

绝密★启用前

# 河北省 2023 届高三年级大数据应用调研联合测评(IV)

## 英 语

班级 \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

本试卷共 12 页,满分 150 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、班级和考号填写在答题卡上。
2. 作答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑;如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再涂其他答案。非选择题必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上;如需改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案;不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。答案不能答在试卷上。
3. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁,考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15.                      B. £9. 18.                      C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What is the woman busy with at present?

- A. Writing an article.              B. Reading a magazine.              C. Preparing for her tests.

2. Where does the woman live now?

- A. In Miami.                      B. In New York.                      C. In Los Angeles.

3. What does the man mean?

- A. August was quite warm.  
B. They will go to the city.  
C. He prefers the mountains.

4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Husband and wife.
- B. Mother and son.
- C. Interviewer and interviewee.

5. When is the man supposed to come?

- A. Monday morning.
- B. Tuesday afternoon.
- C. Tuesday morning.

第二节(共 15 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项  
中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,  
每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. How does the man feel after going out of the studio?

- A. Excited.
- B. Annoyed.
- C. Disappointed.

7. What does the man think of Ed Sheeran?

- A. He is a bad performer.
- B. He is an talented artist.
- C. He is a funny-looking guy.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What are the speakers going to do?

- A. Have a class.
- B. Have a hike.
- C. Have a snack.

9. What is probably the man?

- A. A foreign teacher.
- B. A tour guide.
- C. An international student.

10. Why is *go* used to replace *zou*?

- A. *Zou* and *Go* rhyme.
- B. *Go* is inaccurate.
- C. *Zou* is easy to remember.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What's the man's problem?

- A. He couldn't find his departure gate.
- B. He missed his connecting flight.
- C. He couldn't find his luggage.

12. What will the man do if he cannot leave tonight?

- A. Remain in the airport.
- B. Stay in a hotel.
- C. Go back home.



13. What does the man think of the airline? 1001 10 2027 P.13

- A. Responsible.                      B. Careless.                      C. Successful.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. At home.                      B. In the office.                      C. In a café.

15. What is the man likely to do after graduation?

- A. Enter the computer industry.  
B. Work as a chef.  
C. Serve in a hotel.

16. What is the woman's major?

- A. French.                      B. Computer science.                      C. Hotel management.

17. How does the woman support herself through school?

- A. On her scholarship.                      B. By working part-time.                      C. Through tutoring.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Why do people take part in work exchange program?

- A. To make friends.                      B. To open a business.                      C. To save money.

19. What does the speaker think of the opportunities?

- A. Uncertain.                      B. Endless.                      C. Limited.

20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?

- A. Working experiences.  
B. Travel expenses.  
C. Volunteer programs.

## 第二部分 阅读 (共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题,每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

### A

#### Amazing Festivals

##### Yi Peng Lantern Festival, Thailand

This wonderful unique Festival is celebrated in Chiang Mai, in November, every year. It is held on the full moon of the twelfth lunar month every year. Locals believe that this is the time when the moon is at its brightest and the rivers are filled to their fullest, so this is the best time to light a lantern or set a floating "kratong" off on the Ping River and make a wish.

### Holi Festival, India

Holi is a Hindu festival, which marks the beginning of spring. The holiday symbolizes the victory of good over evil, end of winter and it is celebrated as a thanksgiving for a good harvest.

### Day of the Dead, Mexico

The origins of the Day of the Dead go back in time some 3 000 years. Upon dying, a person was believed to travel to the Land of the Dead. The belief is that spirits return to the world of the living, for one day. The spirits are greeted with offerings of their favorite food and drinks.

### Carnival of Venice, Italy

The origins of the Venice Carnival are found in two different ancient traditions: the Latin Saturnalia and the Greek Dionysian cults—major religious festivals involving the use of masks and symbolic representations. They are made of leather, porcelain or using the original glass technique. The Carnival ends with an important Christian event, the start of Lent, 40 days before Easter.

21. Which festival is associated with the moon?

- A. Holi Festival.
- B. Day of the Dead.
- C. Carnival of Venice.
- D. Yi Peng Lantern Festival.

22. What will Mexicans do when the spirits return to the earth?

- A. Entertain them.
- B. Drive them away.
- C. Spare a room for them.
- D. Spend a few days with them.

23. In which section of the Internet can we find this text?

- A. Culture.
- B. Economy.
- C. Well-being.
- D. Advertisement.

### B

Along the coastline in northeastern Australia, many flying foxes are infected with a deadly disease. That's where Pam Tully comes in.

