

2023 年全国高考英语模拟卷

考生须知:

本试卷分选择题部分和非选择题部分。选择题部分 1 至 8 页,非选择题部分 9-10 页。满分 150 分,考试用时 120 分钟。

第一部分:听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What time is it now?

- A. About 4:30. B. About 4:00. C. About 3:30.

2. What does the man mean?

- A. He will ask someone to help the woman.
B. He is going to repair the pipe in person later.
C. He is too busy to help the woman.

3. Why are they raising money?

- A. To help the poor man.
B. To buy Jenny a gift
C. To get some cash for the man.

4. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The apartment is too small.
B. The apartment is available.
C. The apartment is in perfect condition.

5. What is the man related to Jimmy?

- A. His classmate. B. His teacher. C. His brother.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the woman forget to bring?

- A. A sleeping bag. B. A flashlight. C. A tent.

7. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

- A. At home. B. In a store. C. At a campsite.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why can't Kate help Paul?

- A. She is on the phone. B. She is watching a film. C. She is not at home.

9. What can we know about Paul?

- A. Paul wants to know more about the family.
B. Paul wants to see whom he can help.
C. English is not Paul's native language.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 13 题。

10. How did the man travel from Madrid to Barcelona?

- A. By car. B. By bus. C. By air.

11. What do we know about the flight that the man took?

- A. It's not a first-rate airline.
B. It offers quality customer service.
C. It says no to 10-kilogram baggage.

12. How much did the man's flight ticket cost?

- A. £60. B. £70. C. £80.

13. What did the man do to his baggage?

- A. He moved some items to his jacket pockets.
B. He threw away some valueless things.
C. He took his jacket out of his heavy bag.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What kind of a job did James Dean do?

- A. An actor. B. A host. C. An author.

15. When did James Dean's mother pass away?

- A. In 1931. B. In 1936. C. In 1940.

16. Which movie really made James Dean famous?

- A. Rebel Without a Cause B. East of Eden. C. Trouble Along the Way.

17. What do we know about people talking in the conversation?

- A. They are interviewing a movie star.
B. They are talking about teenager problems.
C. They are taking part in a program.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. How much money will the award winners get?

- A. 1 million dollars. B. 1.1 million dollars. C. 2 million dollars.

19. What's the relationship between May-Britt and Edvard?

- A. Teacher and student. B. Husband and wife. C. Professor and assistant.

20. Who will get half of the prize money?

A. John.

B. May-Britt.

C. Edvard.

第二部分：阅读理解(共两节，满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

ParsleyBox

All the taste of a 4-hour slow-cooked meal with none of the effort



Indulge (尽情享受) in a slow-cooked meal in minutes

It's now possible to enjoy all the amazing taste and flavour of a slow cooked meal within minutes thanks to Parsley Box. Our new Slow Cooked range is perfect for indulgent nights in when you want something delicious, but convenient — any day of the week.

With Parsley Box, we do all the preparation and hours of cooking for you. Simply pop our meals in the microwave and they are ready in less than 3 minutes. We also deliver direct to your door across the UK. That means less time cooking and shopping and more time for the things you love. Plus, our meals can be stored easily in your pantry or cupboard for up to 6 months saving you that all important fridge and freezer space, and saving money on energy costs too!

Premium restaurant quality meals at an astonishing price

Our new meals are sure to warm you up. We've taken restaurant classics like Coq Au Vin, Beef Bourguignon, Chicken Chasseur and Beef Stroganoff and made them with carefully selected cuts of meat and slow cooked the meats in rich sauces to deliver bold dishes. We've created an exclusive offer for you of 8 of our slow cooked meals, two portions of decadent potato dauphinoise and a FREE bottle of Cabernet Sauvignon (375ml) all for an exclusive introductory price of just £34.99.

Shop online today at: parsleybox.com/RD23 or call our friendly customer service team on 0131 326 0131 and quote code RD23.

1. What service can Parsley Box offer you?

A. To put your meals in the microwave.

B. To deliver meals direct to your door.

C. To cook meals for you in your kitchen.

D. To place the meals in your cupboard.

2. Which one of the following is the reason for quality meals?

A. Carefully selected vegetable.

B. Use no sauces to cook the meat.

C. Cook the meats slowly with sauces.

D. Mix two portions of potato and wine.

3. What is the purpose of the passage?

- A. To teach people to cook delicious meals. B. To encourage people to order meals.
C. To allow people to enjoy meals free of charge. D. To inspire people to make an advertisement.

【答案】 1. B 2. C 3. B

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了提供餐食的 Parsley Box 服务，介绍了服务和菜品特色。

【1 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段 “We also deliver direct to your door across the UK.(我们也在英国各地直接送货上门)” 可知，Parsley Box 可以提供直接送餐上门服务。故选 B。

【2 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第二段 “We’ve taken restaurant classics like Coq Au Vin, Beef Bourguignon, Chicken Chasseur and Beef Stroganoff and made them with carefully selected cuts of meat and slow cooked the meats in rich sauces to deliver bold dishes.(我们借鉴了酒焖鸡、勃艮第牛肉、鸡肉和斯特罗加诺夫牛肉等餐厅经典菜肴，用精心挑选的肉块烹制而成，用丰富的酱汁慢炖，做出大胆的菜肴)” 可知，优质膳食的原因是用调料慢慢煮肉。故选 C。

