

中学生标准学术能力诊断性测试 2020 年 11 月测试

英语试卷

本试卷共 150 分，考试时间 100 分钟。

第一部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 60 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 3 分，满分 45 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Autumn is great for European walking: paths are mud-free, temperatures are mild, crowds are few and beautiful colors abound. The following are four European adventures to walk your way through autumn.

The unknown Cilento

South of Italy's Amalfi Coast hides a much less discovered wonderland. After stopping to view the marvelous Greek temple remains at Paestum, Sherpa's next destination concentrates on the Cilento National Park — first following its rugged seashore past the occasional myrtle grove (小树林), and sandy beach, then leaving modernity behind and venturing inland to medieval (中世纪的) hilltop towns. Home-cooked dinners conclude exciting days of goat tracks and ghost villages before a scenic path leads back to the seaside. Four nights £630 half board, including transport, luggage transfers and walking notes. Last departure October 31.

Turkish delights

Follow an impressive section of Turkey's expansive Lycian Way, gradually moving from cliffs to coastline. You'll begin in pine-filled peaks, typically on shaded paths to sea views, and stop at both a pool-boasting upscale hotel and one of the Yanartas region's ever-burning flames — possibly fueled by a monster below. A fine fish restaurant comes next, then a mile-long sandy beach ahead of two days on lonely Cape Gelidonya, finishing by its lighthouse. Six nights £790, including ten other meals, transport, luggage transfers and walking notes. Last departure in early November.

Carpathian clammers

Poland and Slovakia are separated by the Carpathian Mountains and their large forest-filled valleys. Starting and ending in Krakow, this trip covers both countries. Some days include the option of climbing to snowy peaks or taking easier, lower-altitude options, and you'll likely meet the Gorals — a culturally-distinct group known as "highlanders". Most memorable activity will be walking along the 300m-high Dunajec River to spa town Szczawnica. Seven nights £630, including transport, luggage transfers and walking notes. Last departure October 24.

Flowers and feta

Greece's Pelion Peninsula is a place known as the "Land of the Centaurs (人首马身的怪物)" for its association with the mythological horse-human hybrids. Between villages of whitewashed, flower-decorated stone houses, walkers can follow old paths onto mountainsides, and wander through olive groves or beside

the glittering Aegean Sea. Some days yield swimming opportunities, and others the chance to recharge in a local pub of some bean soup and feta-cheese bread. Seven nights £535, including transport, luggage transfers and walking notes. Last departure October 23.

1. What can you do when you are in the unknown Cilento?
A. Swim in a pool. B. Have a spa.
C. Explore medieval towns. D. Walk through olive groves.
2. Which destination is your best choice if you intend to travel to Europe after October?
A. Turkey. B. Cilento. C. Greece. D. Krakow.
3. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
A. It is a monster that fuels the fire in Yanartas region.
B. Meals are free when you are taking the first adventure.
C. You can enjoy a spa from Gorals in the town Szczawnica.
D. Bean soup can be served in the pub of Greece's Pelion Peninsula.

B

Lou Gehrig (1903-1941) was a baseball player with the New York Yankees for 17 seasons. He was a powerful hitter known as "The Iron Horse". Gehrig was a strong, tough and very moral man. His father was often out-of-work because he was an alcoholic and his mother was a maid. His two sisters and only brother died young. As a young boy, Gehrig helped his mother with her work. However, he never let his tough start hold him back. He started playing for the Yankees in 1923 after attending Columbia University, setting many major league records during his career. This included the most consecutive games played (2130 games), a record only broken 56 years later in 1995.

Sadly, at the age of 36, he started to tire mid-season and his speed and cooperation ability faded. He resigned. Soon after he was diagnosed with a form of motor neuron disease named amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS). He delivered his farewell-to-baseball speech to his teammates and fans on 4 July of the same year at the Yankee Stadium.

After his speech, the crowd stood and clapped for almost two minutes. The *New York Times* reported that it was "one of the most touching scenes ever witnessed on a ball field". Gehrig died two years later of the disease. This increased awareness of the disease and its symptoms; in North America it is still commonly known as "Lou Gehrig's disease". The Lou Gehrig Memorial Award is given each year to the Major League Baseball player who best exhibits Gehrig's integrity and character.

