

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What was the weather like mostly during the speakers' holiday?
A. Sunny. B. Snowy. C. Rainy.
11. What were the speakers dissatisfied with?
A. The food in the hotel. B. The waiters in the restaurant. C. The temperature in the room.
12. What is the most probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Guide and traveler. B. Husband and wife. C. Boss and secretary.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What does the man ask the woman to do this Saturday?
A. Practise skating alone. B. Learn to ride a bike. C. Teach him skating.
14. What sport is the man good at?
A. Skating. B. Running. C. Swimming.
15. Why is the woman unable to go cycling right now?
A. She has to do her homework. B. She has to look after her sister. C. She has to get her bike repaired.
16. Where will the speakers meet first this afternoon?
A. In the park. B. By the lake. C. At the man's home.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. Why does the speaker recommend working in the computer industry?
A. It is popular. B. It is well-paid. C. It requires little creativity.
18. What is the speaker's major at college?
A. Computer. B. Math. C. Physics.
19. What did the speaker's uncle do for him?
A. He helped him find a computer-related job. B. He encouraged him to set up a new company. C. He trained him into a professional programmer.
20. What is the speaker responsible for now?
A. Testing programs. B. Doing research. C. Fixing computers.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

The Mississippi State University Extension Service is offering the Master Gardener training and certification online again this year.

Participants take 40 hours of instruction in horticulture (园艺) and related topics to become expert volunteers. Learn more and register for the first Master Gardener class of 2022 from February 1 to February 28 at <http://msuext.ms/mg>. Instruction for all classes is online and self-paced. The online class material is offered from March 15 to May 15.

About Volunteering

"The Master Gardener program trains active volunteers who exchange the 40 hours of educational training they receive for 40 hours of volunteer service within one year of their training," said Jeff Wilson, a horticulture specialist of the Master Gardener program. "These Master Gardeners continue to be assets to their communities as, in future years, they continue to receive training and spend a minimum of 20 community service hours a year to maintain their certified status."

【听力题】

【高三10月质量检测·英语 第2页(共8页)】

【新高考】G

The volunteer work of Master Gardeners helps local Extension offices reach a broader audience than is possible through just the efforts of Extension agents. Volunteers take on a variety of community beautification projects and extend the educational arm of the university to the public by providing horticultural information based on university research and recommendations.

“Master Gardener volunteers experience the personal satisfaction of serving their community, gaining horticultural expertise and connecting with their local gardening community,” Wilson said.

Fees

The cost for Master Gardener training is \$125 for those who want to become certified volunteers and provide 40 hours of service. For \$200, the same material is available for those not interested in the volunteer service component.

For More Information

For questions about the Master Gardener program, contact Jeff Wilson at 662-566-8019 or jeff.wilson@msstate.edu.

21. When can the participants receive the online class material this year?

- A. On February 1.
- B. On February 28.
- C. On April 15.
- D. On May 30.

22. What are the certified volunteers expected to do?

- A. Provide service in communities.
- B. Receive one-year-long training.
- C. Instruct students in universities.
- D. Donate money to local offices.

23. What should the participants do if they're uninterested in volunteering?

- A. Choose another learning material.
- B. Pay more money for the training.
- C. Get permission from Jeff Wilson.
- D. Complete a beautification project.

B

An abandoned steel factory in Beijing caught global attention when Big Air skiing started on Monday. During the competition, athletes slid down a 64-meter-high, 164-meter-long ramp(坡道) to gain speed before they jumped into the air and did tricks. As they rose, television cameras showed them with the repurposed steel factory in the background.

The Big Air skiing structure was built on the site of the former Shougang steel factory, China's first state-owned plant that helped the country become a world leader in steel production. It provided work for thousands but also darkened the sky over Beijing and contributed to the city's air pollution. It was shut down and moved to Hebei province as part of China's plan to restructure its economy and reduce pollution for the 2008 Beijing Olympics. Since then, the factory has been turned into an industrial heritage park. Now its cooling towers and smokestacks(烟囱) provide an amazing backdrop for the competitions at the 2022 Beijing Winter Olympics.

“We had other plans to build the Big Air skiing structure elsewhere, but the idea to combine Olympics with industrial heritage won over the International Olympic Committee,” said Liu Yumin, a member of the Beijing 2022 Olympic Organizing Committee. “The structure will serve as a basis for the entire plan to turn the industrial heritage park into a future destination of winter sports and related activities.”

