

高三英语

考生注意：

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分150分，考试时间120分钟。
2. 答题前，考生务必用直径0.5毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时，请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；非选择题请用直径0.5毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答，**超出答题区域书写的答案无效，在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。**
4. 本卷命题范围：高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分30分)

第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是C。

2. When will the train leave?

A. At 9:10.

B. At 10:00.

C. At 10:50.

3. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Weather.

B. Illnesses.

C. Body temperature.

4. What will the man do next?

A. Cancel a meeting.

B. Give a lecture.

C. Go to his office.

5. What does the woman think of the course?

A. Boring.

B. Beneficial.

C. Bad.

6. What is the woman trying to do?

A. Repair a broken radio.

B. Turn on the man's radio.

C. Get focused on thinking.

第二节 (共15小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料, 回答第6、7题。

6. What made the crowd upset?

A. The players' terrible performance.

B. The baseball field full of garbage.

C. The aggressive fights in the stands.

7. What does the man say about the athletes?

A. They seldom try their best.

B. They shouldn't be to blame.

C. They treat their fans rudely.

【高三6月·英语 第1页(共8页)】

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. What does the woman expect Maurice Caine to do?
A. Call her back. B. Leave a message. C. Give his phone number.
9. What is the most probable relationship between Maurice Caine and the man?
A. Classmates. B. Old friends. C. Colleagues.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. Why is the man flying to Toronto?
A. To see his friends. B. To attend a conference. C. To visit his parents.
11. How does the woman travel to New York?
A. By air. B. By car. C. By train.
12. What is the woman's mother?
A. An engineer. B. A banker. C. A nurse.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What kind of tickets will the woman buy?
A. One-way ones. B. Round-trip ones. C. First-class ones.
14. How long will the woman stay in New York?
A. For five days. B. For six days. C. For seven days.
15. Which flight to Michigan will the woman take?
A. Flight 513. B. Flight 514. C. Flight 515.
16. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At the ticket office. B. On a plane. C. In the man's house.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. What is the speaker doing?
A. Hosting a program. B. Interviewing travelers. C. Sharing weather reports.
18. What is people's biggest reason for not going out into the country?
A. It is too hot for them to go outside. B. It doesn't look good on social media. C. It doesn't match most of their clothes.
19. What is Leaf Linking Environment and Farming?
A. An organization. B. A radio program. C. A countryside store.
20. How did Annabel Shackleton feel about people's not going out into the country?
A. Uninterested. B. Surprised. C. Annoyed.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

There are four books for teens to read, including a mix of classics, young adult fiction and non-fiction. Parents may even want to re-read.

Brown Girl Dreaming by Jacqueline Woodson

The author shares beautiful poetry that will speak to tweens and teens about her experience of growing up in the South as an African-American in the 1960s and 1970s. The poems are charged with the themes of self-awareness and identity.

Educated by Tara Westover

This is an unforgettable memoir(回忆录) for both adults and teens that has won many awards, including the recommendation of Barack Obama. Raised as a survivalist in the mountains of Idaho, Tara Westover was kept

out of school and survived a childhood of violence. This would be a wonderful book to read for the purpose of family discussion.

***I Wish You All the Best* by Mason Deaver**

This story is a celebration of friendship, heartbreak, and love around Ben. Ben struggles with an anxiety disorder, but the friendship in this book will be inspiring for all readers.

***The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-Time* by Mark Haddon**

This novel centers around (Christopher John Francis Boone) with autism (自闭症) and a mystery that the readers get to experience with the boy. He doesn't understand human feelings, and living this mystery through this angle is a thoughtful way for teens to understand the ways in which people can differ yet also be the same.

21. Which book is the most appealing for a lover of poetry?
- A. *Educated*.
B. *Brown Girl Dreaming*.
C. *I Wish You All the Best*.
D. *The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-Time*.
22. What can we know about the author of *Educated*?
- A. She admired Barack Obama.
B. She had a rough childhood.
C. She was always popular at school.
D. She loved family discussions.
23. What do Ben and (Christopher John Francis Boone) have in common?
- A. They raise dogs as their pets.
B. They are easygoing schoolboys.
C. They suffer from mental illnesses.
D. They are fond of mountain climbing.