4. When did Lou Gehrig give his speech?
A. in 1903. B. in 1923. C. in 1939. D. in 1940.
5. Who are the audience for Lou's speech?
A. His family. B. His friends. C. His opponents. D. His supporters.
6. Why is the illness known as "Lou Gehrig's disease"?
A. Lou Gehrig named the disease.
B. This disease is related to playing baseball.
C. People get to know the disease due to Lou Gehrig.

第2页 共8页

D. The disease had never appeared before Lou Gehrig caught it.

7. What word can best describe Lou Gehrig according to the passage?

- A. Determined and persistent. B. Emotional and patient.
C. Wealthy and humorous. D. Gentle and generous.

C

We know that the pandemic (流行病) has had a far-reaching impact on our minds — so much so that it may have changed the very fabric of our society altogether. Mental health professionals think that those with social anxiety will not emerge from the pandemic unaffected. Counselling Directory member Beverley Blackman says, “For people with social anxiety, lockdown will make them deeply anxious in one way, and yet a relief in another.” He added, “On one hand, a person with social anxiety may feel relieved that they no longer have to socialize in person, but they may also feel that they have lost the opportunity to socialize with the people they feel safe and secure spending time with, meaning that they feel a new level of isolation and a different level of anxiety about socializing in any form. Without the security of those they feel safe with, self-confidence may very well decrease rapidly. Lockdown may have had a negative impact on those with social anxiety.”

Dr Daria J. Kuss, associate professor in psychology at Nottingham Trent University, says: “Following the lockdown, people in this country were allowed to meet up again, which for individuals with social anxiety may have led to stress and worry. They may not be comfortable being expected to be ‘social’ again, especially when in larger groups, and may worry about saying the wrong things and asking the wrong questions as they are reintegrating into their offline social lives.” Furthermore, Beverley says our even bigger reliance on social media and digital communication in the midst of lockdown could also have a negative impact on people with social anxiety. She says “For some people with social anxiety, communication by media can be even harder than communication in person. We know that words form only roughly 7-10% of the way in which we communicate and that we rely on body language, facial expression, tone of voice, and unconscious signals behind words to convey our thoughts and feelings.”

When it comes to what people with social anxiety can do to feel better as the lockdown situation continues to shift, Dr. Kuss says “I recommend being open and honest with their social environments. Friends and family will empathize when the concerns are voiced openly. Engaging in focused breathing and relaxation may also help alleviate feelings of worry and discomfort. Finally, negative thinking (e.g., “I don’t know what to say”) may be replaced with positive ones (e.g., “I am good enough” and “My friends want to see me”).”

8. Why do people with social anxiety feel relieved during the lockdown?

- A. There is no one disturbing their life.
B. There is no need for them to socialize.
C. They have increased their self-confidence.
D. People can no longer communicate with each other.

9. What does the underlined word mean in the third paragraph?

- A. Stimulate. B. Relieve. C. Begin. D. Develop.

10. What can be the good advice for those with social anxiety during the lockdown?

- A. Stay at home alone.
- B. Communicate online.
- C. Open heart to strangers.
- D. Take a positive attitude.

11. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Stay with safe people can bring more confidence.
- B. Lockdown can help people overcome the feeling of anxiety.
- C. For people with social anxiety, lockdown is a double-edged sword.
- D. It is a suitable way for people of social anxiety to communicate by media.

D

Most of the 500 whales stranded (搁浅) off Tasmania have now died. Dozens more stricken whales have been found in Australia's largest ever mass stranding. The estimated total now stands at around 500, with the majority of that number dead and a tenth rescued by authorities on the Island state of Tasmania. Experts believe all of the animals would have been part of one large group. Officials began working to rescue survivors among an estimated 270 whales found on Monday on a beach and two sandbars near the remote coastal town of Strahan. Then another 200 whales were spotted from a helicopter on Wednesday less than 10 kilometres (six miles) to the south. All 200 had been confirmed dead by late afternoon. They were among the 380 whales that have died overall, with estimates from earlier today suggesting that 30 that were alive but stranded and 50 had been rescued since Tuesday, Mr Deka, Wildlife Service manager explained. He added, "We'll continue to work to free as many of the animals as we can. We'll continue working as long as there are live animals."

