

贵州省 2021 年普通高等学校招生适应性测试

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上, 写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

**Start Something You Won't Want To Stop**

If you are hunting for a chance to get close to nice books, you know, *Reader's Digest USA* will never let you down. We have got recommendations for the second month of 2021.

**The Cure**

Dany returns to France in an effort to heal her heartbreak and discovers an excellent hotel where love starts, consumes, and alters Dany to the depths of her soul.

By Sandra Freeman  
www.authorhouse.co.uk  
Hardback \$35.97  
Paperback \$15.78  
E-book \$4.99



**Finding Your (Lost) Joy**

If you suffer sadness, grief, anxiety, or depression, this can serve as a guidebook to lift up your state of mind; you can add your joyful things and make it yours.

By Laurel Khiabani  
www.xlibris.com  
Hardback \$22.99  
Paperback \$14.99  
E-book \$3.99



英语试卷 第 1 页 (共 10 页)

*Steerage And Amour*

This book narrates the history of several generations of the Italian Divita family as related to the unrest of society and political climate, especially in Italy and America during the early 1900s.

By Edward L. Divita  
www.xlibris.com  
Hardback \$36.99  
Paperback \$20.99  
E-book \$3.99



*Presidential Spirit*

A woman afraid to love again meets a spirited airman named David, who shows her that nothing can stop true love, not even death. It tells the true story of the airman who soared above his tough circumstances and the woman who was the wind beneath his wings.

By Gina S. Scheff  
www.iuniverse.com  
Hardback \$23.99  
Paperback \$15.99  
E-book \$2.99



Link to our advertisement web-page on [www.unitedthroughreading.org](http://www.unitedthroughreading.org) for more.

- Who is the character in Sandra Freeman's book?  
A. Dany.                      B. Laurel.                      C. David.                      D. Edward.
- Which of the following is the cheapest in paperback?  
A. *The Cure*.                      B. *Presidential Spirit*.  
C. *Finding Your (Lost) Joy*.                      D. *Steerage And Amour*.
- What kind of book is *Presidential Spirit*?  
A. A history textbook.                      B. A real-life based novel.  
C. A travel brochure.                      D. A science fiction.

**B**

When Ma Hu was chosen for a baseball training camp in Beijing, the 12-year-old didn't have the slightest idea how baseball was played or even what a baseball field looked like.

The son of a migrant worker in Ningxia, northwest China didn't have enough warmth of family. In the past, he was a headache for the teachers at school, acting up in the class and fighting with classmates during break time.

"I was lost at the street crossing and got picked up by the camp people" is how Ma describes how he came to join the training camp run by the Power Baseball Angel project. It was launched by Sun Lingfeng, former captain of the men's national baseball team, in 2015 to provide professional training to children from poor households and remote areas.

英语试卷 第 2 页 (共 10 页)

When Ma joined the camp, it had only 16 boys. They were told those who could get into the national top three would qualify for college admission. Other good players could join professional baseball teams. Still others could work at the base, teaching the newcomers.

Ma, now 15, has become a professional baseball player with a bright future. His story, including his early days when he fought with his teammates and ignored the coaches' instructions, is part of an award-winning documentary *Tough Out* on the young baseball players at the camp, which was released in December 2020.

The documentary focuses on the team of underprivileged and abandoned children who struggled to learn a new sport and build a new life for themselves while fighting low self-esteem (自尊) and pursuing their dreams. It is dedicated to people who work hard silently, seize every opportunity and refuse to admit defeat.

4. Why did Sun Lingfeng start the Power Baseball Angel project?

- A. To promote baseball in big cities of China.
- B. To train children who are fond of baseball.
- C. To select players for the national baseball team.
- D. To offer poor kids professional baseball training.

5. Which word can best describe Ma Hu?

- A. Promising.
- B. Independent.
- C. Caring.
- D. Honest.

6. What does the underlined word "underprivileged" in paragraph 6 probably mean?

- A. Naughty.
- B. Disadvantaged.
- C. Outgoing.
- D. Ambitious.

