

2021 年湖北省宜昌市初中学业水平考试

英 语 试 题

(本试卷共 46 小题, 满分 80 分, 考试时间 90 分钟。)

注意事项:

本试卷分试题卷和答题卡两部分, 请将答案写在答题卡上每题对应的答题区域内, 写在试题卷上无效。

考试结束, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 15 分)

完形填空: 先通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。

A group of boys from a primary school soccer team in Anshun, Guizhou Province, are doing daily training on the playground.

The team was made 1 their P.E. teacher Mr. Zeng. And their headmaster Mr. Xiong also 2 a lot. Although the members practice 2 hours every day, playing soccer does not 3 their studies or farm work.

Most of these boys' parents work in big cities far from the village. In the past, they were afraid of showing themselves in public. 4 now through soccer, they have become outgoing, active and brave. And their skills in soccer have improved rapidly by working hard. In a short time, they have 5 the other teams from nearby schools in the city.

To open 6 minds, Mr. Xiong encouraged them to join in a "Who's the King" national soccer game. They did not play well in the 7. However, with the physical advantages, they soon 8 the game. Unluckily, they were short of 9 in such competitions, so they finally lost 1-0.

10, after Mr. Zeng moved to another school, Miss Yu took his place. The young teacher who was born in 1985 11 to teach there. She is their soccer coach and also teaches them English, math and other 12. To her surprise, these village boys are not like 13 she thought. She says that every time the team travels to another city to take part in a soccer game, the kids are just very 14 in themselves.

Soccer gives these kids a 15 to see the wonderful things of the outside world. And it makes them strongly believe that they would go beyond (在另一边) the mountains one day.

1. A. in

B. by

C. from

D. of

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- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 2. A. celebrated | B. changed | C. supported | D. achieved |
| 3. A. influence | B. shake | C. afford | D. cover |
| 4. A. or | B. so | C. for | D. but |
| 5. A. directed | B. compared | C. beaten | D. interviewed |
| 6. A. her | B. our | C. his | D. their |
| 7. A. end | B. beginning | C. middle | D. process |
| 8. A. controlled | B. passed | C. finished | D. recorded |
| 9. A. experience | B. development | C. progress | D. information |
| 10. A. Now | B. Later | C. Before | D. Firstly |
| 11. A. invited | B. volunteered | C. remembered | D. dared |
| 12. A. challenges | B. choices | C. purposes | D. subjects |
| 13. A. how | B. when | C. what | D. where |
| 14. A. confident | B. talented | C. interested | D. rich |
| 15. A. rule | B. role | C. chance | D. result |

第二节（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分）

综合填空：根据所给首字母、上下文或汉语提示完成空格中所缺单词，使短文完整通顺，语法正确，每个空只能填一个词。

When we say “we threw something out,” what do we really mean? After all, our waste doesn’t just disappear even if it is taken a 16. So why not recycle it?

Have you ever used newspapers when you clean the windows? If you haven’t, please try! I didn’t believe it when I 17 (听到) and read that. I thought that they would certainly leave ink(墨汁) or bits of paper behind. Actually, I was so wrong. I have had clearer windows than before s 18 I tried it.

When we mention cleaning products, we have to talk about paper towels(手巾). I used 19 think more paper towels meant a cleaner home. I loved the idea of cleaning with the fresh white paper and then throwing 20 out. But now I know that I have to s 21 using paper towels, because paper towels are a huge waste problem. Cutting out paper towels would save 22 (树), water, air and our money.

Recently, my family and I have started collecting all old 23 (衣服), and then cut them into pieces. Getting one piece to do some cleaning has become our n 24 habit. I thought that it would be such 25 uneasy thing to break a 30-year old habit. Whatever, it really is the most meaningful thing that I have done during a long time.

第二部分 阅读与写作（共四节，满分 55 分）

第一节（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，计 20 分）

阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

A

Jonny, a 15-year-old student, is checking his dad's old jacket. He says, "You're 45, Dad, you're never going to wear this again. Can I have it?"

Keith has had a bad day at work, and he is feeling old. And Jonny has hit his pain. Keith raises his voice and says, "What? You mean I'm too old to wear the jacket again?"

Jonny feels like this has come out of nowhere, and now he feels hurt. "But I only asked. Why are you shouting at me?"

"But I don't like being treated as though I'm too old."

Both of them feel a bit upset.

Have you ever had a similar argument with the people around you? Here are some tips for you to remember when you're getting mad.

- Accept your feelings and consider the other person's feelings. That means not always making yourself "right" or "clever" and the other person "wrong" or "stupid".
- Explain yourself and not the other person, so you can speak out your ideas by starting with "I..." but not "You..."
- Don't always have to reflect before reacting(回应). If you feel angry, I think it's a good idea to stop a moment and understand why.
- Don't decide the purpose of the other person by your guessing. Try to work out what he or she is feeling, and admit(承认) it if you were wrong.

Don't forget that it's never too late to start the ways of communicating.

26. From the passage, we can know Jonny _____.

- A. is a school boy
- B. doesn't like his dad
- C. thinks his dad is too old
- D. wants his dad's new jacket

27. Jonny felt hurt because his dad _____.

- A. hit his pain
- B. had a busy day
- C. liked the jacket
- D. was angry with him

28. To avoid an argument, the writer gives us _____ suggestions.

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5

29. According to the passage, if you want to express your ideas, you'd better begin like this:

"_____".