It is not known what caused the animals to run aground. While stranding events are not unheard of, they are very rare in such large numbers. About 30 whales in the original stranding were moved from the sandbars to open ocean on Tuesday, but several got stranded again. About a third of the first group had died by Monday evening.

Australia's largest mass stranding had previously been 320 pilot whales near the Western Australian town of Dunsborough in 1996. This week's incident is the first involving more than 500 whales in Tasmania since 2009. Marine Conservation Programme wildlife biologist Kris Carlyon said the latest mass stranding was the biggest in Australia in terms of numbers stranded and died.

Marine scientist Vanessa Pirotta said there were a number of potential reasons why whales might become beached, including navigational errors. She explained, "They do have a very strong social system; these animals are closely bonded and that's why we have seen so many in this case unfortunately in this situation. Rescuing them does not always work, because they are wanting to return back to the group, they might hear the sounds that the others are making, or they're just disoriented and, in this case, extremely stressed, and just probably so exhausted that they in some cases don't know where they are." she added.

12. What can be inferred from the first paragraph?

- A. 270 whales were rescued on Monday.
- B. 380 whales were found dead on Tuesday.
- C. 500 whales were found stranded and dead.
- D. 200 whales spotted from a helicopter were dead.

13. Why did Kris Carlyon say this event is the biggest in Australia?
- A. Rescue work is not done in time.
 - B. The number of the death is large.
 - C. The cause of the event is still a mystery.
 - D. There was no other similar event in recent years.
14. Which of the following is Not the cause of the stranding of the whales?
- A. Navigational errors.
 - B. Overhunting of the human beings.
 - C. Whales' group living style.
 - D. Whales' confusion and exhaustion.
15. Where does this passage possibly come from?
- A. A newspaper.
 - B. A magazine.
 - C. A textbook.
 - D. A travel brochure.

第二节（共5小题；每小题3分，满分15分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Going on holiday doesn't have to be bad for the environment, and there are still plenty of ways in which you can have a much-deserved break without harming the environment.

Forget Planes

While most forms of transport produce carbon dioxide, one of the gasses responsible for global warming, planes have a massive carbon footprint because of the huge number of miles they travel. ___16___ There's so much to see and do in the UK yet most of us overlook the endless possibilities. There's the unparalleled beauty of the Cornish coast and the Peak and Lake District. Enjoy the history of a stunning Welsh castle, try boating on the Norfolk Broads or ride the 'Hogwarts Express' across Scotland. Or try taking the train over to Europe — within six hours of London are Amsterdam's famous art galleries. Alternatively, take the car to Cannes in just over half a day or the ferry to Scandinavia for holidays you'd normally only dream of.

___17___

Hotels can be huge producers of greenhouse gasses — think about the water that's wasted, all the bathroom products thrown out half used and all the buffet food that goes uneaten. So choose an eco-friendly option instead. Camping or a home stay — where you live with a family in their own home — are two of the best options. ___18___ some of the things to look out for are hotels made from sustainable materials, which are energy efficient or use their own solar energy and that recycle. Some also have planting programs to attract wildlife.

Pack with care

The less you take, the lighter your carbon footprint because the heavier your luggage is, the more fuel it takes to carry. So pack light and pack responsibly. ___19___ All of their bottles, from shampoo and conditioner to body wash and moisturizers, are now made from recycled plastic that can be re-purposed again and again so no new plastic is produced. And their iconic soap bars now also come in plastic-free packaging.

Buy gifts responsibly

Bringing back gifts for friends and loved ones is part of the fun of a holiday. ____20____ Avoid anything plastic, or if it is plastic make sure it is 100% recyclable, and make sure your friends will love whatever you give them so it isn't just thrown in the bin headed for landfill. Try to buy presents made by local craftsmen that will benefit the community and help their economy. And don't bring back anything made from shells, coral or animal products, because you don't know if they're from sustainable sources.