7. What can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. A Moving Story of a Baseball Camp Founder
- B. An Award-winning Documentary on Baseball
- C. Potential Boys Fighting Hard for College Dreams
- D. Poor Youngsters Staying Ahead through Baseball

C

Electric vehicles are close to the "turning point" of rapid mass adoption thanks to the decreasing cost of batteries, experts say.

Global sales of electric vehicles rose 43% in 2020, but even faster growth is expected when continuing falls in battery prices result in the price of electric cars under the same petrol and diesel (柴油) models, which may happen between 2023 and 2025. According to

a study by Prof. Tim Lenton, at the University of Exeter, the turning point has already been passed in Norway, where tax breaks (税收减免) mean electric cars are cheaper and the market share of battery-powered cars increased to 54% in 2020 in Norway, compared with less than 5% in most European nations.

The falls in battery prices in the last decade have been dramatic and faster than predicted thanks to a massive production and cuts in costs, such as reducing the amount of expensive cobalt (钴) required. BloombergNEF's analysis predicts lithium-ion (锂离子) battery costs will fall so sharply that electric cars can match the price of petrol and diesel cars by 2023. McKinsey's *Global Energy Perspective 2021*, published on 15 January, forecasts that "electric vehicles are likely to become the most economic choice in the next five years worldwide".

Electric cars, vital in efforts to fight climate crisis, are quieter and start to go faster, so people do not want to return to a petrol or diesel vehicle once they have one. A survey of 2,000 electric car owners found 91% said they did not want to go back.

"The survey shows the strong and lasting impact of switching to a clean car. The evidence in favour of electric vehicles grows more convincing even in a year as destructive as 2020," said Melanie Shufflebotham, at Zap-Map, which maps charging points.

8. What leads to the growing sales of electric vehicles?
- A. The rise in petrol prices.                      B. The desire for a lower tax.  
C. The drop in battery costs.                      D. The need for a cleaner life.
9. What can we infer from paragraph 2?
- A. Policies in Norway support electric vehicles.  
B. Economy in Norway outgrows other nations.  
C. The market share of electric vehicles will decline.  
D. The tax breaks in Europe will continue to increase.
10. How will electric vehicles equal fuel vehicles in price?
- A. By increasing the demand for cobalt.  
B. By boosting the sales of electric cars.  
C. By reducing the production of batteries.  
D. By cutting the costs of lithium-ion batteries.
11. What is the attitude of people surveyed towards electric cars?
- A. Tolerant.                      B. Positive.                      C. Unwilling.                      D. Opposed.

英语试卷 第 4 页 (共 10 页)



D

Waking up with “morning breath” is quite normal, and it usually goes away after eating and drinking, or brushing your teeth. Your breath can also smell different after drinking coffee or alcohol, or eating spicy food, garlic or onions — sometimes you may think you’ve got bad breath when actually it’s quite okay.

However, if you’re concerned or embarrassed about halitosis (口臭) — ongoing bad breath, a trip to the doctor or dentist should be in order, because there could be something else going on with your health.

Your mouth is the first place to investigate the origin of bad breath. When smell-causing bacteria attack food after eating, they release strong-smelling sulphur (硫). People with halitosis may have more of these bacteria present in their mouth. Additionally, not cleaning, or brushing your teeth properly leads to a build-up of harmful substances on the teeth, and can cause some swelling and strong smell in the mouth. Medical conditions that reduce the amount of saliva (唾液) in the mouth can cause problems too. That’s because saliva keeps the mouth just wet, reducing strong smell.

Strong-smelling breath can be a symptom of medical conditions such as mouth or throat infections. A pear-smelling breath caused by high blood sugar, which occurs as a result of uncontrolled diabetes (糖尿病), can also indicate some other serious diseases.

If you’re worried how your breath smells at close range, nutritionist Katrina Pace comes to the rescue with simple tips. “Keep away from sharp-tasting food, drink and alcohol,” Katrina said. “Drinking water regularly and chewing fresh parsley (欧芹) can also help.”