B

If any New Yorker of Asian descent (血统) needs a safe way to get around, Madeline Park has got their back. Park created an Instagram account called "Cafemaddycab" amid a wave of anti-Asian hate crimes across the US. The account has one goal: to pay the Uber or Lyft fee for any woman or elderly individual of Asian descent in New York in order to help them get to their destinations safely if they feel "unsafe taking the train in NYC".

Park, who had spent a majority of her decade in New York as a "broke student", knew all too well what it was like to have to take the train or walk home rather than calling a cab because it was too expensive.

Now, she's using money from her own pocket, as well as from other donors, to make sure the cost isn't preventing anyone else from getting a ride. She decided to do so after fearing for her own safety just the other week.

"That's it. I took the train to work last week and every minute of the ride I was stressed," Park said in an Instagram post. "I was afraid that someone was going to walk up and start attacking me."

One incident still on Park's mind was when "someone set a 29-year-old Asian woman's backpack on fire in the train around Ktown". Park said she was done taking the train while these hate crimes were going on and so should you.

Park started out with \$2,000 of her own money, which she used to help reimburse (报销) any Lyft or Uber ride up to \$40 per person. Within two days, donors collectively poured in over \$100,000 to help with her efforts. Park started accepting more donations and she expected other cities to start their own cab initiative (倡议).

However, it's no small task.

"You have to have the TIME to commit to this and preferably a few people you trust to work with you, and a big heart for our community #StopAsianHate," Park wrote in an Instagram post.

24. What do the underlined words "has got their back" in paragraph 1 probably mean?
- A. Has taught them a lesson.
B. Has attacked them secretly.
C. Has spoken highly of them.
D. Has offered support to them.
25. Why did Park hardly travel by cab in the past?
- A. It was unaffordable.
B. It wasn't a safe choice.
C. It was slower than taking a train.
D. It wasn't allowed for an Asian.

15. What is the function of paragraph 1 and paragraph 3?

- A. To tell why Park started her cab initiative.
- B. To encourage donations for Park's account.
- C. To call for the reform on railway systems.
- D. To condemn the anti-Asian hate crimes.

16. How does Park find carrying out the cab initiative?

- A. Hopeless.
- B. Unacceptable.
- C. Disappointing.
- D. Challenging.

C

Bullitt Group, the global licensee for Cat phones, recently announced the availability of the Cat S42 H+ smartphone with advanced antimicrobial(抗菌的) product protection. For over a decade, Cat phones have led the way in making mobile phones stronger for the needs of heavy work and the hard knocks. Now, Cat is also setting a new standard in hygiene(卫生).

The Cat S42 H+ (Hygiene Plus Innovation) is the first device of its kind with permanently enhanced antimicrobial product protection built into its body. Every outside component of its hardware has been mixed with an antimicrobial silver ion(离子) technology additive called Biomaster to help fight bacteria. Tested to the international ISO 22196 standard, the active antimicrobial agent is proven to prevent bacteria cells from reproducing by over 80% within 15 minutes and 99.9% within 24 hours.

Like all Cat phones, the Cat S42 H+ can be fully put in warm soapy water and repeatedly washed. Additionally, it has been put under extreme clean testing. It has been wiped 3,000 times, subjected to pressurized alcohol testing and used with real-world chemical mixtures. Together, this combination sets a new standard in hygienic phone design.

Mobile phones are recognized by the WHO as a potential carrier of bacteria and virus. Studies have shown the mobile phone in your pocket is 10 times dirtier than a toilet seat.

"One of the reasons why our phones are so dirty is the heat they produce. Warm environments are pleasant for bacteria to live and reproduce, and we all take our mobile phones everywhere with us, to all the places we live and work, constantly picking up new pollutants. We are proud to introduce this antimicrobial phone to help reduce these risks," said Peter Cunningham, Vice President at Bullitt Group.

From nurses to bellmen, delivery drivers, ground crew, or anyone constantly exposed to other people, this combination of easy clean phone with antimicrobial treatment can make a difference.

28. How does the text show the ability of the Cat S42 H+ to fight bacteria?

- A. By making comparisons.
- B. By listing users' reviews.
- C. By giving the testing data.
- D. By referring to the WHO.

29. What is a characteristic of the Cat S42 H+?

- A. It is resistant to water.
- B. It is soft and flexible.
- C. It identifies a virus quickly.
- D. It washes itself automatically.

