

江淮十校 2024 届高三第一次联考

英语试题

2023.8

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注意事项:

1. 本试卷由四个部分组成。其中第一、二部分和第三部分的第一节为选择题;第三部分的第二节和第四部分为非选择题。共 10 页、150 分。
2. 全部答案在答题卡上相应区域内完成,在本试卷上作答无效。选择题请使用 2B 铅笔填涂,非选择题请使用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔作答。要求字体工整、笔迹清晰。
3. 请在答题卡规定的地方填写好个人信息,并认真核对答题卡上所粘贴的条形码是否与本人的信息一致。
4. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,请先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is Pat doing?  
A. Surfing the Internet.      B. Writing a paper.      C. Making a video.
2. What will the woman buy for her sister?  
A. A schoolbag.      B. A novel.      C. A headphone.
3. Where is Louise now probably?  
A. On a bus.      B. In a bookshop.      C. At home.
4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. A sports race.      B. A sailing course.      C. A training instructor.
5. Whom has the man found most helpful?  
A. Whitaker.      B. Johnson.      C. Bradman.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. When will the man take the medical check-up?  
A. On Friday.      B. On Thursday.      C. On Wednesday.
7. How much should the man pay in total?  
A. \$ 30.      B. \$ 50.      C. \$ 70.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is the man having?  
A. Coffee.      B. Milkshake.      C. Tomato juice.

英语试题 第 1 页(共 10 页)

9. What does the man dislike about the place?  
A. The music.                      B. The lights.                      C. The walls.
- 听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。
10. What is Mr Wright probably?  
A. A school teacher.              B. A shop assistant.              C. A software engineer.
11. What does the woman find difficult in learning English?  
A. Pronunciation.                  B. Vocabulary.                      C. Grammar.
12. Which software is suitable for beginners?  
A. ABC Learning.                  B. Open Teacher.                  C. Fun Conversations.
- 听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。
13. How does the man feel about the temporary job?  
A. It's embarrassing.              B. It's acceptable.                  C. It's disappointing.
14. What will the man study in Paris?  
A. Applied Linguistics (语言学).  
B. Modern Languages.  
C. Business English.
15. What did the man do at the Burg Hotel?  
A. He answered the phones.  
B. He did some cleaning.  
C. He carried the luggage.
16. How many foreign languages can the man speak?  
A. Two.                                  B. Three.                                  C. Four.
- 听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。
17. What can tourists find on the right after entering from the car park?  
A. The cafe.                              B. The gift shop.                      C. The ticket office.
18. What can tourists do behind the cafe?  
A. Have a picnic.  
B. Try rope swings.  
C. Watch bands performing.
19. Which animals can be seen across from the pigs in the feeding area?  
A. The goats.                              B. The rabbits.                              C. The ducks.
20. Why does the person make the speech?  
A. To introduce a project.  
B. To recommend a trip.  
C. To conduct an interview.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

**A**

What comes to mind when you think of a museum? Valuable exhibits? Relaxed atmosphere? Here let's encounter some special museums.

### **The Museum of Bad Art**

The Museum of Bad Art based in Boston, Massachusetts, will bring you a quite different visual experience. As its name implies, all pieces have made their way to the museum for being too bad to be ignored.

All the paintings have been found in yard sales, rescued from the trash or donated to the museum. When viewing such a large collection of failed art, be prepared to laugh your head off.

### **Luoyang Ancient Tombs Museum**

Established in 1984 and opened to the public in 1987, the Luoyang Ancient Tombs Museum sits in a complex of grand buildings in the architectural style of the Han Dynasty.

The distinctive museum consists of two sections. The aboveground part features models of tombs from the Stone Age to the Han Dynasty. The underground one contains 22 tombs from Henan Province. The tomb of Emperor Xuanwu of Northern Wei is the highlight of the museum.

### **The Underwater Museum**

Fancy an undersea exploration but have no idea where to go? Then the Underwater Museum at the bottom of Lake Grubsee in Austria can be a good choice.

This incredible museum is perfect for adventurous divers, which surely gives visitors a unique experience. It houses not only copies of ancient people and cultural relics, but also fun, strange pieces like the Statue of Liberty, aliens and skeletons (骨架).

### **Upside Down House**

Another strange museum is the Upside Down House in St. Petersburg. It features an apartment where everything is turned upside down.

When you walk into the house, you will feel quite confused and find the entire museum very impressive. With each item in the apartment turned head over heels, you would experience the illusion (错觉) that comes with standing on the ceiling.

21. Which museum best suits diving enthusiasts?
- A. Upside Down House.                      B. The Museum of Bad Art.  
C. The Underwater Museum.              D. Luoyang Ancient Tombs Museum.
22. What can people do in the Museum of Bad Art?
- A. Enjoy a big collection of failed art.  
B. See several copies of cultural relics.  
C. Experience visual illusion in person.  
D. Visit historical and grand buildings.
23. What do the four museums have in common?
- A. They are located in Europe.            B. They focus on human nature.  
C. They show respect for life.              D. They are special museums.

## B

A 12-year-old girl, Eleanor Woods, has created a green backpack that filters (过滤) out air pollution. Her innovative bag won the award of the “Backpack to the Future” competition.

The competition was launched to encourage students to combine an interest in fashion with a career in science, technology, engineering or maths.

Powered by green energy from solar power and a dynamo—a machine that converts mechanical energy into electrical energy—the backpack filters polluted air before fanning out cleaner air nearby.

