



# 英语

巢湖一中 合肥八中 淮南二中 六安一中 南陵中学 舒城中学 太湖中学 天长中

本试卷满分150分，考试时间1

## 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）

### 第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项  
中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时  
间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- C 1. What will the man do?  
A. Help the woman.  
B. Visit the school.  
C. Attend a meeting.
- A 2. Where does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At an airport.                      B. In a hotel.                      C. In a library.
- B 3. What will the two speakers eat for supper?  
A. Pizza.                                  B. Salad.                                  C. Steak.
- B 4. When will the two speakers probably have dinner together?  
A. On Sunday.                              B. On Wednesday.                      C. On Saturday.
- A 5. What does the man most care about?  
A. Time.                                      B. Pleasure.                                  C. Exercise.

### 第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、  
B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，  
你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答  
时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

- B 6. What will happen on Saturday?  
A. Watching a football match.  
B. Playing football together.  
C. Buying a couple of nets.
- C 7. Why did the man feel stupid?  
A. He made something wrong.  
B. He disliked playing football.  
C. He has no soccer shoes.

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# 高三二模底考 英语试题

中学 屯溪一中 宣城中学 滁州中学 池州一中 阜阳一中 灵璧中学 宿城一中

120分钟。请在答题卡上作答。

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

8. Why is the show good?

- A. Because of the vivid pictures.
- B. Because of the cheap admission.
- C. Because of the positive theme.

9. What might do harm to sea animals?

- A. Tourists.
- B. Plastic waste.
- C. Chain stores.

10. What does the woman use every day?

- A. Her water bottle.
- B. Her lunch box.
- C. Plastic bags.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

11. Who has dark straight hair?

- A. Susan.
- B. Helen.
- C. Olivia.

12. Where was Helen heading for?

- A. The man's home.
- B. The corner of the street.
- C. Her classroom.

13. Why is Helen always annoying?

- A. She makes careless mistakes.
- B. She is always in a hurry.
- C. She is always late for class.

听第9段材料，回答第14至17题。

14. What is Vermeer?

- A. A tourist.
- B. A painter.
- C. A guide.

15. Who stayed with Alan in Brussels?

- A. Rembrandt.
- B. Vermeer.
- C. Rita.

16. What was the weather like in Munich?

- A. Sunny.
- B. Cold.
- C. Snowy.

17. How did the man go to Italy?

- A. By car.
- B. By air.
- C. By train.

听第10段材料，回答第18至20题。

18. What does the cartoon mainly focus on?

- A. The influence of two main roles.

- B. The 161 famous short films.  
C. The fights between a cat and a mouse.
19. Where was *Tom and Jerry* first played?  
A. On television.                      B. In theaters.                      C. In restaurants.
20. What makes *Tom and Jerry* so popular in the speaker's opinion?  
A. The colorful roles of the story itself.  
B. The worldwide influence of the story.  
C. The lively pictures and funny sounds.

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

<b>Four of the best restaurants in Paris</b>	
<b>Verjus</b>	Opened by the innovative American couple, Verjus is a romantic restaurant. Located behind the Palais-Royal, it offers the best food featuring fresh and seasonal flavors, not to mention one of the best fried chicken dishes in the city, available at the wine bar. <b>Restaurant Verjus, 52, rue de Richelieu 75001 Paris. Tel +33 1 42 97 54 40</b>
<b>Chez Casimir</b>	The little brother of famous Chez Michel, Chez Casimir shares a kitchen with the more expensive restaurant, though it serves more affordable food. Located near Gare du Nord, it's particularly convenient for those looking for affordable dining. <b>Chez Casimir, Gare du Nord, 6 rue de Belzunce, 75010 Paris. Tel +33 1 48 78 28 80</b>
<b>Les Papilles</b>	Les Papilles is a wine shop that doubles as one of the city's most charming restaurants launched by Bertrand Bluy, who gave up a three-Michelin-star post for something more casual in the Latin Quarter. An abundant four-course fixed menu features a main dish out of a copper pot and usually a plate of cheese. The plates change daily. <b>Les Papilles, 30 Rue Gay-Lussac, 75005 Paris. Tel +33 1 43 25 20 79</b>
<b>Le Chateaubriand</b>	Reserve a table, if you can, but unless you plan far in advance, you'll have to join the crowd on the sidewalk waiting for a spot in line. The small room and portions don't make for a relaxing meal, but one that will surprise and excite. <b>Le Chateaubriand, 129 avenue Parmentier, 75011 Paris. Tel +33 1 43 57 45 95</b>

