

11. What time does the office open?
A. A quarter to nine. B. Nine o'clock. C. Half past nine.

12. Who do you think the man is?
A. A passer-by. B. The manager. C. A clerk.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题.

13. What are the two speakers doing?
A. They are having a chat.
B. One is interviewing the other.
C. They are talking about the weather.

14. Why didn't the man continue his study?
A. He didn't like studying.
B. Someone offered him a job.
C. His father asked him to work in the family business.

15. How many months did the man work for the accounting firm?
A. 5 months. B. 6 months. C. 7 months.

16. Which of the following is NOT the man's hobby?
A. Traveling. B. Enjoying music. C. Playing basketball.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题.

17. What does the speaker mainly tell us?
A. How the speaker spent her summer vacation.
B. What the weather was like that summer.
C. A long period of summer holidays.

18. How long did it take the speaker to do her homework?
A. Half an hour. B. Three hours or more. C. Only one hour.

19. What did the speaker NOT do in the afternoon?
A. Go swimming. B. Listen to music. C. Do exercises.

20. Why did the speaker like her summer vacation?
A. Because she worked very hard and made good progress.
B. Because she got up early and went home late.
C. Because she knew how to swim and did her work

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑.

A

Amazing Exhibitions to See in 2023

Looking for your next culture fix? Explore the must-see exhibitions for the coming year.

The Adventure of Pottery, Kettles Yard, Cambridge

4 March-25 June 2023

The potter, Lucie Rie, was a key figure in British post-war art. Her technical innovations permanently extended the language of studio pottery. Her achievements range from functional tableware to elegant bowls and vases. Rie's early pots from the 1920s and 1930s underline the modernist principles of clarity and innovation.

Birds of America, Compton Verney

1 July-1 October 2023

Audubon's Birds of America examines the artistry and legacy of one of the world's rarest and largest books. Published as a series between 1827 and 1838, Birds of America achieved international

24. The author explains how Starks was going by _____.
- A. listing numbers
B. presenting facts
C. making an example
D. making a comparison
25. Which of the following pushed Starks to spread kindness?
- A. The car accident.
B. A stranger's kindness.
C. The free hair-braiding service.
D. A help in her childhood.
26. How did people respond to Starks's service?
- A. They were indifferent to it.
B. They were unable to refuse it.
C. They were eager to ask for help.
D. They were grateful for the kindness.
27. What can we infer from the passage?
- A. Starks hopes to launch a GoFundMe in the future.
B. Starks donated much money to an account of GoFundMe.
C. Starks often rushed to help when school was over.
D. Starks will keep on spreading kindness all over Nashville.

C

For the first time, scientists have successfully grown plants in lunar soil brought back to Earth by NASA's Apollo astronauts. Researchers had no idea if anything would sprout(发芽) in the harsh moon dirt and wanted to see if it could be used to grow food by the next generation of lunar explorers.

"After two days, they started to sprout!" said Anna-Lisa Paul, a professor in Horticultural Sciences at the University of Florida, who took part in the experiment. "Everything sprouted. I can't tell you how astonished we were! Every plant—whether in a lunar sample or in a control(参照实验)—looked the same up until about day six."

Robert Ferl of the University of Florida's Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences and his colleagues planted thale cress(鼠耳芥) in moon soil returned by Apollo 11's Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin, and other moon walkers. All of the seeds sprouted. But within a week, the coarseness(粗糙度) and other properties of the lunar soil stressed the small, flowering weeds so much that they grew more slowly than seedlings planted in dirt from Earth. Most of the moon plants ended up stunted(发育不良).

The longer the soil was exposed to tough cosmic radiation and solar wind on the moon, the worse the plants seemed to do. The Apollo 11 samples—exposed a couple of billion years longer to the elements—were the least likely for plants to grow, scientists said. One solution might be to use younger geologic spots on the moon, like lava flows, for digging up planting soil. The environment also could be improved, changing the nutrient mixture or adjusting the artificial lighting.

NASA said the timing for such an experiment was right, with the space agency looking to put astronauts back on the moon in a few years. The ideal situation would be for future astronauts to make use of the endless supply of available local dirt for indoor planting rather than set up a hydroponic(水培的) or all-water system, scientists said. "The fact that anything grew means that we have a really good starting point, and now the question is how do we optimize and improve," said Sharmila Bhattacharya, NASA's program scientist for space biology.

28. Why did the scientists try to grow plants in the lunar soil?
- A. To solve the food crisis in the world.
B. To take more dirt from the moon.
C. To prepare food for future astronauts.
D. To send more explorers to the moon.
29. What made the sprouted seeds end up stunted?
- A. The very low quality of the soil.
B. They flowered too much soon.
C. The polluted dirt on the earth.
D. The change of artificial lighting.
30. What kind of moon soil would probably be suitable for plant growth?
- A. The one receiving cosmic radiation.
B. The one exposed to solar wind.
C. The one having a very long history.
D. The one coming from lava flows.
31. What will scientists most probably do next?