Air pollution was always Eleanor’s concern. Meanwhile, spending a lot of time with her asthmatic (患哮喘病的) mum, Eleanor especially focused on how pollution affects a person’s health and the spread of diseases. “We have an air filter at home because my mum has mild asthma. But what if she wants to go out? It would be inconvenient and dangerous! My Breathe Better Backpack is about keeping those like my mother safe using an air filter. It looks cool and will help get them outside and fight off colds,” Eleanor said.

The girl added, “My generation has really realized pollution, and we have lessons on it at school. This is another reason why I designed this, because we need to do something.”

The Breathe Better Backpack came under the spotlight in the competition. Stratton Smith, one of the judges of the competition, said the impact of Eleanor’s design would be far-reaching. “If just a few people start using it, it can be really good for the planet,” he explained.

24. What inspired Eleanor Woods to design the backpack?

- A. The award of the competition.      B. High expenses of air filters.  
C. Stratton Smith’s behaviour.      D. Her concern for air pollution.

25. What do we know about the backpack?

- A. It collects polluted air.      B. It is powered by wind.  
C. It is of practical use.      D. It sells well at present.

26. Who will most probably benefit from the backpack?

- A. Students living in poverty.      B. Those suffering from asthma.  
C. People working in an open way.      D. Judges worried about pollution.

27. Which of the following best describes Eleanor Woods?

- A. Humorous and modest.      B. Ambitious and selfless.  
C. Confident and fearless.      D. Creative and considerate.

## C

Decisions in life are rarely black and white but usually involve shades of gray. At dinner time, the decision you face is not between fasting and eating like a pig, but whether to take that extra spoonful of food. When exams are around the

corner, your decision is not between quitting them and studying 24 hours a day, but whether to spend an extra hour reviewing your notes. Economists use the term “marginal changes” to describe minor adjustments to an existing plan of action.

In many situations, people make the best decisions by thinking at the margin. Margin means “edge”, so marginal changes are adjustments around the edges of what you are doing. Suppose, for instance, that you ask a friend for advice about how many years to stay in school. If he compares the lifestyle of a person with a Ph. D. to that of a grade school dropout, you might complain that this comparison is not helpful for your decision. You have some education already and most likely are deciding whether to spend an extra year or two in school. To make this decision, you need to know the additional benefits that an extra year in school would offer (higher salaries throughout life and the pure joy of learning) and the additional costs that you would pay (tuition and the forgone salaries while you are in school). By comparing these marginal benefits and marginal costs, you can evaluate whether the extra year is worthwhile.

Individuals and firms can make better decisions by thinking at the margin. A rational decision-maker takes action if and only if the marginal benefit of the action exceeds the marginal cost.

28. What does “fasting” underlined in Paragraph 1 mean?

- A. Eating or drinking a lot.
- B. Eating little or no food.
- C. Eating on a regular basis.
- D. Eating without appetite.

29. Why does the author give an example in Paragraph 2?

- A. To explain marginal thinking.
- B. To solve real-life problems.
- C. To evaluate marginal thinking.
- D. To encourage adjustments.

30. What can we infer from the text?

- A. It is unnecessary to make minor adjustments to plans.
- B. Comparison makes little sense in decision-making.
- C. People often weigh up benefits and costs of decisions.
- D. Marginal changes are controversial among individuals.

31. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

- A. Marginal Thinking Leads to Better Decisions
- B. Marginal Benefit Goes beyond Marginal Cost
- C. Rational Thinkers Exist in All Aspects of Life
- D. Pleasure Results from Effective Comparison

D

After waking up, you may feel frustrated that you cannot recall the dreams you had last night. Artificial Intelligence (AI) may be able to help.

Previously, there have been AI models that can turn texts into images. They do this by learning from a large amount of data from both texts and images. This time, researchers from Osaka University in Japan have trained an AI system called Stable Diffusion to recreate images directly based on people's brain scans, *Science* magazine reported.

The researchers used an online data set provided by the University of Minnesota, which consisted of brain scans from four participants as they each viewed a set of 10,000 photos. The scans were recorded by functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI). The AI then learned about the participants' brain activities by analyzing changes in blood flow shown by the fMRI data—when a part of the brain is activated, more blood will flow to it. It then matched the brain activity with the photos. Through this method, the AI learned how human brains would react when seeing different photos. Finally, the researchers tested the AI on additional brain scans from the same participants when they viewed photos of objects.

If the person looked at an airplane, for example, the AI would use the brain scan data to create an image of a very blurry (模糊的) airplane. Then, it would turn on the previous “text-to-image” model and improve the quality of the image by feeding itself the keyword “airplane”. The final images were “convincing” to about 80 percent accuracy, according to the researchers.

The new study created a novel approach that combines texts and images to “decode the brain”. According to Ariel Goldstein from Princeton University, in the future, the technology can be used to record imagined thoughts and dreams or allow people to understand how differently other animals perceive (感知) reality.

32. What is Stable Diffusion meant to do?

- A. Scan people's brains.
- B. Turn texts into images.
- C. Use brain scans to rebuild images.
- D. Record relevant experimental data.

33. How did the AI learn about the participants' brain activities?

- A. By analyzing changes in blood flow.
- B. By asking the participants questions.
- C. By comparing different brain scans.
- D. By referring to previous AI models.

34. What can we learn from the text?

- A. Dreams can hardly be forgotten by us.
- B. Texts and images help decode the brain.
- C. People's brains are affected by fMRI.
- D. The AI creates clear images of objects at first.