- A. Consider living in an eco-friendly hotel
- B. Think about eco-friendly accommodation
- C. But if you insist on staying in the hotel,
- D. But make sure you choose items carefully.
- E. So why not skip flying in favor of a holiday closer to home?
- F. Rather than lie on a beach, why not help our precious planet when you're away?
- G. Take environmentally-friendly beauty and bathing products with you, such as Dove's range.

第二部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 55 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

When my children were teenagers, I ____21____ a fridge magnet with what was said to be a First Nation or Native American prayer. I ____22____ it on the door of our refrigerator in full view. I found the words to be thought ____23____ and hoped they would teach my children to have more patience and be more ____24____ of others.

Although my children are ____25____ now, with homes of their own, I've kept the magnet on our ____26____ door for the past twenty-five years. During that time, I've often found that the ____27____ has helped me see situations from a different perspective.

For example, a number of years ago, I was on my way to a farewell function with several colleagues. As we were leaving the office, we ____28____ our other colleague, Wendy, who had previously planned to attend the event with us. I asked Wendy if she wanted us to wait for her, and she responded in a fairly rude manner, ____29____ our invitation. One of my other colleagues was quite ____30____ and clearly angry over Wendy's behavior. "I don't know why you even bothered to ____31____ her," she said. ____32____ on how tired Wendy appeared as she rushed away from us, I commented that perhaps we should just give Wendy a ____33____ and forgive her for being rude at the last minute. She was ____34____ having a bad day, and it wasn't worth holding a grudge (怨恨) against her if we weren't aware of what ____35____ her unusual behavior.

A week later, I learned that when we came across Wendy, she was returning to the office from a medical appointment ____36____ she was told she had pancreatic cancer. She died a year later. Wendy wasn't being rude to us; she had just received a very ____37____ diagnosis.

Whether it's a family member who let me down, a friend who ____38____ a confidence, or a difficult colleague, the quote on my fridge ____39____ me. Although it's not always easy to forgive, I've been able to ____40____ a lot of grudge over the years by focusing on my mantra.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 21. A. missed | B. lost | C. purchased | D. sold |
| 22. A. spotted | B. carried | C. dropped | D. placed |
| 23. A. meaningful | B. interesting | C. familiar | D. unexpected |
| 24. A. aware | B. forgiving | C. ashamed | D. confident |
| 25. A. workers | B. parents | C. seniors | D. adults |
| 26. A. kitchen | B. fridge | C. bedroom | D. bathroom |
| 27. A. dream | B. message | C. target | D. relief |
| 28. A. bumped into | B. saw off | C. knocked down | D. dealt with |
| 29. A. demanding | B. accepting | C. declining | D. delaying |
| 30. A. curious | B. amazed | C. anxious | D. annoyed |
| 31. A. convince | B. promise | C. ignore | D. invite |
| 32. A. Reflecting | B. Counting | C. Looking | D. Concentrating |
| 33. A. break | B. party | C. dance | D. lesson |
| 34. A. suddenly | B. obviously | C. passively | D. naturally |
| 35. A. discovered | B. avoided | C. caused | D. created |
| 36. A. where | B. that | C. which | D. what |
| 37. A. confusing | B. shocking | C. unusual | D. casual |
| 38. A. built | B. lost | C. betrayed | D. possessed |
| 39. A. doubted | B. evaluated | C. guided | D. ordered |
| 40. A. take down | B. break through | C. come about | D. get rid of |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下列短文, 在空白处填入适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Double Ninth Festival ___ 41 ___ (celebrate) on the ninth day of the ninth lunar month. It is also known ___ 42 ___ the Senior Citizens' Festival. The festival ___ 43 ___ (base) on the theory of Yin and Yang, the two opposing principles in nature. The ancients believed that all natural ___ 44 ___ (phenomenon) could be explained by this theory. Numbers are related to this theory. Even numbers belong to Yin and odd numbers to Yang. The ninth day of the ninth lunar month is a day ___ 45 ___ the two Yang numbers meet. So it is called Chongyang.

