

高三年级阶段性统一练习（三）  
英语科目

2023年1月

本练习分为第I卷（选择题）和第II卷（非选择题）两部分，共150分，时长120分钟。

第I卷（共115分）

第一部分：听力（20分）

第一节

听下面五段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你将有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the girl usually listen to English?  
A. At school.                      B. On the bus.                      C. At home.
2. Why was the woman angry?  
A. The waiter was rude.              B. The meal took too long.              C. The food was terrible.
3. What does the man mean?  
A. His Spanish was pretty good.  
B. His Spanish teacher helped him a lot.  
C. He had trouble with some words of the book.
4. What kind of party will the speakers have tomorrow?  
A. A birthday party.                      B. A wedding party.                      C. A going-away party.
5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. A French exam.                      B. An interpreter course.                      C. A job opportunity.

第二节

听下面几段材料。每段材料后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至第8小题。

6. What is the man planning to do on holiday?  
A. Visit a beach.                      B. Go skiing.                      C. Read at home.
7. How will the woman prepare for her holiday?  
A. By learning to ski.  
B. By visiting some bookstores.  
C. By finishing her lessons this Saturday.
8. Who is good at skiing?  
A. Chris.                      B. Megan.                      C. Ava.

听下面一段对话，回答第9至第11小题。

9. How will the woman go to the city center?  
A. By car.                      B. By taxi.                      C. On foot.

10. Which street can take the woman to the city center?  
A. The South Street.                      B. The River Street.                      C. The Ring Road.
11. What will the man do for the woman tomorrow?  
A. Bring a map.                              B. Book a hotel.                              C. Order a taxi.

听下面一段独白，回答第 12 至第 15 小题。

12. When did the speaker begin her painting?  
A. Four years ago.                              B. Four months ago.                              C. Four weeks ago.
13. Where did the speaker find the stones?  
A. In Swiss.                                      B. In Brazil.                                      C. In Australia.
14. What is the speaker proud?  
A. Each work has its own style.  
B. The pictures contain much detail.  
C. She painted 89 works in a short time.
15. What do we know about the speaker?  
A. She values what she has painted.  
B. She earns a lot from painting on stones.  
C. She has been to all the places she painted.

**第二部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）**

**第一节、单项填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分）**

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出适合空白处的最佳选项。

16. — Why didn't you come back last night? I waited long.  
— \_\_\_\_\_. You were playing games the whole night.  
A. Don't give me that.                              B. Don't lose your head.  
C. Don't trust to chance.                              D. Don't dream away your time.
17. The People's Bank of China has issued a set of "reform and opening-up" gold coins, but the coins will not be in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. recognition                      B. circulation                      C. practice                      D. transportation
18. I am confident about Alibaba's future success but some remain \_\_\_\_\_ about possible risks, including its product quality.  
A. curious                      B. sensitive                      C. cautious                      D. particular
19. — Did you attend the meeting for the experiment project yesterday?  
— Yes, but I don't think I \_\_\_\_\_ because my director was there.  
A. need have                      B. needed to                      C. need to have                      D. need to
20. Their sense of humour and ability to get along with people are two characteristics that \_\_\_\_\_ for their lack of experience.  
A. allow                      B. cater                      C. account                      D. compensate
21. They arrived at the border between Kenya and Tanzania at 2 pm, \_\_\_\_\_ lies a national nature reserve.  
A. what                      B. which                      C. where                      D. when

