

高二质量检测联合调考
英语

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What is the girl going to do?
A. Do her homework. B. Make a kite. C. Wash dishes.
2. What will the woman do in an hour?
A. Cook for John.
B. Buy some food.
C. Go to her father's house.
3. Where is the conversation taking place?
A. In an office. B. In a restaurant. C. In a cake shop.
4. Who is the man probably talking to?
A. His assistant. B. His boss. C. His customer.
5. Why did the woman fail to see the match?
A. She had to work. B. She got the flu. C. She visited her colleague.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the woman plan to do today?
A. Walk the dog. B. Take the dog to a vet. C. Eat out with the man.
7. How old is the dog?
A. Two years old. B. Ten years old. C. Eleven years old.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why do the speakers need more ideas?
A. To reduce the cost.
B. To design new products.
C. To increase the market share.
9. When will the speakers have a discussion?
A. Next Monday. B. This Wednesday. C. This Friday.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where did the woman get the information about the swimming course?
A. From her friend. B. From the Internet. C. From a newspaper.
11. How many lessons does the course provide?
A. 3. B. 6. C. 15.
12. What is provided for free for the learner?
A. A lifebelt. B. A swimsuit. C. A towel.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Which place are the speakers in?
A. Toronto. B. Manila. C. Vancouver.
14. What does the woman think of Toronto?
A. The snow there is deeper.
B. The snow there is less.
C. It's hotter than Manila in winter.
15. What did the man do last night?
A. He made a snowman.
B. He watched the snow falling.
C. He cleared the road.
16. What does the woman dislike when it snows?
A. Missing school. B. Losing electricity. C. Driving in the snow.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What did the second-prize winners get each last year?
A. A stamp book. B. A bunch of roses. C. An electronic dictionary.
18. What can the competitors decide for themselves this year?
A. The title of the story.
B. The prize they'll get.
C. The style of the story.

19. How can the competitors join in the competition?

- A. By e-mailing the story to the speaker.
- B. By posting the story to Acton Library.
- C. By sending the story to The Book Show.

20. What requirement must the competitors meet?

- A. Family background.
- B. School background.
- C. Age.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Children's museums become an essential part of our play menu. Here are 4 famous museums for families.

KidsQuest Children's Museum

It features huge windows, beautifully designed exhibits and an adventurous, two-story rope ladders in the opening gallery. Kids of all ages will love building with real tools in the recycled room, running the cash register, doing physics experiments on water in the Water Lab and much more. Reservations are required. You can make them online.

Imagine Children's Museum

Imagine Children's Museum's new 33,000-square-foot expansion doubles the museum's previous play space and its shows. At over 60,000 square feet, its current area is much bigger than other local children's museums (which average around 10,000-20,000 square feet). Visitors can spend hours in the museum.

Children's Museum of Tacoma

At 10,000 square feet in size, the Children's Museum of Tacoma has a huge draw. Since it opened about a decade ago, it has offered pay-as-you-will admission and has no plans to change that anytime soon. This means that you can stop off for an hour, without worrying about whether you've gotten your money's worth.

Seattle Children's Museum

This kid-favorite spot is located on the lower level of the Seattle Center Armory building. Long-time museum lovers will notice a new exhibit, a post office where kids can weigh packages and slide behind the driver's seat to make pretend deliveries.

21. What should visitors do before going to KidsQuest Children's Museum?

- A. Bring children's tools.
- B. Make a reservation.
- C. Take rope ladders.
- D. Learn about physics experiments.

22. What may Children's Museum of Tacoma interest parents most?

- A. It has a long history.
- B. It's outdoor like a square.
- C. It may save parents' money.
- D. It doubles its previous play space.

23. Which of the following offers an exhibit about post offices?

- A. KidsQuest Children's Museum.
- B. Imagine Children's Museum.
- C. Children's Museum of Tacoma.
- D. Seattle Children's Museum.

B

Marathon is one of the most difficult races in track and field, at a little over 42 kilometers. To be a world-class marathoner, you must run that distance in two and a half hours. But for some, completing a marathon race is a lifelong dream.

Jacqueline's dream of being a world-class runner began when she was a child in Kenya. She soon realized she had the talent and the willpower to compete. She also knew she would have to train full-time, which meant not being able to work to help support her family. But she was confident that she could bring home prize money.

