

咸阳市 2022 ~ 2023 学年度第二学期期末教学质量调研检测

高一英语试题

注意事项:

1. 本试题共 10 页, 满分 150 分, 时间 120 分钟。
2. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名和准考证号填写在答题卡上。
3. 回答选择题时, 选出每小题答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其它答案标号。回答非选择题时, 将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后, 监考员将答题卡按顺序收回, 装袋整理; 试题不回收。

第一部分: 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19. 15.

B. £ 9. 18.

C. £ 9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What does the man advise the woman to do?  
A. Ask the driver. B. Get off immediately. C. Check the map.
2. Why didn't the man attend Jenny's birthday party?  
A. Because he had to prepare for a meeting.  
B. Because he had to stay with his friend.  
C. Because he had to go home.
3. When will the speakers leave Paris?  
A. On July 8th. B. On July 9th. C. On July 10th.
4. Which writer does the woman admire most?  
A. Saul Bellow. B. Margaret Mitchell. C. Ernest Hemingway.
5. What is the man doing?  
A. He is walking on the grass. B. He is wearing his glasses. C. He is putting up a notice.

第二节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

咸阳市高一英语期末试题-1-(共 10 页)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. When did the man learn a little Chinese?

- A. When he went to China.
- B. When he was in college.
- C. When he was in a kindergarten.

7. What troubles the man most in learning Chinese?

- A. Grammar and vocabulary.
- B. Idioms and culture.
- C. Tones and characters.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does Mary want to be?

- A. A scientist.
- B. An engineer.
- C. A teacher.

9. Why does the man like his job?

- A. He has good students.
- B. He makes a lot of money.
- C. He has much free time.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 13 题。

10. What kind of car does the man want?

- A. Full-size.
- B. Mid-size.
- C. Small-size.

11. How much should the man pay a day?

- A. 78 dollars.
- B. 86 dollars.
- C. 87 dollars.

12. What does the insurance NOT include?

- A. Car damage.
- B. Personal accident.
- C. Repair fees.

13. How long will the man rent this car?

- A. For one day.
- B. For two days.
- C. For three days.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Colleagues.
- B. Neighbors.
- C. Old classmates.

15. Where are the speakers?

- A. At a hotel.
- B. At Judy's home.
- C. At the railway station.

16. What is Mark doing now?

- A. Shopping for the dinner.
- B. Texting over the mobile phone.
- C. Looking at the historic buildings.

17. What will Jack probably do next?

- A. See a film.
- B. Visit an old town.
- C. Cook dinner.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

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18. Who is the speaker talking to?

- A. Sports club members. B. International tourists. C. University students.

19. Where did Emma work for a rugby team?

- A. In Manchester. B. In Dublin. C. In Vancouver.

20. What can be a challenge to Emma's work?

- A. Competition in the health care industry.  
B. Discrimination gains female scientists.  
C. Influence of misinformation on the public.

## 第二部分: 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

### A

#### Heritage Open Days 2023

**CITYWIDE \* Sep 8th—17th, 2023 \* free \* family friendly**

Heritage Open Days is an annual celebration of England's architecture and culture that gives people access to historical buildings that either are not ordinarily open to the public or require an entrance fee. It also consists of architectural and cultural events and activities.

#### HISTORY

The history of Heritage Open Days can actually date back to 1994 when England joined European Heritage Days Community along with some other countries, but the first-ever Heritage Open Days was not held until September 2018. Heritage Open Days does not cover the entire UK; it only operates in England except for London.

#### DATE

Every year, the dates of visit are announced and new activities and events are planned. Although the dates differ annually, the holiday usually lasts for 10 days in September. This year, it is held from September 8th to 17th.

#### ACTIVITIES

※ **Visit a Heritage Open Days site**: Take advantage of these days and visit some of the many historical landmarks that are part of Heritage Open Days. You can also participate in the different events and activities that are organized for visitors.

※ **Volunteer**: If you are in the visit area, volunteer for Heritage Open Days. You could donate time, money, or efforts to the festivities and become a part of the celebration in a new and more meaningful way.

※ **Learn more**: If you are not in England or unable to participate, take this chance to learn about the history and culture of England and how Heritage Open Days came into existence.

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21. What can people do during Heritage Open Days?
- A. Organize family activities at will.  
B. Visit historical buildings for free.  
C. Learn more about European Heritage Days.  
D. Attend the celebration throughout September.
22. What do we know about Heritage Open Days?
- A. It was first held in 1994.  
B. It is celebrated across the UK.  
C. Its dates rarely change each year.  
D. Its programs vary from year to year.
23. What does the author intend to introduce in the last part?
- A. How to celebrate the festival.  
B. Where to volunteer for the celebration.  
C. Why to participate in the celebration.  
D. What to eat during the festival.