12. When should we see a doctor about a bad breath?
- A. After eating sharp-tasting food.                      B. When waking up with morning breath.  
C. After drinking coffee or alcohol.                      D. When having continuous smelly breath.
13. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about?
- A. The causes of bad breath.                              B. The effects of medicines.  
C. The importance of saliva.                              D. The necessity of teeth-brushing.
14. What can we learn from paragraph 4?
- A. Strong-smelling breath may result in diabetes.  
B. Mouth infections are a symptom of bad breath.  
C. Pear-smelling breath may be a sign of some diseases.  
D. Throat infections are caused by strong-smelling breath.

英语试卷 第 5 页 (共 10 页)

15. In which section of a newspaper may this text appear?

- A. Business.      B. Health.      C. Education.      D. Entertainment.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Are you afraid of expressing ideas or making negative comments? Do you always say yes to seek shelter or want approval from others? 16 You probably tend to satisfy other people's needs ahead of your own. In the long run, it will have a side effect on your life. It'll take some time to adjust, and it's time to know how.

- Say "no" effectively.

It might take some practice, but let people know when you can't do what they want. If a flat "no" seems difficult to you, show your understanding for the person and their needs. 7

- Set your priorities.

18 It helps you choose what to say yes to and what to decline. If you feel trapped in a decision, write a list of your demands (or options) and place them in order of what's most important to you.

- 19

There's nothing wrong with voicing your opinion. Simply reminding people that you're an individual with your own preferences is a big step forward. If you tend to please people by going along with other people instead of voicing your likes or dislikes, speak out.

- Take care of yourself.

Ignoring your needs can be a sign of a lack of self-love. Looking after yourself and taking care of your body isn't selfish. 20 Eat healthy meals, exercise regularly, and do things that make your body feel good.

- A. Develop your preferences.
- B. Speak up for what you want.
- C. Spare some time each day for your health.
- D. If you agree to help someone, set a time limit.
- E. If yes, you may be classified as a people pleaser.
- F. Place the most important at the top of the schedule.
- G. Still, you need to be firm in saying that you cannot help them.

英语试卷 第6页（共10页）

第二部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The first fingernail tattoos (文身) started off as a joke.

Mark Bertram lost the tips of two 21 at work in 2018 when his hand was 22 in a fan. "It's life-changing but it's not 23," he says. After two surgeries, Bertram decided to make light of his condition by 24 Eric Catalano, a tattoo artist, to 25 fingernail tattoos. The idea made everyone in the studio laugh—until they 26 the final result. "The mood changed," Catalano recalls. "Everything turned from 27 to wow."

When Catalano 28 a photo of the tattoos, a pair of fingernails that looked so 29 that no one could believe their eyes, he had no idea the 30 would eventually be viewed by millions of people around the world. The popular photo pushed Catalano 31 into the world of paramedical (医疗辅助的) tattooing. Now people with life-changing 32 come to look for the 33 healing (疗法) they saw online. Using flesh-toned inks and a needle, Catalano 34 his clients' view of themselves.

Leslie Pollan was 35 on the face by a puppy. She underwent 36 surgeries to correct a scar on her lip. "Plastic surgery gave me no 37," she says. "So I looked for other options." She finally 38 six hours for a meeting with Catalano, who gave her back a piece of her confidence. "You don't understand until you've gone 39 it," Pollan says.

"Every time I see that 40 from my customers, I'm 100 percent sure this is something that I can't stop doing," Catalano says.