- A. Use available earth dirt for planting. B. Continue to grow plants in lunar soil.
C. Put more astronauts back on the moon. D. Set up a hydroponic or all-water system.

D

Yes, having a big name in science will help get your paper published, a new study confirms. Just 10% of reviewers of a test paper recommended acceptance when the only listed author was not well-known—but 59% endorsed the same paper when it carried the name of a Nobel winner.

The study, which involved inviting hundreds of researchers to review an economics paper, is "incredible", says Mario Malicki, a postdoctoral researcher at Stanford University and editor-in-chief of Research Integrity and Peer Review, who was not involved in the research. "It is the largest randomized controlled trial we have seen on publication bias(发表偏见)."

For years, scientists have complained about the Matthew effect, a term invented in 1968 by sociologists Robert Merton and Harriet Zuckerman to describe how high-status researchers tend to get disproportionately(不成比例地)more of the same.

But efforts to document such bias often had weaknesses, such as a small sample size or lack of randomization. To avoid those problems, a team led by Jürgen Huber of the University of Innsbruck emailed some 3300 researchers, asking whether they would review an economics study prepared for a real journal. The study had two authors, both at Chapman University: Vernon Smith, a 2002 Nobel winner in economics and Sabiou Inoua, one of Smith's former Ph.D. students. The potential peer reviewers were sent one of three descriptions of the paper: One named only Smith, listing him as the corresponding author; another, only Inoua; and a third, no author.

Ultimately, 821 researchers agreed to review, the team reported last week at the International Congress on Peer Review and Scientific Publication in Chicago. Smith's fame appeared to influence the responses: Of the researchers given just his name, 38.5% accepted the invitation to review; the figures were 30.7% for those given no name and 28.5% for those given just Inoua's.

32. Which can replace the underlined word "endorsed" in the first paragraph?

- A. Approved of. B. Contradicted. C. Ignored. D. Tolerated.

33. What do we know about Mario Malicki?

- A. He once won a Nobel prize. B. He thinks highly of the study.
C. He is an editor of Stanford University. D. He is the leader of the study.

34. Why did Jürgen Huber and his team conduct a research?

- A. To prove the value of science publication.
B. To overcome the weaknesses of previous studies.
C. To review an economics study for a journal.
D. To compare the achievement of two economists.

35. Which can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. Complaints about publication bias. B. The discovery of Matthew effect.
C. Fame matters in publication. D. Ways to document publication bias.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容从短文后的选项中选出最佳选项, 选项中的两项为多余选项。

For some people, holiday travel includes more than simply hitting the road or braving the airport to get to their destination. 36 Whether it's a way to save money, or spend more time with loved ones—it's important to keep in mind that you're a guest in someone's home. Even if your host invited you to stay and said that it was "no trouble at all", know that accommodating you does take time and energy (and possibly money). 37 Here are a few mistakes to avoid when you stay in someone's house.

Showing up unannounced

This really should go without saying and applies to any type of visit to someone's home, any time of the year—don't show up at someone's door unannounced, or assume you can stay with them without asking first. 38, one of which is out of respect for your (potential) host, but if that's not motivation enough, consider the possibility that they may not be home, or have made other plans, and may not be able to put you up.

Ignoring house rules

Did your host ask you to leave your outside shoes at the door? Or perhaps they requested that you say something in a low voice after 9 p.m.? 39—which you should discuss with your host—you need to follow their house rules. If they didn't mention any when you first arrived, initiate that conversation yourself.

40

When you're an overnight guest in a friend or relative's home, you cannot expect the service of a hotel. Your host is doing you a favor by letting you stay in their home for free, so don't expect someone to make your bed or clean up after you, meals prepared for you, or to have the run of the place.

- A. The least you can do is not make things harder for them.
- B. It also means overnight stays with family or friends.
- C. Unless you have an excuse
- D. Acting like you're staying in a hotel
- E. If you have any unexpected arrangement
- F. There are many reasons not to do this
- G. Keeping the room tidy as a guest

第三部分：英语知识运用

第一节 (共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Ritch Addison used to be shy. But once he got to high school, he decided he needed to change. And so he began to develop a sarcastic(讽刺的) sense of 41 to keep the other kids from bullying him.

"You know how sometimes people say the best 42 is a good offense?," Addison said. "I was 43 up my shyness and my fears."

His new approach worked. He gained 44 and made more friends. And he started to become known for his jokes — like the time he 45 a classmate about a poor score on a math test.

Then one day, his good friend Holly 46 him aside. "You know, Ritch, sometimes you really hurt people's 47," she said.

