

2023 年高三下学期 5 月三校联考

高三英语试卷

命题学校：宜昌一中 审题学校：宜昌一中

考试时间：2023 年 5 月 19 日上午 8:00—10:00 试卷满分：150 分

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What will the speakers buy for Emma's birthday?

A. A pet.

B. A book.

C. Some cakes.

2. When did the football match start?

A. At 2:15.

B. At 2:30.

C. At 2:45.

3. Where are the two speakers?

A. On a plane.

B. In a shop.

C. In a restaurant.

4. How did the man know Lisa came back from Britain?

A. He saw her.

B. Peter told him.

C. Lisa gave him a call.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A club.

B. A theft.

C. A cupboard.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. How much is the extra large tent per day?

A. \$ 10.

B. \$ 50.

C. \$ 60.

7. What do we know about the man?

A. He'll return the tent in a month.

B. He will not get a discount.

C. He'll reserve a tent now.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does the man want the woman to do?

A. Reply to his message quickly.

B. Help him arrange a party.

C. Buy some balloons.

9. When will the party begin?

A. At noon.

B. At around 3:00.

C. At around 6:00.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What does the man want the woman to do?

- A. Work for him. B. Give him a promotion. C. Fire an employee.

11. What did Jack White often do?

- A. He left work early.
B. He drank too much.
C. He made private calls.

12. What does the woman mean in the end?

- A. She's refused the man.
B. She thinks the man is crazy.
C. She'll think about the man's idea.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What relation is the man to Megan?

- A. Her father. B. Her teacher. C. Her classmate.

14. What is wrong with Megan?

- A. She speaks too much in class.
B. She's been sick for some time.
C. She's been made fun of.

15. What did the woman do the other day?

- A. She talked about something in the 1970s.
B. She commented on Megan's clothes.
C. She set a good example to her class.

16. How does the woman feel now?

- A. Sorry. B. Glad. C. Grateful.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How did the speaker book the hotel room?

- A. Over the phone. B. Through a friend. C. On the website.

18. Why did the speaker call the hotel on travel day?

- A. To change a hotel room.
B. To ask the way get there.
C. To inform them of their delay.

19. Who is Marty?

- A. Another hotel guest. B. The speaker's friend. C. A hotel clerk.

20. What is the speaker dissatisfied with about the hotel?

- A. The curtains. B. The fridge. C. The bathroom.

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

What limits you from hiking more often? Many complain that they don't have a suitable partner to go with. Why not take a look at the great hiking clubs across Canada?

- Yukon Outdoors Club

Website: yukonoutdoorsclub.ca

Membership cost: \$10 for a single membership; \$15 for a family membership

Description: The club arranges day hikes, backpacking trips, canoe trips, mountain biking, cross-country skiing trips, snowshoeing trips and various workshops for members to gain new skills and valuable information.

- UBC Varsity Outdoor Club

Website: ubc-voc.com

Membership cost: Students \$40; non-UBC students \$60

Description: The UBC Varsity Outdoor Club is a social group that hikes, mountaineers, rock climbs and ice climbs. Travel and outdoor-minded UBC students and non-students are welcome to join. The UBC VOC has also constructed a few backcountry cottages in the Coast Mountains.

- Pender Harbor Hiking Group

Website: penderharbourhiking.weebly.com

Membership cost: Free.

Description: The Pender Harbor Hiking Group offers hikes scheduled two months in advance, so get on the mailing list or check the website regularly to find a hike that's right for you! Hikes are usually one and a half to two hours long, but some full-day hikes are scheduled, depending on members' interest.

- Vernon Outdoors Club

Website: vernonoutdoorsclub.org

Membership cost: A single membership is \$25, and students pay \$10. Children are free.

Description: Boasting a membership of close to 200 people, the Vernon Outdoors Club is an active group that enjoys hiking and cycling. The group organizes a Tuesday Rambles event each week and also hosts multi-day trips.

21. Which club has built remote shelters for hikers?

- A. The Yukon Outdoors Club.
- B. The Vernon Outdoors Club.
- C. The UBC Varsity Outdoor Club.
- D. The Pender Harbor Hiking Group.

22. What should you do if you hope to hike with the Pender Harbour Hiking Group?

- A. Make a proper appointment.
- B. Follow the website or the mail.
- C. Develop your interest in hiking.
- D. Arrange two months ahead of time.

