

# 齐市八中高一 6 月月考

## 英语试卷

### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

#### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

- A.£ 19.15.                      B.£ 9.18.                      C.£ 9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What time is it now?

- A. It's eight fifteen.                      B. It's five to eight.                      C. It's five past eight.

2. What does the man want to do?

- A. Pay his phone bills.  
B. Make telephone calls.  
C. Phone the electric company.

3. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The area is for passengers only.  
B. The woman feels sad for the man.  
C. The woman is asking the man to leave.

4. What will the woman probably do?

- A. Hurry to the conference.                      B. Take the subway.                      C. Take a bus.

5. Where does the woman think the noise is coming from?

- A. Upstairs.                      B. Next door.                      C. The Nelsons' house.

#### 第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. Where does the man live?

- A. In the suburbs.                      B. In Garden Town.                      C. In Camden Town.

7. How much does it cost the man to have it delivered?

- A. Two pounds.                      B. Two pounds fifty.                      C. Two pounds fifteen.

8. When can the man get it?

- A. On Saturday afternoon.                      B. On Saturday morning.                      C. On Sunday

morning.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. How many children are there in the man's family?

- A. 8.                      B. 9.                      C. 7.

10. What does the man's mother do?

- A. She owns a bakery.  
B. She works at a restaurant.  
C. She runs a small family grocery.

11. What does the man NOT say?

- A. His brothers and sisters help his mother in the grocery.  
B. His father is a driver.  
C. His mother enjoys her job very much.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. What do you think the woman is worrying about?

- A. Her son's safety.  
B. Her son's schoolwork.  
C. Her son's time for school.

13. What's the weather like?

- A. Rainy.                      B. Fine.                      C. Cold.

14. What is the man's attitude toward his mother's words?

- A. Serious.                      B. Impatient.                      C. Satisfied.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. What are the two speakers mainly talking about?

- A. The man's company.                      B. A daily newspaper.                      C. Online files.

16. When does the conversation take place?

- A. In the morning.                      B. In the afternoon.                      C. In the evening.

17. What is the most probable relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Friends.                      B. Coworkers.                      C. Teacher and student.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Where do Paul and Judy live?

- A. In Northern Australia.  
B. In the center of Australia.  
C. In Southern Australia.

19. How do Paul and Judy have classes?

- A. By computer.                      B. By radio.                      C. By television.

20. When do the lessons begin according to the talk?

- A. When all the students answer the teacher.  
B. When the bell for classes rings.  
C. When the teacher comes.

## 第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

### 第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

#### A

##### **Raptor's Revenge**

by Jim Malloy

Hardback/Paperback/E-book

\$39.99 / \$23.99 / \$8.99

Love/hate; betrayal/triumph; battle/intrigue. A “Book Shelf Keeper”. Revenge( 复仇 )and adventure on land and sea await readers as they follow Jamey's quest to find the killer of his family. The crusades, Spain's war with England, the inquisition, and the Spanish Main with unforgettable characters weave a web of mystery and romance in this historical novel saga.

##### **Nursing Shorts: Stories About Being a Nurse by A Nurse**

by Vennie Anderson

Hardback/Paperback/E-book

\$27.99 / \$13.99 / \$3.99

Vennie Anderson brings us along as she remembers, relives, and writes about her career as a registered nurse. Humour and tragedy exist side by side in these captivating stories.

##### **From Dusk to Dawn**

by Henry Krauss

Hardback/Paperback/E-book

\$26.99 / \$18.99 / \$5.99

*From Dusk to Dawn* shares a collection of poems that vividly paints a picture of how people overcome illness, war and emotional duress.

##### **In Sickness and In Health**

by Kenneth MacCallum

Hardback/Paperback/E-book

\$25.99 / \$14.99 / \$4.99

Following the *Seven Stages of Grief*, this guide takes you through all the steps of your journey as a care giver to help you make the necessary decisions that come your way.

21. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Jim Malloy makes up the story of Jamey's revenge in *Raptor's Revenge*.
- B. Vennie Anderson shares her career as a registered doctor in a humorous style.
- C. There are photos of people overcoming hardship in *From Dusk to Dawn*.
- D. *In Sickness and In Health* can serve as a tourist guide for travellers in the journey.

22. Whose target reader is the poetry lover?

- A. *Raptor's Revenge*.
- B. *Nursing Shorts: Stories About Being a Nurse by A Nurse*.
- C. *From Dusk to Dawn*.

