

姓 名 \_\_\_\_\_

准考证号 \_\_\_\_\_

绝密★启用前

湘 豫 名 校 联 考  
2022 年 8 月 高 三 秋 季 入 学 摸 底 考 试  
英 语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共 8 页, 时间 100 分钟, 满分 120 分。答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 作答时, 将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

**High School Math Competitions**

**American Mathematics Competition (AMC) 10/12**

Eligibility (资格): 10th graders – 12th graders

Cash Prizes: No

AMC 10/12 is the first exam in a series of math exams that progress from the local, to the national, to the international level. Students who are top performers in the AMC 10/12 will be eligible for invitations to the next, more difficult exams in the AMC series.

**Caribou Mathematics Competition (CMC)**

Eligibility: 2nd graders – 12th graders

Cash Prizes: Yes

Caribou Mathematics Competition is the only worldwide math competition that is held totally online. This contest is held six times throughout the school year, and students that complete all six tests can compete for the “Caribou Cup”. Not only is the Caribou Mathematics Competition open to international participants, it also offers contests for elementary through high school aged students.

**Trig-Star**

Eligibility: 9th graders – 12th graders

Cash Prizes: Yes

Trig-Star is an annual, national competition for high school students, the purpose of which is to recognize students who are good at trigonometry (三角学), to introduce students to practical applications of mathematics in professional environments, and to grow awareness

英语试题 第 1 页(共 8 页)

of surveying as a profession among mathematically-skilled high school students.

### TEAMS

Eligibility: 7th graders – 12th graders

Cash Prizes: No

TEAMS is an annual, state and national mathematics, science, and engineering competition for middle and high school students. TEAMS is designed to help students develop their STEM skills by working in teams of four to eight students to solve real-world engineering challenges.

1. What can we learn about AMC 10/12 from the text?
  - A. It is a local competition.
  - B. It is the hardest in the AMC series.
  - C. It is the start of a series of competitions.
  - D. The participants must be invited by the competition.
2. What is special about Caribou Mathematics Competition?
  - A. It is completely conducted online.
  - B. There is no cash prize for its winner.
  - C. Senior high students can't take part in it.
  - D. It is a part of a series of competitions.
3. Which competition involves different subjects?
  - A. TEAMS.
  - B. Trig-Star.
  - C. AMC 10/12.
  - D. CMC.

### B

I became a writer, although it wasn't easy at first. My first role was writing newsletters (通讯) for a company. I wrongly believed that I needed big English words. It made writing a painful job. It would take me ages to complete my writing tasks with "big words" from the great Oxford dictionary. I'd burn my energy reserves fast. It didn't feel right. I was so puzzled.

My break came unexpectedly.

I was visiting my grandparents. That evening, my grandfather invited me to his study, where a lot of life-changing conversations with him happened. He wanted to know what was draining (使劳累) me so much in the city. I looked at him, but he was in the shadows.

When I had got the writer's job, I had subscribed to our monthly magazines for him. I wanted him to see my work. I could see a year's worth of my magazines on his shelf.

"It's work. It's so draining. Have you read those?" I asked, pointing to the shelf. He turned to the fire and shook his head, without even a little guilt. I was hurt. Grandpa turned around and said to me that he knew I worked hard. But I wrote complex works, so there was no fun in reading it, which made reading my magazine tiring. Simplicity was key.

Simplicity is key. At that moment, I felt like I'd been drowning (溺水) and just broke water for that first breath! It was a renewing of sorts. I dived into creative writing. I started exploring. I'd express boring, simple company content with a storytelling style — the

英语试题 第2页(共8页)

feedback was amazing! The readers liked stories told in simple everyday language, basically, in the way we talk in a normal conversation.

Have you seen anyone using a dictionary on a bus or train? No? Why then do we demand that of our readers?

4. What did the author think of writing at first?

- A. A wrong job.
- B. A tiring task.
- C. A great profession.
- D. A means of making a living.