【3 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段 “It’s now possible to enjoy all the amazing taste and flavour of a slow cooked meal within minutes thanks to Parsley Box. Our new Slow Cooked range is perfect for indulgent nights in when you want something delicious, but convenient — any day of the week.(多亏了香芹盒，现在你可以在几分钟内享受到一顿慢炖大餐的美味和味道。我们的新慢煮系列是完美的放纵晚上，当你想要美味，但方便——任何一天的一周)” 以及最后一段 “Shop online today at: parsleybox.com/RD23 or call our friendly customer service team on 0131 326 0131 and quote code RD23(今天在网上购物：parsleybox.com/RD23 或致电我们友好的客户服务团队 0131 326 0131，报价代码 RD23)” 结合文章主要介绍了提供餐食的 Parsley Box 服务，介绍了服务和菜品特色。由此推知，文章的目的是鼓励人们点餐。故选 B。

B

It was a warm spring evening. As I often do after a long day, I went straight to my backyard and did some work in my flower garden. I had only just walked a few steps on the patio (露台) when I suddenly felt a horrifying blow to the right side of my neck. Totally confused, I reached up and, to my shock and horror, realized that I had been shot — with an arrow.

I grabbed the arrow with a death grip where it had pierced my neck and ran inside, screaming my husband’s name. Ed ran to me and called an ambulance. I lay on the couch and prayed. I didn’t know if there was any way I could survive.

The arrow had come from a young man practising with a hunting bow in his backyard. Luckily, he was using a practice arrow. An arrow for hunting would have killed me.

At the hospital, I tried hard to reassure my family and friends. I kept telling them I was fine, but the looks on their faces told me that they weren’t buying it. After a CT scan, the doctors and nurses began telling me how lucky I was. The arrow had gone between the carotid artery and the jugular vein. There was no bleeding at all. Although I

didn't realize how incredible this was, I began arguing with them that I wasn't "lucky", I was "blessed". Someone told my son there was a post on the site texasbowhunter.com asking for prayers for me. It turns out a friend had posted the prayer request on that website.

The morning after my two-hour surgery to remove the arrow, the surgeon came in my room. He revealed that I had a brain tumour and the surgery had to be done. I remember going a bit numb but thinking, God works in mysterious ways. The brain surgery was successful and in less than a week I was back home.

Nothing eventful happened for a couple of years. After an MRI in 2015, I was told that there was still no sign of a tumour growing back. Had it not been for that arrow, I would have died from a brain tumour. And honestly, the arrow should have killed me. But it didn't.

Coincidences? Luck? I think not. The gentleman who wrote the last comment on the prayer-request thread on texasbowhunter.com summed it up in just two words. He simply wrote, "Amazing grace".

4. How did the author's family feel when she told them she was fine at the hospital?

- A. Doubtful B. Concerned C. Convinced D. Reassured

5. What did the author think of all that happened to her?

- A. It is a blessing in disguise. B. No pleasure without pain.
C. One good turn deserves another. D. What goes around comes around.

6. Why did the gentleman write "amazing grace"?

- A. To appeal for attention. B. To describe his reaction.
C. To call for others' support. D. To comment on the whole issue.

7. Which section of a magazine does the passage come from?

- A. Health B. Entertainment C. Nature D. Story

【答案】 4. B 5. A 6. D 7. D

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在花园里干活时被箭射中了，幸运的是 CT 扫描后箭头穿过颈动脉和颈静脉，根本没有出血。作者还因此查出得了脑瘤，进行了手术。

【4 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第四段 "At the hospital, I tried hard to reassure my family and friends. I kept telling them I was fine, but the looks on their faces told me that they weren't buying it.(在医院里，我努力让家人和朋友放心。我一直告诉他们我很好，但他们脸上的表情告诉我，他们不相信我)" 可知，作者告诉家人她在医院很好时，她的家人感到担忧。故选 B。

【5 题详解】

推理判断题。根据倒数第二段 "Nothing eventful happened for a couple of years. After an MRI in 2015, I was told that there was still no sign of a tumour growing back. Had it not been for that arrow, I would have died from a brain tumour. And honestly, the arrow should have killed me. But it didn't.(几年来没有什么大事发生。在 2015 年做了核磁共振检查后，我被告知仍然没有肿瘤复发的迹象。如果不是那支箭，我可能已经死于脑瘤了。说实话，那支箭本该要了我的命。但事实并非如此)" 可推知，作者认为发生在她身上的一切是塞翁失马焉知

非福。故选 A。

【6 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“Coincidences? Luck? I think not. The gentleman who wrote the last comment on the prayer-request thread on texasbowhunter.com summed it up in just two words. He simply wrote, “Amazing grace”.(巧合吗? 运气吗? 我不这么认为。这位先生在德克萨斯弓箭手的祈祷请求帖子上写了最后一条评论。我用两个词来概括。他只写了“奇异恩典”)”可推知, 这位先生要写“奇异恩典”是为了对整个问题发表评论。故选 D。

【7 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章主要讲述了作者在花园里干活时被箭射中了, 幸运的是 CT 扫描后箭头穿过颈动脉和颈静脉, 根本没有出血。作者还因此查出得了脑瘤, 进行了手术。可推知, 文章选自杂志的“故事”版面。故选 D。

C

We are all aware of the damaging pollution that's created by driving petrol and diesel (柴油) vehicles. Many of the world's cities are blocked with traffic, creating fumes containing gases such as nitrogen oxides. The solution for a cleaner, greener future could be electric vehicles. But how optimistic should we be? There was much excitement last year when the UK government announced it will ban the sale of new petrol and diesel cars from 2030. But is that easier said than done?