___ 46 ___ (appreciate) chrysanthemum (菊花) and drinking chrysanthemum wine have always been a tradition during the Double Ninth Festival. Chrysanthemums are regarded as a kind of flower ___ 47 ___ (have) the function of an antitoxin (抗毒素) and can drive the evil away.

As nine is pronounced "jiu" meaning long in Chinese, so people use the word *jiu* ___ 48 ___ (express) the meaning of longevity with a person's life. In the year of 1989, the Double Ninth Festival was designated as Senior's Day — a day to respect the elderly. Members of a family also ___ 49 ___ (company) their elders to have a ___ 50 ___ (relax) day in a natural setting while wishing health and happiness upon them.

第三部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共 10 处错误

语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧)，并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；
2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Of all the people I have encountered in my life, a person I admire most is my English teacher. Working for our class teacher, she has to work around the clock to take good care of us as well as giving lectures and grade homework. She always walks towards the bus stop, carrying a bag full of notebook or a big folder with assessment reports she makes the night before. She is the one whom we spend major part of our day and she is the one who constant encourages us to break barriers and to be extraordinary. We owe all of our success to him. I will not forget her instructions but I would like to express to my deepest gratitude to her.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

你注意到同学们浪费食物的现象比较严重。请你为班级英语角写一篇短文，呼吁同学们珍惜粮食，杜绝浪费。内容包括：

1. 浪费食物的现象；
2. 杜绝浪费的原因；
3. 你的呼吁。

注意：

1. 词数 100 左右；
2. 题目已为你写好。

Don't waste food!



中学生标准学术能力诊断性测试 2020 年 11 月测试

英语参考答案

- | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1-5 CADCD | 6-10 CABBD | 11-15 CDBBA | 16-20 EBCGD | |
| 21-25 CDABD | 26-30 BBACD | 31-35 DAABC | 36-40 ABCCD | |
| 41. is celebrated | 42. as | 43. is based | 44. phenomena | 45. when |
| 46. Appreciating | 47. having | 48. to express | 49. accompany | 50. relaxing |

短文改错

Of all the people I have encountered in my life, a person I admire most is my English teacher. Working for our
the as
class teacher, she has to work around the clock to take good care of us as well as giving lectures and grade homework.
give
She always walks towards the bus stop, carrying a bag full of notebook or a big folder with assessment
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and

书面表达

Don't waste food

My dear classmates,

Recently, I have noticed a horrible food waste phenomenon in our class, to which we must attach our attention. Some classmates don't cherish the food. They buy a lot of food but eat only a little. Then, the rest is thrown away.

What a shame! After all, every bite of the food you throw away contains the hard labor of the producers, including the farmers and the workers. Additionally, many people in the world still don't have enough food to eat. If you can save the food, they will have more chances to have something to eat.

From where I stand, I do appeal to all of us to cherish food and never waste it. This is our duty.

so badly damaged that their owners had to leave them, and fifteen others had broken windows. One person was killed, and nine were badly injured and taken to hospital. Altogether over two hundred were left homeless as a result of the storm.

A farmer said the storm began early in the morning and lasted over an hour. He was in the kitchen with his wife and his children when they heard a loud noise. A few minutes later their house fell down on top of them. They managed to climb out but then he saw that one of his children was missing. He went back inside and found him safe but very frightened. A woman said that her husband had just left for work when she noticed that her house was shaking. She rushed outside immediately with her children. There was no time for her to take anything. A few minutes later, the roof came down. Soldiers went to the area to help the people in trouble.