23. What do the four clubs have in common?

- A. Booking in advance.
- B. Charging membership fee.
- C. Providing skill workshops.
- D. Organizing hiking activities.

B

On a tram smoothly pulling into the heart of Luxembourg City, Marck gives a smile and takes a look at the fabric of the seat next to him. For him, the city's trams are more than just transport. More even than the focus of his job. They are about transforming his country and, perhaps, changing the world.

Marck is the director general of Luxtram, Luxembourg's modern trams. It first started running services two years ago. Next year, Luxembourg will become the world's only country to get rid of fares on all its forms of public transport. Luxembourg's traffic problems come from its army of workers. The population of the capital city almost doubles during the working day, when more than 110,000 people travel in and out.

After three decades when its roads have become so crowded, Luxembourg is going to do something remarkable. Free fares, and a plan to persuade people to switch from cars to trams or trains. Marck, along with many others, is excited to see what happens next. "The fact that this is free means that everyone can use it — young or old, rich or poor," he said. "Everyone can say to themselves it's better to leave the car at home. We must continue to improve and extend the network. It must always be comfortable, well-connected, efficient."

Lydie Polfer, the city's mayor, says she hopes to reach the point where more than a third of people come into the city using public transport — at the moment, it's less than one in five. She said, "It's not practical to ban cars because some people, like the elderly, need them. But everyone has to be aware that he or she can do something to improve the situation. There is an expression in German — you are not in the traffic jam — you are the traffic jam, and that is true. I think that making it free will be the biggest arguments for people to use public transport."

24. Why does Marck think the city's trams are more than just transport?

- A. The trams are his goal that he strives for.

- B. There are more means of transportation than trams.
 - C. City's trams bring more changes beyond transport.
 - D. The trams are the heart of Luxembourg City transport system.
25. What does paragraph 2 mainly talk about?
- A. The cause of the traffic problems.
 - B. The means of public transport.
 - C. The development of running services.
 - D. The increase of working population.
26. What concerns people most when using the public transport?
- A. The convenience.
 - B. The fare.
 - C. The comfort.
 - D. The efficiency.
27. What can be inferred from what Lydie Polfer said?
- A. The elderly needn't use public transport.
 - B. It's possible to persuade most people to use the trams.
 - C. Everyone can do his part to improve transport situation.
 - D. Those who don't take public transport cause traffic jams.

C

Most of us spend our lives surrounded by screens, which offer us convenience as well as connection and an ocean of information. But since it's easy to feel pressured to keep up with every notification, technology may feel more like a burden than a blessing. Thus, the idea of "digital detox" is becoming increasingly inviting.

The phrase "digital detox" describes getting rid of TV, phones, computers and other forms of technology that control our lives for a period of time. Some experts advocate completely avoiding unnecessary screen time for 30 years. Others suggest using an app that will limit the amount of time one can spend on certain websites. A third option is logging out in evenings or on weekends. Others simply turn their phones off at scheduled times. Some even pay high prices to take vacations in places where they can **unplug** from their digital routine.

Why might you want to take a digital detox? Perhaps you find that you are spending longer than you intend on certain apps or that they distract you from more important things. Perhaps social media is depressing because you compare yourself to others or you fear missing out on things that other people are enjoying. Constant negative news can also give rise to a lot of stress.

Technology can also have physical effects. Many people experience back or neck pain as a result of bending over screens. The blue light coming from most screens can also affect people's sleep by preventing production of melatonin (褪黑素).

Giving up all screens may not be realistic, but strategic breaks from technology may be good for your body, mind, emotions and relationships. It is high time that you picked a time to turn off your devices and focus on really important things.

28. Why does the author say "technology may feel more like a burden than a blessing" in paragraph 1?
- A. To confirm a concept.
 - B. To present a problem.
 - C. To explain a rule.
 - D. To make a prediction.
29. What does the underlined word "**unplug**" in paragraph 2 mean?
- A. Recover.
 - B. Benefit.
 - C. Escape.
 - D. Suffer.
30. Which could be the reason for one to start "digital detox"?
- A. Apps selection difficulty.
 - B. Fear of missing important things.
 - C. Exposure to false news.
 - D. Pressure from social comparison.
31. What is the purpose of the text?
- A. To recommend healthy lifestyles.