The road to global traffic being totally electric is still a long way off. Currently, battery life is an issue — a fully charged battery won't take you as far as a full tank of petrol. There are also limited numbers of charging points to plug an EV into. Of course, technology is always improving. Some of the biggest tech companies, like Google and Tesla, are spending huge amounts of money developing electric cars. And most of the big car manufacturers are now making them too. Colin Herron, a consultant on low-carbon vehicle technology, told the BBC: “The big leap forward will come with solid state batteries, which will appear first in mobile phones and laptops before they progress to cars.” These will charge more quickly and give cars a bigger range. Cost is another issue that may discourage people switching to electric power. But some countries offer **incentive**, such as cutting prices by reducing import taxes, and not charging for road tax and parking. Some also provide exclusive lanes for electric cars to be driven on, overtaking traditional cars which might be stuck in jams.

These kinds of measures have made Norway the country with the most electric cars per capita (人均) at more than thirty electric cars per 1000 inhabitants. But Colin Herron warns that “electric motoring” doesn't mean a zero-carbon future. “It's emission-free motoring, but the car has to be built, the battery has to be built, and the electricity does come from somewhere.” Maybe it's time to think about making fewer journeys or using public transport.

8. What can we infer from the question at the end of paragraph 1?

- A. We should not be too optimistic about the future.
- B. Electric vehicles may not solve the traffic problems.
- C. It's not a good idea to replace petrol vehicles with electric ones.
- D. It is not easy to obtain a greener future by means of electric vehicles.

9. What does the underlined word “incentive” mean in paragraph 3?
A. compensation B. allowance C. encouragement D. privilege
10. Which statement is true according to the passage?
A. Electric motoring will create a zero-carbon future.
B. Electric cars might not get stuck in traffic jams in the future.
C. There are four obstacles on the road to global traffic being totally electric.
D. Putting solid-state batteries in electric cars first will be a “great leap forward”.
11. What is the most suitable title for the text?
A. Total Electric Traffic: a Long Way to Go
B. Electric Vehicles: a Road to a Greener Future
C. Electric Power or Petrol: a Tough Decision to Make
D. Petrol and Diesel Vehicles: a Main source of Gases

【答案】8. D 9. C 10. B 11. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章介绍了电动汽车的好处以及仍然面临的一些挑战。

【8题详解】

推理判断题。根据第二段 “The road to global traffic being totally electric is still a long way off. Currently, battery life is an issue — a fully charged battery won’t take you as far as a full tank of petrol. There are also limited numbers of charging points to plug an EV into. (实现全球交通完全电动化还有很长的路要走。目前，电池寿命是个问题——一块充满电的电池续航时间还不如一箱汽油续航时间长。电动汽车的充电点数量也有限)” 可推知，通过电动汽车获得一个更环保的未来并不容易。故选 D。

【9题详解】

词句猜测题。根据画线词后文 “such as cutting prices by reducing import taxes, and not charging for road tax and parking. Some also provide exclusive lanes for electric cars to be driven on, overtaking traditional cars which might be stuck in jams.” 可知，有些国家通过降低进口税来降低价格，不收取道路税和停车费。有些还为电动汽车提供专用车道，以超越可能陷入拥堵的传统汽车，这些都是鼓励人们购买的措施。故画线词意思是“鼓励”。故选 C。

【10题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段 “Some also provide exclusive lanes for electric cars to be driven on, overtaking traditional cars which might be stuck in jams.(有些还为电动汽车提供专用车道，以超越可能陷入拥堵的传统汽车)” 可知，B 选项 “电动汽车将来可能不会陷入交通堵塞” 正确。故选 B。

【11题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第二段 “The road to global traffic being totally electric is still a long way off.(实现全球交通完全电动化还有很长的路要走)” 结合文章介绍了电动汽车的好处以及仍然面临的一些挑战。可知，A 选项 “全电动交通：任重道远” 最符合文章标题，故选 A。

D

Scientists have transfused lab-made red blood cells into a human volunteer in a world-first trial that experts say has major potential for people with hard-to-match blood types or conditions such as sickle cell (镰状细胞) disease. The research could someday mean an end to long searches for compatible (兼容的) donors or dangerous transfusion reactions.

The experimental transfusion was done at Addenbrooke's Hospital in Cambridge, England, as part of a collaborative (合作的) effort among UK scientists to understand how lab-made blood transfusions could work.

The scientists took whole blood from donors in a UK database and separated out the stem cells. These are the body's raw materials — the cells from which all specialized cells, like a red blood cell, can generate. The researchers grew red blood cells from those stem cells and transfused them into two healthy volunteers. The transfusions involved only a tiny amount of blood: the equivalent of one or two teaspoons. A standard blood transfusion would involve many hundred times that amount. This stage of the trial involves two mini transfusions at least four months apart, one with a standard donation of red cells and the other with lab-made cells from the same donor.

The researchers are closely monitoring the volunteers to determine whether the process was safe. They say there have been with “no side effects” so far. They're also watching how long the lab-grown cells last compared with an infusion (灌输) of standard red blood cells. Red blood cells typically last about 120 days, but a transfusion from a standard donation contains cells that are a variety of ages because the bone marrow (骨髓) continuously makes these cells.

Previous tests have shown that manufactured cells function like normal cells and that these lab-made cells are likely to survive longer overall while in circulation. This study will determine for the first time whether that's true. Further trials will be necessary to determine whether there could be a clinical use of this lab-grown product.

The research could eventually make a difference to people with sickle cell disease, those who develop antibodies (抗体) against most donor blood types, or those with genetic disorders in which their body can't make red blood cells or the blood cells they make don't work well.