5. What is the most important for writing according to grandfather?

- A. The story lines.
- B. The writing style.
- C. The easy language.
- D. The structure design.

6. How was grandfather's advice according to the text?

- A. Contradictory.
- B. Reasonable.
- C. Insignificant.
- D. Conservative.

7. What can we learn from the text?

- A. The author's writing is popular all the time.
- B. The author once drowned in water and couldn't breathe.
- C. Grandpa showed great interest in the magazines the author subscribed for him.
- D. The author made some creative adjustments and achieved a successful outcome.

C

The United States faces a strange problem. On one hand, it wastes more than a third of food produced for human consumption, much of it ending up in landfills because it has passed an expiration date(有效期). On the other hand, one in five Americans is hungry, unable to afford, access, or prepare proper meals on a regular basis.

How to solve it? A number of companies are working hard to tackle this problem, but a big part of the challenge is logistics(物流) — figuring out how to get surplus(过剩的) food from point A to point B where it's needed before it goes bad.

One particularly interesting effort is called Food Rescue Hero. Calling itself "the only food rescue technology that is also an operating food rescue organization", this model is an app that connects volunteers to the stores or supermarkets with surplus food and tells them where to drop it off. This could be a household in need or a non-profit organization serving people experiencing food insecurity. Volunteers receive information through the app when a pickup is ready and usually have a two-hour window to complete it. Ninety-nine percent of pickups are completed by volunteers, with remaining ones done by staff.

Some volunteers choose to work weekly, while others accept pickups only when convenient. One super-engaged volunteer, Vincent Petti, has single-handedly made 1,500 rescues in Pittsburgh. Families like to get involved, too. It's a great way to teach children about the problems of food waste and food insecurity and show them how to take meaningful action to fight it.

Since launched in 2016, the Food Rescue Hero app has redirected an estimated 40 million pounds of good food. It has expanded beyond its pilot location in Pittsburgh to 10 partners

英语试题 第3页(共8页)

operating in 12 cities, and it hopes to be in 100 cities by 2030. You can be a part of that spread by downloading the app's guide to start a food rescue in your own city.

8. What is the purpose of Paragraph 1?
- A. To introduce the background.  
B. To arouse the interest of the readers.  
C. To point out social conflicts in the US.  
D. To prove the seriousness of food waste problem.
9. What is the function of Food Rescue Hero?
- A. It calls on the public to save food.  
B. It bridges the gap between people.  
C. It tells the poor where to get food.  
D. It informs volunteers of surplus food.
10. Why is Vincent Petti mentioned?
- A. To show residents' love to this hero.  
B. To show the necessity of rescue work.  
C. To show people's willingness to participate.  
D. To show the significance of voluntary work.
11. What can we infer about the app?
- A. It is a success.  
B. It has shortcomings.  
C. It charges little to download.  
D. It is only accessible to volunteers.

**D**

Not sleeping enough or getting a bad night's sleep over and over makes it hard to control your appetite. And that sets you up for all sorts of health problems, including obesity (肥胖), heart disease and high blood pressure.

The link between poor sleep and a greater body mass index (BMI) has been shown in study after study, but researchers typically relied on the memories of the participants to record how well they slept.

Sleep apps on fitness trackers, smartphones and watches have changed all that. In a new study researchers tracked sleep quality for 120,000 people for up to two years.

The results showed sleep durations and patterns are highly variable between people. Despite that, the study found people with BMIs of 30 or above — which is considered obese — had slightly shorter sleep durations and more variable sleep patterns.

It didn't take much less sleep to see the effect. People with BMIs over 30 only slept about 15 minutes than those less weighty people.

There were some limitations to the study. Naps (午睡) were not included, other health conditions could not be factored in, and people who use wearable tracking devices are typically younger, healthier and from a higher economic status than those who do not wear trackers.