D. *In Sickness and In Health*.

23. How much should you pay if you want to read *From Dusk to Dawn* and *In Sickness and In Health* on computers ?

A. \$52.98

B. \$33.98

C. \$10.98

D. \$9.98

**B**

In my memory, my dad always encouraged me to be my best self, explore the world, and believe in those who cared and loved me, which helped to make me who I am today. Besides, I've grown up with a pretty good model that my father always was.

One year, my father nearly lost his life. He was twenty-seven years old then. For several months, he'd been suffering from stomach pains. My dad was a former track star, so he knew how to handle pain. Convinced it was nothing serious, he just made a face until it was over whenever it flared up. My mom and dad were visiting his parents in Englewood, New Jersey when extreme pain struck my dad again. However, that time, the pain didn't fade away although my father tried to take control of it. Meanwhile, my dad developed a high fever. My grandparents rushed him to a nearby hospital. The doctors in the emergency room were confused about his condition. My dad's symptoms seemed consistent with appendicitis (阑尾炎), but the pain wasn't localized to the lower part of his stomach, where the appendix (阑尾) is located. While they were debating what to do, a 33-year-old surgeon named Dr. Ibrahim, spoke up, "It must be an appendix." Dr. Ibrahim guessed it was a rare condition and insisted that my dad should receive an operation immediately, although others were against his decision.

Dr. Ibrahim turned out to be very correct. My dad was wheeled into surgery and his appendix was removed just before it could burst and cause a deadly infection. At last, he got rid of danger.

What if my father hadn't been in Englewood that day? What if young Dr. Ibrahim hadn't considered? He was in the right place at the right time, and it saved his life. Now I am a father of two children. Like my father I will never forget Dr. Ibrahim.

24. What can we know about the author's father?

A. He was in poor health in his younger days.

B. He seldom helped the author overcome troubles.

C. He set a good example to the author.

D. He liked to learn from others to improve himself.

25. Why did the author mention that his father was a former sports star?

A. To show off his father's achievements.

B. To prove his father's strong will power.

C. To emphasize the importance of taking exercise.

D. To explain why his father always suffered pains.

26. Which can best replace the underlined phrase "flared up" in paragraph 2?

A. broke out suddenly.

B. slid quietly.

C. stayed for a while

D. disappeared gradually.

27. What did the author think of his father's experience in Englewood?

- A. It was boring but beneficial.                      B. It was terrible and disappointing.  
C. It was interesting and unforgettable.              D. It was dangerous but fortunate.

C

When talking about colds, maybe some people say it is very common. During the cold winter days, many people will complain the cold winter makes them catch a cold, and what they feel upset about are not only the headache, cough but also the runny nose. It is so embarrassing when they forget to take tissue along with them.

Want to stay away from colds? Put on a happy face.

Compared to unhappy people, those who are cheerful and relaxed are less likely to suffer from colds, according to a new study. It's possible that being happy helps the body fight illnesses, say the researchers from New York University. "It seems that positive feelings may reduce the danger of illness," said the study's chief researcher Sheldon Cohen. In an earlier study, Cohen found that people who were cheerful and lively caught coughs and colds less often. People who showed feelings were also less likely to tell their doctors that they felt ill. In this study, Cohen has interviewed 193 adults every day for two weeks. During the interviews, the people told researchers that they were given colds by doctors and had to stay alone in a room for six days. The results showed that everyone in the study was equally likely to get ill. But for people who said they felt happy during the research period, their illnesses were less serious and lasted for a shorter time.

Cohen believes that when people experience positive feelings, their body may produce a chemical that helps fight illness and disease. So if you are worried about your health, look on the brighter side more often.

28. The underlined part "showed feelings" in Paragraph 3 can be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. were delighted              B. were clever              C. got sad              D. got thoughtful.

29. What did the study find?

- A. People who felt happy never got ill.  
B. People's feelings had no effect on their health.  
C. People with good feelings became ill more easily.  
D. People with positive feelings recovered more quickly.

30. According to Cohen, which of the following may help fight illness?

- A. Laughing.              B. Eating.              C. Crying.              D. Sleeping.

31. What is the best title for this text?

- A. Causes of Colds Found                      B. Ways of Preventing Colds  
C. Smiles Can Fight Colds                      D. How People Get Sick

D

The end of a semester(学期) can be a challenging time for students. Kids from elementary school through high school are already stressed after more than a year of COVID-19 disrupted learning. Pressing through the last few weeks of a semester can be discouraging, especially for older students with demanding final projects and exams.

“Parents’ fears about their kids are so often not about the present but the future — a fear that kids who are struggling will get stuck there. But kids rarely stay stuck, in part because they too want their lives to work out,” says Ned Johnson, a test preparation expert. When children show signs of stress, parents should respond by focusing on mental health, not achievement or grades.