12. What function is expected of the lab-made red blood cells transfusion?

- A. It may make it easier to get blood donors.
- B. It may grow red blood cells from the stem cells.
- C. It may end the dangerous transfusion reactions.
- D. It may develop antibodies against many donor blood types.

13. What can be inferred about the experimental procedure?

- A. It is widely considered not safe despite many experiments.
- B. The two mini transfusions shouldn't be carried out closely together.
- C. The researchers transfused stem cells into volunteers to monitor them.
- D. A standard blood transfusion only need to involve a tiny amount of blood.

14. Which of the following statements is TRUE? 公众号：网课来了

- A. The process of lab-made blood transfusions proves safe so far.

- B. Lab-made cells survive longer overall than normal cells in circulation.
- C. There are two mini transfusions with lab-made cells in the experiment.
- D. The stem cells, as the body's raw materials, can't produce red blood cells.

15. What's the passage mainly about?

- A. A small amount of blood can make a difference.
- B. Lab-made cells outweigh normal cells in a transfusion.
- C. Lab-made cells can contribute to blood-related diseases.
- D. Lab-made cell transfusions can replace normal blood donations.

【答案】 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. C

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述科学家们在世界上首次将实验室制造的红细胞输进一名人类志愿者体内，专家们认为这项试验对患有罕见血液病的人有巨大的潜力。文章介绍了研究开展的经过和发现。

【12 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段“Scientists have transfused lab-made red blood cells into a human volunteer in a world-first trial that experts say has major potential for people with hard-to-match blood types or conditions such as sickle cell (镰状细胞) disease. The research could someday mean an end to long searches for compatible (兼容的) donors or dangerous transfusion reactions.(在世界首例试验中，科学家将实验室制造的红细胞输注到一名人类志愿者体内。专家说，这项试验对血型难以匹配或患有镰状细胞病等疾病的人具有重大潜力。这项研究有一天可能意味着长期寻找合适的供体或危险的输血反应的结束)”可知，实验室制造的红细胞输血功能是它可能结束危险的输血反应。故选 C。

【13 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“This stage of the trial involves two mini transfusions at least four months apart, one with a standard donation of red cells and the other with lab-made cells from the same donor.(试验的这一阶段包括两次相隔至少 4 个月的小规模输血，一次是标准捐献的红细胞，另一次是来自同一捐赠者的实验室制造的细胞)”可知，两次微量输血不能紧密地同时进行。故选 B。

【14 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第三段“The researchers are closely monitoring the volunteers to determine whether the process was safe. They say there have been with “no side effects” so far.(研究人员正在密切监视志愿者，以确定这个过程是否安全。他们说，到目前为止，还没有出现“副作用”)”可知，A 选项“到目前为止，实验室制造的输血过程是安全的”正确。故选 A。

【15 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第一段“Scientists have transfused lab-made red blood cells into a human volunteer in a world-first trial that experts say has major potential for people with hard-to-match blood types or conditions such as sickle cell (镰状细胞) disease. The research could someday mean an end to long searches for compatible (兼容的) donors or dangerous transfusion reactions.(在世界首例试验中，科学家将实验室制造的红细胞输注到一名人类

志愿者体内。专家说，这项试验对血型难以匹配或患有镰状细胞病等疾病的人具有重大潜力。这项研究有一天可能意味着长期寻找合适的供体或危险的输血反应的结束”以及最后一段“The research could eventually make a difference to people with sickle cell disease, those who develop antibodies (抗体) against most donor blood types, or those with genetic disorders in which their body can't make red blood cells or the blood cells they make don't work well.(这项研究最终可能会对镰状细胞病患者、对大多数供体血型产生抗体的人、或者那些身体不能制造红细胞或制造的血细胞不能正常工作的遗传疾病患者产生影响)”结合文章介绍了研究开展的经过和发现。可知，这篇文章主要讲了实验室制造的细胞可能有助于血液相关疾病。故选 C。

第二节：(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

ChatGPT, the hardworking upgrade on Siri and Alexa, can write essays, scripts, jokes, marketing pitches — even contracts and scientific papers. ____16____ Specifically, can it write a Times editorial arguing the pros and cons of using itself to write a Times editorial? Here's what it came up with, instantly.

“It is our job to provide readers with informed and thought-provoking editorial content. On the one hand, ChatGPT has the potential to greatly improve the efficiency of our editorial team. By using this tool, we can generate multiple drafts of an editorial in a fraction of the time it would take a human writer.

Furthermore, ____17____ This could allow us to provide readers with a more diverse range of opinions and ideas, potentially leading to more engaging and informative editorial content.

However, there are also potential drawbacks. ____18____ If the data is biased, this could lead to the spread of false or misleading information, something we strive to avoid as a reputable newspaper. Additionally, using ChatGPT in our editorial process could potentially lead to a loss of jobs for human writers. ____19____

Woah! That's quite enough of that, smarty-pants. ____20____ No need for any more of that sort of talk. Thanks very much. Before the unfortunate picture becomes a reality, however, we think you'll agree that the vaunted (自夸的) AI brainbox is doing rather well. Frighteningly well, indeed. It seems that our worries are reasonable. After all, it is not an experiment which can be conducted repeatedly.

- A. We think we'll stop you right there.
- B. But is it up to writing a Times editorial?
- C. And these drawbacks are very likely to be ignored.
- D. ChatGPT is skillful in presenting novel comments on what is happening around.
- E. As a machine learning model, ChatGPT is only as good as the data it is trained on.
- F. This could have negative consequences for the employment prospects of journalists.
- G. ChatGPT has the ability to generate a wide variety of ideas and perspectives on a given topic.