Until now, all Big Air skiing has taken place on temporary structures in mountain ski areas or inside sports stadiums. With narrow runways and shorter, flatter landings, athletes cannot show their best on those temporary setups. The permanent spacious Shougang setup doesn't have those restrictions and skiers have benefited from the enormous improvements during the competition and several skiers have accomplished previously unfinished tricks.

“Temporary jumps like the one in Atlanta can be pretty shaky and scary,” said American skier Nick Goepper. “If something like this can be copied all over the world, it would be super cool.”

“This is one of the coolest things I’ve seen,” said Eileen Gu. “Instead of pouring black smoke into the sky, the yards are shooting Olympians skyward.”

24. What can be learned about Shougang steel factory?
- A. It is still one of the biggest steel factories in Beijing.
B. It was shut down during the Beijing Winter Olympics.
C. It has become a training center for Beijing Winter Olympics.
D. It has been turned into an industrial heritage park in Beijing.
25. What is unique about the Shougang Big Air skiing structure?
- A. It can be taken apart easily after the Games.
B. It has shorter and flatter landings for the athletes.
C. It is the first permanent skiing structure in the world.
D. It has made the competition harder for the skiers.
26. What did Eileen Gu mean?
- A. China’s experience should be copied all over the world.
B. Temporary Big Air skiing structures are very dangerous.
C. The cooling towers can also be used for the other sports.
D. It is cool to combine Olympics with industrial heritage.
27. In which section of a newspaper may this text most probably appear?
- A. History. B. Design. C. Industry. D. Culture.

Few in Bangladesh would deny (否认) that their country has had remarkable success in getting kids into classrooms. Four decades ago, less than a third of children finished primary school. Today, 80% do.

However, improving the quality of education has proved trickier. More than half of Bangladeshi ten-year-olds in school are not skilled in reading, according to the World Bank, and more than a quarter of those aged between 15 and 24 are not in education, employment or training.

In some respects, unimpressive outcomes have not held back Bangladesh. The economy has been growing at an annual rate of 6% for the past decade, reaching 8% in 2019. But that is because labor is plentiful and cheap, not because it is skilled. Bangladeshi laborers often earn less than the Indian workers in foreign countries.

Long-term growth will rely on moving from cheap to skilled labor, says Hossain Zillur Rahman of a research centre in Dhaka. “Those skills need to be created now.”

The government is shaking up the curriculum as a way to achieve that. The plans, which are due to be carried out by 2025, focus on shifting away from mindlessly memorizing textbooks towards building useful skills. All exams will be cancelled until third grade. Year-end public exams, which start in middle school, will wait until tenth grade.

The new curriculum is also designed to address the mismatch between education and the skills required in the economy. A choice of two practical subjects from such options as woodworking, software design, car repair and child care will be required for high-schoolers.

But changing the curriculum might not solve many of the other problems contributing to Bangladesh’s poor learning outcomes. Teachers are poorly paid, trained and too few in number. Bangladesh has the largest class sizes in South Asia, with one teacher to 45 pupils in middle school.

“Some of the recently announced reforms amount to trying to run before learning to walk. How can software be taught well when the students cannot read well?” asks Mr. Rahman. “Many of the good curriculum changes introduced over the past decade are yet to be carried out.”

李洪涛

【高三10月质量检测·英语 第4页(共8页)】

新高考 G

28. What has led to the fast economic growth in Bangladesh?
- A. Under-paid labor. B. Excellent education.
C. Skilled workers. D. Professional training.
29. Which of the following will the new reforms focus on?
- A. Increasing teachers' income. B. Cancelling all year-end exams.
C. Adopting imported textbooks. D. Building useful skills and ability.
30. What does Hossain Zillur Rahman say about the new curriculum changes?
- A. They may be carried out easily. B. Some of them are impractical.
C. They can solve all the problems. D. Many ideas are from the old plan.
31. What can be a suitable title for the text?
- A. The Latest Educational Reforms in Bangladesh
B. A Study of Bangladeshi and Indian Laborers
C. Bangladesh's Remarkable Success in Education
D. Potential Problems for the Economy in Bangladesh

To find out what's involved in the process of reproducing human voices, I approached Speech Morphing, a natural language speech synthesis(合成) company, about creating a digital double of my own voice.