30. Why are ordinary phones so dirty according to Peter Cunningham?

- A. They are not used in a proper way.
- B. Their exposure to heat is not enough.
- C. The heat they produce benefits bacteria.
- D. They often get too cold to resist bacteria.

31. Where does the text most probably appear?

- A. In a travel brochure.
- B. In a health guideline.
- C. In a biology textbook.
- D. In a science magazine.

【高三6月·英语 第4页(共8页)】

D

You might not expect it, but cows are a large source of the greenhouse gases that are driving climate change. Now scientists have shown the pollution from cows can be reduced by adding a little seaweed to their food.

A cow has one stomach, but it has four separate sections, one of which has a special chemical that helps break down the grass into something the cow's body can use. But the process of breaking down the grass produces much methane(甲烷), the world's second worst greenhouse gas.

Recently, the researchers from the University of California, Davis studied 21 cows on a farm for about five months. They taught the cows to get their food from inside a special hood(罩), which allowed the scientists to know the amount of the methane the cows were giving off. They used a small amount of seaweed, which they mixed with the cows' food.

The results were surprisingly good. In some cases, the cows produced 82% less methane—the improvement depended on the kind of food the cows were given. And even the worst-polluting cows produced 33% less methane.

Over the five months, the scientists didn't see any signs that the cows' stomachs were starting to produce more methane again. Besides, the cows that were fed seaweed gained just as much weight as the other cows, but they didn't need as much food.

But there are still some big problems with the idea of feeding cows seaweed. For one thing, there's not enough seaweed to feed all of the cows in the world. So farmers would have to figure out a way to grow lots of seaweed. A bigger problem is that for most of their lives, cows live in fields, where they eat the grass. That means there's no chance to feed them seaweed every day.

Still, it's very good news that something as simple as feeding cows seaweed can help reduce some of the pollution causing the climate crisis.

32. What did researchers do to all the cows in the experiment?

- A. They measured how much methane they produced.
- B. They cut down on their food to control their weight.
- C. They replaced most of their daily food with seaweed.
- D. They kept them in a large hood for over 21 months.

33. What happened to the cows eating seaweed?

- A. They got thinner and thinner.
- B. They produced no methane.
- C. They ate less food than usual.
- D. They grew strong much faster.

34. The biggest problem with feeding cows seaweed is that seaweed _____.

- A. isn't safe to mix with grass
- B. isn't easily available to cows
- C. proves less attractive to cows
- D. is hard for cows to fully digest

35. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Seaweed Helps Cows Break Down Their Food
- B. Seaweed Is a Key to Stopping Climate Change
- C. Cows Actually Have a Preference for Seaweed
- D. Cows Fed Some Seaweed Cause Less Pollution

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

With summer being the busiest season for most national parks, the potential for meeting with wildlife increases. Visitors should watch out. In fact, incidents because of attacks from the wildlife are rare. ___36___

【高三6月·英语 第5页(共8页)】

Many problems with wildlife can be avoided simply by doing a little research before entering an unfamiliar area. 37 For instance, the American alligator(短吻鳄) can be found from South Carolina to Florida and to Texas. When you visit parks in those areas, remind yourself not to approach an alligator or get in the water with one.

38 if your actions cause a reaction from the animal, then you're too close. In general, remain at least 100 yards away from animals like bears and wolves. For other wildlife, 25 yards is usually a good rule.

In addition, one way to prevent dangerous wildlife encounters is to keep your food to yourself. Animals occasionally come to associate humans with food. 39 In fact, even small wildlife animals with a taste for human food can be surprisingly harmful.

When visiting wildlife animals, you need to keep yourself safe. 40 Therefore, you also need to do your part to make sure that those wildlife animals are safe so that other people can enjoy visiting them as well.

- A. There're some problems associated with it.
- B. It's normal to bring food and drinks with you.
- C. It can create situations that put both parties at risk.
- D. Of course, giving wildlife a lot of room is necessary.
- E. It's important to know what animals live in places you visit.
- F. Besides, you should remember seeing wildlife is not a privilege.
- G. They can be made even rarer by following a few basic guidelines.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was growing up in Massachusetts, Thanksgiving was always a time for family. When I moved 2,200 miles away from home to Austin, Texas after graduating from college, I still wanted to 41 the tradition of gathering with my family. 42, I didn't think flying home for Thanksgiving was wise because it cost much. It was not 43 that my entire family got on a plane to 44 me, either.