**B**

How important has Internet become in our lives? The Pew Research Center conducted a survey to celebrate the Web's 25th birthday. The researchers were greatly heartened by what they found.

"In 2006, only 14 percent of American adults used Internet. Today, it's 87 percent," said Lee Rainie, the director of the Pew Research Center's Internet Project. "It is what has impressed us the most."

The survey also showed that 70 percent of the Internet users have been treated kindly or generously online, while 25 percent of respondents said they have been treated unkindly. More than half—56 percent—of users said they've seen an online community come together to help someone solve a problem. 25 percent said they've left an online group because members were too unpleasant.

When Pew asked questions about whether being online has enriched people's relationships—or not—the results were very positive: 67 percent of Internet users said their online communication with family and friends has generally strengthened those relationships. Only 18 percent said it has generally weakened those relationships.

According to the survey, 53 percent of Internet users said Internet has become the hardest tech tool to give up. It is 15 percent higher than the result of a similar survey conducted in 2006. In fact, more people said they would have a harder time stopping using Internet than giving up TV. (These days, so much great television streams across the Internet that it makes sense.)

"In our survey, we have found that the Web makes a few people very unhappy. There's strong evidence pointing to the fact that Internet users tend to compare their daily lives with the 'highlight moments' of their friends' lives," said Lee Rainie. "It's really silly."

24. Which is the most impressive result of the latest survey?
- A. Users' dependence on Internet.  
B. The kindness of online communities.  
C. The fast growth of Internet users.  
D. The strengthened family relationships.
25. How many participants found it the hardest to give up Internet in 2006?
- A. 15%.  
B. 38%.  
C. 53%.  
D. 68%.

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26. What message does Lee Rainie seem to convey in the last paragraph?

- A. Don't make unnecessary comparison.
- B. Online depression cannot be avoided.
- C. Don't show off in online communities.
- D. Copy your friends' wonderful lifestyles.

27. How do the researchers feel about the results of the survey?

- A. Worried.
- B. Unconcerned.
- C. Doubtful.
- D. Optimistic.

C

A growing demand for turtles as pets in the United States, Asia, and Europe has led to a rise in poaching. Poaching means to catch or kill an animal illegally. Wildlife trade experts believe the rise in poaching is adding to the worldwide drop in rare freshwater turtles. Such concerns have led to proposals to increase protection for freshwater turtles.

More than 180 nations have gathered this week in Panama as part of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, or CITES.

Tara Easter, a doctoral student, studies the trade. She looked at turtle trade data from the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service. She found that the business export trade for mud turtles in the United States increased from 1,844 in 1999 to nearly 40,000 in 2017 and that the trade in musk turtles increased from 8,254 in 1999 to more than 281,000 in 2016.

The United States and several Latin American countries have suggested stopping or limiting the trade in more than 20 turtle species. In their CITES proposal, the countries included data from Mexico that found nearly 20,000 were confiscated from 2010 to 2022. To confiscate means to take something away from someone to carry out laws or rules.

The illegal trade has also led governments to suggest listing for the first time 42 turtle species under CITES, including North American musk turtles. A listing means traders will need permits to sell them internationally.

Matthew Strickler is with the U. S. Department of the Interior. He is heading the American group at the CITES meeting in Panama. He called the possible listings and increased protection for North American turtles "really, really important".

"We've seen this pattern of turtles being depleted in one place, and then poachers and traders moving to another place," Strickler said. "Southeast Asia was depleted. They moved to Africa. Now, we see them moving to the Americas."

28. What is the real cause of the drop in the turtle population?

- A. Hunting them for their medical value.
- B. The pollution of freshwater.
- C. Humans' keeping them as pets.
- D. Their homes being destroyed.

29. What do we know from Tara Easter's study?

- A. Turtle trade grew rapidly.
- B. Turtles were well protected.

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- C. Turtles grow more and more popular in Asia.  
D. Mud turtles were liked better than musk turtles.
30. What does listing some species under CITES mean?  
A. Allowing selling them freely. B. Limiting the trade in them internationally.  
C. Hunting them by law. D. Canceling international wildlife trade.
31. What does the underlined word “depleted” in the last paragraph probably mean?  
A. Fed. B. Joined. C. Protected. D. Reduced.