第二节到此结束。

现在,你有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

听力部分到此结束。

试题答案

听力:

1~5 CABAB 6~10 ABCAA 11~15 CBBA 16~20 CCBCB

阅读理解:

21~23 BAC

A篇:本文是应用文,介绍了在12月份进行的四个活动。

21. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据 *Straight White Men* 介绍中的第一句可知,由韩裔美国作家 Young Jean Lee 创作的《白人直男》是一部通过三兄弟和他们父亲的故事来论述特权问题的喜剧。故推知,想看喜剧的人可以去 Studio Theatre。

22. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Piedmont Blues 介绍中的第一句可知,作为斯特拉斯莫尔“蓝调阴影”音乐节的一部分,爵士钢琴家和作曲家 Gerald Clayton 带领九人组合乐队进行表演。另外,歌手 Rene Marie 和踢踏舞演员 Maurice Chestnut 将参加演出。故推知,Piedmont Blues 是一个音乐盛宴。

23. C 【解析】推理判断题。通读全文可知,本文提供了有关这四个活动的信息,包括时间、地点、价格等。

24~27 ADCC

B篇:本文是记叙文,主要讲述了作者去古巴从事科研工作的经历。让作者印象最深刻的是古巴科研团队的合作精神。

24. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句可知,让作者印象最深刻的是他被介绍给了研究中心的每个人。

25. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段最后一句可知,当第一家餐厅无法把他们安排在同一张桌子时,作者的合作伙伴们坚持继续找另一家有足够大的桌子的餐厅。故可推知,作者的合作伙伴们拒绝在第一家餐厅就餐是因为不想团队被分开。

26. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第五段第三句可知,作者敦促与他一起工作的每个人,让他们都感到自己是团队的一部分。故可推知,作者在团队中注重合作精神。

27. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段最后一句可知,作者现在花更多的时间去倾听,确保每个人的声音都被听到,这说明作者现在很关注大众的意见。

28~31 DABD

C篇:本文是说明文,主要介绍了气候变化给孟加拉国沿海的农民带来的威胁。

28. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段可知,海水的泛滥使土壤盐碱化,迫使孟加拉国沿海的农民从种植大米

【高三英语试卷·参考答案 第4页(共8页)】

(农业)转向饲养虾和其他海鱼(水产业)。

29. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段第二句可知,陈收集了几乎所有的社会经济、人口、地理和气候变化数据,创建了评估模型。故可推知,评估模型数据是详尽的,全面的。
30. B 【解析】词义猜测题。根据科学预测,未来 120 年,居住着 13 亿人口的沿海社区将被海水淹没。这使孟加拉国约 40% 的农田处于危险之中,沿海地区的居民已经在遭受频繁的洪水灾害。故可推知,jeopardy 意为“危险”。
31. D 【解析】主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了气候变化给孟加拉国沿海的农民带来的威胁。

32~35 DCBB

D 篇:本文是一篇说明文,主要讲“恐音症”是如何产生的。它是由于大脑的不规律性而产生的脑部疾病。“恐音症”患者容易厌恶进食、咀嚼、大声呼吸、甚至是敲击键盘等声音。

32. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段第一句可知,英国 Newcastle 大学的一个研究小组在播放一系列声音时,对那些有或没有恐音症的参与者进行了核磁共振成像脑部扫描。由此可知,这个小组主要研究了参与者的脑部活动的变化。
33. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段第一句可知,当“恐音症”患者听到“触发音”时,他们的大脑活动会发生显著变化。第三段最后一句表明,吃东西的声音就属于“触发音”。
34. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段 Tim Griffiths 所说的话可知,最初,他也是持怀疑态度群体中的一员。故可推知,他对测试结果最初是怀疑的。
35. B 【解析】主旨大意题。本文主要讲“恐音症”是如何产生的。它是由于大脑的不规律性而产生的脑部疾病。

36~40 FBEGC

七选五:本文是说明文。文章主要提供了一些与医生沟通你所爱的人的病症的建议。

36. F 【解析】根据主旨句“确保医生理解你的角色”和下文“如果真是这样,一定要让医生把他所有的重要情况都告诉你”可知,F 项“如果你所爱的人不能够接受指导”起承上启下作用,符合题意。
37. B 【解析】B 项“医生可能会回答:‘没问题’”承接上文“如果我们能早点见面对我的工作比较好”。
38. E 【解析】根据下文“如果你不了解你所爱的人的某些情况,向他的医生询问具体的问题”可知,E 项“了解你所爱的人的情况”与下文衔接紧密,概括了本段的主旨大意。
39. G 【解析】G 项“你可以提供更多关于他的习惯的详细信息”引出下文“然后,他的医生就更容易给他提供最好的治疗”。
40. C 【解析】根据主旨句“要懂得感恩”和上文“别忘了感谢他的医生所做的一切”可知,C 项“一点点善意和认可会有很大的帮助”符合题意。