21. What do we know about Verjus in Paris?  
A. It's run by a foreign couple.  
B. It's located near Gare du Nord.  
C. It offers the cheapest fried chicken.  
D. It uses different plates every day.
22. Which number should you probably dial to spend less money on food?  
A. +33 1 42 97 54 40.  
B. +33 1 48 78 28 80.  
C. +33 1 43 25 20 79.  
D. +33 1 43 57 45 95.
23. In which restaurant should you book a table ahead of time?  
A. Verjus.  
B. Chez Casimir.  
C. Les Papilles.  
D. Le Chateaubriand.

B

Last Saturday, Lai Chi-wai used a rope system to pull himself up 250 meters along the side of a skyscraper in Hong Kong. Mr. Lai, who can't move his legs, was strapped into his wheelchair as he climbed.

Before 2011, Mr. Lai was a world-famous rock climber. He also taught others how to climb. That ended 10 years ago, when Mr. Lai was involved in a car crash. The accident left him paralyzed(瘫痪) from the waist down, unable to move his legs. Since then, he's needed to use a wheelchair to get around.

But Mr. Lai couldn't get over his love of climbing. He figured out a way to attach his wheelchair to a roping system that allowed him to climb again. In 2016, Mr. Lai climbed Lion Rock in Kowloon, Hong Kong. It's a 495-meter climb that he had done many times before. Climbing Lion Rock again made him realize that he could still climb successfully, even if he couldn't do it in the same way he had in the past.

Last Saturday, Mr. Lai started to climb Hong Kong's Nina Tower. The morning started off well enough. But by early afternoon, strong winds had come up. They blew Mr. Lai around and tangled(使缠结) his ropes. Finally, after he climbed for 10 hours and reached a height of 250 meters, the winds became too rough, and Mr. Lai had to give up his goal of reaching the top. But along the way, he set a new record. He also raised over \$700,000 for a charity that is working to help others who have been paralyzed.

Mr. Lai said that often, disabled people are viewed as weak. He hoped his climb would send a different message. "If a disabled person can shine," he said, "they can at the same time bring about opportunity, hope and light; they don't have to be viewed

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as weak."

B 24. What made Lal Chh-wai paralyzed?

- A. A failed operation.
- B. A car accident.
- C. An improper climbing training.
- D. A faulty rope system.

D 25. What does the third paragraph mainly tell us?

- A. Mr. Lai is expert at climbing.
- B. Mr. Lai has a gift for climbing.
- C. Mr. Lai restarted climbing.
- D. Mr. Lai climbed Lion Rock.

A 26. What do we know about Mr. Lai's last Saturday's climbing?

- A. It was a real challenge.
- B. It made him famous.
- C. He was supported by charity.
- D. He wasn't well prepared.

C 27. How does Mr. Lai regard the disabled people?

- A. They are normal.
- B. They are losers.
- C. They are pitiful.
- D. They are hopeful.

In *WALL-E*, a science fiction movie, a little robot is responsible for cleaning a world covered in garbage; a world where there is no longer room for anything else, not even humans! The film encourages common people, worldwide leaders and businessmen to ask the obvious question: What can be done to prevent something like this happening? For some, microfactories could become the most promising answer.

Vecna Sahajwalla, a materials scientist and engineer in Sydney, Australia, has discovered a solution to the challenging waste problem. Her one-stop approach could go beyond the existing recycling processes. Her invention, waste microfactories, mainly targets electronic waste and plastic. It can transform waste into new materials with the help of thermal(热工) technology.