35. What does Ariel Goldstein say about the technology?

- A. It has been adopted in many countries.
- B. Its development is far from satisfactory.
- C. It is lacking in convincing evidence.
- D. Its application has a great prospect.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How much time does it take you to sleep, eat and commute every day?

\_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ That case, time is limited for you to do other meaningful things. Managing your time effectively, therefore, becomes a matter of critical importance. Here are many things you can do.

**Work out a plan in advance.**

\_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ This will give you a measure of control over what is going to happen. Whether it is a planner that you stick on the wall or a calendar app on your smartphone, finding an organizing tool that works well for you is essential. Then, record all important events such as exams, projects and rehearsals, so that you can prepare accordingly.

\_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_

This is about the skill of organization. It refers to arranging your personal space at home. So when doing your homework, you are in a tidy place, free from distractions. This includes putting away your mobile phone until you have finished everything that needs to be done.

**Prioritize (优先考虑) what needs doing.**

There is only a limited amount of time in a day, and even with good planning and organization, it is not always possible to complete everything that needs to be done. In such circumstances, you will have to decide which task should be completed first. You should classify the activities on the basis of their urgency and importance. \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ Then you can focus on your objective and stick to it.

Once you start taking little steps every day to plan, organize and prioritize the activities you intend to devote your energy, skills and talents to, you can spare more time to stay with family and friends, pursue a hobby or work on personal development. \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Create favourable conditions.
- B. This classification is your ultimate goal.
- C. Balancing them is really a challenge for you.
- D. This classification will help determine your priority.
- E. Think about upcoming events and make a to-do list.
- F. These basic activities take up an enormous part of your day.
- G. You will end up reaping (收获) the rewards of time management.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

At a cafe in scenic Augsburg, Paul Blachut, a waiter is busy at work. It's a warm Sunday afternoon and many people have come here for 41 beside the Lech river.

The meltwater from the Alps means the water in the river is very 42 at this time of year, and it 43 quickly. Along the S-shaped shore, people are picnicking and children are playing. Among those are a mother and her two daughters. They're standing on the 44 of the riverbank, playing with an inflatable (充气的) tube. Suddenly, the girls 45 balance and fall into the river. Worse still, the girls 46 hold on to the tube, which their mother is sitting in, 47 her into the river, too. Now all three are caught in the river's current.

Blachut 48 from his work when he hears someone shouting, "Three people are drowning in the Lech!" Blachut 49 the three women a short distance away, waving their arms and trying to grab anything they can. Having taken lifesaving training courses, he hurries to the riverbank and jumps into the river. Despite the cold, what he cares about is 50 saving lives.

As Blachut 51 them, he can tell the mother is in the most trouble. Blachut immediately dives under the drowning woman, lifts her upward and pushes her toward the shore. 52, an onlooker is close enough to 53 the woman's hand, pulling her to shore. Without 54, Blachut jumps into the current again, saving the daughters in the same way he did their mother.

The mother expresses her 55 appreciation for Blachut, and he is happy to see they are safe and sound.

- |                      |                   |                 |                |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. leisure       | B. business       | C. study        | D. research    |
| 42. A. warm          | B. pure           | C. cold         | D. shallow     |
| 43. A. covers        | B. dries          | C. winds        | D. flows       |
| 44. A. edge          | B. top            | C. bottom       | D. entrance    |
| 45. A. keep          | B. break          | C. find         | D. lose        |
| 46. A. energetically | B. desperately    | C. properly     | D. unwillingly |
| 47. A. directing     | B. exposing       | C. pulling      | D. following   |
| 48. A. looks up      | B. turns up       | C. passes out   | D. brings out  |
| 49. A. urges         | B. spots          | C. assumes      | D. ignores     |
| 50. A. all but       | B. everything but | C. anything but | D. nothing but |
| 51. A. departs       | B. approaches     | C. figures      | D. awakens     |
| 52. A. However       | B. Therefore      | C. Meanwhile    | D. Otherwise   |
| 53. A. grasp         | B. offer          | C. loose        | D. tie         |



54. A. doubt      B. permission      C. exception      D. delay  
55. A. breathtaking      B. heartfelt      C. heart-warming      D. good-natured

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

There were a great variety of lamps in ancient China. The Changxin Palace Lamp is 56 invaluable treasure, which is considered as “the first lamp of China”.

The gold-plated bronze lamp takes the shape of a maid on her knees 57 (hold) a lamp. The lamp plate is on her left hand, while the right hand, covered by her sleeve, 58 (carry) the lampshade. The brightness of the lamp and direction of the light can be adjusted with a handle which controls two moveable shades.

59 (amaze), the lamp makes use of the siphon principle (虹吸原理), with the ash flowing through the maid's right arm into her body 60 the water is stored. Such design can reduce dust and prevent the lamp from polluting the indoor air. Apart from that, the six-component lamp can all be taken apart, and is easy 61 (clean).

The 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Flame Lantern 62 (inspire) by the Changxin Palace Lamp. It uses transparent double glass and a hidden channel to reduce carbon deposition (沉积物), which is a perfect 63 (combine) of green initiative and the Olympic spirit.