- |                    |                |                   |                |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 21. A. toes        | B. legs        | C. fingers        | D. arms        |
| 22. A. trapped     | B. lost        | C. buried         | D. put         |
| 23. A. life-saving | B. life-ending | C. life-extending | D. life-giving |
| 24. A. helping     | B. asking      | C. teaching       | D. forcing     |
| 25. A. erase       | B. polish      | C. decorate       | D. create      |
| 26. A. gave        | B. doubted     | C. saw            | D. predicted   |

英语试卷 第 7 页 (共 10 页)

- |                   |                |              |              |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 27. A. boring     | B. funny       | C. strange   | D. peaceful  |
| 28. A. downloaded | B. searched.   | C. received  | D. posted    |
| 29. A. real       | B. dirty       | C. long      | D. scary     |
| 30. A. surgery    | B. image.      | C. poster    | D. meeting   |
| 31. A. back       | B. aside       | C. away      | D. further   |
| 32. A. scars      | B. tattoos     | C. photos    | D. habits    |
| 33. A. rapid      | B. traditional | C. artistic  | D. religious |
| 34. A. expresses  | B. takes       | C. ignores   | D. changes   |
| 35. A. bitten     | B. kissed      | C. hit       | D. patted    |
| 36. A. deadly     | B. successful  | C. countless | D. perfect   |
| 37. A. regret     | B. hope        | C. trouble   | D. honor     |
| 38. A. wasted     | B. studied.    | C. traveled  | D. argued    |
| 39. A. after      | B. for         | C. against   | D. through   |
| 40. A. emotion    | B. hesitation  | C. caution   | D. confusion |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Born in 1894, Mei Lanfang 41 (bring) up in a family of Peking and Kunqu Opera performers. 42 the age of eight, he started training in Peking Opera on a daily basis. When he was 17, he kept a flock of pigeons (一群鸽子) and trained them 43 (fly) high. Every day Mei watched them 44 they flew, which helped him to develop the expressive eye movements that were so important to his art. His hard work and dedication made him a 45 (lead) artist in Peking Opera.

Mei was also an innovator (创新者). In addition to new stage designs and singing styles, his innovations in make-up and costume design allowed for more vivid images of female characters. This contributed greatly to the 46 (develop) of Peking Opera. Mei created and 47 (perform) over 200 plays, making his contributions to the singing styles, speaking lines, dance, music, costumes and make-up and 48 (gradual) forming his unique and creative style, 49 is called "Mei School". Until he passed away in 1961, Mei had been encouraging the spread of Peking Opera for almost 60 years. This lifelong devotion has made him one of the 50 (great) Peking Opera artists of all time.



第三部分 写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者（从第 11 处起）不计分。

My name is Jane. I want be a journalist. Journalists have to be very independently, and they need many different skill. They especially need to communicate on well with people, what I believe I'm good at. Also I liked travelling and doing challenging things. I think work for a newspaper and reporting from all over the world are really exciting. My parents think being a journalist is the dangerous job, but I'm not scared. I like taking risks. They know enough.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 你校将为高三学生举办成人礼活动 (the coming-of-age ceremony)。请给你的英国朋友 Nancy 写封邮件, 介绍此次活动的相关情况, 内容包括:

1. 活动安排;
2. 活动意义;
3. 你的准备。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

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贵州省 2021 年普通高等学校招生适应性测试

英语参考答案

一部分 阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
答案	A	C	B	D	A	B	D	C	A	D
题号	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	B	D	A	C	B	E	G	F	B	C

二部分 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

题号	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
答案	C	A	B	B	D	C	B	D	A	B
题号	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	D	A	C	D	A	C	B	C	D	A

三部分 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

1. was brought 42. At 43. to fly 44. as/when 45. leading  
46. performed 48. gradually 49. which 50. greatest

第三部分 写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

My name is Jane. I want ~~to~~ be a journalist. Journalists have to be very independently, and  
to independent  
they need many different skill. They especially need to communicate on well with people,  
skills  
what I believe I'm good at. Also I liked travelling and doing challenging things. I think  
which like  
work for a newspaper and reporting from all over the world are really exciting. My parents  
working  
think being a journalist is the dangerous job, but I'm not scared. I like taking risks. They know  
a  
I won't make a lot of money and bringing news to people around the world will be  
but  
enough.

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

（略）



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自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址：www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

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