

机密★启用前

试卷类型: A

2023 年第一次广东省普通高中学业水平合格性考试

英 语

本试卷共 6 页, 46 小题, 满分 150 分。考试用时 90 分钟。

注意事项: 1. 答卷前, 考生务必用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号和座位号填写在答题卡上。用 2B 铅笔将试卷类型(A)填涂在答题卡相应位置上。将条形码横贴在答题卡右上角“条形码粘贴处”。

2. 选择题每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑; 如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案。答案不能答在试卷上。

3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答, 答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上; 如需改动, 先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新的答案; 不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后, 将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

I. 情景交际 (共 5 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下列简短对话, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项, 将对话补全。

1. — Thanks for giving me a ride to school.

— _____.

A. You are welcome

B. That's a good idea

C. Don't worry

D. You are so nice

2. — _____?

— My watch reads nine.

A. What's the date today

B. How much is your watch

C. What time is it now

D. How many watches do you have

3. — Would you like to come to our party tonight?

— Sure. _____.

A. I'm sorry

B. I'd love to

C. That's all right

D. Come on

4. — What do you think of the movie?

— I like it. I think _____.

A. it's great

B. it's possible

C. it's terrible

D. it's ordinary

5. — Sorry I was not able to help.

— _____.

A. It just depends

B. It's my pleasure

C. Not in the least

D. Thank you all the same

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II. 阅读 (共 15 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 45 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项。

A

A new interactive (互动的) map shows which parts of the world have been hit hardest by climate change. The map, called ClimateEX, allows users to see how global warming (全球变暖) influences temperature and rainfall across the Earth.

The map shows, in the UK, areas of eastern Scotland have been most influenced by climate change. In the US, the west coast has seen a rise in temperature and loss of rainfall. The map also shows that over the next 50 years parts of Wales and northeast England will see big changes to their climate.

Developed by a scientist at the University of Cincinnati, the map uses 50 years of public climate data from 50,000 international weather stations around the Earth. It shows not only how the climate has changed, but also what will possibly happen by the year 2070.

According to the map, over the next 50 years Central America will be subject to terrible heat and rainfall. Papua New Guinea, southeastern China, the west coast of the US, Greenland and the Arctic are also easily influenced, most importantly for sea level change.

ClimateEX can also help users search for places where climate change may lead to extreme phenomena (现象) in the future. The user simply touches the place where storms are frequent at present on the map and then ClimateEX will show all the places where storms are likely to happen in 50 years.

- A rise in temperature and loss of rainfall have happened in _____.
 - the US
 - China
 - Papua New Guinea
 - the UK
- The map tells the climate change in the future by _____.
 - setting up weather stations
 - recording rainfall
 - measuring the sea levels
 - using past climate data
- The underlined phrase *be subject to* in Paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.
 - cause
 - suffer
 - avoid
 - change
- According to the last paragraph, the map can _____.
 - reduce the influences of climate change
 - change the climates of different countries
 - show where extreme climates will happen
 - suggest how people deal with climate change
- What is the best title for the passage?
 - Increasing Rainfall
 - An Amazing Map
 - A Map of the World
 - Changeable Climate

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B

Anger is a natural feeling that everyone experiences in life. Some researchers believe the first sound a baby makes when born could be a sign of anger. Anger may be the first feeling we have and respond to. It's in many cases a perfectly healthy feeling. Anger can cause people to make very positive changes in their lives. Sometimes we have to be angry at injustice (不公正), at wrong doings, or even at nature, before we can do what needs to be done to correct wrongs or make things better. But of course, that is not how we usually think of anger.

Most people think of anger as a feeling we must keep under control. Children are sometimes sent to their rooms or punished for expressing anger in an uncontrolled way. Parents tell a child to control himself when the child shows anger. We may be angry with friends or at work, but we know it is not right to show it. Very early in life, we learn that anger is something that must be controlled.

We learn this for a good reason. Uncontrolled anger can lead to fights, car accidents, bad relationships with others, unacceptable social behavior, and many other problems. However, many experts say that if one suppresses his anger, he may suffer serious mental and physical health problems. So what can we do to understand and calm this feeling?

One solution is to talk about it with someone we trust, for example, a good friend. We can also try to walk away from a situation that causes anger, ask a doctor for advice, or just exercise more in our daily life. And of course we may have many other methods. Whatever solution we choose, as long as we are trying to find the solution to the problem, we have already taken the first step in the right direction.

11. According to Paragraph 1, anger can _____.
A. lead to justice
B. keep us healthy
C. help us tell right from wrong
D. help us make things better
12. What does Paragraph 2 mainly tell us?
A. We are taught to control anger.
B. Anger appears early in life.
C. We shouldn't get angry at work.
D. Angry children should be punished.
13. The underlined word *suppresses* in Paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. holds in
B. takes in
C. expresses
D. understands
14. Which of the following can help deal with anger?
A. Excellent physical health.
B. A talk with a close friend.
C. Some exercises given by teachers.
D. A good relationship with others.
15. What does the author think of anger?
A. Anger shown by children is unacceptable.
B. Anger leads to deadly mental and physical illnesses.
C. Anger can be a healthy feeling and need be treated properly.
D. Anger builds up relationships with our friends or workmates.