- A. You misunderstood me...
- B. I know how you feel, but...
- C. They're different from us...
- D. Things aren't the same...

30. The best title for the passage can be _____.

- A. Learn to Admit Your Mistakes Bravely
- B. Be Patient with the People around You
- C. An Argument between a Father and a Son
- D. Good Ways of Communication Are Important

B

When we first moved here, we didn't have a garden. Mike and I talked about making a large vegetable garden somewhere in our yard, but we couldn't agree on where. Before we went ahead and dug up the grass, we spent some time thinking about where it would work best. At last, we chose an old sandbox(沙坑) in our front yard to become our garden.

We dreamed about a lively garden with lots of vegetables. We asked many people what we should do to turn this sandbox into a space, then plants can grow in it. And they gave us lots of ideas. My sister was the most knowledgeable, so we listened mostly to her. At first, Mike made a wood fence(栅栏) and I painted it with the kids. We chose a darker color because it would fit our light grey house.

Next, Mike dug 17 holes. Then we filled them with soil(土壤). It was still too cold to plant anything, so for days I just stared out the window at these holes. To me, it looked much too untidy. I advised to fill those holes back and dig new ones. This time we ended up with 10. Much better.

Over the next few weeks, I worked on getting everything planted in my garden. I started by planting green onion. But I was too excited and planted it too early. Right away it was clear that it wasn't going to survive. I had to give it up and try something else. Then my next door neighbor gave me red roses to put in my garden. A few days later we went to a greenhouse and came back not with green onion but peppers, tomatoes and so on. Clearly the vegetable and flower garden was slowly becoming our dream garden. Oh well!

I love the way it turned out. This garden will always remind me of my sister.

31. When the writer first arrived at her new house, she _____.

- A. had a large flower garden
- B. dug up the grass in her yard
- C. talked about making a sandbox
- D. wanted a garden with vegetables

32. Why did the writer suggest filling the first 17 holes back?

- A. Because she listened to her sister.
- B. Because the weather was too cold.
- C. Because the garden looked like a mess.
- D. Because the kids could dig better ones.

33. What's the Chinese meaning of the underlined word in Paragraph 4?

- A. 存活
- B. 传播
- C. 嫁接
- D. 爬藤

34. Which one is the right order of building the garden according to the passage?

- a. We built the fence and painted it.
- b. We collected much others' advice.
- c. We prepared the plants that we wanted.
- d. We decided on the place of the garden.
- e. We dug several holes and filled them with soil.

A. b-d-a-e-c B. d-b-a-e-c C. d-b-e-c-a D. b-a-d-e-c

35. What does the passage mainly tell us?

- A. Why was the writer thankful to her sister?
- B. What did the family plant in their garden?
- C. How did the family make their dream garden?
- D. Who spent time with the writer in the garden?

第二节（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，计 10 分）

阅读短文，将方框里的五个句子还原到短文当中。

- A. Weiqi has its special language
 - B. the game is played until today
 - C. it can develop their calm character
 - D. the board surface has 361 cross points
 - E. people from over 40 countries have played it

Weiqi, as an old board game, was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago.
And _____ 36 _____.

The playing pieces are called stones. One player uses the white stones and the other, black. The players take turns placing the stones on the game board. As we know, _____ 37 _____. The stones are placed on them.

Weiqi is also called go in the world. Learning it can not only improve people's logical(逻辑的) thinking ability, but also _____ 38 _____. That's why it is more and more popular with modern people.

In the Sui and Tang Dynasties, Weiqi traveled to Japan, and then to Europe in the 19th century. Now it has grown into an important international competition event. So far, _____ 39 _____. Among them, players from China, Japan and South Korea have the highest level of Weiqi.

On February 19, the Chinese-English Dictionary of Weiqi Terms(术语) came out in Beijing. It's the first professional dictionary about Weiqi in China. As a symbol of Chinese culture, _____ 40 _____. It also has its own way of thinking and the method of communicating. The dictionary will serve as a necessary tool and bridge for spreading Weiqi culture.

第三节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

根据所给汉语和提示词完成下列句子。

41. 总而言之, 只要你留心观察, 生活处处充满美好。(all)

_____, life is always full of beauty as long as you watch carefully.

42. 许多青少年钦佩像袁隆平那样的科学家, 希望成为像他们一样的人。(look)

Many teenagers _____ the scientists like Yuan Longping and hope to be like them.

43. 依我之见, 多阅读是提高语言能力的秘诀之一。(secret)

In my opinion, reading more is one of _____ improving your language ability.

44. 登陆火星比我们想象中要难得多, 但我们做到了。(difficult)

Landing on Mars was _____ than we imagined, but we made it.

45. 孩子们在学校已经多次接受过安全教育了。(get)

Children _____ safety education many times at school.

第四节 (共 1 题, 计 15 分)

46. 书面表达:

假如你是国际学校的学生李华, 学校正在为一年一度的艺术节招募表演者和志愿者。请你根据自己的意愿, 给负责人 Mr. Smith 写一封邮件推荐自己, 并为学校艺术节提出 1~2 条合理建议。内容包括:

- 意愿及理由
- 具体打算
- 合理建议

要求: 1. 文中不得出现真实的人名和校名;

2. 词数 80 词左右, 开头、结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Mr. Smith,

I'm writing to tell you what I want to do for the art festival. _____

Look forward to your reply soon.

Yours,

Li Hua

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