

百校联盟 2021 届普通高中教育教学质量监测考试
全国卷 英语 参考答案

听力录音材料

Text 1

M: Which one tops the bestsellers this week?

W: Harry Potter.

M: I'd like to buy one.

W: Here you are.

Text 2

W: Why do you stop me?

M: Do you know this is a one-way street?

W: I'm sorry, I didn't know.

M: You have to pay a fine.

Text 3

M: Mum, shall I watch this TV show for one more hour?

W: Sorry, I'm afraid not. It's too late. You have to go to school very early tomorrow morning. So you should know what you're supposed to do.

Text 4

W: Have a good trip. Hope that the sea is smooth during your voyage. But please remember to buy some souvenirs.

M: Don't worry. I've been sailing boats on the lakes for 5 years.

Text 5

W: Would you like to have supper with me after work? When will you be free?

M: Usually I finish my work at 5:00 p. m. , but I'll work overtime for an hour tonight.

Text 6

M: Are there many idioms in English?

W: There are hundreds and hundreds. English is particularly rich in idiomatic expressions.

M: Can you give us an example?

W: I'll look up the rate. It doesn't mean to look high into the sky or to look at the roof. It means to search for and find some information.

M: What about the expression Goodbye? Is that an idiom?

W: That is just a natural, grammatical English expression. It has a direct translation in other languages.

M: This is interesting, Ms. Parker.

Text 7

W: I was wondering if you could help me with something.

M: Sure, anything you say.

W: Actually, it's a little bit silly.

M: Don't worry about it, just ask.

W: What information do I need to know to buy a pair of shoes?

M: You need to know the type of shoes you want first.

W: Don't worry about that, I can point it out in the store.



after one year of not smoking,” he said. Krech added that the health effects of quitting smoking are immediate. Krech said governments can help people to quit by supporting some simple measures. They can create smoke-free areas, prohibit tobacco advertising and raise taxes on tobacco products.

Keys: 1—5 BACCB 6—10 BCABC 11—15 BACBA 16—20 CACAB

【篇章导读】本文主要介绍了适合孩子游玩的四个好去处。

21. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据题干并结合 Cedar Point and Sandusky, Ohio 中的介绍 Cedar Park has 75 rides, a water park and much more. Overall, Cedar Park packs more thrills and roller coasters into its area than any other theme park. 可知, 主题公园的爱好者们在 Cedar Point and Sandusky 可以找到许多游乐设施和刺激。

22. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据原文 Chicago 中的介绍 The Lincoln Park Zoo is a wonderful destination for kids and their parents. 可知, The Lincoln Park Zoo 适合全家去游玩。

23. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据原文 Mount Rushmore National Memorial 中的介绍 Visitors to Mount Rushmore can take guided tours, and act as an audience in the evening program with the lighting of the faces. 可知, 在这里可以观看演出。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇记叙文, 主要介绍了 Freddie 和 Lisa 经营的家庭式饭店助人为乐的故事。

24. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段 No matter how down on their luck a person is, they never have to worry about having no money for their lunch. 及其 The owners, a husband and wife team — Freddie and Lisa Thomas-McMillan — make no profit from their restaurant. 可知, 这是一个家庭式充满爱心的饭店。

25. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段 Lisa once told GNN, “Whatever needs people have, if we can help them...we will. It’s our chief mission.” 可知, Lisa 说, 帮助那些有需要帮助的人是他们最大的目标。

26. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第五段 It’s a feeling of great happiness when knowing that their customers leave “with a full stomach, a full heart, and the understanding that you’re loved and worthy of love.” 可知, 当知道顾客吃饱喝足, 心满意足地离开时, 心里有一种幸福的满足感, 因此获得快乐是他们经营饭店的初衷。

27. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段 Through the years, she’s run a food bank. She’s opened her home to the needy. 及其 We feel proud to be able to do what we do, with COVID-19 affecting so many people. 可知, Lisa 是一个胸怀宽广, 时刻帮助那些需要关爱的人。

【篇章导读】疫情之下, 如果企业想把不情愿复工的员工拉回办公室, 找到保持社交距离的方法很关键。一家以色列公司认为在办公室天花板上安装智能传感器将有助于保持社交距离。

28. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段 If businesses are to get those workers unwilling to go back to work to their position, finding ways to keep people who work together or meet at social gatherings between 2 to more than 2 meters will be the issue that needs handling badly. 可知, 疫情之下, 如果企业想把不情愿复工的员工拉回办公室, 找到保持社交距离的方法很关键。

29. D 【解析】词义猜测题。根据语境可知, 尽管这一社交隔离创新项目刚出不久, PointGrab 已经在可口可乐、脸书和戴尔等公司的办公室安装了超 1 万台传感器来优化办公空间利用率。

30. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段 “The sensor does not violate people’s privacy,” Shachar says. “This is extremely important in the workspace.” 可知, 沙哈尔说: “传感器不会侵犯人们的隐私, 这一点在职场极为重要。”, 因此工人们希望使用这种设备时要保护好他们的隐私。