Jacqueline traveled to China to compete in the Zheng-Kai marathon knowing she had a good shot at winning the race, but more importantly, the \$10,000 prize that went with it. She was leading the women's division when a male runner arrived at the water station. The man had trouble drinking water because a birth defect (缺陷) had left him without hands, and he struggled to drink from a plastic bottle. But any assistance from fans or race officials would result in his disqualification. Jacqueline noticed the man and immediately knew that he needed help. She grabbed a water bottle and helped him get the water his body needed to complete the race.

Runner after runner passed Jacqueline. Her hopes of winning were getting lost in numerous runners ahead of her. With only 4 kilometers left in the race, and certain that the male runner would now finish, Jacqueline picked up her pace and finally finished second.

That day, Jacqueline missed out on first place, but she finished something more important: humanity. She returned home with the smaller prize of second place, but to her family, she brought home something much more valuable to home: the right example.

24. What can we know about Jacqueline from paragraph 2?

- A. She was born with little sports talent.
- B. Her goal was to win a championship.
- C. Her family opposed her going for a run.
- D. She had to train full-time to achieve her dream.

25. Why did the male runner struggle to drink from a plastic bottle?

- A. He is disabled.
- B. He doesn't like bottled water.
- C. He was running forward in a hurry.
- D. He competed with other runners for water.

26. What happened after Jacqueline helped the male runner?

- A. She was criticised by her family.
- B. She won second place at last.
- C. She was disqualified for going against rules.
- D. She fell behind several runners and gave up.

27. What is the attitude of Jacqueline's family towards her deed?

- A. Cautious.
- B. Approval.
- C. Critical.
- D. Disappointed.

C

The ocean is critical to all oxygen-dependent life. But life is also critical to the ocean. The ocean produces so much oxygen because of ocean plants, which draw down CO₂ and change it into carbon-based sugars and oxygen. Ocean plants are climate change heroes! There is now a wide recognition of the role of ocean life in slowing climate change.

On many Pacific islands, whales support tourism economies. While concerned about the impacts of climate change on whales, we also need to recognize that whales can contribute to fighting climate change! Through their deep dives, vast migrations, long lifespan (寿命), and large bodies, whales have an enormous effect on the ocean.

Whales both help ocean plants to draw down CO₂ and help to store carbon in the ocean. Firstly, they provide essential nutrients that enable ocean plants to grow. Whale waste is a fertilizer, bringing nutrients from the depths, where whales feed, to the surface, where plants need these nutrients to grow well. Migratory whales also bring nutrients with them from highly-productive feeding grounds to the nutrient-poor waters of whales' breeding grounds, boosting the growth of ocean plants across the ocean.

Secondly, whales keep the carbon locked in the ocean, out of the atmosphere, where it could otherwise contribute to climate change. Ocean plants produce carbon-based sugars, but with a very short lifespan. They can't store the carbon. When they die, much carbon is released in surface waters, and can be changed back to CO₂. Whales, however, can live for over a century, feeding on food chains that begin with the sugars in these tiny plants, and storing up the carbon in their bodies. When whales die, deep ocean life feeds on their remains, and the carbon formerly stored in whales' bodies can enter sediment (沉淀物). When carbon reaches deep ocean sediment, it is effectively locked away, and therefore unable to drive climate change. This carbon is unlikely to return as CO₂ in the atmosphere.

Several Pacific island countries are already leaders in whale conservation, having declared whale sanctuaries in their waters. Every year, whales socialize, breed, and give birth in Pacific island waters.

28. How do surface ocean plants get nutrients for growth?

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. From whale waste. | B. From the whales' bodies. |
| C. From the sunlight. | D. From ocean sediment. |

29. Why are ocean plants unable to store the carbon?

- A. The carbon in them is released after their death.
- B. Carbon-based sugars can't be generated by them.
- C. They lack nutrients for growth.
- D. They never absorb carbon-based sugars.

30. What does the underlined word "sanctuaries" in the last paragraph mean?

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| A. Amusements. | B. Imports. | C. Markets. | D. Shelters. |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|

31. What is the text mainly about?

- A. The importance of oceans to climate.

B. The bad effects of CO₂ to climate changes.

C. The role of whales in slowing climate change.

D. The importance of oceans to all oxygen-dependent life.

D

New York has become the most recent state to ban the sale of some animals in pet stores. A new law signed by Governor Kathy Hochul bans the sale of dogs, cats, and rabbits in retail shops. The new law encourages pet stores to work with animal rescue groups and shelters to make space for rescued animals that are available for adoption.