Families can create a sense of safety for children by establishing routines for the day and week, especially those that emphasize connection, such as family dinnertime and a bedtime chat. Parents should meet kids with empathy(共鸣) and listening, instead of trying to solve their problems. For example, we can normalize family conversation about the ups and downs of the day. As Madeline Levine, a psychologist, put it: let your children “borrow your calm”.

In addition, peer support programs can also play an important role in teaching skills for stress management and wellness. “Teens will talk to other teens, especially when they feel they are in a brave space built on trust,” Katie Hurley, a psychotherapist says.

Some children may arrive at the finish line exhausted and needing sleep. Or perhaps they are eager to celebrate the holidays with all the usual fanfare. Respect your child’s wishes and plan to create the break that fits your family’s needs. McKenna Reitz, a mom from Toledo, Ohio, plans for her daughters Karsen, 9, and Maddox, 6, to enjoy time off with family and friends. Her holiday plan apparently reflects that. “It is the most important thing they need right now,” she says. “Our children need to know that they are not alone.”

32. What can we learn from Paragraph 2?

- A. Children are struggling in study in the present situation.
- B. Children’s focusing on grades makes them stay stuck in learning.
- C. Parents stay stuck in making their children live to work out.
- D. Parents’ fear about children getting stuck in study is unnecessary.

33. Why does the author mention Madeline Levine?

- A. To ask parents to stay calm before their kids.
- B. To show the necessity of talking to kids before tests.
- C. To make parents let go of their kids during COVID-19.
- D. To stress the importance of the help from the experts.

34. What does “that” in Paragraph 5 refer to?

- A. Staying with kids in holidays.
- B. Respecting the needs of kids.
- C. Helping kids celebrate holidays.
- D. Keeping exhausted kids happy.

35. What does the author want to show?

- A. Parents should help kids to prepare their tests.
- B. Parents should keep a closer eyes on kids study.
- C. Parents should connect their kids more with nature.
- D. Parents should let kids take a break from school stress.

## 第二节（共 5 小题，每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Reading fluency is one of the most important skills for middle school students learning English. If you're concerned about your reading skills, read the following tips.

**Find time to read every day.**

Find the best time of day for you to read. 36 You will become a more fluent reader by reading every day.

**Use clues in the text to make predication.**

Fluent readers make predication before and as they read. Use the title, and pictures to ask yourself questions about what you are going to read. 37. After reading, think about what you've learned and decide what you need to read to continue learning.

**Try not to translate.**

38 Instead of translating new words into your first language, first try to use the context (上下文) to help you guess the meaning.

**Enjoy your reading.**

Perhaps today you do not like to read in English, but as you read more, you should see a change in your attitude. The more you read in English, the easier it will become. 39

40

The best tip to follow to become a more fluent reader is to read whenever and wherever you can. Good readers read a lot. They read many different kinds of material. To practice this, keep a reading journal. Every day, make a list of the kinds of things you read during the day and how long you read each for. If you want to become a more fluent reader, read more!

A. Read as much as you can.

B. Try to read when you are not tired.

C. Translations slow down your reading.

D. Read in phrases rather than word by word.

E. Find answers to the questions when you read.

F. You will find yourself looking forward to reading.

G. Before you read a text, think about the purpose of your reading.

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）**

**第一节（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）**

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

My mother and I were at the cafeteria of Sakra World Hospital in India for lunch. Since we had waited for quite some time, we decided to get the food 41 to go. We then went back to the private room where my father was 42.

In the afternoon when my mom and I were preparing to leave, I found my wallet 43. I had carried 4 thousand rupees (卢比) in it because I had to 44 some bills. I started to look around 45, and then remembered my 46 to the cafeteria a few hours ago!

So, as I was heading to the cafeteria, I was quite 47 of my irresponsibility and hoped that no one had 48 the wallet. When I entered the cafeteria, it was 49 and only a couple of waiters were hanging around.

I asked one of them if they had seen a grey wallet. They told me to ask the cleaner lady named Rani who was cleaning the floor. When I asked Rani she told me to 50 on the counter (柜台). To my big relief, the wallet was there! I took it and had a quick look 51, and yes, all the money was there too!

Rani told me whenever she 52 to find something, she just put it on the counter. I gave her some money to express my 53, but she smiled 54 and was unwilling to accept anything. I was deeply moved by Rani's 55 and so glad to have met a person like her!