【答案】16. B 17. G 18. E 19. F 20. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了 ChatGPT 的功能以及优缺点。

【16 题详解】

根据上文 “ChatGPT, the hardworking upgrade on Siri and Alexa, can write essays, scripts, jokes, marketing

pitches — even contracts and scientific papers.(ChatGPT 是 Siri 和 Alexa 的升级版, 它可以写文章、剧本、笑话、营销宣传——甚至是合同和科学论文)”以及后文 “Specifically, can it write a Times editorial arguing the pros and cons of using itself to write a Times editorial? Here’s what it came up with. Instantly.(具体来说, 它能写一篇《纽约时报》的社论, 讨论用自己来写《泰晤士报》社论的利弊吗? 这是它立即得出的结论)”可知, 后文提到了 ChatGPT 可以写社论, B 选项 Times editorial 对应后文 Times editorial。故 B 选项 “但这取决于写《泰晤士报》的社论吗?” 符合语境, 故选 B。

【17 题详解】

根据后文 “This could allow us to provide readers with a more diverse range of opinions and ideas, potentially leading to more engaging and informative editorial content.(这可以让我们为读者提供更多样化的观点和想法, 从而有可能产生更吸引人、更翔实的编辑内容)”可知, 后文提到了为读者提供更多样化的观点和想法, 说明本句是在说明 ChatGPT 可以产生各种各样的想法和观点。故 G 选项 “ChatGPT 有能力就给定的主题产生各种各样的想法和观点” 符合语境, 故选 G。

【18 题详解】

根据后文 “If the data is biased, this could lead to the spread of false or misleading information, something we strive to avoid as a reputable newspaper.(如果数据有偏差, 这可能会导致虚假或误导性信息的传播, 这是我们作为一家有信誉的报纸努力避免的)”可知, 后文提到了数据对 ChatGPT 的影响, 即 ChatGPT 的好坏取决于它所训练的数据。故 E 选项 “作为一个机器学习模型, ChatGPT 的好坏取决于它所训练的数据” 符合语境, 故选 E。

【19 题详解】

根据上文 “Additionally, using ChatGPT in our editorial process could potentially lead to a loss of jobs for human writers.(此外, 在我们的编辑过程中使用 ChatGPT 可能会导致人类作家失去工作)”可知, 本句为本段最后一句, 应总结上文, 说明 ChatGPT 对人类职业产生的负面影响。故 F 选项 “这可能会对记者的就业前景产生负面影响” 符合语境, 故选 F。

【20 题详解】

根据上文 “Woah! That’s quite enough of that, smarty-pants.(哇! 够了, 自作聪明的家伙)”以及后文 “No need for any more of that sort of talk. Thanks very much. Before the unfortunate picture becomes a reality, however, we think you’ll agree that the vaunted (自夸的) AI brainbox is doing rather well. Frighteningly well, indeed. It seems that our worries are reasonable. After all, it is not an experiment which can be conducted repeatedly.(不要再说那种话了。非常感谢。然而, 在这幅不幸的图景成为现实之前, 我们认为你会同意, 被吹嘘的人工智能大脑箱做得相当好。确实好得可怕。看来我们的担心是有道理的。毕竟, 这不是一个可以反复进行的实验)”可知, 后文提到了不要再说那种话, 说明要打断对方, 故 A 选项 “我们想我们会在这里打断你” 符合语境, 故选 A。

第三部分: 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The turning point of my life was my decision to give up a promising business career and study music. My parents, although sympathetic, and _____ 21 _____ my love of music, disapproved of it as a profession. This was _____ 22 _____ in view of the family background. My grandfather had taught music for nearly forty years. Though much respected, he earned _____ 23 _____ enough to provide for his family. As a consequence of this example, the very mention of music as a profession carried with it a picture of a risky existence with _____ 24 _____ financial rewards. My parents _____ 25 _____ college instead of a music school, and to college I went — quite _____ 26 _____, for although I loved my violin, I had many other interests.

Before my graduation from college, the family met with severe financial reverses and felt it my _____ 27 _____ to leave college and take a job. Thus was I launched upon a business career — which I always think of as the _____ 28 _____ years. Now I do not for a moment mean to _____ 29 _____ business. My whole point is that it was not for me. I went into it for _____ 30 _____, and aside from the satisfaction of being able to help the family, money is all I got out of it. It was not enough. I felt that life was _____ 31 _____ me by.

I continued to make money, and finally, bit by bit, _____ 32 _____ enough to enable me to go abroad to study music. I resigned from my position and, feeling like a man released from _____ 33 _____, sailed for Europe. I stayed four years, and enjoyed every minute of it. “Enjoyed” is too _____ 34 _____ a word. I walked on _____ 35 _____. I really lived and I was a free man.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 21. A. sharing | B. approving | C. discovering | D. hiding |
| 22. A. pointless | B. absurd | C. tolerant | D. understandable |
| 23. A. nearly | B. barely | C. mostly | D. possibly |
| 24. A. stable | B. deserving | C. uncertain | D. fixed |
| 25. A. insisted upon | B. attended to | C. picked out | D. entered for |
| 26. A. painfully | B. desperately | C. casually | D. happily |
| 27. A. honor | B. duty | C. burden | D. turn |
| 28. A. unforgettable | B. golden | C. wasted | D. deserted |
| 29. A. quit | B. assess | C. disrespect | D. conduct |
| 30. A. money | B. contentment | C. achievement | D. glory |
| 31. A. dropping | B. passing | C. standing | D. stopping |
| 32. A. raised | B. withdrew | C. spared | D. accumulated |
| 33. A. prison | B. hospital | C. jungle | D. school |
| 34. A. abstract | B. simple | C. mild | D. vague |
| 35. A. cloud | B. board | C. ice | D. air |

