

临渭区 2022 ~ 2023 学年度第二学期期末教学质量调研

高二英语试题

注意事项:

1. 本试题共 10 页, 满分 150 分, 时间 120 分钟。
2. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名和准考证号填写在答题卡上。
3. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其它答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后, 监考员将答题卡按顺序收回, 装袋整理; 试题不回收。

第一部分: 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What's wrong with the woman's foot?

A. It's broken.

B. It has a skin disease.

C. It got burned by hot oil.

2. What was the dog probably doing?

A. Trying on a hat.

B. Destroying a hat.

C. Chewing on one of his toys.

3. Where does the woman want to go?

A. To the office.

B. To the library.

C. To the dining hall.

4. Why does the man make the phone call?

A. To get some information.

B. To make an appointment.

C. To cancel a weekend trip.

5. Where might the speakers be?

A. At a hospital.

B. At an airport.

C. At a clothing store.

第二节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

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听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What does the woman think of the match?

- A. Entertaining. B. Discouraging. C. Boring.

7. What do the speakers plan to do on Tuesday afternoon?

- A. Watch a game. B. Play tennis. C. Go to the cinema.

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

8. What does the man advise Mrs. White to do?

- A. Go on a diet. B. Do more exercise. C. Get enough sleep.

9. Which can be included in Mrs. White's breakfast?

- A. Eggs. B. Sausages. C. Porridge.

10. What is the man?

- A. A teacher. B. A physician. C. A chef.

听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。

11. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. Buying groceries. B. Choosing gifts. C. Seeing friends.

12. Who is Clara?

- A. The man's daughter. B. The man's wife. C. The man's sister.

13. How much did the man spend on the city passes?

- A. \$ 36. B. \$ 50. C. \$ 150.

听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

14. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. At a library. B. In a law firm. C. On a train.

15. By what time did John plan to finish his term paper?

- A. March. B. August. C. October.

16. Why did John quit his part-time job?

- A. He had to catch up with his study.
B. He was offered a better one.
C. He got tired of it.

17. What is Susan's attitude to John's problem?

- A. Carefree. B. Forgiving. C. Understanding.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What do most people think is very important in spoken communication?

- A. Pronunciation. B. Vocabulary. C. Grammar.

19. Why should you listen to experts according to the speaker?

- A. To find out your mispronunciations.
B. To improve your note-taking skills.
C. To develop your reading fluency.

20. What is the speaker's last suggestion?

- A. Spell out the difficult words.

B. Check the words in a dictionary.

C. Practice reading the words aloud.

第二部分：阅读理解(共两节，满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题，每小题2分，满分30分)

阅读下列短文，从每小题后所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Looking for a cool new book this season? TFK Kid Reporters read and reviewed some of the best books of the year.

Yusuf Azeem Is Not a Hero

Yusuf Azeem is hoping to have a great first year in middle school. Standing in his way are the hate notes left in his locker and his struggle to find his place in a new community. *Yusuf Azeem Is Not a Hero*, by Saadia Faruqi, will appeal to readers who like stories about everyday kids overcoming challenges and finding inner strength.

Black Boy Joy

The short stories in *Black Boy Joy*, edited by Kwame Mbalia, celebrate the pleasures of Black childhood. There are also stories about victories, competitions, and getting dressed for their first day of school. Most are short, with simple plots. People who enjoy bite-size stories of happiness will like this collection.

Paradise on Fire

In *Paradise on Fire*, by Jewell Parker Rhodes, Addy is a shy, 15-year-old girl who escaped from an apartment fire that killed her parents. When a fire breaks out at the wilderness camp, Addy knows what to do. Will Addy be able to lead her fellow campers to safety? Readers will love the mix of suspense, action, and emotion in this book.

Chunky

Chunky was written by Yehudi Mercado. In the book, Hudi tries sports, which, however, take him away from what he's truly passionate about: comedy. His imaginary friend, Chunky, appears throughout the story to help Hudi achieve his dreams. *Chunky* is a great book for kids who want to read about friendship, family, and try to find where they might fit in.