California was the first state to pass a retail ban in 2017. Maryland followed in 2018 and a statewide ban in Illinois went into effect in February. Maine and Washington passed laws that ban the sales in new pet stores. Now, more than 300 cities and counties throughout the United States have passed pet-sale bans. There are at least 10,000 commercial pet stores in the country, and fewer than 3,000 of them are regulated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, according to the estimates from the Humane Society of the United States.

In these commercial pet stores, animals are usually kept in dirty, crowded cages with limited access to medical care and human interaction. They often don't get enough to eat or drink, have little protection from cold or heat, and don't have a separate place to go to the bathroom. Many animals raised in the commercial pet stores go on to have physical and emotional problems.

Although conditions are often horrible, commercial pet stores are usually legal unless authorities are called in to close those with extremely inhumane (不人道的) conditions. "Dogs, cats, and rabbits across New York deserve loving homes and humane treatment," Governor Hochul said in a statement. "I'm proud to sign this law, which will make meaningful steps to cut down on bad treatment and protect the welfare of animals across the state." However, some pet store owners have argued that the law will cause a large quantity of pet stores in New York to close.

32. What is the new law signed by Governor Kathy Hochul about?

- A. Avoiding abusing pets.
- B. Preventing adopting pets.
- C. Forbidding distributing pets.
- D. Forbidding trading certain pets in pet stores.

33. What's paragraph 3 mainly about?

- A. The physical and emotional problems of some animals.
- B. The operation mode of commercial pet stores.
- C. The problems faced by commercial pet stores.
- D. The poor living conditions of the pets in pet stores.

34. What can we learn about the law from the last paragraph?

- A. It is well received.
- B. It takes ages to see the results.

- C. It may also have its shortcoming.
D. It is highly profitable.

5. Which is the most suitable title for the text?

- A. New York state offers medical care to animals
B. New York state bans pet stores from selling some animals
C. New York state assists pet store owners with laws
D. New York state ignores the horrible conditions of pets

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

You have a big exam coming up and just thinking about it causes you to tremble. You feel prepared, but when you get to class, you feel sick to your stomach. 36 Never fear: There are many things that you can do to treat it.

Be Prepared and Ready

If you study hard and feel secure with the content, you'll have more confidence when you enter the classroom. 37 So it's best to take enough time to study for the exam.

38 Try testing yourself as part of the preparation. You can even ask your roommate no question you. Finally, avoid talking to classmates about the test material right before the exam. Any difference of opinion about the content will only make you feel more nervous.

Think about Positive Thoughts

You are likely to engage in negative self-talk like, "This is impossible" or "There's no way I'll learn all of this". But if you reverse (转变) this mindset, you'll be more successful. Positive self-talk will help you stay motivated and encouraged as you tackle tough subjects that may seem impossible. If you tell yourself that anything is possible at the beginning of your study session or a test, you'll start with a positive mental advantage. 39

Stay Focused

40 It is a good measure to arrive early for your exam and sit somewhere that is free from distractions (分心的事物). Close your eyes and breathe deeply for ten seconds right before the exam. Block out other activities in the room and only focus on your test. Remind yourself that you're prepared and ready for the exam. If you face a difficult question, skip it and move on to the next one. Anytime that you feel your anxiety rising, take a break and focus on your breath and engage in positive self-talk.

- A. Don't just learn the test material.
B. You are experiencing test anxiety.
C. Don't underestimate the power of imagination.
D. 30% of students are never impacted by test anxiety.
E. Exam day calls for extra measures to ease test anxiety.
F. If you prepare for an exam hurriedly, you tend to have heightened anxiety.
G. So stop yourself from negative thoughts that block you from doing well on the test.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Growing up in Ireland, Pierce Forde loved motorcycles. His 41 in it only grew as he got older.

One day, Forde was heading straight through a crossing when a car 42 turned left. The vehicle dashed against his motorcycle, whose front wheel 43 to the ground, severely injuring him and he was 44 on the ground.

Out of nowhere, a man 45 at his side. He took Forde's hand and said, "You'll be OK, brother." Even though his 46, Forde noticed the man's deep and comfort-giving 47 which reminded him of the singer Barry White.

"What's your name?" the man asked. "Pierce..." Forde replied.

Forde started shaking. So the man 48 the same questions several times, "What's your name? What day is today? Where do you live?" He insisted that Forde concentrate on him but not on his 49.

Luckily, the doctors arrived and took Forde to the 50. He had been there for three weeks when, one day, the man who had helped him 51 at his hospital room.