"Using our green manufacturing(制造) technologies, these microfactories can transform waste where it is largely reserved and created, enabling local businesses and communities to not only deal with local waste problems, but to develop a commercial opportunity from the valuable materials that are created," she explains.

And the way these modular(模块化) microfactories work is fascinating too. Firstly, no more than 50 square meters are needed to operate them, so they can be located anywhere, reducing journeys between manufacturing plants and recycling processors.

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In the first module, the thrown-away computers, mobile phones and printers are broken down. Next, in another module, a special robot is responsible for identifying useful parts. Once this process is completed, a third stage involves transforming those pieces into valuable materials using controlled heat.

Although the most effective solution to address the waste challenges would be not to create as much trash, Sahajwalla microfactories provide hope for all the waste that already exists. Her solution not only decreases the amount of waste, but it also improves its management and enables new manufacturing opportunities around the new materials created.

A 28. Why is *WALL-E* mentioned?

- A. To introduce the main topic.
- B. To advertise the science fiction movie.
- C. To show the strength of technology.
- D. To promote the convenience of robots.

B 29. What do Veena Sahajwalla's words suggest?

- A. The technology is an inspiration from a movie.
- B. The technology deals with waste in small quantities.
- C. The technology benefits both the environment and investors.
- D. The technology is mainly of commercial value.

30. Why is controlled heat used in the process?

- A. To break down thrown-away electronics.
- B. To transform electronic waste into valuable materials.
- C. To identify useful parts in the thrown-away electronics.
- D. To reduce journeys between manufacturing plants and recycling processors.

31. What's the author's attitude to Sahajwalla's microfactories?

- A. Disapproving.
- B. Skeptical.
- C. Supportive.
- D. Objective.

D

When kids sit down to eat lunch at school, fruits and vegetables may not be their first choice. But with more time at the lunch table, they are more likely to pick up those healthy foods. If we want to improve children's nutrition and health, ensuring longer school lunch breaks can help achieve those goals, according to research from the University of Illinois.

"Ten minutes of seated lunch time or less is quite common. Scheduled lunch time may be longer, but students have to wait in line to get their food. This means the amount of time children actually have to eat their meals is much less than the

scheduled time,” says Melissa Pflugh Prescott, assistant professor in the Department of Food Science and Human Nutrition. “During shorter lunch periods, children ate significantly less of the fruit and vegetable parts of their meal, while there was no significant difference in the amount of entrees(主食) they consumed. It makes sense that you might eat the part of the meal you look forward to first, and if there’s enough time left you might go towards the other parts. But if there’s not enough time, fruit and vegetables are likely to suffer,” Prescott explains.

“Our findings support policies that require at least 20 minutes of seated lunch time at school,” she states. School lunch time policies can be decided at the district level, with some room for individual schools to set their own standards; for example, schools can institute a longer lunch time than the district mandates(授权).

Prescott notes that longer lunch time can also have beneficial effects for children beyond healthy eating. “The amount of seated time children have is also a really valuable time for them to connect with their friends; they might have limited opportunities to do so throughout the school day. We found significantly fewer social interactions during the 10-minute lunch time. That indicates other positive outcomes may come from longer lunch breaks as well,” she concludes.

32. Why do students eat less of the fruit and vegetables according to Prescott?
- A. They are unwilling to wait in line.
  - B. There is not enough time for them.
  - C. They’re not used to a balanced diet.
  - D. There is too much study pressure on them.
33. What does the underlined word “institute” in Paragraph 3 probably mean?
- A. Set up.
  - B. Put off.
  - ~~C. Make use of.~~
  - ~~D. Run out of.~~
34. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about?
- A. Key reasons for a longer lunch time.
  - B. The importance of a healthy diet.
  - C. Other benefits of a longer lunch time.
  - D. The detailed lunch time arrangements.
35. What can be the best title for the text?
- A. Eating lunch at school makes children healthier
  - B. Longer school lunch time enables children to learn better
  - C. Kids at school spend much time waiting in line for lunch
  - D. Longer lunch time helps kids eat more fruit and vegetables

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2分, 满分10分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

### How to Enjoy Your Holiday Alone

Spending a holiday alone can actually be more enjoyable than hanging out with other people. 36. There are a few things you can do on your own to make your holiday season special this year.