Many mother flying foxes fall from the trees and die. Pam walks miles in the rainforest, collecting babies still clinging (依偎) to their dying mothers. It's very tiring work. Pam relies on a few volunteers to help rescue the flying foxes during the migration season. Usually, they are college students who come Down Under for a semester of life in the rainforest. Canace

came from America to lend a hand to her aunt Pam, and to look for some kind of purpose in life after her mother passed away.

Losing your mother is never easy, but for a teenage girl, the loss at a time of emotional need and guidance is particularly affecting. Going off to live in wilderness half a world away seemed a good thing to do. Pam accepted her with open arms and invited Canace to stay as long as she wanted. After all, she did need the help. So Pam taught Canace to feed the baby flying foxes, keep them wrapped in nappies, nurse them back to health and take them back into the wilderness to rejoin their families.

Day after day, Pam led Canace through the rainforest, collecting babies and bringing them back to the shed where they were treated by an animal doctor, fed every two hours by bottle and even taught to fly. Each flying fox released back into the wild was a victory. And each time one winged away, the loss Canace felt seemed just a little bit less.

We never really get over the loss of a loved one, but when we take care of a weak creature, or reach out to somebody else who is hurting, the wound heals just a little bit, and the hurt becomes a memory of being loved.

24. Why did Pam Tully come into the rain forest?

- A. To research into flying foxes.
- B. To help people with a deadly disease.
- C. To rescue some baby flying foxes.
- D. To experience life in the wild.

25. What do we know about Canace?

- A. She was expert at studying wildlife.
- B. She needed a new environment.
- C. Her major was related to tourism.
- D. She had rich experience in the wild.

26. How did Canace's feel when each flying fox winged away?

- A. Regretful.
- B. Worried.
- C. Relieved.
- D. Proud.

27. Which can best describe Pam and Canace's job in the forest?

- A. Significant and rewarding.
- B. Colorful and amusing.
- C. Boring and disappointing.
- D. Dangerous and challenging.



C

Being in green spaces and connecting with nature is good for your physical and mental health. In Japanese natural healing, forest bathing has been used to decrease stress, anxiety, and even to treat mild depression. Now, scientists have discovered that blue spaces-natural waterways-are also connected to better mental health. A population-based study found that approach to water increased positive feelings of well-being.

Being near water gives people a sense of awe, because it gives people a consciousness of something greater than themselves. The sounds and movement of water gets people to focus their attention-like meditation-and this invites calm. You do not have to go to the coast to experience this well-being. Any waterway will do, including lakes, rivers, canals, or ponds. Even a flowing fountain will work.

The study also found that urban waterways were superior to feelings of well-being than just being near the ocean. Canals and rivers contain not only water but also an abundance of trees and plants, which means their capacity to improve mental well-being is likely to be due to the multiple benefits associated with both green and blue spaces.

Canals and rivers also provide homes to a range of wildlife, and we know that there is a notable association between encountering wildlife and mental well-being. Taken collectively, these findings provide an evidence base for what we thought about water and well-being.

These results are very exciting for urban citizens who have access to rivers and canals. The study also found that there were continuous improvements to mental well-being for up to 24 hours after visiting urban waterways. This is all good news. The availability of spaces to be in nature-both green and blue-will help calm their anxiety, stress, and help boost mental health.

28. Why does the author mention green spaces in paragraph 1?

- A. To introduce the topic about blue spaces.
- B. To tell the great benefits of forest bathing.
- C. To tell us what works best in reducing stress.
- D. To explain green spaces are unpopular now.

29. What can we know about feelings of well-being from paragraph 3 ?

- A. Your moods in the woods work quite differently.
- B. Being near the ocean has the best function to you.
- C. Green spaces have no capacity to improve well-being.
- D. Combinations of green and blue spaces are more effective.

C. Significant.

D. Indistinct.

31. What is the author's attitude towards the find of blue spaces?

A. Intolerant.

B. Favorable.

C. Doubtful.

D. Unclear.

**D**

On January 22, a massive iceberg broke off from Antarctica's(南极洲的) Brunt Ice Shelf. Scientists say the iceberg was expected to break off and the event isn't connected to climate change. But the size of the iceberg is hard to imagine. This iceberg covers an area of about 600 square miles. That's about twice the size of New York City.

Antarctica is covered with a layer of ice and snow that's roughly 1.2 miles thick. As snow falls, it piles up in the center of Antarctica in a huge layer of ice. Over time, the weight of this ice and snow creates slowly moving rivers of ice called glaciers, which push out toward the sea.