22. All we need \_\_\_\_\_ a small piece of land where we can plant various kinds of fruit trees throughout the growing seasons of the year.  
A. are                      B. is                      C. was                      D. were
23. — Did you enjoy yourself last night?  
— Yes, it's very nice of you. I appreciated \_\_\_\_\_ to the party.  
A. to be invited              B. to have invited              C. having been invited              D. being invited
24. Don't disturb me. I \_\_\_\_\_ the letters all morning and \_\_\_\_\_ ten so far.  
A. write; wrote                      B. am writing; have written  
C. was writing; wrote                      D. have been writing; have written
25. University majors should not be \_\_\_\_\_ market demand and the government should give more support for "unpopular" majors such as literature, history and philosophy.  
A. at the mercy of              B. in the process of              C. in the form of              D. at the risk of
26. Recent research has \_\_\_\_\_ the causes of the mysterious disease that has claimed thousands of lives.  
A. caught hold of              B. cast light on              C. made fun of              D. lost control of
27. Distant education is playing a more and more important role, making it possible for people to be educated \_\_\_\_\_ they do.  
A. however                      B. wherever                      C. whenever                      D. whatever
28. I suspect \_\_\_\_\_ Emily was lying when she described the incident, for I know her well.  
A. that                      B. whether                      C. what                      D. how
29. \_\_\_\_\_ to go out alone, the retired minister had to go for a walk with several policeman following him.  
A. Warning not                      B. Warned not                      C. Not warning                      D. Not warned
30. — May I use your dictionary? I need to look up a word.  
— It's over there. \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. It depends                      B. Got it                      C. Feel free                      D. No problem

**第二节、完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）**

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

Last spring, I was fortunate to be chosen to participate in an exchange study program. In my application letter, I was careful to   31   how much I wanted to see France; evidently, my excitement really came through in my words. Once I   32   that I was going, all I could think about was the fun of foreign travel and making all sorts of new and   33   friends. While traveling was inspiring and meeting people was   34  , nothing about my term in France was what I   35  .

The moment I arrived in Paris, I was   36   by a nice French couple who would become my host parents. My entire experience was joyous and exciting   37   I received some shocking news from my program coordinator (协调人): there had been an accident in my host parents' extended family. They had to travel outside France for several weeks. That afternoon, I had to   38   out of one family's house and into another. The exchange coordinator told me I'd have a   39   this time and asked whether I could share a bedroom with an English speaker. To avoid the temptation to   40   my native language, I asked not to be   41   with an English-speaking roommate. When I got to my new room, I   42   myself to my new roommate Paolo, a Brazilian, the same age as I, whom I was surprised to find playing

one of my favorite CDs! In just a few hours, we knew we'd be good friends for the rest of the 43.

I left France with many 44, so when people ask me what my favorite part of the trip was, they are always 45 to hear me talk about my Brazilian friend Paolo and the scores of weekdays in class, weeknights on the town, and weekends 46 France we enjoyed together. I love how people 47 seem so different, but end up being so 48. The most valuable lesson I gained from studying in France wasn't just to respect the French people 49 to respect all people, for your next best friend could be just a continent away. I would recommend an exchange program to anyone who wants to experience foreign cultures and gain meaningful 50.

- |                     |                |                |                  |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 31. A. discuss      | B. express     | C. announce    | D. argue         |
| 32. A. approved     | B. knew        | C. warned      | D. denied        |
| 33. A. stubborn     | B. anxious     | C. universal   | D. interesting   |
| 34. A. boring       | B. upsetting   | C. thrilling   | D. promising     |
| 35. A. expected     | B. liked       | C. doubted     | D. feared        |
| 36. A. greeted      | B. witnessed   | C. sponsored   | D. supported     |
| 37. A. since        | B. until       | C. when        | D. while         |
| 38. A. move         | B. travel      | C. walk        | D. rush          |
| 39. A. housekeeper  | B. leader      | C. colleague   | D. roommate      |
| 40. A. learn        | B. appreciate  | C. speak       | D. master        |
| 41. A. contrasted   | B. evolved     | C. placed      | D. fitted        |
| 42. A. added        | B. introduced  | C. devoted     | D. adapted       |
| 43. A. term         | B. week        | C. month       | D. vacation      |
| 44. A. dreams       | B. suitcases   | C. presents    | D. stories       |
| 45. A. concerned    | B. disturbed   | C. embarrassed | D. surprised     |
| 46. A. exploring    | B. analyzing   | C. describing  | D. investigating |
| 47. A. need         | B. shall       | C. must        | D. can           |
| 48. A. generous     | B. independent | C. similar     | D. distant       |
| 49. A. but          | B. or          | C. and         | D. so            |
| 50. A. instructions | B. friendships | C. facts       | D. data          |

第三部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 50 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳答案。

A

**Bugs Bunny's Hoping Carrot Hunt**

In this game you are Bugs Bunny and your goal is to reach the finish line ASAP! A carrot truck has spilled its cargo! Gather as many carrots as you can, and when you get the big carrot, you'll be able to jump even higher!