Stay in your pajamas(睡衣) all day. If planning to spend the day at home, you don't need to bother with real pants. Put on your softest sweatpants or your comfortable robe and wander around the house while staying comfortable.

Sleep in. It's your holiday! 37 You can enjoy the extra rest and return to your normal life feeling refreshed and energized.

38. Speaking of sleep, why not catch up on it in the afternoon? When the entire day is yours, you can use it how you please. If you're feeling tired, take a quick rest in your bed or on your couch.

You could also try doing simple yoga. Even 15 minutes can help you feel relaxed and centered. 39.

Reach out to family and friends. If you want to see your loved ones but you can't be there in person, a quick phone call or a video chat will probably help. 40. And then spend some time talking about your holiday traditions, even if you can't be together in person.

- A. Do something meaningful
- B. Give you some emotional support
- C. Take a short sleep in the middle of the day
- D. And you might even find that you like it more
- E. Send them a text to see when they're available
- F. Turn off your alarm and let your body wake up naturally
- G. You can look up classes in your area, or try a class online

第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分45分)

第一节 完形填空 (共20小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分30分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A terrible thunder storm had hit our area recently. Heavy 41, high winds and lots of lightening had caused flooding and knocked down trees. I had spent the afternoon 42 branches out of my yard and throwing them away. Then the 43 came over my phone that another storm was 44 our way.

Huge clouds were rolling in while 45 boomed over the hills. The darkness seemed darker and 46 than usual because I knew what was on the way. Then I saw the 47 blink(闪烁) of light, up high, at the far end of the field behind my



house. I 48. The first of the fireflies had 49 for the summer at just the time I needed to see his light. Soon a few others were 50 their lights as well. It 51 me how far their light traveled in the darkness of the night and how they didn't seem bothered at all by the 52 storm. I spent an extra few minutes 53 them before heading in to get ready for the storm. And I noticed that the 54 no longer seemed so frightening and that my fear had been 55 by joy.

Life does have its 56 of storms, which is normal and unavoidable. However, we can't 57 life being scared of them. Take a 58 from the fireflies then. Let your light 59. It may seem tiny but you will be amazed at how far it can be seen and how 60 it can drive the dark away.

- |                       |                |                |                |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| C 41. A. smoke        | B. traffic     | C. rains       | D. fog         |
| A 42. A. cutting down | B. picking up  | C. digging out | D. sorting out |
| D 43. A. flash        | B. conclusion  | C. threat      | D. warning     |
| 44. A. heading        | B. making      | C. blocking    | D. avoiding    |
| D 45. A. wind         | B. trees       | C. thunder     | D. fireflies   |
| D 46. A. lighter      | B. thinner     | C. damper      | D. scarier     |
| C 47. A. tiniest      | B. brightest   | C. fastest     | D. purest      |
| C 48. A. complained   | B. smiled      | C. left        | D. sighed      |
| A 49. A. appeared     | B. waited      | C. applied     | D. competed    |
| D 50. A. hiding       | B. collecting  | C. blinking    | D. absorbing   |
| D 51. A. entertained  | B. annoyed     | C. frustrated  | D. amazed      |
| 52. A. failing        | B. approaching | C. fading      | D. missing     |
| A 53. A. watching     | B. inviting    | C. helping     | D. catching    |
| B 54. A. flood        | B. summer      | C. darkness    | D. insect      |
| 55. A. doubled        | B. worsened    | C. lowered     | D. replaced    |
| 56. A. wisdom         | B. means       | C. share       | D. cause       |
| D 57. A. go through   | B. rely on     | C. set aside   | D. play with   |
| B 58. A. risk         | B. lesson      | C. break       | D. chance      |
| D 59. A. reflect      | B. mirror      | C. fly         | D. shine       |
| B 60. A. carefully    | B. easily      | C. slowly      | D. gently      |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Fifteen elephants are approaching the Chinese city of Kunming. Altogether the animals 61 (cover) 500km from their habitat in a nature reserve near the borders with Myanmar and Laos. And they are now near 62 city of 6.6 million people. They have travelled along highways 63 through farms over the past few months. And their journey has been attracting the attention of the Chinese public.