41~45 CABCD 46~50 CABAB 51~55 DDCAB 56~60 ACDBD

完形填空:本文是记叙文。多米尼加共和国之旅让“我”意识到了教育的重要性,并且找到了职业方向。

41. C 【解析】考查动词。Dessy 从校园那头一眼就认出(spotted)了“我”。她很容易地(readily)认出了“我”,只是因为“我”寄给她的一张全家福。
42. A 【解析】考查副词。解析见 41 题。
43. B 【解析】考查动词。她带着(carried)一个小钱包,那是“我”去年送给她的生日礼物。她似乎把它带在身上很长时间了。
44. C 【解析】考查名词。根据第三段第一句中的“all children are smiling to me”可知,她的笑容(smile)让“我”热泪盈眶。
45. D 【解析】考查形容词。事实上,Dessy 是我们家赞助的(sponsored)孩子。几年来,“我”的家人一直为她支

【高三英语试卷·参考答案 第 5 页(共 8 页)】

付在灯塔学校接受教育的费用。

46. C 【解析】考查动词。在多米尼加共和国的时候，“我”身边围绕(surrounded)着很多孩子，他们生活贫困，但对自己所拥有的东西很满足(content)。
47. A 【解析】考查形容词。解析见 46 题。
48. B 【解析】考查形容词。许多孩子无法(unable)上学。像 Dessy 一样，几乎所有接受教育的孩子都必须得到资助。所以教育对这些孩子来说是最好的礼物(gift)。
49. A 【解析】考查名词。解析见 48 题。
50. B 【解析】考查形容词。在灯塔学校，所有的孩子都对“我”微笑。他们知道有这么多人去帮助他们，他们是幸福的(blessed)。
51. D 【解析】考查动词短语。教育可能是他们摆脱(rising above)贫困生活并取得成功的唯一机会。
52. D 【解析】考查动词。这些孩子如此渴望学习(learn)。他们很感激能有这样的机会(opportunity)。
53. C 【解析】考查名词。解析见 52 题。
54. A 【解析】考查动词。在我们国家，不同于多米尼加的孩子，大多数孩子不认为(consider)受教育是一种特权。
55. B 【解析】考查名词。“我”的目标(target)是成为一名教师，可以通过“我”的教育影响(influence)孩子们，让他们也能感到接受教育是荣幸的(privileged)。
56. A 【解析】考查动词。解析见 55 题。
57. C 【解析】考查形容词。解析见 55 题。
58. D 【解析】考查名词。根据关键词“importance”可知，孩子们应该知道和了解教育的重要性(significance)。
59. B 【解析】考查动词。Jane Goodall 曾经说过“每个人都很重要(matters)；每个人都有自己的角色；每个人都能发挥作用”。
60. D 【解析】考查名词。“我”想通过成为一名最好的教育工作者(educator)去影响孩子们的人生。
61. is thought 62. understanding 63. that / which 64. combined 65. awareness 66. priceless 67. requires
68. a 69. highly 70. to / toward(s)

语法填空：

61. is thought 【解析】考查语态。根据语境和主语 ability 与动词 think 是被动关系可知，此处应该用一般现在时的被动语态。be thought of as 意为“被认为是……”。
62. understanding 【解析】考查非谓语动词。根据上文中的介词“of”及下文中的“working”可知，此处应该用 understand 的动名词形式作介词的宾语。
63. that / which 【解析】考查定语从句。分析句子结构可知，此处为定语从句，先行词为 areas，关系代词 that / which 指代物，且在从句中作主语。
64. combined 【解析】考查非谓语动词。combine 与主语 these 是动宾关系，故此处应该用过去分词作状语。
65. awareness 【解析】考查词性转换。根据空前的“The”可知，此处应该用名词作主语。awareness 意为“意识；知道”。
66. priceless 【解析】考查形容词。根据语境及空后的“skill”可知，此处应该用形容词作定语。priceless 意为“极贵重的；无价的”。
67. requires. 【解析】考查时态 / 主谓一致。当单个动名词或动名词短语作主语时，谓语动词用单数形式，且本句陈述的是客观事实，故此处应该用 require 的第三人称单数形式。
68. a 【解析】考查冠词。固定短语 have a good understanding of 意为“有很好的理解”。
69. highly 【解析】考查副词。副词 highly 在此处修饰 enhanced。highly 意为“高度地”。