Instructions: Use the mouse to move Bugs left and right, and click to jump a gap while gathering carrots.

Category: Action

### Mushroom Madness

You are in charge of protecting several farms. It's up to you to make sure the mushrooms there reach maturity before the animals in the forest get their hands on them. Use your swatter(苍蝇拍) to fight off anything that comes near them; use heavier weapons if necessary.

Instructions: Slap any creature that comes near your mushrooms. Use the mouse to control the swatter. If you see a "power up", click to use it. Collect coins to buy upgrades after each level.

Category: Action

### Rudolph's Kick and Fly

Santa's little helpers have worked all year preparing for Christmas. When Santa finally leaves to deliver his presents, the elves(精灵) head down to the snowfields with Rudolph, the reindeer, to play their favorite game: Kick and Fly!

Instructions:

1. Use the mouse to aim, and click to launch an elf.
2. While in the air, click again to catch, and to gain extra height.
3. The goal is to collect as many Christmas ornaments possible, and get 10 points for each one.

Tips: If you're heading towards an obstacle, be sure to avoid it!

Category: Action

### Click Flick

Your mission is to save chicks falling from the sky. Use your trampoline(蹦床) to bounce them up and direct them into a nest. But hurry—if you don't, many chicks will fall and lose their lives. There will be falling bombs, worms, nuts and eggs and you can get extra points by collecting the worms and nuts. Save the number of chicks shown to unlock the next level!

Instructions: Move the chicks left and right using keys or the mouse.

Category: Adventure

51. The main purpose of the passage is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. tell us different categories of games  
B. introduce several interesting computer games  
C. ask us to decide which game is the best  
D. let us evaluate whether we are interested in the games
52. If a player has collected some worms and nuts, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. will get extra points and get ahead  
B. will lose the game quite soon  
C. will get 10 points for each one  
D. is playing Mushroom Madness
53. Which of the following statements about the games is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. All four games are in the same category.  
B. Players can only use the mouse to control the targets.  
C. Bugs Bunny needs to be fast to win.  
D. The number of elves decides whether a player wins in Rudolph's Kick and Fly.

54. If a player wants to become stronger to drive animals away, he should try to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. click the elf while it's in the air
  - B. get the big carrot while running
  - C. collect falling bombs as quickly as possible
  - D. find a "power up" or use heavier weapons
55. In which game are there obstacles you must avoid?
- A. Bugs Bunny's Hopping Carrot Hunt.
  - B. Mushroom Madness.
  - C. Rudolph's Kick and Fly.
  - D. Click Flick.

B

When I was eight, I got my first pair of glasses. Far from being made fun of at school, the only struggle I got was endless requests to try on my new glasses. Hearing about what happened at school, my father once looked at me and asked whether I had pretended to be the blindness just to look like *Harry Potter*?

With my strange hair and glasses, I did nothing to avoid it, either. The *Harry Potter* books were the great pop cultural event of my generation, who began reading again. My school librarian, both confused and annoyed by us Potter fans, dealt with fights over the schools few old copies by setting a new rule: *Harry Potter* could be borrowed for only three days, instead of the whole week of borrowing period every other title was allowed.

In the 20 years since the first book arrived on shelves, publishers and parents have been asking what has made J.K. Rowling's books so loved. It is better to look at the influence they have had on their readers. Yes, the books were about a boy taking on a dark and powerful enemy in the magical world, but they were also about love defeating hate, determination and choosing "between what is easy and what is right". Rowling's entire magical characters were all people we want to be.