Experts are now doing all they can 64 (keep) the elephants away from Kunming city. They are setting up barriers along the way, 65 (hope) to get them

to go back towards the nature reserve. No one knows 66 the animals have walked so far away from 67 (they) original habitat. One reason could be a decline in the amount of edible(可食用的) plants in their reserve, especially 68 (supply) of their favourite foods. Another reason could be a rise in numbers in the wild elephant population in the area, from 193 in the 1980s 69 around 300 today. A further 70 (possible) is that the elephants' leader could have led them astray(迷路).

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处, 每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在该词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Today I'll talk a little bit about Italian culture. Music plays <sup>an</sup> important role in the culture of Italy. Italian music is heavy influenced by its history. And the piano and the violin are said have been invented in Italy. Italians are fond of spend time with their families. In the old days, Italian families were used to be large. However, they are smaller in size now. Family member always get together at every festival. As for sports, one of the most popular sports in Italy are football. The Italian national team is one of the better in the world. Another popular sports include volleyball, basketball, boxing or bike riding.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 你的美国笔友 Jonah 发来邮件询问关于你最喜欢的一本书籍。请你根据以下要点给他回信, 要点如下:

1. 书籍简介;
2. 对你的影响 (举例)

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Jonah,

How are you? I'm writing to share my favorite book with you.

Yours,  
Li Hua

# 1号卷·A10联盟2022届高三摸底考

## 英语参考答案

### 第一部分 听力

1—5 CABBA      6—10 BACBB      11—15 ACABC      16—20 ACCBA

### 第二部分 阅读

#### 第一节 阅读理解

21—23 ABD      24—27 BCAD      28—31 ACBC      32—35 BACD

#### 第二节 短文填空

36—40 DFCGE

### 第三部分 英语知识运用

#### 第一节 完形填空

41—45 CBDAC      46—50 DABAC      51—55 DBACD      56—60 CABDB

#### 第二节 语法填空

61. have covered      62. the      63. and      64. to keep      65. hoping  
66. why      67. their      68. supplies      69. to      70. possibility

### 第四部分 写作

#### 第一节 短文改错

Today I'll talk a little bit about Italian culture. Music plays a important role in the culture of Italy. Italian an music is heavy influenced by its history. And the piano and the violin are said ^ have been invented in Italy. Italians are fond of spend time with their families. In the old days, Italian families were used to be large. However, they are smaller in size now. Family member always get together at every festival. As for sports, one of the most popular sports in Italy are football. The Italian national team is one of the better in the world. Another popular sports include volleyball, basketball, boxing or bike riding.

#### 第二节 书面表达

#### One possible version:

Dear Jonah,

How are you? I'm writing to share my favorite book with you.

My favorite book is titled *How to Improve English Writing*, which is actually a birthday gift from my sister. Though only a 126-page book, it contains many well-written English compositions and practical skills to improve my English writing.

Last term I did poorly in an important English test, which of course made me upset. Seeing that I got a very low score in the writing part, my sister sent me this book and encouraged me to improve my writing. From then on I spent more time on writing. Thanks to the book, I have made great progress in writing. I love this book.

Best wishes!