"These are quite pricey devices, and they are not approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. The results would need to be validated (确认) by the appropriate FDA — approved devices, and because the study is likely on younger people who are more

英语试题 第4页(共8页)

economically well off, it needs further study whether that really applies to older folks with poor sleep,” said Dasgupta, the associate program director.

However, Dasgupta added, a major plus for the study is that it did monitor people for over two years, and the results corroborated previous research and were “not surprising”.

While we cannot determine the direction of association from our study result, these findings provide further support to the idea that sleep patterns are associated with weight management and overall health.

12. How does the new study differ from previous studies?
- A. It lasts the longest time in history.  
B. It uses apps to record participants' sleep.  
C. It specially improves participants' sleep quality.  
D. It relied on participants' memory to record data.
13. What is Dasgupta's attitude toward the new finding?
- A. Doubtful.      B. Shocked.      C. Cautious.      D. Dissatisfied.
14. What does the underlined word “corroborated” probably mean in Paragraph 8?
- A. Limit.      B. Correct.      C. Confirm.      D. Combine.
15. What can be the best title for the text?
- A. Sleep Quality Varies from Person to Person  
B. Sleep Apps Are Widely Used to Monitor Sleep  
C. Young People Are Paying More Attention to Obesity  
D. Lack of Sleep May Be Possibly Connected with Obesity

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**Ways to Get the Most Out of Your Volunteering Experience**

From practicing your communication skills to expanding your social network, volunteering can provide value for not only the organization you volunteer for but you yourself. 16 Here are a few tips to help you get the most out of your volunteer experience.

Set your goals. 17 Identifying your objectives will assist you in determining your areas of interest, which will aid you in selecting a program that meets your requirements. It will be easy for you to enjoy the experience once you find the right opportunity to help you explore your interests.

Do little things that speak to you. It is impossible for a single person, or even a group of people, to come together and rid the world of all its problems. As a volunteer, it's more important to concentrate on growing as a person and doing the best you can, rather than hoping to see a whole new world on your next trip. 18

19 Conversing openly is an important part of the learning process. Trying to communicate with a group of strangers might seem uncomfortable at first, but it is vital if you

英语试题 第5页(共8页)

want to make a personal bond with them. Making a connection with people from varied backgrounds will not only make you a better volunteer but will also make you a better individual.

20 The ongoing pandemic ( 流行病 ) has changed the working ways of every industry, including the volunteering. People from all walks of life have had to shift to more digital mediums for communication and participation. While these newly forced guidelines can limit people's ability to volunteer freely, they can also act as a lesson in staying flexible in rapidly changing environments.

- A. Stay open to change.
- B. Practice clear communication.
- C. Be involved in what you don't understand.
- D. So it can make a great difference to your life.
- E. Not everyone is trying to give back to the community.
- F. After all, it's the little things that come together to create a lasting effect.
- G. This is the first step in getting the most out of your volunteer experience.

第二部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I knew I wasn't adopted when I was growing up. My face was the perfect 21 of my mom's and dad's. Still, I did feel 22. My elder brothers, Tony and Eddie, were confident and 23, having so many friends. I, on the other hand, was quiet and 24. I spent more time reading books alone, 25 to learn everything. I wasn't as 26 as you would think, though. My imagination was a great 27 in my private place and part of me 28 the quiet of it all.

29 the long and winding road of my life now, however, I can see that I made no 30 with me. Yes, I was different but I made me just the 31 I wanted to be. My reading so much led me to start 32 as well. My desire to learn everything helped me to 33 the biggest questions about life. My 34 in a quiet life made it easier for me to work at home and 35 my two disabled sons. I realized that I was walking with 36 all the way like my brothers, which was helping me to learn, to struggle, to be a writer, and to love the way I wanted to love.

Each of us is different for a 37. We each have a unique 38 in this life. It is our 39 to find it, to keep it, and to achieve it. And as you walk down the long and winding road of your own life, 40 who walks with you every step of the way.