The delicate Changxin Palace Lamp provided an insight 64 China's glorious past, displaying the wisdom of ancient Chinese craftsmen, as well as China's 65 (remark) achievements in science and technology 2,000 years ago. The sculpture, vivid and elegant beauty work, still glitters now.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假定你是李华。你校定于今年九月开展研学活动,现就研学地点向全校师生征集意见。请你给校学生会主席 Michael 写一封邮件,内容包括:来源:高三答案公众号

1. 推荐研学目的地;
2. 推荐原因。

注意:

1. 词数80左右;
2. 开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

参考词汇:研学活动 a study trip

Dear Michael,

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,  
Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

The four mountain climbers were still breathing heavily as they looked out into the distance. The views from the top of the mountain were breathtaking. In all directions, valleys, forests and other mountains were laid out before them. They could even see the small wooden houses of the village where they had spent the night and the route they had taken to reach the top of this small but dangerous mountain. Laughing loudly, they were surprised at their courage in climbing such a steep and rocky mountain slope. Filled with an enormous sense of achievement, the four young climbers patted each other on the back.

As the other three continued to enjoy the views, Jason, the leader of the group, stared at the horizon with a troubled look on his face.

“What is it, Jason?” Sofia, the youngest of the group, asked.

“Those dark clouds in the distance mean a heavy storm is fast on the way,” Jason replied. He remembered the villagers had warned him of the unpredictable weather conditions on top of the mountain and that a terrible storm could appear from nowhere.

“But it’s so warm and sunny here. I don’t think the storm is coming this way,” Sofia said, more in hope than expectation.

However, Jason feared the worst and knew only too well what would happen if the storm caught them in the open. He addressed the group in a calm but serious tone, “If the storm hits us, the temperature will fall dramatically. The rain and mist will make it difficult for us to see where we are going and we could easily get lost or fall off a cliff. The wind will take our strength, so we need to get moving fast.”

The four mountain climbers packed up their facilities and immediately started back down the mountain. Unfortunately, despite their best efforts, the storm was upon them sooner than expected. The wind screamed in their ears, the driving rain stung (刺痛) their eyes and the mist made it impossible for them to see clearly.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

With it getting dark, Jason decided that it was just too dangerous to continue.

Finally, the storm showed signs of stopping and the climbers decided to continue their way down the mountain.

## 江淮十校 2024 届高三第一次联考 英语试题参考答案、提示及评分细则

### 第一部分 听力

1. A    2. C    3. A    4. B    5. C    6. A    7. B    8. A    9. C    10. A  
11. C    12. C    13. B    14. A    15. C    16. B    17. A    18. A    19. C    20. A

### 第二部分 阅读理解

#### 第一节

21. C    22. A    23. D    24. D    25. C    26. B    27. D    28. B    29. A    30. C  
31. A    32. C    33. A    34. B    35. D

#### 第二节

36. F    37. E    38. A    39. D    40. G

### 第三部分 语言运用

#### 第一节

41. A    42. C    43. D    44. A    45. D    46. B    47. C    48. A    49. B    50. D  
51. B    52. C    53. A    54. D    55. B

#### 第二节

56. an            57. holding            58. carries            59. Amazingly            60. where  
61. to clean    62. was/is inspired    63. combination    64. into            65. remarkable

### 第四部分 写作

#### 第一节

Dear Michael,

Learning that a study trip will be held, I'd like to recommend the destination: Nanjing. Here are the reasons.

As an ancient capital of six dynasties and a modern city with high-quality development, Nanjing has much to provide for a study trip. For example, the grand museums and solemn monuments will undoubtedly educate us students not to forget history and motivate us to cherish the present. Meanwhile, efficient and convenient transportation adds attraction and vitality to this charming city.

A study trip to Nanjing promises to be fruitful!

Yours,  
Li Hua

#### 第二节

One possible version:

With it getting dark, Jason decided that it was just too dangerous to continue. He gathered the group in the shelter of a large rock, where he noticed that the other three were frightened and looking to him for a way out. Pushed by responsibility and pressure of leadership, Jason, shouting against the wind, explained that the safest thing for the moment was taking shelter from the pouring rain. They had expected that the storm would pass very soon. However, as darkness settled over them, the shower swept in. How time dragged!

英语试题参考答案 第 1 页(共 11 页)

Finally, the storm showed signs of stopping and the climbers decided to continue their way down the mountain. Unbearably cold and hungry, they felt their way downward with great difficulty, eager for a miracle. Suddenly, something caught Jason's eye. Was it a flash of light? There it was again... and another! In response, Jason immediately flashed his torch, exclaiming, "Over here! We are here!" His companions joined in. Rescue eventually arrived. Seeing the climbers, all the searching villagers breathed a sigh of relief and lovingly helped them return to the village. You see, weather changes but love remains.

答案详解

## 第二部分 阅读理解

### A

主题语境:人与社会——艺术——博物馆。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了世界上四个独特的博物馆。

21. C 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键概念和关键细节的能力。

【解题思路】本题问及最适合潜水爱好者的博物馆。根据题干关键词“diving enthusiasts”,可将解题线索定位至第三个博物馆“adventurous divers”,根据文本信息“an undersea exploration”和“... is perfect for adventurous divers, which surely gives visitors a unique experience”,可知 the Underwater Museum 最适合潜水爱好者。故选 C。

22. A 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键概念和关键细节的能力。

【解题思路】本题问及 Museum of Bad Art 的体验。根据文章第二段“... viewing such a large collection of failed art, be prepared to laugh your head off”的描述,可知在此博物馆中游客可以欣赏到 failed art 的作品集。故选 A。

23. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据语篇中的细节信息进行分析对比的能力。

【解题思路】本题问及这四个博物馆的共同点。根据文章中四个博物馆的功能简介和参观体验,结合文章第一段中“Here let's encounter some special museums.”可知这四个博物馆因其独特而闻名。故选 D。

### B

主题语境:人与自我、人与自然——做人与做事、环境保护——学生设计能够过滤空气的背包。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。一位学生在经历了母亲患有哮喘病不方便出门,又意识到大气污染的负面影响之后,设计出能够过滤空气的背包并积极参加“Backpack to the Future”设计大赛。

24. D 【命题意图】考查考生区分、分析和概括语篇中的主要事实的能力。

【解题思路】本题问及 Eleanor Woods 发明背包的灵感来源。根据文章第四段关键信息“Air pollution was always Eleanor's concern.”和第五段“My generation has really realized pollution... This is another reason why I designed this, because we need to do something.”可知,Eleanor Woods 对大气污染的担忧是她发明过滤空气背包的原因之一。故选 D。

25. C 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键细节并进行推理的能力。

【解题思路】本题问及关于这款背包的信息。根据第三段“Powered by green energy... the backpack filters polluted air before fanning out cleaner air nearby.”和第四段“It looks cool and will help get them outside and fight off colds,”可知 Eleanor Woods 发明的背包能够过滤空气,有实际用处。故选 C。

英语试题参考答案 第 2 页(共 11 页)

26. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据语篇中的事实进行逻辑推理的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及谁最可能从这款背包中受益。根据第四段“My Breathe Better Backpack is about keeping those like my mother safe using an air filter.”可知,这款背包可让哮喘患者出门无忧。故选 B。
27. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据语篇中的事实进行逻辑推理的能力。来源:高三答案公众号  
【解题思路】本题问及文中主要人物的品质。本文围绕学生 Eleanor Woods 发明能够过滤空气的背包而展开,通读全文可知她体贴他人且具有创新能力。故选 D。

### C

主题语境:人与社会——社会服务与人际沟通——边际思维在日常生活中的运用。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。本文介绍了边际思维的定义和功能,举例说明了边际思维的意义,即它能帮助人们在日常工作、学习和生活中作出更合理的决定。

28. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文线索推测词义的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及第一段中画线词“fasting”的含义。本题需结合本段的大意(生活中的各种抉择)进行推断。“... not between fasting and eating like a pig, but whether to take that extra spoonful of food”和“... your decision is not between quitting them and studying 24 hours a day ...”,可推断出 fasting 在此处与 eating like a pig 意思相反。故选 B。
29. A 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键细节并进行推理的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及第二段举例的目的。根据第二段中“Margin means ‘edge’, so marginal changes are adjustments around the edges of what you are doing.”可知,举例是为了解释说明边际变化及边际思维。故选 A。
30. C 【命题意图】考查考生从语篇中提取主要信息、推断语篇中的隐含意义的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及人们对边际思维的运用。根据文章第二段中“By comparing these marginal benefits and marginal costs, you can evaluate ...”和最后一段“A rational decision-maker takes action if and only if the marginal benefit of the action exceeds the marginal cost.”可知,人们常常会权衡利弊,从而作出更优的选择。故选 C。
31. A 【命题意图】考查考生根据语篇的主题、内容和结构分析概括语篇标题的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及这篇文章的最佳标题。解题关键在于把握文章的主旨和结构:第一段举例说明生活中的边际变化;第二段介绍边际思维的定义及功能;第三段阐述边际思维在实际生活中的应用和意义。结合文章最后一段“Individuals and firms can make better decisions by thinking at the margin.” 故选 A。

### D

主题语境:人与社会——科学与技术——人工智能再现梦境。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。科学家利用人工智能 Stable Diffusion 和 fMRI 技术,对脑神经信号进行解码,帮助人们重现梦境、想象或记忆画面。

32. C 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键细节的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及第二段关于 Stable Diffusion 的具体信息。根据第二段“... to recreate images directly based on people’s brain scans”可知,Stable Diffusion 的功能为直接基于人脑扫描重建图像。故选 C。

33. A 【命题意图】考查考生抓住语篇中的关键细节的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及 AI 了解实验参与者大脑活动的途径和方法。根据第三段“... by analyzing changes in blood flow shown by the fMRI data”可知,通过分析实验参与者血液流动变化, AI 可了解其大脑活动。故选 A。
34. B 【命题意图】考查考生辨别并推论语篇中隐含观点的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及最后一段破译大脑的新方法。根据最后一段“a novel approach that combines texts and images to ‘decode the brain’”可知,该项新研究创造了一种结合文本和图像来破译大脑的新方法。故选 B。
35. D 【命题意图】考查考生辨别并推论语篇中隐含观点的能力。  
【解题思路】本题问及 Ariel Goldstein 对该技术的看法。根据文章最后一段“... in the future, the technology can be used to record imagined thoughts and dreams or allow people to understand how differently other animals perceive (感知) reality”可知, Ariel Goldstein 认为这项技术将来可应用于记录幻想和梦境,或是帮助人们了解其他动物对现实感知的差异,因此该技术具有极大的应用前景。故选 D。

## 第二节

主题语境:人与自我——生活与学习——时间管理技巧。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要围绕如何管理时间而展开。