- |                    |                 |                  |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. shared      | B. cooked       | C. eaten         | D. packed       |
| 42. A. supported   | B. admitted     | C. instructed    | D. interviewed  |
| 43. A. broken      | B. empty        | C. missing       | D. different    |
| 44. A. tidy        | B. collect      | C. pay           | D. keep         |
| 45. A. in panic    | B. in peace     | C. in person     | D. in silence   |
| 46. A. journey     | B. visit        | C. way           | D. entrance     |
| 47. A. aware       | B. tired        | C. proud         | D. ashamed      |
| 48. A. handed in   | B. taken away   | C. asked for     | D. opened up    |
| 49. A. noisy       | B. closed       | C. quiet         | D. busy         |
| 50. A. pick        | B. wait         | C. explore       | D. check        |
| 51. A. inside      | B. away         | C. around        | D. down         |
| 52. A. happened    | B. decided      | C. managed       | D. promised     |
| 53. A. expectation | B. gratefulness | C. understanding | D. admiration   |
| 54. A. excitedly   | B. coldly       | C. shyly         | D. confidently  |
| 55. A. honesty     | B. generosity   | C. determination | D. intelligence |

## 第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下列材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

Bamboo (竹子) is called “poor people's material” and even in China it is not 56 (wide) accepted as a modern building material. But bamboo makes nearly the lightest houses, 57 is a lot better than “modern” materials at surviving earthquakes.

And unlike the “Tofu” buildings that may 58 (destroy) in just several seconds in some earthquakes, bamboo makes a much 59 (safe) building. That is why it is suggested as a replacement (替代品) by International Network for Bamboo and Rattan (INBAR).

INBAR notes that 60 number of people who do not have safe and healthy shelter will increase with population growth if no proper action is taken.

Study shows that bamboo is excellent in 61 (strong) and is as strong as wood. Besides, because of the lightweight and good elasticity (弹性) of bamboo, bamboo buildings are very good at resisting (抵抗) earthquakes. For example, all of the 30 bamboo houses 62 (survive) without any damage in the 7.6 magnitude earthquake in Costa Rica in 2012.

Ancient Chinese people preferred living in houses made 63 bamboo. In Yunnan Province, some locals still live in bamboo homes which can protect 64 (they) from rain and wind. And in Zhejiang Province, where bamboo is plentiful, local officials have been



encouraging architects 65 (design) buildings using bamboo.

**第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)**

**第一节 (满分 15 分)**

假定你是李华, 你的英国好友 Jack 七月份打算来中国旅游, 想先学习一些中文, 却不知道如何入门。你决定帮助他, 写一份邮件告诉他你的想法。要点如下:

- 1.学习建议;
- 2.介绍帮助计划;
- 3.对结果的展望

注意:

- 1.词数 80 左右;
- 2.可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
- 3.开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Jack,

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,  
Li Hua

**第二节(满分 25 分)**

阅读下面材料, 根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段, 使之构成一篇完整的短文。

**Money Well Spent**

It was late spring, and we were living in a house in a rural part of Tennessee. I have always loved to garden, and this morning seemed like the perfect time to be working on the broad flowerbeds surrounding the old house we were remodeling (改建).

I jumped when I heard a soft voice. “Hello? Could I have a glass of water, please?” a seventeen or eighteen-year-old girl asked hesitantly, looking at the ground.

“Of course,” I said, taking off my gloves. I went into the house and came back out with a cold bottle of water. She drank most of the bottle with the first swig (大喝) and then turned as if to walk back down the road.

“Did your car break down and do you need some help?” I asked.

She shook her head and took a deep breath that ended somewhere between a sigh and a sob.

There was a flash of anger. “My dad threw me out, so I’m going to live with my grandma in Memphis. But she can’t come to get me, so she has a ticket for me at the bus station,” said the girl.

“It is thirty miles from our house to the bus station in Clarksville. How about my driving you there?” I suggested. Tears welled up in her eyes, and she nodded. “Well, let’s give your grandma a call,” I said. “She’s probably worried.”

Within a few minutes, the girl was dialing her grandma on my phone. As soon as I talked to her, she confirmed the whole story. The girl’s mother had died suddenly in an accident. Her dad had been coping with a lot of anger, and the two of them were not getting along.

At a second thought, I took out some extra cash from our emergency stash (储藏) in my top dresser drawer. About thirty minutes later, we pulled up to the bus station. But the bus wasn’t scheduled to arrive for another two hours.

注意：1.续写词数应为 150 左右；  
2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

“Hungry for a hamburger?” I asked. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

About a year later, a car stopped in our driveway. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_