar will Go to School by Bike.
- C. Mr. Than Tun Win recycles Wasted Rental Bikes.

D. Bike -sharing Companies Hope to Make Lots of Money.

D

Steager is an engineer at the University of Pennsylvania. His colleague Hyun Koo is an inventor and dental researcher there. Together, they found a way to form the nanoparticles (纳米颗粒) into long, skinny bristles (鬃毛), a lot like the ones on a toothbrush. But these bristles shape-shift to fit whatever surface they encounter. They can even squeeze between teeth.

“A new way to clean teeth could help out anyone who finds this chore boring,” says Koo. But it would be especially life - changing for people with disabilities or illnesses that make it difficult or impossible to hold and move a toothbrush.

The tooth-cleaning robot works thanks to two magnets(磁铁). One goes on each side of the teeth. The nanoparticles sit in a water - based solution between the magnets. When the magnets are turned off, the nanoparticles float randomly in the solution. As soon as one magnet gets turned on, the nanoparticles clump together near its center. When you turn on the other magnet and turn off the first one, the nanoparticles extend outward in long, skinny bristles.

When there's a tooth in the way , these bristles can't stretch out as far as they want. So they push against the tooth's surface. If there's a gap between teeth, they push into the gap. Moving the magnets makes the bristles move against and between teeth.

Besides, as a bonus, the nanoparticles can kill what harms the teeth and keep them healthy because it contains something commonly added to toothpaste and mouthwash.

The new invention is just a proof of concept. The researchers still need to turn it into a product that people will want to use. It must fit comfortably and safely in people's mouths. It can't draw too much power or cost too much. “There's a lot of engineering to get from here to there,” says Steager. But he adds, “every good idea needs to have a start.”

32. What is a feature of the bristles?

- A. They can be solved into water. B. They can change shapes.
C. They only work in liquid. D. They feel much softer.

33. What aspect of the invention is mainly talked about in paragraph 3?

- A. Its shape. B. Its function. C. Its structure. D. Its working principle.

34. What does the underlined word “clump” mean in paragraph 3?

- A. Subscribe. B. Drag. C. Gather. D. Remove.

35. What can we infer from Steager's words?

- A. A good beginning is half done.
B. The first step is always the hardest.
C. Engineering can be applied to every field.
D. The invention still needs them to put more efforts.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Boating Safety Tips You Need to Know

There's nothing quite like spending the day on your boat with family and friends. Just be sure safety is the most important in your mind.

Be prepared with a boat safety kit(成套工具). 36 Your boat safety kit should be kept on board no matter what the size of your boat is.

Bring the proper life jackets. Life jackets do more than simply keep you floating. Many are designed to turn an drowning person face up. By law, all boats must have a U.S. Coast Guard -approved life jacket for each person on board. Some states also require children to wear life jackets at all times. 37

Check the weather beforehand. Warm, sunny days are suitable for boating, but you can't always predict when a storm will roll in. 38 And even if it's a warm spring day, the water could instead reflect winter temperatures. In the event that your boat overturns or you and your passengers get wet, make sure to seek help and get dry.

39 One of the most important things you need to know before setting out on the water is the maximum number of people and maximum amount of weight that your boat can safely handle. Not only is this a very important safety concern, it's also the law. Federal Law requires that all powerboats less than twenty feet in length need to carry this information in the form of a Capacity Plate.

Use common sense on the water. 40 It's important to use common sense, such as staying alert(警觉) at all times, operating at a safe speed and ensuring that passengers stay safely.

- A. Take a boating safely course.
- B. Don't overload the boat with people or equipment.
- C. Make sure you know all the rules and your responsibilities.
- D. Choose a life jacket that is right for your height and weight.
- E. Rules on the water aren't much more different than rules on the road.
- F. Suddenly changing wind and water are signs of an approaching storm.
- G. You can't always predict an emergency, so be prepared for any situation.

第三部分语言知识运用 (共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Most schools are trying to create inclusive environments for everyone. Fourth grade teacher Kari takes that effort⁴¹, so when she noticed students struggling to communicate with Leisa, a worker at school cafeteria, she decided to do something to ⁴²

Leisa has 43 problems, so students used to just point at the ⁴⁴ they wanted. Not only that, but no one could offer Leisa a simple ⁴⁵ like "good morning" or say "thank you" in sign

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language.