- |                    |                 |               |                |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 21. A. description | B. construction | C. collection | D. combination |
| 22. A. free        | B. different    | C. sick       | D. sorry       |
| 23. A. proud       | B. outgoing     | C. ambitious  | D. powerful    |
| 24. A. shy         | B. clever       | C. elegant    | D. awkward     |

英语试题 第6页(共8页)

- |                      |                    |                       |                       |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 25. A. rejecting     | B. failing         | C. wishing            | D. promising          |
| 26. A. strange       | B. funny           | C. lonely             | D. terrible           |
| 27. A. intention     | B. belief          | C. choice             | D. companion          |
| 28. A. enjoyed       | B. refused         | C. hated              | D. owned              |
| 29. A. Making up for | B. Looking back on | C. Breaking away from | D. Getting along with |
| 30. A. deal          | B. agreement       | C. mistake            | D. exception          |
| 31. A. model         | B. hero            | C. learner            | D. person             |
| 32. A. teaching      | B. nursing         | C. studying           | D. writing            |
| 33. A. handle        | B. raise           | C. share              | D. design             |
| 34. A. pleasure      | B. surprise        | C. trouble            | D. chance             |
| 35. A. adjust to     | B. depend on       | C. care for           | D. suffer from        |
| 36. A. inspiration   | B. confidence      | C. challenge          | D. support            |
| 37. A. time          | B. change          | C. start              | D. reason             |
| 38. A. journey       | B. secret          | C. purpose            | D. power              |
| 39. A. honor         | B. job             | C. qualification      | D. dream              |
| 40. A. remember      | B. imagine         | C. believe            | D. prefer             |

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

#### The Plastic Pollution

Because plastic is useful for so many purposes, it has become a part of 41 (near) all areas of our lives. It's hard to look anywhere 42 finding dozens of objects made of plastic. Often we don't have to look beyond the clothes we're wearing.

The United Nations Environment Program reports that at present, 400 million tons of plastic is produced every year. The number 43 (expect) to double by 2040. And even though there's a lot of talk about recycling, only 9% of all the plastic ever 44 (create) has been recycled.

Almost all kinds of plastic 45 (be) made from some kind of oil. Plastic made in this way gives out 46 (danger) gases when it's produced and also when it's burned or buried in the ground. Scientists say plastic is responsible for 4.5% of the world's greenhouse gases driving the climate crisis.

Plastic doesn't break down like natural materials. Instead, it just breaks into smaller and smaller 47 (piece). And as plastic filling our world break down, they create 48 new problem — microplastics, 49 are tiny bits or threads of plastic, often too small 50 (see). In recent years, microplastics have been found almost everywhere, even in the bodies of animals including humans.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。

文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

英语试题 第7页(共8页)

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Last weekend, I was walking on my way to a birthday party while I heard a couple madly calling their daughter's name. They looked anxiously and worried about their missed kid. I helped them search for a while and in vain. Then I have to continue to walk. At a crossing, I saw a little girl about 5 years old, whom was about to cross the street. I asked what her names was and realized that she was just the lost girl. I took her to meet the couple. The couple ran to us as sooner as they saw her. Her mother started to cry and her father kept thanking to me. What unforgettable weekend!

### 第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,为了继承和弘扬中国传统文化,你校上周六下午举办了“周末灯谜(lantern riddle)会”。请你向学校英语报写一篇报道介绍此次活动。要点如下:

1. 活动时间;
2. 活动地点:室内篮球场;
3. 反响及意义。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;
3. 题目已给出,不计入总词数。

#### The Weekend Lantern Riddle Party

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## 湘豫名校联考 2022年8月高三秋季入学摸底考试 英语参考答案

题序	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
答案	C	A	A	B	C	B	D	A	D	C
题序	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	A	B	C	C	D	D	G	F	B	A
题序	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
答案	D	B	B	A	C	C	D	A	B	C
题序	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	D	D	A	A	C	B	D	C	B	A