【高三英语试卷·参考答案 第 6 页(共 8 页)】

70. to / toward(s) 【解析】考查介词。attitude to / toward(s)意为“对……的态度”。

短文改错：

Last year, my father buys me an e-reader, on which I didn't actually read a book. It didn't feel the same bought like a real book in my hands because it was too light. My finger missed the familiar feeling of turning the pages. as fingers Reading on the screen for ^ long time made my eyes feel rather tiring. In addition, I had to charge it up a tired frequently, or I never got that problem with a real book. Therefore, no matter what successful e-readers are, but how it can't beat the attraction of real books for me. I can feel about the pages of real books and put a beautifully they beautiful bookmark in them.

71. buys—bought 【解析】考查时态。根据时间状语“Last year”可知,此句应该用一般过去时。

72. like—as 【解析】考查副词。the same as 是固定搭配且意为“与……一样”。

73. finger—fingers 【解析】考查名词单复数。根据句意可知,此处应该是指“我”用多个手指翻动书页。

74. long 前加 a 【解析】考查冠词。a long time 意为“一段很长时间”。

75. tiring—tired 【解析】考查非谓谓动词。此处指眼睛感到很疲倦,故改为 tire 的过去分词形式。tiring 意为“令人疲倦的”;tired 意为“感到疲倦的”。

76. or—but 【解析】考查连词。根据句意“我不得不经常给它充电。但我读一本真正的书时,从来没遇到这样的问题”可知,此处应该用 but 表示转折。

77. what—how 【解析】考查状语从句。根据后面的形容词“successful”可知,此处应该用 no matter how 引导让步状语从句。no matter how 意为“无论如何;不管怎样”;no matter what 意为“无论什么”。

78. it—they 【解析】考查代词。根据上文中的复数名词“e-readers”可知,此处应该改为 they。

79. 删除 feel 后的 about 【解析】考查介词。feel 作及物动词时意为“感到”,feel about 意为“摸索;认为”。故此句介词“about”多余。

80. beautifully—beautiful 【解析】考查形容词。形容词 beautiful 在此处修饰名词 bookmark。

书面表达：

命题立意：本题要求考生以“Health”为题，写一篇演讲稿，内容包括：1. 阐述健康的重要性；2. 保持健康的方法；3. 号召大家重视健康。该设题有利于考查学生的英语核心素养，与中学生的生活密切相关。考生应该用英语思维合理表达，自然过渡到下一表达要点。

参考范文：

Health

Ladies and gentlemen, I'm lucky to share the topic "Health" with you. As a saying goes, health is above wealth. You must feel the same way. Without healthy body and mind, we can't accomplish what we set out to do. Without health, how can we catch up with the rapidly changing world? In brief, health is everything.

To keep healthy, we should have a balanced diet, form good living habits, take enough exercise and maintain a good mindset. In conclusion, I personally believe a healthy life is the source of happiness. So let's keep an eye on our health and embrace a healthy life. Thank you!

关于我们

自主选拔在线（原自主招生在线）创办于 2014 年，历史可追溯至 2008 年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于**中国拔尖人才培养**的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

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自主选拔在线平台一直秉承“专业、专注、有态度”的创办理念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供中学拔尖人才培养咨询服务，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度战略合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019 年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

未来，自主选拔在线将立足于全国新高考改革，全面整合高校、中学及教育机构等资源，依托在线教育模式，致力于打造更加全面、专业的**新高考拔尖人才培养**服务平台。



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