31. B 【解析】主旨大意题。如何保证员工在办公室保持社交距离? 以色列一家公司的智能传感器可以帮管理者解决这一难题。只要在天花板上安装这一传感器, 就能跟踪记录人与人之间的距离, 当间距过小时还能发警报提醒。因此本文主要介绍了使办公室员工保持良好社交距离更容易的智能传感器。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇新闻报道, 科学家通过研究发现了证据, 证明宇宙中的一些行星可能是由钻石组成的。

32. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第四段 But exoplanets that orbit stars with a higher carbon-to-oxygen ratio than the sun are more likely to be carbon rich. The researchers suggest that these planets could convert carbon into diamond and silicate if water is also present. 可知, 那些围绕着比太阳碳氧比率更高的

恒星旋转的系外行星更有可能富含碳。研究人员认为,如果有水存在,这些行星可以将碳转化为金刚石和硅酸盐。

33. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段 The researchers reported that the high heat and pressure caused the silicon carbide to react with water, turning it into diamonds and silica. 可知,科学家在实验室模仿这些星球的条件,经过反应,产生了金刚石。其目的在于支持上述发现。

34. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段 The earth, for example, orbits the sun, which has a low carbon-to-oxygen ratio. So Earth, too, has a low carbon level, resulting in very small amounts of diamond. 可知,地球围绕太阳运行,太阳的碳氧比较低。因此地球的碳含量也很低,导致钻石的含量非常少,因此可知,共享一个太阳系的恒星和行星,是由同一团气体云形成的,他们所含有的成分应该是相同的。

35. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据倒数第二段 The researchers said the inside of such planets would be so hard that they could not be geologically active, which would probably make it out of the question for the planets to create an atmosphere. 可知,研究人员说,这些行星的内部非常坚硬,以至于它们不可能进行地质活动,这些星球不可能创造出大气层。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍了四种通过提高自信心来提高健康情绪的方法。

36. E 【解析】此处承接上一句话 Taking care of your emotional health is as important as taking care of your physical body. 进一步解释了情绪与身体健康的关系,即:如果你的情绪失去平衡,你可能会患有高血压。

37. C 【解析】主旨句。下文主要介绍了吃和喝的方法。因此本段的主旨为:饮食健康且适量。

38. A 【解析】根据后文 The more you know, the less you will fear what might happen. 可知,此处介绍了知识就是力量。

39. D 【解析】上文从两个方面介绍了体育锻炼的好处,此处进行总结,即,体育锻炼是压力管理的好方法。

40. F 【解析】根据上文 Everyone should have at least one hobby, whether it's taking care of plants, collecting antiques, or listening to music. 可知,此处介绍了你应该做些能给你带来真正快乐的事,没人能从你身上夺走它。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇记叙文,作者做了粉色纸杯蛋糕后,因为吃不了送给邻居,而这正是邻居孩子所期盼的,爱与善行永远不会浪费,它们有着重要影响,不仅保佑那些接受者,而且也保佑那些施与者。

41. B 【解析】考查动词。根据后文 Since we were planning to move out soon 可知,邻居是刚搬来的。

42. C 【解析】考查名词。结合上文 Since we were planning to move out soon 可知,由于“我们”计划搬走,所以就没有费力地去认识他们。

43. A 【解析】考查名词。根据上文 But we couldn't eat all those cupcakes by ourselves, so I knocked on my neighbors' door. 同时结合下文 and I started to feel silly 可知,“我”敲门但是没有应答。

44. D 【解析】考查动词。根据上文 I started to feel silly 可知,作者期待着一些重要的事情发生。

45. B 【解析】考查连词。根据后文 the door opened 可知,正当“我”放下盘子转身要走的时候,这时候门开了。

46. A 【解析】考查形容词。根据第三段第一句话 The exhausted mother looked at me 可知,这位母亲的脸色应该是疲惫的脸。

47. C 【解析】考查动词。“Pink cupcakes!” Her daughter shouted with pure joy, grabbing a cupcake 48 . 可知,孩子看到纸杯蛋糕,由于兴奋她的眼里充满了泪水。

48. D 【解析】考查副词。根据上文“Pink cupcakes!” Her daughter shouted with pure joy 可知,由于兴奋,小女孩急切地拿起蛋糕。

49. A 【解析】考查名词。“我”给他们送去纸杯蛋糕,她非常感激。

50. B 【解析】考查动词。结合后文 They had no friends here and proper jobs are hard to find. 可知,她丈夫失业了,到这里打算重新开始。

51. C 【解析】考查形容词。通过上文可知,她丈夫失业了,因此他们来这里希望有一个新的开始。

52. D 【解析】考查动词。根据下文 if it was a mistake. 可知,她在想来这里是不是一个错误。

53. B 【解析】考查名词。在这个特殊的日子,她最大的问题就是粉色纸杯蛋糕。

54. A 【解析】考查动词。根据后文 Early that morning, the young girl reminded her mom of the promise. 可知,此处是母亲给孩子的承诺。

55. D 【解析】考查副词。结合后文 She had to ask her daughter to wait yet another day. 可知,母亲几乎没有钱来买做纸杯蛋糕的食材。barely 副词,“几乎不;几乎没有”。
56. C 【解析】考查名词。根据上文可知,她认为自己作为母亲是一个失败者。
57. B 【解析】考查动词。根据上文 I heard a voice: Take some to your neighbor. 可知,“我”给他们送纸杯蛋糕。
58. C 【解析】考查动词。根据后文 no matter how hard life gets, we are never alone, and we are never forgotten. 可知,此处是这件事情给“我的”启发。
59. A 【解析】考查动词。根据 Love and kindness are never wasted. 可知,这些都起着重大的作用。
60. D 【解析】考查名词。根据上文 They bless the one who receives them 可知,此处与 receiver 对应,应为 giver。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇记叙文,一位退役老兵不顾生命危险,深入火海,救了一家人。