Kari once 46 American Sign Language, so she decided to 47 her students a few words to make ordering lunch 48, along with making Leisa feel like the well-loved 49 of the community that she is.

When headmaster Dr. Janet heard about Kari's lessons, she decided to 50 Disability Awareness Month by teaching the entire school how to 51! As a result, it was so popular that they decided to keep it 52 year-round.

One student says being 53 to speak with Leisa makes her feel emotional and we're happy to hear that Leisa is feeling so loved and 54 at her work!

Kari is 55 that her idea to teach ASL is paying off for everyone at school. She hopes that these 56 will stay with her kids forever, and she's not just 57 the ins and outs of ASL.

"Whatever is learned at a young age, it is something that will 58 you," Kari said, "and I think it's good for them to understand that all of us are 59. We should focus on what others can do instead of focusing on their 60."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. secretly | B. seriously | C. easily | D. personally |
| 42. A. cover | B. rescue | C. apologize | D. help |
| 43. A. hearing | B. walking | C. understanding | D. spelling |
| 44. A. toys | B. pens | C. foods | D. books |
| 45. A. excuse | B. hug | C. act | D. greeting |
| 46. A. learned | B. discovered | C. consulted | D. analyzed |
| 47. A. read | B. teach | C. find | D. send |
| 48. A. cheaper | B. smarter | C. easier | D. quicker |
| 49. A. teacher | B. part | C. leader | D. pupil |
| 50. A. celebrate | B. stop | C. share | D. record |
| 51. A. sigh | B. cook | C. perform | D. sign |
| 52. A. going | B. tracking | C. changing | D. working |
| 53. A. able | B. afraid | C. ready | D. curious |
| 54. A. surrounded | B. protected | C. included | D. sponsored |
| 55. A. anxious | B. thrilled | C. regretful | D. lucky |
| 56. A. languages | B. communities | C. lessons | D. classmates |
| 57. A. digging in | B. making up | C. agreeing with | D. talking about |
| 58. A. stick with | B. depend on | C. reflect on | D. apply to |
| 59. A. grateful | B. different | C. suitable | D. ambitious |
| 60. A. failure | B. mistake | C. priority | D. disability |

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Sports tourism gains popularity among Chinese

A total of 79.3 percent of Chinese people have taken part in sports tourism, 61 _____

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(indicate) this new form of recreation is gaining popularity62 _____(especial) among the younger generation, a recent survey has showed.

The survey, 63 _____ (conduct) by China Youth Daily, surveyed 2 ,004 people born between the 1960s and the 2000s, among 64 _____ 51 percent were born in the 1980s. In December 2016, the country's top tourism and sports administrations jointly issued guidelines 65 _____ (develop) sports tourism. There have been more than 100 sports - themed tourist destinations and 100 quality events by now.

"The 'Healthy China 2030' scheme 66 _____ (raise) people's awareness of sports and health since it was initiated in 2016, said Lu Changbao, vice - dean of the economy and management college at Fuzhou University. "From an individual perspective, 67 _____ their living standards improving, Chinese people increasingly recognize the importance of health. As a fun way of improving their health, sports tourism is a good 68 _____ (choose) for them," Lu added.

According to Lu, sports tourism has numerous 69 _____(advantage). By combining sports and tourism. it can benefit tourists both mentally and physically. In addition, tourists can enjoy more adventurous 70 _____personalized tours that standard tourism services are not able to offer.

第四部分写作(共两节 ,满分 35 分)

第一节短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。来源:高三答案公众号。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2.只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

My hobby is reading. I love reading very much that wherever I will go, you can always find a book in my bag. You may wonder why reading is so appealed to me. Actually, the reason lie in my parents' influence. My parents are teachers, and all of them love reading. When at the early age, I just read picture books by fun. But my parents would ask me retell the story to them. And when listening, they would ask questions to show their interest, which great inspired me. Under their guidance, I gradually mastered many reading skill and benefited a lot from reading.

第二节书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定某英文报正在进行以 My Dream University 为题的征文活动,请你写一篇短文投稿。

内容包括:

1.介绍理想的学校; 2.讲述喜欢的原因; 3.表达自己的决心。

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