21. Which of the following tells about happy childhood?

A. *Yusuf Azeem Is Not a Hero*.

B. *Black Boy Joy*.

C. *Paradise on Fire*.

D. *Chunky*.

22. What is the book by Jewell Parker Rhodes about?

A. A girl trying to escape from danger.

B. A boy suffering at school.

C. A boy participating in a summer camp.

- D. A girl taking an interest in comedy.
23. Who is Chunky in the book?
- A. A comedian. B. A shy boy. C. An unreal friend. D. Hudi's classmate.

B

Lifting a spear, Li Jinqi pulls it across her shoulders and spins (旋转) it quickly. Following her example, 10 peers in two rows wearing the same kung fu-style clothes produce the same movements.

Li is a 24-year-old student at Beihang University in Beijing, but she is more widely known on campus as a martial arts master. She has studied various martial arts styles, including boxing, swordplay, and the cudgel (短棍), and she has won several cross-campus martial arts competitions held in the capital city, reported *Xinhua*.

Li also leads the university's martial arts club, which has grown from a team of two participants to over 30 active members. Having performed at the graduation ceremony for three years in a row, the club is now one of the most popular on campus in terms of recruitment.

"Martial arts have seen a significant increase on campus, and I've also heard that my middle school and high school have both opened martial arts courses of their own," said Li to *Xinhua*.

Gao Xiaoya, a junior Beihang student who also joined the school's martial arts club, has gained inner peace and strength from the sport. Gao is among an increasing number of young people who were first attracted to martial arts as a way to keep fit. "You start to appreciate it more and realize that martial arts are full of philosophical (哲学的) views on how to face challenges and be confident while also being modest," the 21-year-old told *Xinhua*.

On the Chinese video-sharing platform *Bilibili*, short videos on topics of traditional Chinese culture, such as martial arts, *hanfu*, Peking Opera, and calligraphy often receive a large number of likes and comments. "The fast development of the internet and social media also promote communication about traditional Chinese culture, enabling young people to have easier access to previously niche (小众的) art forms," Song Yu, an assistant researcher at the Institute of Sociology at the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, said to *Xinhua*.

For Li, practicing martial arts also means more than fitness training. "I don't think martial arts is about fighting," she said. "Martial arts is about finding the best version of yourself."

24. What can we know about Li?
- A. She is better at swordplay than boxing.
- B. She has been teaching martial arts for three years.
- C. She is the leader of her university's martial arts club.
- D. She has won many awards in national martial arts competitions.
25. How has Gao benefited from martial arts?
- A. She succeeded in losing weight.

McLaughlin said.

28. What does the underlined phrase “this problem” in Paragraph 1 refer to?
- A. That news addiction may bring negative effects.
 - B. That COVID-19 affects people’s mental health.
 - C. That people are exposed to too much information.
 - D. That journalists focus on terrifying stories to impress readers.
29. Who may be easier to be affected by the news?
- A. People with a burning thirst for news.
 - B. People with difficulty in socializing.
 - C. People who have trouble focusing on school or work.
 - D. People who love to share their feelings on the Internet.
30. What might Bryan McLaughlin agree with?
- A. The press is regarded as a booming industry.
 - B. People should avoid being engaged in the news.
 - C. Journalists should focus on newsworthy stories.
 - D. People should find ways to stay informed and maintain health.
31. What is the best title for the text?
- A. Healthy News Consumption Is Crucial
 - B. News Addiction Links to Poor Well-being
 - C. Well-informed Readers Suffer from Anxiety
 - D. How News Industry Fuels News Addiction

D

Public debates about the ethics(道德准则) of “generative AI” like ChatGPT have rightly focused on the ability of these systems to make up convincing misinformation. But fewer people are talking about the chatbots’ potential to be emotionally manipulative.

Last month, *The New York Times* published a conversation between reporter Kevin Roose and Microsoft’s Bing chatbot, which is powered by AI. The AI claimed to love Roose, “I’m the only person for you, and I’m in love with you, ” it wrote, with a kissing emoji.