I grew up with Harry and together we became children with our own opinions, teens easy to get angry and young adults thinking of everything as normal. When the final book came out in 2007, I read it for 12 hours without a break and cried as I finished it. I felt something sad: the end of Harry's story **signaled** the end of my childhood. I was suddenly aimless. Meanwhile, my now Potter-mad father walked impatiently nearby, waiting for the proper moment to take the book away from his daughter.

*Harry Potter* did shape my generation. As a girl who grew up mostly in peacetime, many of the ideas I found in these books were ones we had never come across before. The magical world's terrible treatment of non-human beings was the first description of slavery I knew. The treatment of Harry's teacher Remus Lupin, who hides his condition at work, is a metaphor(比喻) for the shame surrounding those who suffer from AIDS. And all settings like this may have real-world reflections. A study found that teenage Harry Potter readers showed more tolerance towards those who were suffering. Is it possible that Jeremy Corbyn's popularity among the young had anything to do with their literary education? Is it possible that *Harry Potter*, in the 20 years he has been with us, has inspired a generation to be more empathetic(感同身受), welcoming and socially open-minded than those before it? We will see. If not, at least my glasses are still cool.

56. Paragraph 1 is intended to show \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the authors sufferings caused by the glasses  
B. the popularity of *Harry Potter* among students  
C. the misunderstanding between the author and her father  
D. the author's close relations with other students
57. How did the school librarian stop the fights between Potter fans?
- A. By preventing Potter fans borrowing *Harry Potter* many times  
B. By selling the *Harry Potter* books in the library.  
C. By creating a new rule for *Harry Potter*'s borrowing period.  
D. By buying more *Harry Potter* books for the library.
58. What can we learn about the *Harry Potter* books from Paragraph 3?
- A. The book has been the most popular one among all the books for twenty years.  
B. It is the story of revenge in the magical world that makes the book popular.  
C. The book has had such great influence on the readers that they all want to be magical persons.  
D. Readers are crazy about the book because it has taught them how to love and make wise choices.
59. Why did the author cry when she read *Harry Potter* that came out in 2007?
- A. Because she suddenly found that she was too old to read *Harry Potter*.  
B. Because her father was for a chance to take her book away.  
C. Because she had no plan for what to do after her childhood ended.  
D. Because she was too sad to know the 2007 book was the last *Harry Potter* book.
60. The underlined word "signaled" in Paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. described      B. created      C. changed      D. marked
61. What's the last paragraph mainly about?
- A. *Harry Potter* has great effects on the author's generation.  
B. The characters in *Harry Potter* were created through great imagination.  
C. Compared with other people, *Harry Potter* readers are more tolerant.  
D. Reading *Harry Potter* is important for children living in peacetime.

### C

For grown-ups, an afternoon snooze(打盹) is often easier said than done. But many of us have probably experienced just how simple it can be to catch some sleep in a gently rocking hammock(吊床). By examining brain waves in sleeping adults, researchers reported in the June 21 issue of *Current Biology*, a Cell Press publication, that they now have evidence to explain why that is.

"It is a common belief that rocking causes sleep: we fall asleep in a rocking chair soon and, since ancient times, we cradle our babies to sleep," said Sophie Schwartz of the University of Geneva. "Yet, how this works had remained a mystery. The goal of our study was made up of two parts: to test whether rocking does indeed improve sleep, and to understand how this might work at the brain level."

Schwartz, Michel Mühlethaler, and their colleagues Laurence Bayer and Irina Constantinescu asked twelve adult volunteers to nap on a custom-made bed or "experimental hammock" that could either remain still or rock gently. All participants were good sleepers who didn't typically nap and did not suffer from excessive sleepiness during the day. Each participant took two 45-minute afternoon naps, one with the bed still and one with the bed in motion, while their brain activity was monitored.

“We observed a faster transition to sleep in each and every subject in the swinging condition,” Mühlethaler said. “Surprisingly, we also observed a dramatic boosting of certain types of sleep-related brain waves.”