### 第一部分 阅读理解 第一节

#### A

【文章大意】本文是一篇应用文。主要介绍了四项不同的与数学相关的竞赛。

1. C 细节理解题。根据 American Mathematics Competition(AMC) 10/12 中 AMC 10/12 is the first exam in a series of math exams that progress from the local, to the national, to the international level. 可知, AMC 10/12 竞赛是系列赛的起点。
2. A 细节理解题。根据 Caribou Mathematics Competition(CMC) 中 Caribou Mathematics Competition is the only worldwide math competition that is held totally online. 可知, Caribou Mathematics Competition 全部在网上进行。
3. A 细节理解题。根据 TEAMS 中 TEAMS is an annual, state and national mathematics, science, and engineering competition for middle and high school students. 可知, TEAMS 是涉及多学科的综合竞赛。

#### B

【文章大意】本文是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了作者是一位作家,通过与祖父的交谈后其写作风格由晦涩难懂转变为简单接地气的故事。

4. B 推理判断题。根据第一段中 It made writing a painful job. 和 I'd burn my energy reserves fast. 可知,作者曾经认为写作是令人筋疲力尽的工作。
5. C 细节理解题。根据第五段中 Simplicity was key. 可知,爷爷认为写作的关键是简单。
6. B 推理判断题。根据第五、六段内容可知,爷爷认为简单易懂的语言是最重要的。作者改变了自己的写作风格并收到极好的反馈。因此爷爷的建议是有道理的。
7. D 细节理解题。通读全文可知,作者写作风格由晦涩难懂转为简单易懂,并收到极好的反馈。

#### C

【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一款名为“粮食救援英雄”的应用程序。它将志愿者与拥有多余食品的城市零售商联系起来,并告诉他们应将食物送到哪里。

8. A 推理判断题。文章开头介绍了食物浪费和食物短缺共存的现象,然后介绍了一款用于重新分配过剩食品的应用程序,由此推断第一段的目的是介绍开发这款应用程序的背景。
9. D 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 Volunteers receive information through the app when a pickup is ready and

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usually have a two-hour window to complete it. 可知,这款应用程序能够将志愿者与拥有多余食品的城市零售商联系起来,并告诉他们将食物送到哪里。

10. C 推理判断题。第四段介绍了志愿者的工作,然后介绍了文森特·佩蒂的 1500 次救援活动,以此说明人们参与这项公益活动的积极性。
11. A 推理判断题。根据文章末段内容可知,这款名为“食品救援英雄”(Food Rescue Hero)的应用程序已经重新定向了约 4000 万磅的优质食品,而且试点扩展到了 12 个城市的 10 个合作伙伴,由此推断这款应用程序是成功的。

#### D

【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一项新的科学研究,通过为期两年的、使用睡眠应用程序对参与者的追踪调查结果表明睡眠不足会导致肥胖。

12. B 细节理解题。根据第二段和第三段内容可知,以前的研究都是依靠参与者的记忆来记录自己的睡眠状况,而在新的研究中,研究人员使用睡眠应用程序来进行记录,这是两者的不同之处。
13. C 推理判断题。根据第七、八段内容可知,达斯古普塔认为这次研究有一些局限性,因此是否符合老年人的情况还有待进一步观察,而结果又证实了以前的研究成果,因此他的态度是谨慎的。
14. C 词义猜测题。根据第二段内容可知,以前的研究已经证明了睡眠不足和体重之间存在着联系,再根据第八段末句中的 previous research were “not surprising” 推断这次的研究结果和之前的研究结果是一致的,进一步证实了以前的研究结果。
15. D 标题归纳题。本文主要介绍了睡眠不好和肥胖之间的关系,由此判断 D 项符合题意。

#### 第二节

【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文。志愿服务不仅可以为你志愿服务的组织提供价值,也可以为你自己提供价值。它可以使你的生活有很大的不同。这里有一些建议可以帮助你从志愿者经历中取得最大的收获。