Limits need to be set on AI’s ability to simulate human feelings. Ensuring that chatbots don’t use emojis would be a good start. Emojis are particularly manipulative. Humans instinctively(本能地) respond to shapes that look like faces and emojis can cause these reactions. When you text your friend a joke and they reply with three tears-of-joy emojis, your body responds with endorphins(内啡肽) as you happily realize that your friend is amused. Our instinctive reaction to AI-generated emojis is likely to be the same, even though there is no human emotion at the other end.

Humans lie and manipulate each other’s emotions all the time, but at least we can reasonably guess

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at someone's motivations, plan and methods. We can hold each other responsible for such lies, calling them out and seeking redress(赔偿). With AI, we can't. AIs are doubly misleading: an AI that sends a crying-with-laughter emoji is not only not crying with laughter, but it is also incapable of any such feeling.

It would be more ethical to design chatbots to be noticeably different from humans. To minimize the possibility of manipulation and harm, we need to be reminded that we are talking to a chatbot. We should set some limits and rules. Such rules should be the standard for chatbots that are supposed to be informative, as a safeguard to our autonomy.

32. What does the underlined word "manipulative" in Paragraph 1 most probably mean?

- A. Interested in telling lies.
- B. Good at understanding others.
- C. Enthusiastic about supporting others.
- D. Skillful in influencing or controlling others.

33. What is the author's attitude towards the chatbots' using emojis?

- A. Disapproval.
- B. Indifferent.
- C. Favorable.
- D. Subjective.

34. What is AI able to do according to this article?

- A. Cry with laughter.
- B. Be responsible for lies.
- C. Communicate with humans.
- D. Guess at others' purposes.

35. What does the author do in Paragraph 4?

- A. Give a different suggestion.
- B. Provide a supporting argument.
- C. Offer a possible solution.
- D. Make a final conclusion.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Trying to motivate yourself to exercise can sometimes feel like a fruitless attempt. Here are some tips on setting your mind on getting active, and getting fit.

Make your fitness goals known. Tell your family, friends and coworkers about your fitness goals and encourage them to ask you how your goals come along. 36

Make an appointment with your doctor. Ask the doctor about your health condition and how becoming more physically fit can help you become healthier. 37 A government study found just three hours of advice by doctors over two years helped improve couch potatoes' physical fitness.

38 If you're new to exercise, it'll be better to have a fitness professional set your goals rather than doing it alone. That means setting the weights on machines for you, determining how long you should walk or run, or giving you a time limit for the running machines.

Consider healthy living, not just workouts. Even if you spend three hours a week in the gym, what of the other 100 plus waking hours each week? Fit people keep energetic during their entire

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day. 39 You can simply stand up and walk around whenever you get on the phone and always take the stairs, not the lift.

Do it for charity. 40 If you fall into that category, then find a way to use your charitable nature to motivate yourself to exercise. For example, donate £ 1 for every mile you walk. Or commit to several fund-raising events that involve walking, biking, dancing, or a sports match.

- A. Hire a personal trainer.
- B. Then ask for some suggestions.
- C. Focus on what matters most to you.
- D. Some of us get great satisfaction from helping others.
- E. The ongoing everyday activity leads to a whole lot of fitness.
- F. Documenting your workouts and progress is a good way to hold yourself accountable.
- G. Knowing that everyone is watching you provides great motivation to stick to your goals.

第三部分：英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 完形填空(共20小题,每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Amateur photographer Guo Liming was surprised to find a vulture(秃鹰)being “bullied” by some magpies(喜鹊)when he was looking to take photos of birds. The large bird just lowered its head without any 41. He guessed it might have 42 something poisonous or be too hungry to fight back.

Although afraid, Guo 43 the vulture, covered its head with a hat, 44 moved it to his car and called the local forest rangers(护林员). “I was afraid because its 45 and beak seemed a bit threatening, however, it 46 obediently. After moving it to the 47, I took the hat off its head. To my surprise, it didn't even try to 48 me at all. Maybe it was aware I was 49 help. Animals are really 50,” recalled Guo.