"I just started 52... just tears rolling down my face. My 53 is here," Forde recalled.

Ford and the man 54 about their life. After about one hour's conversation, they shook hands. The man wished Forde an early 55 and he walked out of the door.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. effort | B. anxiety | C. creation | D. interest |
| 42. A. suddenly | B. creatively | C. regularly | D. eventually |
| 43. A. attached | B. ran | C. crashed | D. compared |
| 44. A. pacing | B. lying | C. battling | D. performing |
| 45. A. appeared | B. complained | C. cried | D. laughed |
| 46. A. shame | B. dream | C. annoyance | D. pain |
| 47. A. command | B. request | C. voice | D. smile |
| 48. A. answered | B. repeated | C. explored | D. delivered |
| 49. A. injuries | B. appearances | C. positions | D. characters |
| 50. A. plain | B. preserve | C. castle | D. hospital |
| 51. A. spied on | B. dropped out | C. hurried off | D. showed up |
| 52. A. judging | B. crying | C. seeking | D. clapping |
| 53. A. visitor | B. hero | C. servant | D. tailor |
| 54. A. cared | B. dreamed | C. chatted | D. wondered |
| 55. A. recovery | B. success | C. happiness | D. improvement |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

My dream to study in China came true in 2016 when I registered for a medical degree at Gannan Medical University in Ganzhou City of Jiangxi Province.

At the beginning, it was difficult 56 (talk) to the local people due to the language barrier. The use of a phone translation app made my life 57 (easy) than before. With an interest in making local friends, I started studying standard Chinese. It was difficult at first, 58 (especial) with the four tones in Chinese pronunciation to deal with. But after more exposure, practice and hard work, I began to understand the basic sentences, 59 (allow) me to talk with locals.

Among the many friends I 60 (meet) is Sasha, a young, beautiful and hardworking single mother. She introduced me 61 the business world. I launched my own brand of women's shoes produced in China.

Apart from studies, I got the opportunity to travel to many cities for business and 62 (please). Moreover, I also had the opportunity to participate in local Chinese talent competitions, 63 I won some awards as well.

These are my most memorable moments I will cherish for 64 rest of my life: the experience of being able to fit into the Chinese society and way of living, being accepted and treasured. I came to China as a foreign student but six years later, I became not only a 65 (qualify) doctor, but also a businesswoman with a well-rounded, balanced life overflowing with good memories and a wide knowledge of China. I consider it as my second home.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你校交换生 George 因生活琐事被同学误解,闷闷不乐。请你根据以下提示给他写一封邮件,内容包括:

1. 表示理解;
2. 提出建议;
3. 表达祝愿。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear George,

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Since Josh's wife died five years ago, Josh struggled to raise his daughter, Lisa, on his own. And things became more difficult after Lisa got sick and lost her ability to walk.

While her illness was curable, Josh simply couldn't afford the operations and rehabilitation (康复) costs she needed for treatment. Her condition also required hands-on care, so he worked part-time to look after her.

One day, Josh went to the local pharmacy (药房) after work to get Lisa her medicine. After about thirty minutes of waiting in the queue, Josh was finally the next in line at the counter. Suddenly, a young woman rushed into the store and walked to Josh.

"I'm so sorry. Can you help me? My father is in urgent need of medicine," the woman named Emily begged Josh and other people in the queue. As Josh looked into the woman's eyes, he saw a sense of desperation (绝望). His daughter's words suddenly rang in his head: Be good to people, and good will come back to you." He looked back at the crowd. "It's okay. We'll all get a turn to buy," Josh said confidently to the crowd behind him. Emily bought the pills she had come for. As she made her card payment, an alarm suddenly went off. The pharmacist and other staff suddenly started clapping. "Congratulations! You're our hundredth buyer today! Today is the tenth anniversary (周年纪念日) of our pharmacy. That means you get to take a hundred thousand dollar grand prize for our new promotion!" the pharmacist explained with a large smile. Emily struggled to hold back her tears of joy as the pharmacist handed her a check for \$100K. The crowds asked her to spare Josh some of her win.

Emily said in tears, "My father was seriously ill and I really need money to save him. I promise I will repay you after he is well." Josh decided to give up sharing money with the poor woman. Josh explained everything that had happened at the pharmacy to Lisa. "What you did was very kind, and I believe that one day, you will be rewarded for it. Those are the hidden secrets and treasures of life," Lisa said.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

A year later, Emily came to Josh's home.

Emily decided to offer Josh his share of the money.