Given the complexities of speech synthesis, it's quite a shock to find out just how easy it is to order one up. For a basic conversational model, all I have to do is record myself saying a few hundreds of phrases for roughly an hour. The phrases seem very random: "That's what Carnegie did." "I'd like to be buried under Yankee Stadium with JFK." And so on.

But they aren't as random as they appear. "We choose spoken words that will produce a wide enough variety of sounds across a range of emotions, such as sadness and anger, to feed an AI training system. It then teaches itself the specific patterns of a person's speech," says Speech Morphing founder Fathy Yassa.

Yassa says there are around 20 tones to choose from, and some of these can be used interchangeably, or not at all. "Not every tone is needed for every client," he says. "The choice depends on the target application and use cases. Banking is different from reporting and broadcasting."

The possibilities for my digital double are almost limitless. At a training session with Speech Morphing, I get to hear my digital voice double. Her voice comes at me through a pair of speakers connected to a laptop. The laptop has software into which whatever text I want it to say is typed. The software includes tools to make adjustments to the tone, speed and other vocal features that might need to be adjusted if my digital double doesn't come out sounding exactly right.

"We can already make you sound sad. We can also make you act like you're reporting and broadcasting now," Yassa says. "We can make you sound like acting in the theatre, eventually, though we're not yet there. It is too advanced."

32. What is the second paragraph mainly about?
- A. The steps of data processing. B. The goal of the experiment.
C. The process of data collecting. D. The complexities of speech.
33. What is the requirement for the collected voice?
- A. It must cover different kinds of strange topics.
B. The sounds can express a wide range of feelings.
C. Every person needs to produce around 20 tones.
D. It has to be collected according to strict guidelines.

0 听力题

【高三10月质量检测·英语 第5页(共8页)】

新高考 G

34. What does the underlined phrase “my digital double” in paragraph 5 refer to?
A. A typing software. B. A pair of louder speakers.
C. A recording machine. D. A speech reproducing system.
35. Which “digital double” is probably the most advanced?
A. Acting. B. Reporting. C. Broadcasting. D. Banking.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The benefits of outdoor play are fairly well-understood by parents. 36. As a mother of three energetic children who spend considerable amounts of time outdoors, I have figured out some good ways to maximize outdoor playtime. I'd like to share some of my advice with readers who might be struggling with this.

37. If you start viewing daily outdoor play as being as important as a meal or a good night's sleep, you'll start to find more time for it. Think of it as nonnegotiable; no extra things should happen until outdoor playtime has been checked off the list.

Replace organized activities with unorganized ones. Instead of packing your after-school calendar with sports training and interest classes, cancel those for at least several times a week and just tell your kids they can play outside instead. 38.

Mandate(强制规定) outdoor family time on weekends. My family goes cross-country skiing every single Saturday morning in winter. 39, even when the temperature drops to -20°C . This time is fiercely protected because of the benefits it has for all of us—exercise, fresh air, satisfaction and family bonding.

Go outdoors with your kids. If you go outside, younger ones in particular will want to be there, too. Make it fun by lighting a campfire in the backyard or setting up a camp stove to make hot chocolate. Or you can have a picnic or work in a garden together. 40; you can be present without being engaged.

- A. We never skip it
B. Start thinking of it as a necessity
C. We adjust the skiing routine accordingly
D. List special activities for outdoor playtime
E. These unexpected arrangements will surely excite your kids
F. You can even just sit and read a book while your kids play nearby
G. However, it's hard for many parents to fit outdoor playtime into their kids' days

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

In 2008, I traveled to a remote region in southwest China to tell the story about the Nu River. The word “Nu” means “angry” in Chinese. Here many 41 lived in the mountains along the narrow river. There were 42 bridges over the river and most people from the villages had to 43 it by zip lines(滑索).

I went to a place closest to a town on a market day. When I got there, a stream of people was already crossing over the 44 waters of the river. They did it 45 or in pairs. Some of them even went with 46 in their arms, such as chickens and pigs. I even saw a goat.

With a camera around my neck, I hooked onto the return line and moved forward until I 47 midway above the river. The waters did look angry below me.

Hanging over the river, I 48 people crossing until those waiting to return home became very 49. I pulled myself back to the roadside to let them pass, and then hooked onto the line again for another try. Suddenly, I saw a group of people were heading toward the zip lines with a 50!