【文章脉络梳理】

第一段:引出话题——如何管理时间

第二至四段:阐述方法:提前做好规划,创造有利环境,确定优先次序

第五段:概括总结

36. F 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文辨别逻辑关系的能力  
【解题思路】本空设在段中。设空处前句提出问题“每天花费多少时间睡觉、吃饭、通勤?”因此,设空处所填的句子应该是回答前句,连接后句给出事实的结果。故选 F。
37. E 【命题意图】考查考生联系副标题、理解段落内容的能力。  
【解题思路】本空设在段首,旨在进一步解释副标题大意。此段副标题为“Work out a plan in advance.”,即提前制定计划,与 E 项“Think about upcoming events and make a to-do list”相呼应。故选 E。
38. A 【命题意图】考查考生理解段落内容、概括段意的能力。  
【解题思路】本空设在副标题位置,旨在概括本段大意。本文其他副标题均为祈使句格式,因此答案锁定为 A、E 两项。本段关键词为“arranging”,“a tidy place”,“free from distractions”和“putting away”,与 A 项“Create favourable conditions”相呼应。故选 A。
39. D 【命题意图】考查考生还原具体信息、建立段内衔接关系的能力。  
【解题思路】本空设在段中。设空处的前句内容为“... classify the activities on the basis of their urgency and importance”,由后句“... you can focus on your objective and stick to it.”可知,设空处所填内容应为将活动进行分类的好处,即为 D 项中的“... will help determine your priority”。故选 D。
40. G 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文辨别逻辑关系的能力。  
【解题思路】本空设在段尾。设空处所填的句子应概括全文。结合前文,一旦提前规划、创造环境并对所做事情进行优化排序,人们将收获时间管理带来的好处。故选 G。

英语试题参考答案 第 4 页(共 11 页)

### 第三部分 语言运用

#### 第一节

主题语境:人与自我、人与社会——做人与做事、社会服务与人际沟通——服务员勇救落水者。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要介绍了咖啡馆服务员利用所学救生知识勇敢营救落水母女三人。

41. A 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的名词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据设空处前面的“warm Sunday afternoon”可知,人们来这里度假休闲。
42. C 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的形容词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据前文“meltwater from the Alps”可知,河水较为寒冷。
43. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的动词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据前文阿尔卑斯山冰雪消融及后文母女三人不慎落水可知,河水流淌得快。
44. A 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境和对名词的词义理解选择一个意义匹配的名词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据前文“Along the S-shaped shore ...”和“Among those are a mother and her two daughters”可知,母女三人正站在河边。
45. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的动词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据同句后面的“fall into the river”可知,她们失去平衡、跌入水中。
46. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的副词的能力。  
【解题思路】(接上题),她们跌入水中,更糟糕的是,她们感到绝望、恐慌。
47. C 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境和对行文逻辑的感知选择一个意义匹配的非谓语动词的能力。  
【解题思路】本题可根据上下文得知,两个女儿落水,并且在慌乱中不慎将母亲带入水中。
48. A 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境及常识选择一个意义匹配的动词短语的能力。  
【解题思路】咖啡馆服务员 Blachut 听到有人呼救便抬头远眺。
49. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境和对动词的词义掌握选择一个意义匹配的动词的能力。  
【解题思路】接上题,服务员抬头看到三人落水。
50. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的短语的能力。  
【解题思路】根据文章得知,Blachut 不畏寒冷的河水,不顾自身安危,奋力营救落水者。
51. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的动词的能力。  
【解题思路】本段描写 Blachut 救人的过程。此处,他先靠近落水者。
52. C 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的副词的能力。  
【解题思路】前文提到 Blachut 游泳至落水者附近,与此同时,旁观者予以协助。
53. A 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的动词的能力。  
【解题思路】同上题。
54. D 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境选择一个意义匹配的形容词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据语境可知,Blachut 救人时毫不犹豫。
55. B 【命题意图】考查考生根据上下文语境和对词义的理解选择一个意义匹配的形容词的能力。  
【解题思路】根据上下文,被救落水者向 Blachut 表示衷心的感谢。

## 第二节

主题语境:人与社会——艺术、文化——长信宫灯。

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了中华第一灯——长信宫灯。

56. The Changxin Palace Lamp is 56 an invaluable treasure, which is considered as “the first lamp of China”.

【命题意图】考查冠词的正确应用。此处 treasure 为可数名词, invaluable 前应用不定冠词 an。

57. The gold-plated bronze lamp takes the shape of a maid on her knees 57 holding a lamp.

【命题意图】考查非谓语动词——现在分词的用法。a maid 与 hold 之间构成逻辑上的主谓关系。

58. The lamp plate is on her left hand, while the right hand, covered by her sleeve, 58 carries the lampshade.

【命题意图】考查谓语动词的时态和主谓一致。While 为连词,后跟句子,此处应为谓语动词,主语是 the right hand,故用 carries。

59. 59 Amazingly, the lamp makes use of the siphon principle (虹吸原理), with the ash flowing through the maid's right arm into her body 60 the water is stored.

【命题意图】考查动词转为对应的副词形式。此处位于句首,修饰整个句子,故用副词 Amazingly。

60. 59, the lamp makes use of the siphon principle (虹吸原理), with the ash flowing through the maid's right arm into her body 60 where the water is stored.

【命题意图】考查定语从句关系词的选择。先行词为 body,关系副词 where 在从句中作状语,相当于 in her body。

61. Apart from that, the six-component lamp can all be taken apart, and is easy 61 to clean.

【命题意图】考查动词不定式的用法。本空前是形容词 easy,其后用动词不定式主动形式表达被动意味。

62. The 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Flame Lantern 62 was/is inspired by the Changxin Palace Lamp.