Yours,  
Li Hua

【解题导语】本文是一篇应用文。主要介绍了法国首都巴黎的一些有名的餐馆，并简单介绍了它们的一些特色、地点及联系方式等。

21.A 细节理解题。根据第一个表格中的“Opened by the innovative American couple”可知，Verjus 是由一对富有创新精神的美国夫妇所开的餐馆。

22.B 细节理解题。根据第二个表格中的内容可知，Chez Casimir 这家餐馆菜价合理，经济实惠。

23.D 细节理解题。根据最后一个表格中的“Reserve a table, if you can, but unless you plan far in advance”可知，如果你不想在拥挤的人群中排队，你就要提前预订。



【解题导语】本文是一篇记叙文。一位坐着轮椅的香港人，耗时10个小时攀登一座摩天大楼，其行为打动了很多人。

24.B 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“Mr. Lai was involved in a car crash. The accident left him paralyzed(瘫痪)”可知，一次车祸导致他瘫痪。

25.C 段落大意题。第二段提到：赖先生无法克服他对登山的热爱。他想出了一种方法，将他的轮椅连接到一个绳索系统上，这样他就可以再次攀登。再次攀登狮子岩使他意识到，即使他不能用以前的方式攀登，他仍然可以成功地攀登。可知，本段主要说明他重新开始攀登。

26.A 推理判断题。根据第四段内容可知，这次攀登是一次挑战。

27.D 推理判断题。根据最后一段内容可知，他们可以闪耀，也能创造机会、希望和光明。

【解题导语】本文是一篇说明文。澳大利亚的科学家发现通过微型工厂可以把垃圾变废为宝。

28.A 推理判断题。第一段开始提到“WALL-E, a science fiction movie”，之后提到“*For some, microfactories could become the most promising answer.*”判断可知，提到它的目的是为导入主题作铺垫。

29.C 推理判断题。根据第三段内容可知，这项技术有利于环境和投资者。

30.B 细节理解题。根据第五段中的“*Once this process is completed, a third stage involves transforming those pieces into valuable materials using controlled heat.*”可知，贵重材料通过控制热获得。

31.C 推理判断题。根据最后一段内容可知，作者对萨哈瓦拉微型工厂持赞成的态度。

【解题导语】本文是一篇说明文。在学校吃午餐的孩子们往往因为排队等原因导致坐下来吃饭的时间很短，从而导致了他们很少吃蔬菜、水果这些营养食物。本文通过研究调查建议学校延长午餐时间，这样有利于孩子们多方面的身心发展。

32.B 细节理解题。根据第二段内容可知，孩子们吃蔬菜、水果太少，是因为他们的午餐时间不够。

33.A 词义推测题。根据前一句可知，各地区学校可根据自己情况设定午餐时间。比如，有些学校可以设定比该地区授权的午餐时间更长一些。因此，划线词此处意为“设定；执行”。

34.C 推理判断题。根据最后一段内容可知，本段主要叙述实施更长的午餐时间还有很多其他方面的益处。

35.D 标题归纳题。在学校吃午餐的孩子们往往因为排队等原因导致坐下来吃饭的时间很短，从而导致了他们很少吃蔬菜、水果这些营养食物。本文通过研究调查建议学校延长午餐时间，这样有利于孩子们多方面的身心发展。

【解题导语】本文是一篇说明文。独自一人度假有它的好处，如果你希望让你的假期很特别，可以尝试一下。

36.D 首句指出独自度假更令人享受，与同他人在一起比较，你或许更喜欢独自度假的方式，故选D。

37.F 根据第三段中的“*It's your holiday!*”可知，关掉闹钟，让你自然醒来。故选F。

38.C 第四段提到：说到睡眠，为什么不在于下午补上呢？当一整天都属于你的时候，你可以随心所欲地使用它。如果你累了，就在床上休息一下。可知，中午小睡一会儿。故选C。

39.G 根据第五段中的“*Even 15 minutes can help you feel relaxed and centered.*”可知，你可以在你所在的地方寻找课程，或者在网上尝试一门课程。故选G。

40.E 根据第六段中的“*And then spend some time talking about your holiday traditions*”可知，给他们发个短信看看他们什么时候有空。故选E。

【解题导语】本文是一篇夹叙夹议文。作者所处地区最近经常发生雷暴，大雨、雷电破坏了当地的生活。但作者在雷暴前的黑暗中看到了小小萤火虫的光亮，它们不畏惧雷暴，闪耀自我的精神让作者明白了生活中也要学萤火虫：闪耀自我，即便光亮很小，也能驱走黑暗。