## D

The American space agency NASA says a spacecraft has entered the sun's outermost atmosphere for the first time. Scientists announced that Parker Solar Probe traveled through the solar atmosphere's outer edge, known as the corona (日冕). They described the entry as a successful touch on the sun.

Unlike the earth, the sun does not have a solid surface. Instead, it is a superheated ball of material held together by gravity and magnetic (磁的) forces. The temperature of the corona is so high that the sun's gravity cannot hold on to it and some solar material escapes from it and goes into space, which causes the solar wind. The solar wind is the flow of charged pieces, known as plasma.

Parker Solar Probe was launched in 2018 which mainly studied the solar wind. The sun is actually a magnetic variable star with solar activity happening nearly periodically. Scientists said being able to study the solar wind and the corona close up could help them better understand “the way the activity causes changes to the planet we live on”.

“We can actually see the spacecraft flying through the coronal structure during a total solar eclipse (日全食),” Nour Raouafi, the project scientist, said, adding that it took them a few months to examine information from the spacecraft and to confirm the result and that the evidence used included data on magnetic fields and the solar wind, as well as images. Scientists reported Parker Solar Probe successfully went in and out of the corona at least three times.

The Parker team said early data also suggested the spacecraft may have entered the corona during its ninth close approach in August, but a further study is needed to make a confirmation. The spacecraft is expected to keep getting closer to the sun and diving deeper into the corona until its final orbit, planned for 2025.

32. What do we know about the solar wind from the text?

- A. It affects the corona's temperature.  
B. It functions as the surface of the sun.  
C. It is caused by magnetic forces.  
D. It comes from the sun's outer atmosphere.

33. Why did NASA launch Parker Solar Probe?

- A. To find out why solar activity happens.  
B. To know how solar activity influences the earth.

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- C. To get more evidence of the gravity.  
D. To take measures to control the solar wind.
34. What are the scientists' attitude to their findings?  
A. Confused.      B. Doubtful.      C. Cautious.      D. Favorable.
35. Which of the following is the best title for the text?  
A. Spacecraft Touches the Sun for the First Time  
B. Parker Uncovers the Secrets of the Solar Wind  
C. NASA Brought New Discoveries About the Sun  
D. Parker Is Designed to Reach the Mars in 2025

## 第二节 (共5小题, 每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

We often try to save money for a variety of different reasons. 36 Learning how to save is important, but a recent study showed that over half of all 22 ~ 29-year-olds living in the UK have no savings at all. Did they max out on too many things, or are there other factors? And how can we become better savers?

First, put a stop to those impulse buys(冲动购物). 37 Impulse buys are done in the heat of the moment and without thought for what it's costing you. Encouraging yourself to question your purchase before you buy allows you to process what you are doing.

38 Withdraw cash before you go to a restaurant or shopping and set a fixed budget you must stick to. Also, any change that comes from your transactions when you're using cash can be put in jar and deposited into your account.

Finally, be disciplined. 39 It's about sticking to it, too. You shouldn't be dipping into your savings every time you feel like it. Setting up a standing order from your current account into your savings the moment you receive your salary will ensure you keep up the habit. Successful savers stick to their plans and watch the money pile up.

Just as the old saying goes: "A penny saved is a penny earned." 40

- A. It might be to save up for a new computer or put money aside into a rainy-day fund.
- B. Ask about discounts and pay in cash.
- C. It's not just about creating that budget.
- D. Sometimes, saving money can be difficult.
- E. Another way is to use cash rather than card.
- F. Ask yourself if you really need to buy something.
- G. These are some of the actions we can take to help us all become better savers.

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### 第三部分:语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

#### 第一节 完形填空(共15小题,每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Last year, I was assigned to work at an office near my mother's house. 41, I stayed with her for a month. During that time, I 42 her out with the housework and contributed to the groceries (日用品).

After less than a week, I started to 43 the groceries were running out pretty quickly. Confused, I began observing my mother's daily routine for two weeks. To my 44, I found that she would pack a paper bag full of canned goods and headed out every morning at about nine. She took the food to the slums (贫民窟) and distributed it to street 45.

I asked around and 46 my mom was popular in the area. The kids looked up to her as if she were their own mother. Then it hit me—why didn't she want to tell me about what she'd been doing? Was she 47 that I would stop buying the groceries if I knew the truth?

When she got home, I told her about my discovery and before she could react, I gave her a big hug and told her she didn't need to keep it a 48 from me. She told me that 49 of the children lived with an old lady in a shelter while others 50 on the streets. For years, my mom has been helping out by 51 them whatever food she could spare. I was so moved by how 52 she was. She used what was meant for her to help others in need. And I was so 53 of her.