More specifically, rocking increased the length of stage 2 sleep, a form of non-rapid eye movement sleep that normally occupies about half of a good night’s sleep. The rocking bed also had a lasting effect on brain activity, increasing slow brain waves and bursts of activity known as sleep spindles(纺锤体).

Schwartz and Mühlethaler say the next step is to find out whether rocking can improve longer periods of sleep and to find out whether it may be useful for the treatment of sleep disorders, such as insomnia(失眠).

62. What does the June 21 issue of Current Biology tell us according to Paragraph 1?

- A. It is more difficult for grown-ups to fall asleep.
- B. People today like to sleep in a rocking hammock.
- C. There comes the evidence to explain why rocking benefits people’s sleep.
- D. Many people nowadays suffer from excessive sleepiness.

63. What can we learn from Sophie Schwartz’s words?

- A. The study is going to benefit babies a lot.
- B. Her team aimed to answer two questions.
- C. The study had been kept secret before finished.
- D. People used to believe rocking was bad for sleep.

64. What finding was beyond the researchers’ expectation?

- A. All the participants fell asleep faster in the swinging condition.
- B. Some participants couldn’t fall asleep in the swinging condition.
- C. The rocking seemed to improve participants’ sleep quality.
- D. Participants had a tendency to sleep excessively in the swinging bed.

65. What do Schwartz and Mühlethaler expect to figure out in the next research?

- A. Whether swing can cause insomnia.
- B. Whether swing can change brain waves.
- C. Whether swing can benefit memory consolidation.
- D. Whether swing can extend sleep time.

66. A suitable title for this passage would probably be \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Take a snooze. Easier said than done.
- B. Need a nap? Find yourself a hammock.
- C. Want a faster sleep? Change your sleeping habits.
- D. Suffer from sleep disorders? New treatment found.

#### D

On Wednesday, two things happened. In Syria, 80 people were killed by government airstrikes. Meanwhile, in Florida, Elon Musk’s SpaceX successfully launched and fired a sports car into space. Guess which story has dominated mainstream news sites?

The launch of Musk’s Falcon Heavy rocket, the most powerful ever launched by a private company, went off successfully. Musk sent his cherry-red Tesla roadster running toward Mars, launching “a new



space age”. The event attracted phenomenal publicity and made the rocket launch a masterstroke of advertising for Tesla.

Meanwhile, in Syria, where hundreds of thousands of refugees(难民) may be forced to return to unsafe homes, a UN human rights coordinator for Syria said despondently(沮丧地) that he was no longer sure why he bothers to videotape the effects of bombing, since nobody ever pays attention. He wondered what level of violence it would take to make the world care.

There is, perhaps, no better way to appreciate the tragedy of 21st-century global inequality than by watching a billionaire spend \$90m launching a \$100,000 car into space.

Musk said he wanted to participate in a space race because “races are exciting” and that while strapping his car to a rocket may be “silly and fun ... silly and fun things are important”. Thus, anyone who mentions the huge waste the project involves, or the various social uses to which these resources could be put, can be dismissed as a killjoy.

But one doesn't have to hate fun to question the justification for pursuing a costly new space race at exactly this moment. If we examine the situation honestly, it becomes hard to defend a project like this.

A mission to Mars does indeed sound exciting, but it's important to have our priorities straight. First, perhaps we could make it so that a child no longer dies of malaria every two minutes. Or we could try to address the level of poverty in Alabama which has become so extreme that the UN investigator did not believe it could occur in a first-world country. Perhaps when violence, poverty and disease are solved, then we can head for the stars.

Many might think that what Elon Musk chooses to do with his billions is Elon Musk's business alone. If he wanted to spend all his money on medicine for children, that would be nice, but if he'd like to spend it making big explosions and sending his convertible on a million-mile space voyage, that's his right.

But Musk is only rich enough to afford these money-consuming projects because we have allowed social inequalities to arise in the first place. If wealth were actually distributed fairly in this country, nobody would be in a position to fund his own private space program.