Addison was 48. He had always seen himself as someone who made his friends laugh. He couldn't 49 that he might be hurting them. "But I kept 50 on what Holly said," he said. "51, I realized that she was absolutely right. I started paying attention to how my humor was 52 other people, and I changed it." Over the years, Addison worked on being more 53 toward the people around him.

He went on to become a clinical psychologist. And now, he tries to help other people find more generous 54 about themselves and others. Looking back, some 50 years later, he says he 55 much of his change of attitude to Holly.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. humor | B. shame | C. relief | D. satisfaction |
| 42. A. outcome | B. reward | C. defense | D. theory |
| 43. A. giving | B. covering | C. raising | D. picking |
| 44. A. experience | B. confidence | C. reference | D. victory |
| 45. A. praised | B. informed | C. scolded | D. teased |
| 46. A. put | B. brushed | C. pulled | D. cast |
| 47. A. feelings | B. health | C. security | D. passion |
| 48. A. exhausted | B. annoyed | C. amused | D. shocked |
| 49. A. predict | B. doubt | C. imagine | D. forget |
| 50. A. experimenting | B. acting | C. counting | D. reflecting |
| 51. A. Suddenly | B. Immediately | C. Eventually | D. Smoothly |
| 52. A. comforting | B. affecting | C. protecting | D. engaging |
| 53. A. judgmental | B. enthusiastic | C. affectionate | D. sympathetic |
| 54. A. donations | B. interpretations | C. aspects | D. investments |
| 55. A. owes | B. contributes | C. passes | D. conveys |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Chengdu Sports Center, a giant stadium at the heart of the provincial capital of southwest China's Sichuan, once 56 (house) many international group matches, where numerous stars including Mariah Carey and Avril Lavigne performed for their Chinese fans here.

Back to 2013, a renovation revealed relics dating back to the Han Dynasty right underneath the middle of the venue. It created a 57 (complete) unforgettable view. Surrounded by the 58 (seat) now still in good condition, the middle of the former field has become a grand excavation site. 59 (expose) ancient city walls, streets and canals, houses and gardens.

After nine years of excavation, the Donghuamen historical site opened to a 60 (give) group of local residents on Sunday. The site has been through 21 dynasties, 61 relics dating back 2,000 years," said Shan Jixiang, 62 established historian. Spanning(横跨)50,000 square meters, the site proves Chengdu's city site has remained in the same place for over 3,000 years, 63 is rare in the world." Donghuamen has the potential 64 (fill) a blank of core cities of China on the UNESCO World Cultural Heritage List," said Shan.

An archaeological park is under construction at the site. The first stage will be finished in two weeks and will be made public two months 65 the Universiade (大学生运动会) is held in Chengdu in July, 2023.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 应用文写作 (满分 15 分)

假如你是李华, 英国交换生 Eric 发邮件给你, 希望你推荐一本中文读物给他, 请你给他回封邮件, 内容包括图书介绍和推荐理由。

注意: 1. 词数 80 左右; 2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Eric

Yours' Li Hua

第二节 读后续写 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

My cousin Allen was the coolest person in all of Minneapolis. By the age of 19, he was a star football player at the University of Minnesota. I wanted to be just like him. So when Allen asked me to join him on a spring fishing trip in northern Minnesota, I said yes!

After planning the trip, we gathered clothes and supplies and then set off on our adventure. We reached the Superior National Forest by early evening. On the way to our campsite, Allen pointed to a small house faraway in one of the mountains, saying that it was the ranger station (护林站) where the foresters worked.

Allen knew all the tricks of an experienced camper. After we gathered enough wood from the forest floor, he started the campfire using only stone and steel - no matches. After a day of travelling, we were very hungry. We ate beef and rice and some soup as well.

Exhausted, we crawled into our sleeping bags early. Allen was still talking about his past camping adventures when a sudden wind picked up from the north. The temperature dropped and it began to snow. Allen knew of a way to increase the temperature inside the tent. He dragged a log from the woods, wrapped aluminum foil(铝箔)around the log and then placed it near the campfire. The heat from the fire reflected into the tent. Soon the tent was warm again and thoughts of lake fish filled my dreams.

I was still dreaming when Allen woke me up in a panic. Our tent was on fire! The snow had stopped during the night, but the wind had fanned the flames of the fire towards our tent. Frightened by the flames, I ran out of the tent immediately. The tent collapsed with Allen inside. Without any hesitation, I reached into the burning tent, grabbed him, and dragged him to the icy lake. We checked each other to make sure neither of us was hurt.

续写要求:

- 1.续写词数应为 150 左右;
- 2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Later, as we stood by the burning tent to keep warm, we considered our situation. _____



Suddenly, we heard a noise in the forest. _____

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