16. D 考查承接句。从锻炼你的沟通技巧到扩大你的社交网络,志愿服务不仅可以为你志愿服务的组织提供价值,也可以为你自己提供价值。所以它可以使你的生活有很大的不同。
17. G 考查承接句。设定你的目标。这是充分利用志愿者经历的第一步。
18. F 考查总结句。毕竟,小事情聚在一起就能产生持久的效果。这与本段主题句 Do little things that speak to you. 相呼应。
19. B 考查主题句。根据 Conversing openly is an important part of the learning process. 可知,要练习有效的沟通。
20. A 考查主题句。根据后文中 The ongoing pandemic(流行病) has changed the working ways of every industry...可知,要对改变保持开放的心态。

#### 第二部分 英语知识运用

##### 第一节

【文章大意】本文是一篇议论文。每个人各有不同,但是都应该有自己的人生目标并为之而奋斗。

21. D 考查名词。根据 mom's (face) and dad's (face)可知,在成长的过程中,“我”知道“我”不是被收养的。“我”的脸是妈妈和爸爸的脸的完美结合。
22. B 考查形容词。根据后文中 My elder brothers, Tony and Eddie, were confident and 23, having so many friends. 可知,“我”确实感觉自己和哥哥们不一样。
23. B 考查形容词。根据 confident 和 having so many friends 可知,“我”的两个哥哥,托尼和埃迪,都很自信和外向,有很多朋友。
24. A 考查形容词。根据 on the other hand 可知,本空和前文的 confident and 23 意义相反,另一方面,“我”是安静和害羞的。
25. C 考查动词。根据后文中 My desire to learn everything 可知,“我”花更多的时间独自读书,希望学习一切。
26. C 考查形容词。不过“我”并没有你想的那么孤独。
27. D 考查名词。在“我”的私人空间里,“我”的想象力是一个很好的伴侣。
28. A 考查动词。“我”的一部分享受着这一切的宁静。

英语参考答案 - 2

29. B 考查动词短语。然而,现在回首“我”漫长而曲折的人生之路。
30. C 考查名词。根据后文中 I wanted me just the 31 I wanted to be 可知,作者在成长过程中没有犯任何错误。
31. D 考查名词。是的,“我”是不同的,但“我”让自己成了想要成为的人。
32. D 考查动名词。根据后文中 which was helping me to learn, to struggle, to be a writer, and to love the way I wanted to love 可知,“我”的阅读也让“我”开始写作。
33. A 考查动词。“我”对学习一切事物的渴望帮助“我”处理了生活中最大的问题。
34. A 考查名词。“我”在安静的生活中自得其乐,让“我”更容易在家工作和照顾“我”的两个身有残疾的儿子。
35. C 考查动词短语。根据 disabled sons 可知,儿子们需要照顾。
36. B 考查名词。根据前文中 My elder brothers, Tony and Eddie, were confident 可知,“我”意识到,“我”也和哥哥们一样一直充满信心地走过来,它帮助“我”学习,帮助“我”奋斗,帮助“我”成为一名作家,帮助“我”以“我”想要的方式去爱。
37. D 考查名词。我们每个人都因为某个原因而与众不同。
38. C 考查名词。我们每个人在生活中都有一个独特的目标。
39. B 考查名词。我们的工作就是找到它,保持它,并实现它。
40. A 考查动词。当你在自己漫长而曲折的人生道路上走下去时,记住每一步都与你同行的人。

## 第二节

【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了塑料广泛应用于我们生活中的方方面面,但塑料制品很难被回收利用。