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第二节 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

City life is cool; but is country life cooler? The answer is yes. As cities grow ever bigger, lots of people would like to leave their city and live in the countryside.

16 Cities like Liverpool and Glasgow have lost about 30% of their population in 30 years. But Britain's population is still growing. 17 They are moving to the countryside.

The English countryside has a classic image. People imagine that life in the countryside is slow and calm; that people have more space and most houses have gardens; that there are no traffic jams, no pollution, and no crime. 18

Since more people in Britain want to live in the countryside, it is causing problems in some rural areas. People live in the countryside and work in the city. 19 Of course they don't use buses (they are too slow) or trains (they don't stop in the countryside); they use cars. Little villages now have traffic problems in the morning, just like big cities! What's more, although many people live in the countryside, they want to use supermarkets and good fast roads.... But they do not want to see the crowds to and from such supermarkets or hear the noise of the roads. 20 There is not enough to do. There are not enough activities or excitements.

- A. Where are the people going?
- B. In some places, this is true; but in others it is not.
- C. So they travel long distances each day to go to work.
- D. The population of British cities has been falling for years.
- E. Besides, lots of young people say that life in the countryside is boring.

III. 完形填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 45 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项。

One day, a small boy named Johnny was walking to school. Suddenly he heard a 21 in the tall grass along the side of the road. He 22 to see what it was. He pushed the grass apart and there he saw a green frog 23 him. And to his great 24, the frog began to speak. It asked Johnny for a 25 so that it could turn back into a beautiful princess (公主). After 26 for a while, Johnny put the frog into his pocket and continued to go to his 27. He thought that he couldn't do anything with a princess but a talking frog was so 28.

When he arrived at school, he showed his new 29 to his friends. Johnny told them 30 that the frog could talk. But no matter how hard the boys tried, the frog just wouldn't 31. After all the other boys left, Johnny asked the frog why it had 32 that way. The frog explained that it 33 wanted to be turned back into a princess by a kiss. Then Johnny

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had to kiss the frog, but to his anger, 34 happened. "I did as you said, but you're still a frog," Johnny said. The frog, having made fun of Johnny, 35 loud, jumped out of his hands and went away.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 21. A. secret | B. sound | C. song | D. speech |
| 22. A. pretended | B. agreed | C. stopped | D. expected |
| 23. A. looking at | B. marching to | C. shouting at | D. flying to |
| 24. A. anxiety | B. disappointment | C. relief | D. surprise |
| 25. A. hug | B. kiss | C. smile | D. touch |
| 26. A. sleeping | B. searching | C. hesitating | D. feeding |
| 27. A. school | B. house | C. friend's | D. teacher's |
| 28. A. boring | B. horrible | C. lucky | D. amazing |
| 29. A. classmate | B. pet | C. brother | D. insect |
| 30. A. slowly | B. doubtfully | C. sadly | D. excitedly |
| 31. A. jump | B. play | C. talk | D. cry |
| 32. A. thought | B. behaved | C. lied | D. moved |
| 33. A. just | B. even | C. already | D. almost |
| 34. A. nothing | B. everything | C. something | D. anything |
| 35. A. answered | B. shouted | C. coughed | D. laughed |

IV. 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空格处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

When you go to restaurants in different parts of the world, it's important to know the right and wrong things 36 (do). For example, in some parts of the world, it's OK to make a lot of noise in a restaurant. In fact, if a restaurant there isn't 37 (noise) and lively, you may think there's something wrong with it. In some other parts of the world, however, restaurants are quiet places. If a table is too loud, other people in the restaurant might 38 (strong) complain to the owner of the restaurant.

How to pay the bill is also different from country 39 country. In some countries, one person usually 40 (pay) for everybody. In other countries, 41 friends eat together, they usually share the bill. This 42 (call) "going Dutch". Also, they usually leave a tip for the waiter. They tip between 15% and 20% of the bill, depending on 43 good the service is.

Different countries have different 44 (custom). When you travel to another country, please follow what 45 (it) people do.

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V. 书面表达 (共 1 题, 满分 25 分)

46. 假定你是李华。请给外教 David 写一封邮件, 邀请他参加在学校操场举办的“英语之夜”活动。活动时间为下周五晚上六点到八点。

内容包括: (1) 时间和地点;

(2) 活动内容: 演唱歌曲、朗诵诗歌和表演话剧;

(3) 希望对方能参加。

注意: 1. 词数 90 左右;

2. 开头和结尾已经给出, 不计入词数;

3. 可以适当增加细节, 并将开头和结尾抄写在答题卡上, 以使行文连贯。

Dear David,

Yours,


Li Hua

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