- B. To call for reducing the use of digital devices.
- C. To give instructions on starting digital detox.
- D. To present different attitudes to digital products.

D

With intelligent systems and new-age transit networks, life in the big cities will likely be happier and more efficient.

After all, more than 60 percent of the world's population is expected to live in cities by 2050, according to a UN report. The answer to making these cities more livable for so many people lies in creating "smart" cities. These cities will use 5G networks and the "internet of things" (IoT) to make everyday life safer and more convenient. Some cities are already using smart technology to improve the lives of residents.

But what exactly does a smart city do? In the United States cities of Boston and Baltimore, smart trash cans can sense how full they are and inform cleaning workers when they need to be emptied. In Amsterdam, the Netherlands, traffic flow and energy usage are monitored and adjusted according to real-time data gathered from sensors around the city. And in Copenhagen, Denmark, a smart bike system allows riders to check on air quality and traffic condition as they ride.

Smart cities will be interactive, allowing their residents to feel like they're truly shaping their environment, instead of merely existing in it. "One of the most important reasons to have a smart city is that we can actually communicate with our environment in a way that we never have in the past," said Mrinalini Ingram, head of a telecom company.

Smart cities will also allow us to save resources. By using sensors and 5G networks to monitor the use of water, gas and electricity, city managers can figure out how to distribute and save these resources more efficiently. Emissions of carbon dioxide and other air pollutants can be more closely monitored in smart cities as well.

Of course, it will take time and money to turn our current cities into the smart cities of the future. But as we've already seen, more cities around the world are already adopting smart technology in small ways. China, for instance, is making investments in big cities like Shanghai and Guangzhou to make them "smarter". It won't be long until even more cities start to develop their own smart infrastructure(基础设施).

32.What calls for the development of smart cities?

- A. The rapid progress in 5G networks.
- B. The marked increase in world population.
- C. The growing number of residents living in cities.
- D. The major concern over the safety of living in cities.

33.How does the writer illustrate the way smart cities work?

- A. By making a contrast.
- B. By giving examples.
- C. By listing figures.
- D. By telling a story.

34.How do smart cities help us to live efficiently?

- A. By interacting directly with our environment.
- B. By keeping track of how the resources are used
- C. By ensuring no emission of air pollutants.
- D. By educating residents to save resources.

35.What is the author's attitude toward smart cities?

- A. Positive.
- B. Critical.
- C. Doubtful.
- D. Unconcerned..

第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Learning how to care for a sad person will help you be there for your loved ones and friends when they are down. However, knowing how to care for a sad person is not something an individual is born with. 36

Here are a few tips that will eventually help you lift the spirit of a sad person.

Give a hug. Hugging someone shows your affection and care. 37 This can make them feel relaxed and open to you. This can also help them recognize that you are there to help them go through this moment. With no kind and loving words, your actions have already said a lot.

38 Now, go on and say some kind words. Words like “I’m here”, “we are in this together”, “you’ll get over this”, “lean on me” and so on, can help a sad person feel better and know that you’re there to take him or her through the sad moment.

Use the right tone of voice. 39 They go along with tone to convey a meaning to the listener. To convey your words with faith that would create a positive effect on the sad person, you would need to say it with the right tone of voice.

Listen patiently. People ask lots of questions but they end up paying little attention to getting the feedback that they wanted. Don’t be that person. After asking the questions, listen patiently to know what the sad person would appreciate at that time. 40

- A. Say kind loving words.
- B. Make use of polite expressions.
- C. Then choose to appreciate others too.
- D. Remember that words do not stand alone.
- E. It will help you know how to offer the best fitting help.
- F. This knowledge is gained through research and practice.
- G. When you do this to someone, they can feel your warmth.

第三部分 语言运用 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

It was a busy morning, when an elderly gentleman in his 80s, came to the hospital. I heard him saying to the nurse that he was in a hurry as he had an appointment at 9:00 am.

The nurse had him take a 41 in the waiting area, 42 him it would be at least 40 minutes before someone could see him. I saw him 43 his watch and decided, since I was not busy --- my patient didn’t 44 at point hours, I would exam his wound. While taking care of him, I asked him if he had another doctor’s appointment.

The gentleman told me no and told me that he 45 to go to the nursing home to eat breakfast with his 46. He told me she has special disease. I asked if she would be 47 if he was a bit late. He replied that she no longer knew who he was, that she had not been able to 48 him in five years now. I was 49, “And you 50 go every morning, even though she doesn’t know who you are?”