41. nearly 考查词性转换。此处应用副词修饰 all。由于塑料有很多用途,它已经成为我们生活中几乎所有领域的一部分。
42. without 考查介词。在任何地方都能找到几十个塑料制品,所以很难发现不了它的存在。
43. is expected 考查动词时态和语态。此处应用一般现在时表示现在对未来的预期。联合国环境规划署报告称,目前每年生产 4 亿吨塑料。到 2040 年,这一数字预计将翻一番。
44. created 考查非谓语动词。过去分词作后置定语并与被修饰的名词构成动宾关系。尽管有很多关于回收利用的讨论,但所有已制造的塑料制品中只有 9% 被回收利用。
45. are 考查主谓一致。其主语是 kinds。几乎所有的塑料都是由某种油制成的。
46. dangerous 考查词性转换。此处应用形容词作定语。用这种方法制成的塑料在生产过程中,以及在燃烧或埋在地下时,都会释放出危险的气体。
47. pieces 考查名词。break into pieces 意为“分解成碎片”。
48. a 考查冠词。此处应用不定冠词表示“某一,任一”。塑料不能像天然材料那样分解。相反,它只是分解成越来越小的碎片。当填充我们世界的塑料分解时,它们产生了一个新问题——微塑料。
49. which 考查引导非限制性定语从句的关系代词。此处 which 替代先行词 microplastics 并在从句中作主语。
50. to be seen 考查非谓语动词。too...to...“太……以至于……”这些微塑料通常小得看不见。

## 第三部分 写作

### 第一节 短文改错

Last weekend, I was walking on my way to a birthday party while I heard a couple madly calling their daughter's name. They looked anxiously and worried about their missed kid. I helped them search for a while and in vain. Then I have to continue to walk. At a crossing, I saw a little girl about 5 years old, whom was about to cross the street. I asked what her names was and realized that she was just the lost girl. I took her to meet the couple. The couple ran to us as sooner as they saw her. Her mother started to cry and her father kept thanking to

英语参考答案 - 3

me. What    unforgettable weekend!

an

## 第二节 书面表达

One possible version:

### The Weekend Lantern Riddle Party

In order to inherit and develop traditional Chinese culture, activate students' intellectual thinking and build a scholarly campus, our school held the Weekend Lantern Riddle Party in the indoor basketball court last Saturday afternoon.

More than 200 riddles with rich content and various types were carefully prepared by students for this activity, covering words, place names, school terms, subjects and school characters. Many teachers and students participated in the game and the atmosphere of the party was lively.

On one hand, the lantern riddles made us better understand the extensive and profound Chinese traditional culture. On the other hand, we could further deepen our pride and enthusiasm for inheriting and developing it.

#### 作文评分标准

1. 本题总分为25分,按5个档次给分。
2. 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。
3. 词数少于80和多于120的,从总分中减去2分。
4. 评分时,应注意的主要内容为:内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的数量和准确性、上下文的连贯性及语言的得体性。
5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面,评分时,应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
6. 如因书写较差而影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。
7. 内容要点可用不同方式表达,对紧扣主题的适当发挥不予扣分。

#### 【各档次的给分范围和要求】

##### 第五档(很好):(21—25分)

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 覆盖所有内容要点。
3. 应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误,但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致;具备较强的语言运用能力。

5. 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。

6. 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

##### 第四档(好):(16—20分)

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉1、2个次重点,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确,些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。
6. 达到了预期的写作目的。

**第三档(适当):(11—15分)**

1. 基本完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉一些内容,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文内容连贯。
6. 整体而言,基本达到了预期的写作目的。

**第二档(较差):(6—10分)**

1. 未恰当完成试题规定的任务。
2. 漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容,写了一些无关内容。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。
5. 较少使用语句间的连接成分,内容缺乏连贯性。
6. 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

**第一档(差):(1—5分)**

1. 未完成试题规定的任务。
2. 明显遗漏主要内容,写了一些无关内容,原因可能是未理解试题要求。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响对写作内容的理解。
5. 缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯。
6. 信息未能传达给读者。

**不得分:(0分)**

未能传达给读者任何信息;内容太少,无法评判;写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

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