【命题意图】考查谓语动词的时态和语态。根据上下文语境,设空处应为 inspire 的一般过去时或一般现在时的被动形式。

63. It uses transparent double glass and a hidden channel to reduce carbon deposition (沉积物), which is a perfect 63 combination of green initiative and the Olympic spirit.

【命题意图】考查动词转为对应的名词形式。设空处为固定搭配 a combination of 即“……的结合”。

64. The delicate Changxin Palace Lamp provided an insight 64 into China's glorious past, displaying the wisdom of ancient Chinese craftsmen, as well as China's 65 achievements in science and technology 2,000 years ago.

【命题意图】考查介词用法。an insight into 为固定搭配,意为 an understanding of what sth. is like,即“洞悉、了解”。

65. The delicate Changxin Palace Lamp provided an insight 64 China's glorious past, displaying the wisdom of ancient Chinese craftsmen, as well as China's 65 remarkable achievements in science and technology 2,000 years ago.

【命题意图】考查名词转为对应的形容词形式。设空处应为形容词,修饰 achievements。



## 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

### 第一节(满分15分)

#### 一、评分原则

1. 本题总分15分,按五个档次给分。
2. 评分时,应主要从内容、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
  - (1) 对内容要点的覆盖情况以及表述的清楚程度和合理性;
  - (2) 使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性;
  - (3) 上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
3. 评分时,先根据作答的整体情况初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
4. 评分时还应注意:
  - (1) 词数少于60的,酌情扣分;
  - (2) 单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑;英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受;
  - (3) 书写较差以致影响交际,酌情扣分。

#### 二、各档次的给分范围和要求

##### 第五档(13~15分)

- 覆盖了所有内容要点,表述清楚、合理。
  - 使用了多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有个别小错,但完全不影响理解。
  - 有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构清晰,意义连贯。
- 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

##### 第四档(10~12分)

- 覆盖了所有内容要点,表述比较清楚、合理。
  - 使用了比较多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有些许错误,但不影响理解。
  - 比较有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。
- 达到了预期的写作目的。

##### 第三档(7~9分)

- 覆盖了大部分内容要点,有个别地方表述不够清楚、合理。
  - 使用了简单的词汇和语法结构,有一些错误或不恰当之处,但基本不影响理解。
  - 基本有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。
- 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

##### 第二档(4~6分)

- 遗漏或未清楚表述一些内容要点,或一些内容与写作目的不相关。
  - 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多,影响理解。
  - 几乎不能有效地使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义不够连贯。
- 未能达到预期的写作目的。

##### 第一档(1~3分)

- 遗漏或未清楚表述大部分内容要点,或大部分内容与写作目的不相关。

- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误很多,严重影响理解。
- 几乎没有使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。
- 完全未达到预期的写作目的。

零分

未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容与题目要求完全不相关。

### 三、作答示例

Dear Michael,

Learning that a study trip will be held, I'd like to recommend the destination: Nanjing. Here are the reasons.

As an ancient capital of six dynasties and a modern city with high-quality development, Nanjing has much to provide for a study trip. For example, the grand museums and solemn monuments will undoubtedly educate us students not to forget history and motivate us to cherish the present. Meanwhile, efficient and convenient transportation adds attraction and vitality to this charming city.

A study trip to Nanjing promises to be fruitful!

Yours,  
Li Hua

## 第二节 读后续写(满分 25 分)

### 一、评分原则

1. 本题总分 25 分,按五个档次进行评分。
2. 评分时,应主要从内容、词汇语法和篇章结构三个方面考虑,具体为:
  - (1) 创造内容的质量,续写的完整性以及与原文情境的融洽度;
  - (2) 使用词汇和语法结构的准确性、恰当性和多样性;
  - (3) 上下文的衔接和全文的连贯性。
3. 评分时,先根据作答的整体情况初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来综合衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
4. 评分时还应注意:
  - (1) 词数少于 120 的,酌情扣分;
  - (2) 单词拼写和标点符号是写作规范的重要方面,评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑,英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受;
  - (3) 书写较差以致影响交际的,酌情扣分。

### 二、各档次的给分范围和要求

#### 第五档(21~25 分)

- 创造了丰富、合理的内容,富有逻辑性,续写完整,与原文情境融洽度高。
- 使用了多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有个别小错,但完全不影响理解。
- 有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构清晰,意义连贯。

#### 第四档(16~20 分)

- 创造了比较丰富、合理的内容,比较有逻辑性,续写比较完整,与原文情境融洽度较高。
- 使用了比较多样并且恰当的词汇和语法结构,可能有些许错误,但不影响理解。
- 比较有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构比较清晰,意义比较连贯。

英语试题参考答案 第 8 页(共 11 页)

第三档(11~15分)

- 创造了基本合理的内容,有一定的逻辑性,续写基本完整,与原文情境相关。
- 使用了简单的词汇和语法结构,有一些错误或不恰当之处,但基本不影响理解。
- 基本有效地使用了语句间衔接手段,全文结构基本清晰,意义基本连贯。

第二档(6~10分)来源:高三答案公众号

- 内容和逻辑上有一些重大问题,续写不够完整,与原文情境有一定程度脱节。
- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多,影响理解。
- 未能有效地使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不够清晰,意义不够连贯。

第一档(1~5分)

- 内容或逻辑上有较多重大问题,或有部分内容抄自原文,续写不完整,与原文情境基本脱节。
- 所使用的词汇有限,语法结构单调,错误较多,严重影响理解。
- 几乎没有使用语句间衔接手段,全文结构不清晰,意义不连贯。

零分

未作答;所写内容太少或无法看清以致无法评判;所写内容全部抄自原文或与题目要求完全不相关。

三、作答示例

One possible version:

With it getting dark, Jason decided that it was just too dangerous to continue. He gathered the group in the shelter of a large rock, where he noticed that the other three were frightened and looking to him for a way out. Pushed by responsibility and pressure of leadership, Jason, shouting against the wind, explained that the safest thing for the moment was taking shelter from the pouring rain. They had expected that the storm would pass very soon. However, as darkness settled over them, the shower swept in. How time dragged!