【答案】21. A 22. D 23. B 24. C 25. A 26. D 27. B 28. C 29. C 30. A 31. B 32. D 33. A 34. C 35. D

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文，作者一直希望学习音乐，但是由于家中的财务情况没能实现，后来作者攒够了钱终于到欧洲去学习音乐，实现了自己的理想。

【21 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我的父母虽然同情我，也和我一样热爱音乐，但他们不赞成把音乐作为一种职业。A. sharing 共享，共有；B. approving 赞成；C. discovering 发现；D. hiding 躲藏。根据“although sympathetic”可知，父母对作者放弃音乐表示同情，故他们也和作者一样共有音乐的爱好，故选 A。

【22 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：考虑到家庭背景，这是可以理解的。A. pointless 无意义的；B. absurd 荒谬的；C. tolerant 宽容的，容忍的；D. understandable 合情理的，可以理解的。根据“in view of the family background”及下文描述音乐作为职业收入不稳定可知，考虑到作者的家庭经济情况，父母的态度是可以理解的，故选 D。

【23 题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：虽然他很受尊敬，但他挣的钱几乎不足以养家糊口。A. nearly 几乎，差不多；B. barely 几乎不，勉强；C. mostly 主要地；D. possibly 可能。根据“Though much respected”表达的让步语气及下文“the very mention of music as a profession carried with it a picture of a risky existence(一提起音乐这个职业，人们就会联想到危险的生活)”可知，教音乐虽然受人尊重，但是收入几乎难以养家糊口，故选 B。

【24 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：因此，一提到音乐作为一种职业，人们就会联想到收入不稳定的危险生活。A. stable 稳定的；B. deserving 值得的，应得的；C. uncertain 不确定的；D. fixed 固定的。根据“a risky existence”可知，此处指“收入不稳定的苦日子”，故选 C。

【25 题详解】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：我的父母坚持要我上大学，而不是音乐学校，我也挺开心地去上了大学，因为虽然我喜欢小提琴，但我还有许多其他的兴趣。A. insisted upon 坚持；B. attended to 照料，处理；C. picked out 挑选；D. entered for 报名参加。根据上文“disapproved of it as a profession”可知，父母不同意作者将音乐作为职业，所以应是坚持让作者上大学，故选 A。

【26 题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意同上。A. painfully 痛苦地；B. desperately 绝望地；C. casually 偶然地，随意地；D. happily 高兴地，开心地。根据“for although I loved my violin, I had many other interests”可知，虽然作者爱好音乐，但也有很多其他的爱好，所以作者去上大学也挺开心的，故选 D。

【27 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：在我大学毕业之前，家里遇到了严重的经济困难，我觉得我有责任离开大学去找份工作。A. honor 荣誉；B. duty 责任，职责；C. burden 负担；D. turn 转弯，机会。根据语境及下文“Thus was I launched upon a business career(就这样，我开始了自己的商业生涯)”可知，家里遇到了严重的经济困难，作者觉得有责任去找份工作，故选 B。

【28 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：就这样，我开始了自己的商业生涯——我一直认为这是虚度的岁月。A. unforgettable 难忘的；B. golden 黄金的，美好的；C. wasted 浪费的；D. deserted 被遗弃的。根据语境及下文

“My whole point is that it was not for me.(我的意思是它不适合我)”可知，作者认为那些投身商界挣钱的日子不适合自己的，是在虚度光阴，故选 C。

【29 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我从来无意贬低经商。A. quit 退出，放弃；B. assess 评估；C. disrespect 不尊重；D. conduct 实施，组织。上文提到作者认为自己经商的日子是在虚度光阴，结合下文“My whole point is that it was not for me.(我的意思是它不适合我)”可知，作者说经商是虚度光阴，并不是不尊重经商，而是认为它不适合自己的，故选 C。公众号：网课来了

【30 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：我做这份工作是为了钱，除了能够帮助家庭的满足感之外，钱是我从这份工作中得到的全部。A. money 钱；B. contentment 满足；C. achievement 成就；D. glory 荣誉，光荣。根据“money is all I got out of it”可知，作者经商是为了挣钱，故选 A。

【31 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我感到生命从我身边悄悄消逝。A. dropping 掉下，落下；B. passing 经过，走过；C. standing 站立；D. stopping 停止。结合语境可知，作者除了挣到钱，还感到年华似水般渐渐流逝，pass by 固定搭配，意为“流逝”，故选 B。

【32 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我不断地赚钱，终于一点一点攒够了出国学习音乐的钱。A. raised 提高；B. withdrew 撤回；C. spared 传播；D. accumulated 积累，(数额) 逐渐增长。根据“bit by bit”可知，作者终于一点一点地攒够了出国学习音乐的钱，故选 D。

【33 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：我辞去了我的职位，感觉像从监狱里释放出来的人一样，乘船前往欧洲。A. prison 监狱；B. hospital 医院；C. jungle 丛林；D. school 学校。根据下文“I stayed four years, and enjoyed every minute of it.(我在那里待了四年，每一分钟都过得很愉快)”和“I really lived and I was a free man.(我过着真正的生活，我是一个自由的人)”可知，作者辞去工作后学习音乐的日子很快乐，故此处指作者辞去工作后感到自己像出狱的犯人一样自由，故选 A。