41.C 根据前面一句可知，作者所处地区最近经常下暴雨，因此，此处为大雨、大风和很多闪电。

42.B 前面说暴雨造成洪灾和许多树被折断，因此，作者一下午都在院外收拾树枝并把它们扔掉。

43.D 电视里面播报关于即将到来的雷雨的警告。

44.A 电视里的警告说：另一场暴雨正朝我们地区而来。动词head表示“朝……方向前进”之意。

45.C 根据上文介绍的最近经常发生雷雨可知，山坡上轰隆隆的自然雷声。

46.D 根据本段末句中的“*no longer seemed so frightening*”可知，暴雨来之前的黑暗比往常更加黑暗和令人害怕。

47.A 根据最后一段中的“*It may seem tiny but...*”可知，作者此处描述的是萤火虫的闪光是最细微的亮光。

48.B 作者在最恐惧的时候看到了黑暗里的亮光，作者心里一下子亮堂起来；再根据本段最后的“*by joy*”可知，作者笑了，心里也不再那么害怕了。

49.A 在夏季黑暗里作者最需要光亮的时候，第一只萤火虫出现了，发出了亮光。

50.C 很快，其他的萤火虫也开始一样闪烁出它们的亮光了。

51.D 根据上下文语境和最后一句话中的“*It may seem tiny but you will be amazed at how far*”可知，作者对如此遥远闪烁亮光的萤火虫们感到吃惊，并吃惊于它们对即将到来的暴雨丝毫未受到打搅。

52.B 根据语境及第一段最后一句可知，此处表示即将到来的暴雨。

- 53.A 作者花了几分钟进一步观察这些萤火虫，并理解了它们在面对困难而用于闪耀自我的精神含义。  
54.C 此处和本段第二句进行对比；作者此时发现现在的黑暗并不像之前那样的让人害怕了。  
55.D 作者现在心情好了很多，之前的恐惧现在都被高兴所取代了。  
56.C 作者通过自己的经历来说明生活中我们也难免遇到暴风雨，生活拥有暴雨的份额，意思就是生活难免有一些暴雨。  
57.A 尽管生活中我们难免经历暴雨，但我们不能在恐惧中度过人生。  
58.B 因此，我们要从萤火虫身上学习并吸取教训。  
59.D 我们要学习萤火虫，让我们身上的亮光闪耀出来。  
60.B 我们身上的亮光可能像萤火虫那样渺小，但是它却能在很远的地方就能让人感受到，并且能很容易地驱走我们心中的黑暗。

【解题导语】本文是一篇新闻报道。连日来，15头野生亚洲象在云南一路逛吃北迁，来到了昆明地区。

61. have covered 考查时态语态。这里用现在完成时表示这群野象从离开栖息地到现在走了500公里。  
62. the 考查冠词。这里特指昆明这座城市。  
63. and 考查连词。along highways 与 through farms 是并列关系。  
64. to keep 考查非谓语动词。do all one can to do sth. 意为“尽一切可能做某事”。  
65. hoping 考查非谓语动词。动词hope与主语they之间是主动关系，出现在分词短语作状语，表示伴随情况或方式。  
66. why 考查名词性从句。由下文的one reason could be, another reason could be可知，这里填why引导宾语从句。  
67. their 考查代词。由后面的original habitat可知，此处应用形容词同性物主代词。  
68. supplies 考查名词复数。supply用作名词，若其前面没有不定冠词a修饰时，常用其复数形式。  
69. to 考查介词。from...to...意为“从……到……”，为固定短语。  
70. possibility 考查词性转换。空格中所填单词在句中作主语，且前面有定冠词和形容词修饰，需用possible的名词形式。

附听力部分录音原文：

Text 1

W: Hi, Bob. Could you help me carry the big box to the school gate?  
M: I'd love to, but I have to attend an important meeting first. There is only five minutes left.