When the glaciers reach the sea, they slowly push out beyond the edge of the land, forming huge "ice shelves". These are massive sections of ice that spread out over the sea, floating on the water below. From time to time, the edges of the ice shelves break off. This is a natural process, called "calving(冰裂作用)". Though calving events are a normal part of the ice shelf in Antarctica, one expert describes huge calving events like this are "quite rare and exciting".

This is the second time in two years that a huge iceberg has calved from the Brunt Ice Shelf. Though this calving event had nothing to do with the climate crisis, the world's rising temperatures are definitely affecting Antarctica's sea ice.

Unlike an ice shelf, sea ice isn't attached to Antarctica's land. It's a layer of ice that floats on the surface of the sea. The sea ice is there year-round. It grows larger in the cold winters, and smaller as it begins to melt in the summers. It's now summer in Antarctica, and scientists say the sea ice is disappearing "unusually" rapidly. Last year, with temperatures warmer than normal, Antarctica set a record for the lowest amount of sea ice ever recorded. Scientists say Antarctica's sea ice could set a new record low again this year.

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32. What does the author intend to tell us in paragraph 2?
- A. How bad the temperature in Antarctic is.
  - B. How slowly-moving glaciers are formed.
  - C. Why so much snow and ice are in Antarctic.
  - D. What causes the glaciers to move slowly.
33. What does a specialist think of this calving event?
- A. Unpredictable.
  - B. Incredible.
  - C. Disastrous.
  - D. Beneficial.
34. What can we infer about the Antarctica sea ice from the last paragraph?
- A. It is fixed on Antarctica's land.
  - B. No season can change its size.
  - C. Scientists worry about its size.
  - D. It will return to normal next year.
35. What can be the best title of this text?
- A. It's Urgent to Protect Antarctica
  - B. The Climate in Antarctica Is Warmer
  - C. Massive Iceberg Breaks From Antarctica
  - D. Antarctica's Sea Ice Grows Larger in Summer

第二节(共 5 小题,每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Emergencies happen when we least expect them, and they need fast thinking and action. Here are some things to know to help you be ready.

**Call 911**

A 911 emergency is when someone needs help right away because of an injury or an immediate danger.

When you call 911, the operator will ask what, where, and who questions. 36

The operator needs the answers to decide what type of emergency workers to send and where to send them.

**Other Things to Know About 911**

You know to stay calm and speak slowly and clearly so that the 911 operator can understand you. 37 That way, you can be sure that the operator has all the



information needed. The operator stress that you should never call 911 for your pets, for information, or to do routine stuff like pay a traffic ticket. Rules about 911 are strict because a non-emergency call could delay sending emergency services where they're really needed.

38

### When Someone's Been Hurt

39 He or she may have a neck or other spine injury. Call 911 or get help. If the person is not breathing and you know CPR, have someone else get help while you take care of the injured person. If the person is bleeding, put pressure on the wound with a cloth or piece of clothing to slow the blood flow. Don't try to clean the wound, though, as this could do more damage. Don't rush to help someone if you have to put yourself in danger—for example, if the victim is in the middle of a road. 40

- A. That's what we should do in face of emergency.
- B. That's why calling 911 as a joke is punishable in many places.
- C. Make sure it's safe before you try to get to the person and help.
- D. It's better to call 911 and let the operator decide if it's a real emergency.
- E. You may be panic, but try to stay calm and answer the questions clearly.
- F. Don't try to move a person who is unconscious after having an accident.
- G. But you also need to stay on the phone and not hang up until the operator says it's OK.

### 第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

#### 第一节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

School bus drivers have to keep the kids safe on their way to and from school. But one driver, Patricia Reitz, has made it her 41 to give each child a handmade hat to keep them warm in the winter.

Miss Patty—the name students, teachers and parents call her—has 42 more than 7,000 hats in the nearly three decades. It all began when Reitz 43 up crocheting(钩编). She would practice working on 44 while she waited for 45 to get on the bus after school. One day, a boy 46 to her half-finished hat, saying, “This hat is so cute, I love it.” 47, Reitz decided to present it to the boy. That is how it all 48.

Reitz specializes in Santa hats, but she will 49 other hats too. “It makes me feel 50 that I can give them something to 51 because a lot of the kids don't have the Santa hats,” she said.