【34 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：“快乐”这个词太温和了。A. abstract 抽象的；B. simple 简单的；C. mild 温和的；(感情或表情) 不强烈的；D. vague 模糊的。根据上下文可知，此处指“快乐”一词不能强烈地表达出作者的心情，mild 符合语境，故选 C。

【35 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：我是乐不可支，飘飘欲仙。A. cloud 云；B. board 木板；C. ice 冰；D. air 空气。根据语境及下文“I really lived and I was a free man.(我过着真正的生活，我是一个自由的人)”可知，作者乐不可支，walk on air 是俚语表达，表示“极为兴奋和快乐”，故选 D。

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) _____36_____ (name) Chongqing Jingzhu village as one of the Best Tourism Villages of 2022.

Jingzhu Village is next _____37_____ Wulong Fairy Mountain, _____38_____ is rich in natural resources and has a forest coverage rate of 75 percent. It is suitable _____39_____ (visit) in both winter and summer. When _____40_____ (cover) with snow in winter, the mountain is an excellent tourist attraction. In summer, the average temperature is 15°C lower than that in the main city of Chongqing. The climate is cool and pleasant.

Alongside its beautiful scenery, the village is working towards the _____41_____ (preserve) of cultural heritage. Old houses built by local villagers, ancient firewood stoves, square tables and bamboo chairs, copper teapots are retained. They offer tourists a taste of _____42_____ (tradition) rural life.

The village runs a series of workshops. They teach and display intangible cultural heritage techniques. These include batik making, bamboo weaving, palm weaving, pottery making, tofu making _____43_____ paper-cutting classes. Tourists can soak up the charm of typical rural culture.

In 2019, the village was included on the list of the first batch of key rural tourism villages in China.

The old houses that were once on the verge of collapse _____44_____ (transform) into distinctive homestays.

The village has become _____45_____ must-visit destination for many tourists across the country.

【答案】36. named

37. to 38. which

39. to visit

40. covered

41. preservation

42. traditional

43. and 44. have been transformed

45. a

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。联合国世界旅游组织（UNWTO）将重庆荆竹村评为 2022 年最佳旅游村之一，文章介绍了荆竹村的一些情况。

【36 题详解】

考查时态。句意：联合国世界旅游组织（UNWTO）将重庆荆竹村评为 2022 年最佳旅游村之一。描述过去发生的动作一般过去时。故填 named。

【37 题详解】

考查介词。句意：荆竹村紧邻武隆仙山，自然资源丰富，森林覆盖率达 75%。表示“紧邻”短语为 be next to。故填 to。

【38 题详解】公众号：网课来了

考查定语从句。句意：荆竹村紧邻武隆仙山，自然资源丰富，森林覆盖率达 75%。非限制性定语从句修饰先行词 Wulong Fairy Mountain，在从句作主语，指物，所以用关系代词 which。故填 which。

【39 题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：它适合在冬季和夏季参观。此处为 *it be adj. to do sth.* 句型，不定式作真正主语。故填 *to visit*。

【40 题详解】

考查省略句。句意：当冬天被雪覆盖时，这座山是一个极好的旅游景点。在 *when* 引导的状语从句中，当从句主语和主句主语一致且从句含有 *be* 的某种形式时，可省略从句的主语和 *be*，主语与谓语构成被动关系，相当于省略了 *the mountain is*。故填 *covered*。

【41 题详解】

考查名词。句意：除了美丽的风景，这个村庄还在努力保护文化遗产。作介词的宾语应用名词 *preservation*，不可数。故填 *preservation*。

【42 题详解】

考查形容词。句意：他们让游客体验传统的乡村生活。修饰名词 *life* 应用形容词 *traditional*，作定语。故填 *traditional*。

【43 题详解】

考查连词。句意：这些课程包括蜡染、竹编、棕榈编、制陶、豆腐制作和剪纸课程。游客可以领略到典型乡村文化的魅力。此处前后文为并列关系，应用连词 *and*。故填 *and*。

【44 题详解】

考查时态语态。句意：曾经濒临倒塌的老房子已经变成了特色鲜明的民宿。主语与谓语构成被动关系，且表示过去发生的动作对现在产生影响，应用现在完成时的被动语态，主语为 *The old houses*，助动词用 *have*。故填 *have been transformed*。

【45 题详解】

考查冠词。句意：这个村庄已经成为全国许多游客必去的目的地。*destination* 为可数名词，此处为泛指，且 *must-visit* 是发音以辅音音素开头的单词，故填 *a*。

第四部分 写作(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

46. 高中三年即将结束，回顾丰富多彩的校园生活，哪一次校园活动给你留下了美好而深刻的印象呢？请你以 “*The Most Impressive School Activity*” 为题，根据以下提示写一篇短文，向校刊投稿。

内容包括：

1. 介绍活动过程；
2. 分享个人感受。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右。
2. 请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

The Most Impressive School Activity

【答案】 One possible version:

It's hard to believe that I am so close to reaching the end of high school. Looking back, I find the past days has witnessed plenty of memorable activities. However, the one that stuck me as the most impressive was the coming-of-age ceremony.