“What’s the angle?” I asked myself, as I 51 my position. I wanted the river waters in the picture but that was not easy to do. Before I could check all the 52, they tied a rope around the cow, hooked it on the line, and gave it a push. Kicking its legs in the air, the cow 53 the steep line above the angry river.

I reached the line’s end just as the cow closed in. For a second, my camera was in the cow’s face. The view was 54 —completed by the angry river below.

Nowadays, these zip lines have been 55 by modern bridges and government housing projects have been designed to encourage the people to move down to the riversides.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| 41. A. hunters | B. officials | C. villagers | D. journalists |
| 42. A. few | B. traditional | C. many | D. old |
| 43. A. repair | B. cross | C. build | D. protect |
| 44. A. rapid | B. wide | C. quiet | D. clean |
| 45. A. once | B. awake | C. alone | D. fast |
| 46. A. children | B. animals | C. bags | D. books |
| 47. A. left | B. slept | C. drove | D. reached |
| 48. A. stopped | B. photographed | C. helped | D. studied |
| 49. A. satisfied | B. excited | C. impatient | D. curious |
| 50. A. chicken | B. cow | C. pig | D. goat |
| 51. A. adjusted | B. lost | C. found | D. reported |
| 52. A. films | B. advantages | C. ropes | D. possibilities |
| 53. A. broke down | B. slid down | C. fell off | D. held to |
| 54. A. ugly | B. short | C. bright | D. amazing |
| 55. A. ruined | B. cut | C. replaced | D. affected |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Angela Mia De la Vega breathes a realistic beauty into each of her lifelike sculptures. For De la Vega, sculpting is an opportunity to catch 56 is happening around her, a way to share her most important thoughts 57 the public before they disappear. Most of her work is about youthful figures engaged in 58 (energy) and playful activities. She expertly employs light and shadow to inspire an emotional connection between her work 59 her audience, so that one may see a reflection of life within each 60 (finish) work.

Whenever possible, De la Vega works with life models to accurately capture(捕捉) the little details that make her final 61 (product) so unbelievably natural. For this reason, she chooses her 62 (models) faces carefully. She seeks faces which are able to show their complex feelings. As a very serious artist, De la Vega 63 (close) follows the entire process from the beginning to the end. As each sculpture 64 (come) into shape, she begins to slow down and focus on 65 (perfect) the details that allow her final pieces to have a spirit and a natural sense of movement.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (满分15分)

你校英语报的“中国传统文化”专栏准备招募一名英语编辑。请你写一则招聘广告,内容包括:

1. 专栏简介;

2. 岗位要求;

3. 报名方式和截止时间。

注意:1. 写作词数应为80左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

An English Editor for “Traditional Chinese Culture” Wanted

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I couldn't believe it. As I walked into campus, I saw posters everywhere with the words “Throw out the student union president!” on them.

As my schoolmates began arriving on campus, I watched them gather around the posters and then looked toward me because I was the president. At that moment, I felt that I was torn into pieces and tried my best to stay calm.

When I was elected the president, my friends said it was one of the best campaigns they had ever seen. I started it by organizing a group of students to climb the mountain near our school. When we reached the top of the mountain, it felt like we were at summer camp. We laughed, danced and told jokes. It was really fun. While playing like little children, we agreed to do it again the following week and decided that each of us would bring a new friend.

We started out with a small group of hikers. But as the word spread, the number of participants increased. One day on campus, I met a girl in a wheelchair and we started talking. Her name was Grace. I asked her if she had ever been to the top of the mountain. She said she hadn't. I told her that my friends and I would carry her if she were up for it. Grace accepted the offer. The next time when we went up the mountain, we took turns to carry her in her chair all the way to the mountain top.

This was probably one of the most meaningful things I did during the campaign. By the end, we had over seventy-five people climbing the mountain on Thursdays, including Grace. All of us who participated felt like we were part of something much bigger than we were. We were building a community and it felt great and no one was surprised that I had won the election.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

But I was so proud of my accomplishment that I let my pride out of control. _____

When I realized I had made a mistake, I decided to change. _____

关于我们

自主选拔在线是致力于提供新高考生涯规划、强基计划、综合评价、三位一体、学科竞赛等政策资讯的升学服务平台。总部坐落于北京，旗下拥有网站（[网址: www.zizzs.com](http://www.zizzs.com)）和微信公众平台等媒体矩阵，用户群体涵盖全国 90% 以上的重点中学师生及家长，在全国新高考、自主选拔领域首屈一指。

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