Despite the amount of work involved, Reitz has no 52 of stopping. In fact, she has already began 53 next year's hats. "I'm going to do it until I can't do it anymore," she said. While other school bus drivers will 54 hats and gloves for their charges, a homemade gift crafted with love brings 55 even during the coldest winter days.

- |                   |                 |                 |                |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. rule       | B. mission      | C. decision     | D. secret      |
| 42. A. given away | B. made out     | C. passed down  | D. tried on    |
| 43. A. built      | B. put          | C. hold         | D. took        |
| 44. A. models     | B. stories      | C. items        | D. puzzles     |
| 45. A. passengers | B. teachers     | C. parents      | D. students    |
| 46. A. pointed    | B. added        | C. stuck        | D. respond     |
| 47. A. Apparently | B. Immediately  | C. Recently     | D. Gradually   |
| 48. A. finished   | B. changed      | C. started      | D. disappeared |
| 49. A. make       | B. collect      | C. fancy        | D. store       |
| 50. A. safe       | B. heroic       | C. young        | D. great       |
| 51. A. read       | B. paint        | C. wear         | D. watch       |
| 52. A. courage    | B. intention    | C. right        | D. chance      |
| 53. A. working on | B. applying for | C. cutting down | D. taking off  |
| 54. A. book       | B. fetch        | C. purchase     | D. spare       |
| 55. A. demand     | B. memory       | C. fortune      | D. warmth      |

第二节(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Recently, the hit TV drama *The Knockout* 56 (cause) huge interest in many of its main film locations in Jiangmen, South China's Guangdong Province, since its release on January 14.

57 (base) on real cases of organized crime, the 39-episode drama had many scenes shot on the city's historic streets featuring traditional *qilou* and at nearby *diaolou*, 58 (draw) crowds of tourists to the historic film locations.

Home 59 thousands of overseas Chinese, Jiangmen in south China's Guangdong Province has a large number of old streets featuring ancient Chinese and Western-style buildings.

Traditional *qilou* buildings form a shaded corridor over the sidewalk, 60 keeps the shops and pedestrians safe from the sun and rain. Nearly 2,000 *diaolou* towers stand amid the fields, in perfect harmony with the 61 (beauty) countryside.



Jiangmen was 62 (traditional) a treaty port on the Pearl River Delta. It is also home to cultural 63 (treasure) such as the UNESCO-listed heritage site known as Kaiping Diaolou and Villages.

Jiangmen is also known for 64 (it) countless delicious food, Chang fen, or rice noodle rolls, which were often spotted being eaten by characters in the drama, is also 65 must-try dish for visitors to Jiangmen.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

##### 第一节(满分 15 分)

66. 假定你是李华,上周日你校高三年级组织了一次励志踏青活动,请你给校刊英语角栏目写一篇标题为“An Inspirational Outing”的报道,内容包括:

- (1)活动目的;
- (2)具体细节;
- (3)学生收获。

注意:

- (1)词数 80 左右;
- (2)请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

#### An Inspirational Outing

##### 第二节(满分 25 分)

67. 阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

13-year old William Preston is really a generous boy and he naturally seeks to help others. For example, in 2017, the community recognized William for his work to help local seniors. At that time, he fixed broken lawnmowers(剪草机) and provided yard work and cleanup help to elderly neighbors.

William's mom, Krystal, has been adjusting to life as a newly divorced single mom. She now lives in Fernley with her three kids and three dogs. She has lost her job and is

struggling to make ends meet. She thought of looking for better paid work in a different part of town. At the time, however, she did not have any reliable means of transportation and could not afford a car.

“At my low point, here comes my son,” Krystal Preston says. “Everybody goes through rough times in their life, but there’s good that can come from any situation as long as somebody with a heart does it.”

William overheard his mother telling someone how a car would solve most of her problems. He recognized the many sacrifices she made to provide for their family, and he felt an urgent need to pay her back and help her in some way. One day, William saw a video where a child earned money to buy his mom a car; at that moment, he decided that he would do the same thing.

He secretly made a plan to save enough money to purchase a car for his mother. He started working additional odd jobs around his neighborhood, such as yard work and lawn mowing.

One day, an advertisement on Facebook Marketplace caught his attention: A woman had listed her 1999 Chevrolet Metro for an inexpensive price. He quickly reached out to the seller and asked if he could possibly trade in his Xbox for the car, in addition to some cash he had saved. To William’s delighted surprise, after negotiating with the woman, she accepted his offer.

注意:

- (1)所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;
- (2)请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

William arranged for the seller to park the vehicle in his front yard to surprise his mother.

Krystal was shocked when the seller told her the truth.



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