To honor the students who had turned 18, a grand ceremony was held in the 2nd term of the senior year. We students, wearing traditional dress, gathered at the stadium as scheduled. First, our principal sincerely extended her congratulations on us becoming a grown-up. Then followed the Confucian-style coming-of-age ceremonies—Ji Li (for girls) and Guan Li (for boys). Finally, we made a solemn vow to shoulder the responsibilities of an adult, which was definitely the highlight.

Personally, the ceremony exerted a profound influence on us students. Not only did it fully expose us to traditional Chinese culture, but it motivated us to embrace the new identity and live up to our promise.

【解析】

【导语】 本篇书面表达属于开放作文。高中三年即将结束，回顾丰富多彩的校园生活，哪一次校园活动给你留下了美好而深刻的印象呢？请你以“The Most Impressive School Activity”为题，根据以下提示写一篇短文，向校刊投稿。

【详解】 1. 词汇积累

举行：hold→host

学期：term→semester

难忘的：memorable→unforgettable

传统的：traditional→conventional

2. 句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句：We students, wearing traditional dress, gathered at the stadium as scheduled.

拓展句：We students who worn traditional dress, gathered at the stadium as scheduled.

【点睛】 [高分句型 1] It's hard to believe that I am so close to reaching the end of high school. (运用了 that 引导宾语从句)

[高分句型 2] Not only did it fully expose us to traditional Chinese culture, but it motivated us to embrace the new identity and live up to our promise. (运用了部分倒装)

第二节(满分 25 分)

47. 阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Years ago, I became the secretary of Jack, a strict and bad-tempered man.

One day, Jack threw the papers on my desk-his eyebrows knit into a straight line as he glared at me. “What’s wrong?” I asked. He jabbed (戳) a finger at the proposal. “Next time you want to change anything, ask me first,” he said, turning on his heels and leaving me in great anger. How dare he treat me like that, I thought. I had changed one long sentence, and corrected grammar, something I thought I was paid to do.

It’s not that I hadn’t been warned. Other women who had worked my job before me called Jack names I couldn’t repeat. One coworker took me aside the first day. “He’s personally responsible for two different secretaries leaving the firm,” she whispered.

As the weeks went by, I grew to look down upon Jack. His actions made me question much that I believed in, such as turning the other cheek and loving your enemies.

One day another of his rude behaviors left me in tears. I stormed into his office, prepared to lose my job if needed, but not before I let the man know how I felt. I opened the door and Jack glanced up. “What?” he asked abruptly.

Suddenly I knew what I had to do. After all, he deserved it. I sat across from him and said calmly, “Jack, the way you’ve been treating me is wrong. I’ve never had anyone speak to me that way. As a professional, it’s wrong, and I can’t allow it to continue.”

Jack smiled nervously and leaned back in his chair. I closed my eyes briefly. God help me, I prayed. “I want to make you a promise. Whatever you do, I will be a friend,” I said. “I will treat you as you deserve to be treated, with respect and kindness. You deserve that. Everybody does.” I slipped out of the chair and closed the door behind me.

Jack avoided me the rest of the week.

One year after our “talk,” I had my breast cancer surgery but was still scared.

【答案】 One possible version:

Jack avoided me the rest of the week. Proposals, files, and letters appeared on my desk while I was at lunch, and my corrected versions were not seen again. I brought cookies to the office one day and left a batch on his desk. Another day I left a note. “Hope your day is going great,” it read. Over the next few weeks, Jack reappeared. He was reserved, but there was no more rudeness. Coworkers cornered me in the break room. “What have done to Jack?” they asked. I shook my head. “Nothing. Jack and I are just becoming friends.” Every time I saw Jack in the hall, I smiled at him. After all, that’s what friends do.

One year after our “talk,” I had my breast cancer surgery but was still scared. Those days, friends and loved ones visited, but no one knew what to say, and many said the wrong things. One day, Jack stood awkwardly in the doorway of my ward. Without a word he placed a package beside me, inside which lay several bulbs (植物鳞茎). “Tulips,” he said. “If you plant them when you get home, they’ll come up next spring. I just want you to know that I think you’ll be there to see them when they come up.” Tears clouded my eyes! In a moment when I prayed for the right word, a man with very few words said all the right things. That’s what friends do!

【解析】

【导语】本文以人物为线索展开，讲述了 Jack 是个严厉且脾气不好的人，作者成为了他的秘书后受到了很多不公平的待遇，作者愤而打算辞职，但在此之前，作者向 Jack 坦诚说出了自己的感受。

【详解】1.段落续写：

①由第一段首句内容“那一周剩下的时间里，Jack 都躲着我。”可知，第一段可描写 Jack 再次出现在作者面前所产生的变化以及作者和 Jack 成为了朋友。

②由第二段首句内容“在我们‘谈话’一年后，我做了乳腺癌手术，但仍然很害怕。”可知，第二段可描写 Jack 来探望作者，寥寥数语让作者得到了安慰，作者认为这才是朋友应该做的。

2.续写线索：

再次出现——发生改变——探望作者——赠送礼物——感悟

3.词汇激活

行为类

①出现：appear/turn up

②做手术：have my breast cancer surgery/be operated for my breast cancer

③放置：place/put

情绪类

①微笑：smile at/show a smile to

②害怕：scared/fearful/frightened

【点睛】[高分句型 1]. Every time I saw Jack in the hall, I smiled at him. (由 every time 引导的时间状语从句)

[高分句型 2]. Without a word he placed a package beside me, inside which lay several bulbs (植物鳞茎). (由“介词+关系代词”引导非限制性定语从句)

听力答案：1-5 CBBBC

6-10 CAACB

11-15 ACAAC

16-20 ACBBA