Friendsgiving was the 45. My first Thanksgiving away from home came shortly after I moved, so I didn't have many 46 in the area. By my second Thanksgiving, I had more friends and was 47 with others who were far from home for the holiday. It was the perfect 48 to start to host my first Friendsgiving!

Everyone 49 the meal in some way. It not only cut down on the work I had to do as a(n) 50, but it was also a chance for people to share their family 51 during the festival with everyone else. Allowing everyone to donate also meant we could 52 new things.

Since the start, I've hosted Friendsgiving twice and 53 two others as a guest. Some people 54 each year, while others move away or head home for a change. Celebrations also change every time. Those unexpected 55 year after year are 56 one reason for my love for Friendsgiving. And some people at the Friendsgiving seem like family members for me.

I'll probably 57 live in the same area as my biological family again, but that doesn't mean I can't celebrate Thanksgiving with my 58 family. Friendsgiving makes me feel grateful for the life I've 59 in a new place. And my new city is gradually becoming my new 60.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 41. A. assess | B. remove | C. keep | D. describe |
| 42. A. Therefore | B. However | C. Besides | D. Instead |
| 43. A. vital | B. disappointing | C. legal | D. practical |
| 44. A. greet | B. inform | C. accompany | D. assist |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 45. A. answer | B. puzzle | C. reward | D. cost |
| 46. A. colleagues | B. relatives | C. classmates | D. friends |
| 47. A. familiar | B. strict | C. careful | D. angry |
| 48. A. dream | B. time | C. ability | D. place |
| 49. A. looked into | B. ate up | C. contributed to | D. messed up |
| 50. A. manager | B. guest | C. employee | D. host |
| 51. A. traditions | B. sufferings | C. lessons | D. hobbies |
| 52. A. purchase | B. avoid | C. try | D. examine |
| 53. A. ignored | B. attended | C. instructed | D. ruined |
| 54. A. turn up | B. go away | C. break down | D. give up |
| 55. A. conclusions | B. <u>recipes</u> | C. preparations | D. differences |
| 56. A. suddenly | B. actually | C. rarely | D. casually |
| 57. A. often | B. still | C. already | D. never |
| 58. A. chosen | B. strange | C. adapted | D. wealthy |
| 59. A. limited | B. built | C. ended | D. imagined |
| 60. A. restaurant | B. airport | C. home | D. company |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

With cherry blossom (樱花) season right around the corner, the local government in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China, issued recommendations for the best places to admire cherry blossoms, including Donghu Park and Wuhan University.

The first 61 (recommend) place is Donghu Park, among the top three cherry blossom parks in the world alongside parks in Japan and the US.

Wuhan University, which was 62 (previous) locked down due to COVID-19, is now open to visitors. 63 are willing to register online to enter the campus. The university is famous for its more than 2,000 cherry trees, 64 (earn) it the description "the 65 (beautiful) university campus in China".

The cherry blossom is one of the 66 (symbol) of Wuhan and as the flower blossoms in spring, it 67 (see) as a sign of energy by local people. "When we see cherry blossoms fill our city, we know spring is coming and the shadow of coldness has gone away," a Wuhan citizen said.

The flower is also an 68 (inspire) for Wuhan artists. One street artist GAN organized 69 online activity a year ago during the city's lockdown, inviting artists around the world to create paintings themed on cherry blossoms.

The efforts of the Wuhan government and local people seem to have had an influence as some travelers have begun choosing Wuhan 70 their favorite destination for the upcoming holidays.

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

【高三 6 月·英语 第 7 页(共 8 页)】

- 注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；
2. 只允许修改10处，多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Next Saturday will be my eighteen birthday. To celebrating that meaningful day, my parents had intended to hold a party in a restaurant. However, I persitade them yesterday morning to buy a young tree to me as my birthday gift. On that important day, I will plant in our oyin yard myself.

In my opinions, celebrating my birthday by holding a dinner party are not only wasteful but also meaningless. With a tree planted in our own yard, we will never forget that significance day. What's the more whenever I see that tree, it will remind me of my parents love for me.

第三节 书面表达(满分20分)

假定你是李华，上学期在交换生 Lily 的帮助下，你的英语进步显著。请你给她写一封感谢信，内容包括：

1. 写信目的；
2. 帮助内容；
3. 表达期待。

注意：

1. 词数100左右；
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Dear Lily,