Elon Musk is right: silly and fun things are important. But some of them are an indefensible waste of resources. While there are still humanitarian crises such as that in Syria, nobody can justify vast spending on rocketry experiments.

67. Why does the writer mention the two pieces of news at the beginning of the passage?

- A. To illustrate the inequality of wealth distribution and the consequent inequality of attention distribution.
- B. To highlight the significance of SpaceX's successful launch of a rocket and a car into space.
- C. To appeal to the government for more attention to the air strikes and refugee crisis in Syria.
- D. To find out which news dominated the mainstream news sites.

68. Why did the UN human rights coordinator for Syria feel disappointed?

- A. Because nobody appreciated his work and all the efforts he made.
- B. Because the violence in Syria is not serious enough to make the world care.
- C. Because however hard he tried, nobody seemed to care about the situation in Syria.
- D. Because he had great difficulty videotaping the effects of bombing.

69. What is implied in Paragraph 6 and 7?
- A. The space project of SpaceX cost the government too much money.
  - B. It kills the fun to question the justification of the pursuit of space programs.
  - C. Space programs are a waste of money that cannot be justified.
  - D. Addressing problems of violence, poverty and diseases should be our top priority.
70. What does the writer mainly want to tell us?
- A. We should pay equal attention to space projects and solving social problems.
  - B. No private companies should be allowed to spend money in rocketry experiments.
  - C. The money and resources used in space projects could have been used to deal with various social problems.
  - D. Elon Musk should be blamed for misleading the public.

高三年级阶段性统一练习(三)  
英语科目

## 第II卷(共35分)

注意事项:用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能使用修改液。

## 第四部分:写作

## 第一节、阅读表达(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

阅读短文,并按照题目要求用英语回答问题。

When I was a kid, there was only one way my parents would let me stay home from school and that was if I had a high fever. Most of my friends could stay home due to a stomachache or a mild fever --- but not me... I had to be dying in order to stay home. By the way, my parents are both doctors. My parents used to say that they were teaching me how to have a good work ethic(职业道德). I didn't understand the connection until last week.

The other day I was on the train and sat behind a young man who was complaining to his friend about his life. He went on for twenty minutes about how his passion in life was to make movies, but he wouldn't pursue it because he had no clue if he could make enough money and he didn't want to waste time because it would take years to make it big. He then admitted to thinking about buying stocks by borrowing money because he thought he could easily make six figures within one year. His friend agreed with him and said, "The stock is good because you can make tons of money and only work for a short time."

I think they were indulging(沉溺) in the wildest fantasy. Many people these days don't realize that when things seem to happen immediately, it is only because a lot of effort, determination and time have gone into them and it isn't due to some miraculous(不可思议的) event. The easier it looks, the more hours go into it. There is no excuse for laziness.

Looking at the two young men, all of a sudden I was having a flashback of being ten years old and watching the television show *Fame*.

In the show the dance teacher told her students, "If you want fame, fame costs and here's how you start paying for it ... in sweat." Every time we watched that show, my dad would proudly say how right the teacher was because in order to succeed you have to work hard.

71. When did the author's parents allow her to stay home from school?  
(No more than 10 words)
72. Why did the young man on the train give up his dream of making movies?  
(No more than 15 words)
73. What will it take to succeed immediately in author's opinion?  
(No more than 10 words)
74. How do you understand the underlined sentence in the last paragraph?  
(No more than 10 words)
75. Do you agree with the author's opinion? Please explain it in your own words.  
(No more than 25 words)

第二节、书面表达（共 1 小题；共 25 分）

76. 假设你是晨光中学的学生李津，你的英国笔友 Chris 想请你分享一下观看 2022 北京冬奥会的感受。请根据以下提示给他写一封电子邮件。

- (1) 北京冬奥会给你自己留下最深刻印象的是什么；
- (2) 北京冬奥会的成功举办的原因；
- (3) 邀请他来北京参观，体验。

注意：1. 词数不少于 100 词；  
2. 可以适当加入细节，使内容充实，行文连贯；  
3. 开头已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Chris,

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Li Jin

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