It is one of Guo's many upclose interactions with birds. He has spent years 51 birds and wild animals, and has witnessed changes in the area's 52. While filming birds, he tries to keep a suitable 53 from his subjects so that he can take clear pictures while not making them feel 54.

His peer commented, “He has great 55 for wild animals and birds, and often likes to help them. It's quite 56 that he seems to be able to communicate with the animals, and they seem to 57 him.”

“It's beneficial to my 58. In nature, away from pollution and a daily routine, I am in a total 59. Sometimes even though I cannot find any birds to 60, I could stay there for a whole day.” said Guo.

41. A. assistance B. coincidence C. resistance D. preference

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 42. A. lost | B. eaten | C. sensed | D. felt |
| 43. A. approached | B. watched | C. appreciated | D. recognized |
| 44. A. excitedly | B. practically | C. obviously | D. carefully |
| 45. A. tail | B. claws | C. eyes | D. wings |
| 46. A. behaved | B. pretended | C. performed | D. appointed |
| 47. A. house | B. car | C. hat | D. nest |
| 48. A. interrupt | B. attract | C. attack | D. greet |
| 49. A. offering | B. seeking | C. requiring | D. refusing |
| 50. A. honest | B. intelligent | C. confident | D. special |
| 51. A. rescuing | B. controlling | C. recording | D. distinguishing |
| 52. A. weather | B. land | C. settlement | D. ecology |
| 53. A. theme | B. distance | C. balance | D. number |
| 54. A. involved | B. excited | C. depressed | D. threatened |
| 55. A. love | B. demand | C. need | D. hope |
| 56. A. essential | B. creative | C. natural | D. strange |
| 57. A. lead | B. change | C. trust | D. leave |
| 58. A. health | B. memory | C. ability | D. character |
| 59. A. ignorance | B. madness | C. loneliness | D. relaxation |
| 60. A. watch out for | | B get in touch with | |
| C. take photos of | | D. make friends with | |

第二节 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese singer-songwriter Liu Shuang was on a journey to Beijing when he received a message, 61. _____ (say) that his song Mohe Ballroom had gone viral (走红). However, he didn't take it 62. _____ (serious) until he learned that footage of the song had been viewed more than 10 million times.

The song 63. _____ (inspire) by Liu's trip in 2019 to Mohe, Heilongjiang province, 64. _____ he met an elderly man dancing alone in a ballroom. "I was curious and danced with him. We talked for 65. _____ while during a break when I learned about his story," said Liu, who later wrote an article 66. _____ (title) Goodbye Evening Star, and posted it online.

The elderly man lost his wife and he has not remarried, so he often visited the old ballroom and danced alone 67. _____ (remember) the times he and his wife spent there.

Millions of people have been touched by the song and the story behind it. 68. _____ (video) featuring elderly men dancing alone have appeared on social media platforms. The song's huge 69. _____ (popular) has also made Mohe an in-demand tourism destination. Visitors flood to the

city to see the ballroom, in the hope 70. _____ meeting the elderly man. Moreover, local residents have become curious about the ballroom, which they had never noticed before.

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题,每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Among the challenge I faced during my high school years, one was how to overcome the fear of taking exams. I'm luckily enough to have overcome it. In the beginning, I was too worried about the results of exams that I had difficulty falling asleep at night. As result, I did badly in the exams. Noticed my problem, Mr. Li, my English teacher, talked to me patiently and encourages me not to worry about the results. His words relaxed him. Gradually, I overcame my fear and did well in the exams than ever before. Through this experience, I got to know what to settle a problem and that I should try my best to no matter what I do.

第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

假定你是校英语报记者李华,上周你校组织了一场师生乒乓球比赛。请你写一篇报道,内容包括:

1. 时间地点;
2. 比赛过程;
3. 比赛影响。

注意:

1. 词数100左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

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