Finally, the storm showed signs of stopping and the climbers decided to continue their way down the mountain. Unbearably cold and hungry, they felt their way downward with great difficulty, eager for a miracle. Suddenly, something caught Jason's eye. Was it a flash of light? There it was again... and another! In response, Jason immediately flashed his torch, exclaiming, "Over here! We are here!" His companions joined in. Rescue eventually arrived. Seeing the climbers, all the searching villagers breathed a sigh of relief and lovingly helped them return to the village. You see, weather changes but love remains.

录音稿

(Text 1)

W: Pat, what are you doing on the Internet?

M: I'm searching for videos about the origins of the earth. I need to write a school paper on it this week.

(Text 2)

M: What will you buy for your sister's birthday? I wondered about a new schoolbag but she's just got a new one.

There's a novel called *A Life and Music* I'm sure she'd like, so that's what I'd go for.

W: She's always complaining her headphone is old, so I'll choose one for her.

(Text 3)

W: Hi, Louise! What are you busy doing?

M: Oh, I bought a book from the new store in town. I've just got on the bus. I will be home in half an hour.

(Text 4)

M: I really enjoyed the sailing course we did last week.

W: So did I. The new instructor was good. It was incredible that we got to take part in a race at the end of the course.

(Text 5)

W: Who has helped you most so far with your history paper?

M: American writers Johnson and Whitaker made some good points. But it was hard to follow the line of their arguments. Bradman's ideas were simple, so I've learned a lot from him.

(Text 6)

M: Excuse me, I want to make an appointment for a medical check-up as soon as possible.

W: Let me check. I'm afraid today and tomorrow are fully booked. How about 4 p. m. the day after tomorrow?

M: Hmm, this Friday is fine.

W: Okay, what items do you want to test?

M: A dental examination, a skin check, a blood test and a chest X-ray. How much should I pay?

W: The first three items cost thirty dollars and the last one costs twenty dollars. Please take this form with you for medical checks.

(Text 7)

M: This is good coffee. How's your milkshake?

W: I've had better. To be honest, I'd usually expect a bigger glass for the price. It's nicely decorated, though. I love the lights and they play good music.

M: But it's not my taste. I mean... pink walls.

W: At least you're enjoying your coffee. I don't think I'm going to finish this milkshake.

M: Ask the waitress to get one tomato juice.

W: Okay, I will.

(Text 8)

W: Mr Wright, I want to improve my English. Could you recommend some software I can use in my spare time?

M: Certainly. You can use Open Teacher. It is a quality teaching software. I like using it. It helps me teach.

W: Do you know any software especially for students? The pronunciations on the vocabulary are fine with me, but I'm finding the grammar awful.

M: Well, you can try ABC Learning. You can download it from the App Store. It provides grammar tests, vocabulary tests and pronunciation tests for the seniors.

W: I'll give it a try. But do you know any software that provides audio conversations?

M: Yes. Fun Conversations has some of the common, best and free English audio conversation lessons. It provides more than fifty audio conversations with written pronunciation, in which even a beginner can try to learn English.

W: Thanks, Mr Wright.

(Text 9)

M: Hello, I've come about the position of hotel receptionist.

W: You know that this is only a temporary position, don't you?

M: Yes, but that's ideal for me. I'm going abroad in three months, so it fits in perfectly with my plans.

W: Where are you going?

M: I've just finished my degree in Modern Languages and I'm going to do an MA in Applied Linguistics in Paris. My cousin is studying Business English there, so I'm going to stay with him.

W: Have you had any experience of working at the reception desk?

M: Last summer I spent a month at the Burg Hotel. I learned a lot about customer care. I had to take the guests' luggage to their rooms. I didn't have to make phone reservations or clean up the rooms.

W: Which foreign languages do you speak?

M: I speak German, French and a little Spanish. For my research, I believe most of your guests are from Europe. Is that right? I believe I'm a good communicator.

W: Good!

(Text 10)

W: Good morning! Thank the council for agreeing to this meeting and for welcoming us here today to explain to you the project on pine wood center. I'll give you an overview of the center first. As visitors enter from the car park, they will walk along this path. So this building here on the right will be the cafe and the building on the left will be the gift shop. The gift shop will be where tickets are on sale. There will also be a picnic field behind the cafe. It will be great for parties. To the west of the gift shop is where tree tops challenge will take place. There will be all sorts of high-level adventure equipment—rope swings, awesome rope bridges and tunnels. There will be an indoor play area. We plan to have bands performing here. Finally, there is a feeding area which houses the farm animals. Children will be able to watch the animals being fed and cared for. The ducks will be in this area on the right here, directly opposite the pigs. And the goats and the rabbits will go at the very far end there. So those are our plans. We hope they will be approved.

## 关于我们

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