I 54 to buy groceries for my mom. But now, I always add a(n) 55 bag for her other children.

- |                  |               |                |              |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 41. A. However   | B. Besides    | C. Therefore   | D. Otherwise |
| 42. A. checked   | B. helped     | C. recognised  | D. applied   |
| 43. A. ignore    | B. understand | C. complain    | D. notice    |
| 44. A. delight   | B. relief     | C. surprise    | D. regret    |
| 45. A. children  | B. drivers    | C. teachers    | D. artists   |
| 46. A. made sure | B. let out    | C. pointed out | D. found out |
| 47. A. angry     | B. hopeless   | C. worried     | D. annoyed   |
| 48. A. secret    | B. topic      | C. gift        | D. reminder  |
| 49. A. few       | B. all        | C. any         | D. some      |
| 50. A. stood     | B. studied    | C. slept       | D. played    |
| 51. A. giving    | B. collecting | C. receiving   | D. selling   |
| 52. A. curious   | B. strict     | C. careful     | D. kind      |
| 53. A. tired     | B. anxious    | C. scared      | D. proud     |
| 54. A. refuse    | B. long       | C. continue    | D. agree     |
| 55. A. small     | B. extra      | C. beautiful   | D. empty     |

咸阳市高一英语期末试题-8-(共10页)



## 第二节 语法填空(共10小题,每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Musical instruments in China were traditionally classified (分类) into eight groups, according to the materials 56. were used to create them. 57. eight material groups were metal, stone, silk, bamboo, gourd, clay, skin and wood.

Bamboo instruments 58. (main) refer to woodwind (木管乐器) such as *Sheng*, *Dizi* and *Xiao*. *Zhong*, *Luo* and *Bo* are good 59. (example) of metal instruments. Silk instruments are mostly stringed instruments since silk is the material to string the instrument. A seven-stringed instrument, called *Guqin* is one of the 60. (early) stringed instruments in China. Today, it 61. (remain) quite popular. Here's an example of a famous *Guqin* master, Prof. Li Xiangting, 62. (perform) a classical work *Flowing Water* on *Guqin*. Instruments, which might seem part 63. the same family in the Western tradition, have different classifications in the Chinese tradition. For example, a percussion (打击) instrument made with skin, like *Dagu* (a large drum played with sticks) is in one group, while *Fou* (clay pot hit with a single stick) is in another.

Modern Chinese orchestras 64. (organize) along the same lines as Western orchestras in terms of group and seating arrangements of the instruments. The difference lies in the instruments being played. So a Chinese orchestra has a woodwind and strings section, 65. you'll hardly find oboes (双簧管) or violins.

## 第四部分:写作(共两节,满分40分)

## 第一节 (满分15分)

假设你是李华,你收到了美国朋友 Peter 的邮件,在邮件中他提到对你的家乡很感兴趣。请你给他回一封邮件向他介绍你的家乡。内容包括:

1. 近几年发生的变化;
2. 介绍家乡的旅游胜地;
3. 邀请他暑假来游玩。

注意:1. 写作词数应为80左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Peter,

Yours,

Li Hua

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第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Lily loved school. However, there was one class Lily worried about more than any other—art. She didn't know why she just wasn't any good at drawing, painting, or cutting.

Ms. Clay, the art teacher, stood at the front of the room. "Class, next Friday our school is going to have an art competition," she announced. Ms. Clay was a great teacher, and Lily liked her a lot. But this announcement made Lily nervous. "Everyone in the school will create a piece of artwork to show in the library. You can use the different types of artwork we have been studying." Ms. Clay was quite excited when she spoke while Lily found herself sinking lower in her chair.

Lily had the whole weekend to work on her project, but she could not think of anything to do. On Monday, Lily felt frightened, so after school Lily asked Ms. Clay if she could write an art paper instead of doing an art project.

"I understand this project scares you, Lily," Ms. Clay said. "Just remember, you can create any kind of art you want." Ms. Clay smiled at her. "Art is a person's way of expressing his or her feelings—it isn't always painting, drawing, or cutting. I know you will think of something very creative, and I can't wait to see it."

When Lily arrived home, she took out a piece of paper and a pencil. She remembered Ms. Clay's words. "Art is a person's way of expressing his or her feelings." Lily wrote the word "terrified" on her paper. She crumpled (揉皱) the paper and threw it to the side of her desk.

Then Lily stared at the crumpled ball. Suddenly an idea struck her.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 120 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Why not create something out of crumpled paper? \_\_\_\_\_

On Friday, Lily carefully carried her project into the library. \_\_\_\_\_

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