61. an

【解析】考查冠词。此处表示泛指,指一位 80 岁的退役老兵。

62. arising

【解析】考查现在分词。此处为现在分词作后置定语。

63. to find

【解析】考查动词不定式。此处为 only to do, 表示一种出乎意料的结果。

64. walls

【解析】考查名词复数。根据其前的 one of 可知,此处需用名词复数。

65. were

【解析】考查时态。本文描述的是过去的事情,故此处应用一般过去时态。

66. awoke

【解析】考查时态。本文描述的是过去的事情,故此处应用一般过去时态。

67. confused

【解析】考查形容词。此处系动词 be 后需用形容词作表语,且主语为 they,故此处应用 confused。

68. through

【解析】考查介词。此处指通过后门,逃离火海。

69. where

【解析】考查定语从句。此处先行词为 the garage door, 定语从句中缺少地点状语。

70. simply

【解析】考查副词。此处副词修饰动词。

短文改错

As we all know, not only can a sweet smile make ourselves happily, but also it enables others A feel
happy to
delighted. Li Ming was on his way to school as he saw an old man, who carried a heavy box and wanted to
when
catch a train on the other day. It seems that the box was too much for an old man. So Li Ming helped her
seemed the him
with the box. Arrived at the station, the old man smiled, with a thank-you sign. To Li Ming's surprised, the
Arriving surprise
man lived in a voiceless world. Without a word, Li Ming responded with a bright smile. At this time, smiles
was the most beautiful language.
were

书面表达

书面表达评分细则

书面表达各档次的给分范围和要求:

第五档(很好)(21~25分):

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。



2. 覆盖所有内容要点。
3. 应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误, 但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致; 具备较强的语言运用能力。
5. 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分, 使全文结构紧凑。
6. 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第四档(好)(16~20分):

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉1、2个次重点, 但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确, 些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分, 使全文结构紧凑。
6. 达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档(适当)(11~15分):

1. 基本完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉一些内容, 但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误, 但不影响理解。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分, 使全文内容连贯。
6. 整体而言, 基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第二档(较差)(6~10分):

1. 未恰当完成试题规定的任务。
2. 漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容, 写了一些无关内容。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误, 影响了对写作内容的理解。
5. 较少使用语句间的连接成分, 内容缺少连贯性。
6. 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

第一档(差)(1~5分):

1. 未完成试题规定的任务。
2. 明显遗漏主要内容, 写了一些无关内容, 原因可能是未理解试题要求。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误, 影响对写作内容的理解。
5. 缺乏语句间的连接成分, 内容不连贯。
6. 信息未能传达给读者。

不得分(0分):

1. 未能传达给读者任何信息; 内容太少, 无法评判。
2. 写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

One Possible version:

In May, the Sixth Campus Labor Festival was held as scheduled in our school, whose purpose is to make the students aware of the importance of labor and feel happy after laboring.

As planned, we students were organized to plant trees at the foot of the South Hill. Tired though we felt, we were very happy on those days. Also, we were asked to participate in some volunteer work after school. Some helped the elders do some cleaning. Others went to help remove the advertisements posted on the walls. The others helped do housework at home.

Not only have we realized the value of laboring, but we also learned to respect all laborers.

关于我们

自主选拔在线（原自主招生在线）创办于 2014 年，历史可追溯至 2008 年，隶属北京太星网络科技有限公司，是专注于**中国拔尖人才培养**的升学咨询在线服务平台。主营业务涵盖：新高考、学科竞赛、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、高中生涯规划、志愿填报等。

自主选拔在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户达百万量级，网站年度流量超 1 亿量级。用户群体涵盖全国 31 省市，全国超 95% 以上的重点中学老师、家长及考生，更有许多重点高校招办老师关注，行业影响力首屈一指。

自主选拔在线平台一直秉承“专业、专注、有态度”的创办公念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供中学拔尖人才培养咨询服务，为广大高校、中学和教研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和全国数百所重点中学达成深度战略合作，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座千余场，直接或间接帮助数百万考生顺利通过强基计划（自主招生）、综合评价和高考，进入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力，2019 年荣获央广网“年度口碑影响力在线教育品牌”。

未来，自主选拔在线将立足于全国新高考改革，全面整合高校、中学及教育机构等资源，依托在线教育模式，致力于打造更加全面、专业的**新高考拔尖人才培养**服务平台。



 微信搜一搜

 自主选拔在线