Text 2

W: Excuse me, I have booked Flight 645 to London which leaves at 8:45. And the check-in time isn't until 7:31! Would it be possible to check my bags in a little earlier?  
M: Sorry, madam. I'm afraid you have to wait until 7:35.

Text 3

W: What do you want for supper? I was thinking about pizza.  
M: I had pizza yesterday. How about steak?  
W: I'm trying to control my weight. Let's order salad from Lenny's.  
M: Sounds good!

Text 4

M: Let's have dinner together sometime this week. I was actually thinking about the weekend.  
W: But I'll be out of town this weekend. What about this Wednesday or Thursday?  
M: OK.

Text 5

W: We are forming a swimming group. Do you want to join us?  
M: I'd love to. But how often do you meet?  
W: We intend to get together once a week, on Tuesday evening in the gym.

Text 6

W: Are you still playing football with us on Saturday?  
M: Yeah, I bought a new helmet and everything.  
W: Helmet? You don't need a helmet to play football, just a couple of nets and a ball.  
M: Oh, I feel stupid. I thought you meant American football.  
W: That's OK. You're still going to play with us, right? Maybe you can exchange it for some new soccer sh.  
M: That's a good idea.

Text 7

M: Wow! The show was so good!  
W: Yeah! And the show pointed out the importance of protecting sea environments.

M: Many sea animals are now in danger.

W: I know! In many places, sea animals have been harmed by plastic waste, some of which come from tourists.

M: No wonder more and more places have begun to ban plastic bags and straws.

W: Many chain stores no longer offer plastic bags, or even plastic straws!

M: Even if I am offered a plastic bag or straw, I won't take it! I now use my own water bottle, bags, and straws.

W: I also use my own lunch box.

M: Good for you!

W: And good for the environment too!

Text 8

M: Hi, Olivia! Did you see my friend Helen? I am looking for her.

W: Hello, is she the short girl with dark straight hair?

M: No, that is Susan. She is thinner than Helen. Helen is tall with long brown hair. Do you know where she is?

W: Oh, I just came across her at the corner of the street. She was in a hurry to the classroom. She is going to be late for class.

M: She left her project work at my home and she has to use it in today's class! She is such a careless person. I have to give this work to her.

W: Oh, that is Helen's behavior. She is always annoying because of those mistakes she makes.

M: Well, maybe. Anyway, I should catch her up. Bye.

W: See you.

Text 9

W: Hey, Alan. What did you do in Amsterdam? Did you see all the canals?

M: Yes, they were so beautiful. We also visited two huge art galleries. They had exhibitions of the old Dutch painters like Vermeer and Rembrandt.

W: Then what did you do after leaving Amsterdam?

M: I spent some time in Brussels with Rita and then I went to Munich.

W: I really want to go to Germany!

M: It's a very interesting place. Very historical. I visited one house in Munich that was 800 years old. The weather in Munich was warm so I was happy. I took so many photos of the city.

W: Did you spend a lot of money on hotels?

M: No, not really. In Munich, I stayed in a hotel for about 20 Euros a night.

W: Wow, that is cheap! Did you go to Italy, Alan?

M: Yes, after a few days in Munich, I caught the train south to Italy and stayed two days in Milan.

Text 10

Today, I'd like to share with you a well-known cartoon *Tom and Jerry*. We'll go deep into it and talk about the "Tom and Jerry" Influence". We all know that *Tom and Jerry* is an American cartoon with lots of, ah, that's 161, famous short films. It centers on the fights between two main roles: Tom, a cat, and Jerry, a mouse. However, there're still things we don't know. The first *Tom and Jerry* cartoon was actually created in 1937, not in 1940. And the cat Tom was called Jasper at the very first, and the mouse Jerry was called Jinx once. Also, its first show was not on television, but was played in theaters on February 10, 1940. Now it has fans worldwide and is one of the most famous cartoons in American cinema. But why is *Tom and Jerry* so popular? Some reviewers say it spreads its influence to the world by its lively pictures, funny sounds, perfect timing and etc. However, from where I stand, the colorful roles of the story itself seem to be the most important factor.

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