He smiled as he patted my hand and said, “She doesn’t know me, but I know who she is.” I had to hold back 51 as he left.

Now I realized that in marriages, true love is 52 of all that is. The happiest people don’t 53 have the best of everything; they just 54 the best of everything they have. 55 isn’t about how to live through the storm, but how to dance in the rain.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| 41. A. breath | B. test | C. seat | D. break |
| 42. A. persuading | B. promising | C. understanding | D. telling |
| 43. A. taking off | B. fixing | C. looking at | D. winding |
| 44. A. turn up | B. show off | C. come on | D. go away |
| 45. A. needed | B. forgot | C. agreed | D. happened |
| 46. A. daughter | B. wife | C. mother | D. sister |
| 47. A. lonely | B. worried | C. doubtful | D. hungry |
| 48. A. recognize | B. answer | C. believe | D. expect |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 49. A. moved | B. disappointed | C. surprised | D. satisfied |
| 50. A. only | B. then | C. thus | D. still |
| 51. A. curiosity | B. tears | C. words | D. judgment |
| 52. A. agreement | B. expression | C. acceptance | D. exhibition |
| 53. A. necessarily | B. completely | C. naturally | D. frequently |
| 54. A. learn | B. make | C. favor | D. try |
| 55. A. Adventure | B. Beauty | C. Trust | D. Life |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Zhu Caiping, 73, was diagnosed with mild cognitive impairment (认知功能障碍) three years ago. Then she found that anxiety, depression and even looking down on herself 56 (become) normal in her life. It was not until she participated in a reality show and became a restaurant waitress 57 her situation began to improve 58 (dramatic).

The restaurant in Shanghai 59 she works is the Forget Me Not Cafe, a physical spinoff (衍生品) of the reality show of the same name. The restaurant shares the reality show's goal of providing job 60 (opportunity) for elderly people who have Alzheimer's disease or other cognitive impairments. The cafe has eight elderly employees with cognitive impairments 61 (work) with other waiters to help customers.

In addition to providing services, 62 elderly there participate in welfare activities 63 (organize) by volunteers, such as baking, dancing and learning English. Besides, information about cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease 64 (post) on a board outside the restaurant to help people recognize symptoms and seek treatment as soon as possible.

"People with cognitive impairment actually refuse and fear to communicate with society, but this will worsen their situation," Zhu added, "Helping more people 65 us is the meaning of this restaurant."

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假设你是李华。你校英文网站新增了 Amazing China 栏目, 请你给该栏目投稿, 介绍一个你最喜欢的地方。内容包括:

1. 该地的基本情况;
2. 该地的特色;
3. 你的印象和感受。

注意: 1. 词数 80 词左右; 2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

My Favourite Place

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Boys like to be considered to be brave, but what kind of things can be considered to be brave? It is not a question that can be answered by words, but by the actual deed. A boy with the name Henry gave us a good example. Ronny and Henry were two friends in the same class. They always played together and went home together. One day as Ronny and Henry were going home after school, they saw some people fighting in the street corner. Ronny said excitedly, "Some people are fighting! Let's go and have a look!" But Henry refused, "It's none of our business. We'd better go home and don't get close to them. Also our parents are expecting to have dinner with us together at home and I don't want them to worry about me."

"You are a coward (懦夫), and afraid to go," said Ronny, and off he ran to the spot with some other boys. Henry had to go home alone and didn't think about it anymore.

But Ronny thought Henry was a coward and told all the boys that. They laughed at him a great deal. From then on, they looked down upon Henry and didn't want to play with him.

Henry was sad but he wasn't angry with Ronny for his rude behavior, because he had learned that true courage was shown most in bearing misunderstanding when it was not deserved, and that he ought to be afraid of nothing but doing wrong. Thus, he just ignored the other boys' laughter and continued to stick to his thought and go to school and study as well. However, Ronny didn't invite Henry to go home with him anymore. Instead, he had his new friends who also thought Henry was a coward. Every day after school, they didn't go home directly but went to the river or somewhere to play games and had lots of fun.

注意: 1.续写词数应为 150 左右;

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

A few days later, something terrible happened to Ronny.

At that moment, Henry happened to pass by.